Rocky Chavez (CA-49) Research Book
The following report contains research on Rocky Chavez, a Republican challenger in California's 49 th Congressional District. Research for this book was completed by the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee's Research Department in April 2018.
By accepting this report, you are accepting responsibility for all information and analysis included. Therefore, it is your responsibility to verify all claims against the original documentation before you make use of it.
Make sure you understand the facts behind our conclusions before making any specific charges against anyone.

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Thematics

Chávez Has Worked Hard To Pretend To Be A Different Kind Of Republican

Significant Findings

- ✓ In January 2018, Chávez announced that he had joined New Way California, a subset of moderate Republicans who sought to distance themselves from the mainstream California Republican Party.
- ✓ After a meeting with Republican constituents went south, Chávez said that, "[a] lot of people have been indoctrinated to think a certain way," regarding Common Core, immigration and climate change.
- ✓ Chávez received a 70% from the American Conservative Union in 2016.
- ✓ Chávez said the following about the Republican Party: "California's being controlled by one voice. And I don't blame the Democrats. I blame the Republicans."
- ✓ Chávez voted to extend cap-and-trade, urged Congress to pass comprehensive immigration reform, and acknowledged climate change as a legitimate issue.
- ✓ Chávez said he would not have voted for the Tax Cut and Jobs Act.
- ✓ In 2016, Chávez endorsed John Kasich for president.
- ✓ Republican opponent from the 2016 Senate race Tom Del Beccaro questioned Chávez's ability to "provide alternative policies" to the Democratic agenda.
- ✓ Chávez has tried to steer Republicans towards stances and issues that "weren't traditionally Republican."

Chávez Continuously Criticized The GOP, Eventually Joining A Separate Contingent From The Party's Base

Chávez Joined New Way California – A Subset Of The California Republican Party

Chávez Joined New Way California, A Group For Republicans Who Want To Distance Themselves From The California GOP

Chávez: "California's Being Controlled By One Voice. And I Don't Blame The Democrats. I Blame The Republicans." "A California Republican ousted as the party's state Assembly leader after he worked with Democrats on climate change legislation said Tuesday he's starting a group to back conservatives who no longer feel at home in the GOP. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside, the only other lawmaker who joined Mayes in announcing the group, said the party needs to focus on issues that are usually seen as Democratic priorities, such as early childhood education. Chávez also said he personally supports granting legal status to young immigrants living in the country illegally, which is anathema to the GOP base. 'We don't have a healthy debate in California,' Chávez said. 'California's being controlled by one voice. And I don't blame the Democrats. I blame the Republicans.'" [Associated Press, 1/9/18]

Associated Press: New Way California Aimed "To Advance Conservative Policies, Not Merely Stand In Opposition To The Democrats." "Assemblyman Chad Mayes said the Republican Party will be doomed to

irrelevance in California if it doesn't allow compromise with Democrats and push conservative solutions to issues that matter to voters such as the environment, poverty and immigration. 'Republicans have failed to be able to reach out to average folks in California,' Mayes, of Yucca Valley, told reporters in his Capitol office. 'They don't think we care about them. They don't think that we are working for their benefit.' Mayes said he wants the group, called New Way California, to advance conservative policies, not merely stand in opposition to the Democrats. It's unclear exactly how that will work; Mayes said the group is in its early stages and he didn't offer specific plans." [Associated Press, 1/9/18]

Desert Sun: New Way California Coalition's Policy Goals And New Membership "Remained Unclear."
"Tuesday's press conference with Mayes and Republican Assemblymember Rocky Cháyez from San Diego w

"Tuesday's press conference with Mayes and Republican Assemblymember Rocky Chávez from San Diego was thin on details. Mayes office was unable to publicly confirm any additional members of the new coalition and remained general when it came to its objectives. 'There's so many people in California who feel like they have no place to go,' Mayes said to reporters. 'The old way isn't working and it's time for a new way.' What exactly that new way will look like on a policy level remained unclear. Mayes described himself as a 'conservative Republican' who is in favor of low taxes and less government regulation, a stance that seems at odds with the focus on environmental protection and investments in education both Mayes and Chávez described as key issues the new coalition is hoping to promote. It is exactly these stances that have cost both Chávez and Mayes a lot of support within the Republican party, but still, the two politicians believe that there is room for compromise and debate." [Desert Sun, 1/9/18]

The New Way California Coalition Was Pleased With The Democratic Governor's Budget Proposal, Especially Education Funding. "Republican Assemblyman Rocky Chávez is pleased. A Rainy Day fund for wildfire victims and a fully funded educational program targeting disadvantaged students are the two main takeaways of the initial budget proposal for the 2018-2019 fiscal year, announced by Governor Jerry Brown on Wednesday. In a press conference the day before, Chávez and his fellow Republican Assemblymember Chad Mayes announced the formation of a new coalition of California Republicans that aim to make the party's message accessible to a more diverse group of voters. The Democratic governor's budget proposal matches many of the new organization's priorities, especially with educational funding." [Desert Sun, 1/10/18]

New Way California's Governance Principles Were "Solutions," "Caring," "Expand Opportunity," "Promote Compromise," And "Engage In Civil Discourse."

New Way Republicans Hoped To Reach Bipartisan Solutions Through Compromise And Civil Discourse, While Showing A Caring Side Of Republicanism That Would Expand Opportunities For All Californians. "We will work collaboratively to advance solutions on issues that are important to all Californians. New Way Republicans are committed to building trust and achieving bi-partisan solutions [...] We seek to shed this stereotype and prove our commitment to civil self-government that respects individual liberties and equal rights for all people. [...] New Way Republicans are committed to policies that increase opportunities for all Californians. [...] New Way Republicans recognize Californians deserve positive and constructive leadership. [...] New Way Republicans support a vibrant market place of ideas and are dedicated to a return to civil discourse." [New Way California Governance Principles, accessed 3/11/18]

Chávez Often Voiced His Disagreement With The California Republican Party

Chávez Labelled The Traditional Republican Party Irrelevant

Chávez: The Issues I Would Like To Focus On "Weren't Traditionally Republican Issues," But They "Will Make The Party Relevant." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside), who joined Mayes in discussing the effort with state Capitol reporters this week, offered a few issues on which he thinks Republicans should focus -- from the state's energy future to income inequality and funding for early-childhood programs. 'Those weren't traditionally Republican issues,' Chávez said. 'But those are areas where I believe, policy issues, that will make the party relevant.'" [Baltimore Sun, 1/10/18]

December 2015: Chávez Criticized The GOP, Believing That They Weren't Focusing On The California Senate Race

Chávez: "We [Republicans] Have Things To Offer. Let's Go Offer Those." "Chávez, who collected less than \$100,000 though (sic) Sept. 30, said the GOP's focus on down-ticket contests could contribute to keeping one of their own out of the general election. 'We have a good message as a party and California needs it,' he said. 'Thirty percent of the population is in poverty. You have schools that aren't (performing.) We passed a bond for water and haven't done a damn thing for it. Stand up. This is not a blue state. This is a pragmatic state. It needs to hear our message. We have great solutions on education, on efficient government, infrastructure development. We have things to offer. Let's go offer those,' he added. 'Let's don't run into a room, as my opponents have done, and say "I got a (no) tax pledge and I am for the Second Amendment ..." That will ensure that we can get to just 19 percent of the state." [Sacramento Bee, 12/9/15]

The Desert Sun Labelled Chávez A "Lone Wolf"

Desert Sun: Chávez "Has Earned A Reputation As Something Of A Lone Wolf, Willing To Disagree And Criticize His Own Party" "During his 13 years in government, Chávez, a retired Marine colonel, has earned a reputation as something of a lone wolf, willing to disagree and criticize his own party. He supports same-sex-marriage and, though he believes sanctuary cities compromise public safety, favors immigration reform." [Desert Sun, 11/22/15]

Chávez Criticized Tom Cotton For Iran Letter: "Partisanship Ends At Our Borders"

Chávez Said He Would Not Have Signed Republican Senator's Letter To Iran Undermining Obama Negotiations Because "Partisanship Ends At Our Borders." "As for fighting the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria (ISIS), he'd vote to give President Obama whatever powers he needs. He said he believes Obama's foreign policy is 'a total disaster in the Middle East.' But would not have signed the letter that 47 Republican senators recently sent to Iran seeking to undermine Obama's negotiations to halt Iran's nuclear program. 'Partisanship ends at our borders,' he said. 'He is the Commander in Chief,' he added, sounding very much like the retired Marine colonel that he is." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Chávez Criticized Republican Constituents

Chávez Tried To "Educate And Enlighten" His Republican Constituents On Issues That They've "Been Indoctrinated" On

HEADLINE: "Rocky Chávez Gets Rocky Response At Coco GOP." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, <u>8/20/15</u>]

At A Meeting With Local Republicans, Chávez Faced Criticism, But Did Not Care Because "A Lot Of People Have Been Indoctrinated To Think A Certain Way." "That brought angry cross-talk from the crowd, with one woman arguing that global temperatures have been falling in recent years. County GOP Chairman Rohit Joy thanked Chávez for coming, and he made his exit while shaking a few hands and slapping a few backs. Out in the lobby, Chávez said the criticisms were like water off a duck's back. 'A lot of people have been indoctrinated to think a certain way' on issues like Common Core, immigration and climate change, he said, and his job as a candidate is to educate and enlighten them. Some candidates would tell people what they want to hear, I noted. 'I've never done that,' Chávez replied. 'I know why I'm running, I know what I need to do. ... It's not an issue of getting elected, it's an issue of governance." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Chávez Repeatedly Self-Identified As A Moderate

Fiscally Conservative, Socially Moderate

Chávez Described Himself As A Fiscal Conservative And Social Moderate

Los Angeles Times: Chávez Was A "Self-Described Fiscal Conservative And Social Moderate." "The self-described fiscal conservative and social moderate served in the U.S. Marine Corps and on the Oceanside City Council before being elected to the Assembly in 2012." [LA Times, 2/28/15]

Huffington Post: Chávez Hoped His Moderate Conservatism Would Resonate With Voters. "Chávez represents a moderate, pragmatic strain of conservatism that he hopes will resonate with voters in his largely liberal and heavily Hispanic state. He favors immigration reform, supports gay marriage and says he wouldn't vote to repeal Obamacare." [Huffington Post, 3/5/15]

Opponent Tom Del Beccaro Questioned Chávez's Ability To "Provide Alternative Policies To The Democrats." Two former state Republican chairmen, Tom Del Beccaro and Duf Sundheim, are weighing whether to enter the Senate race. Del Beccaro would likely run to the right of Chávez. 'I think it's incumbent on Republicans to provide alternative policies to the Democrats',' Del Beccaro said. 'So the question becomes: Will Rocky do that as a candidate?'" [Los Angeles Times, 3/6/15]

Chávez: "I Was Drawn To The Party By Economic And Defense Issues, Not Social Issues"

Chávez: "I Am Conservative In My Lifestyle, But Recognize And Respect The Diversity In Our Country." "Explaining his Republican affiliation, he told U-T San Diego in 2013 that 'I was drawn to the party by economic and defense issues, not social issues. I am conservative in my lifestyle, but recognize and respect the diversity in our country." [San Diego Union Tribune, 3/5/15]

Chávez Supported Less Radically Conservative Candidates For President

John Kasich

April 2016: Chávez Endorsed John Kasich For President

Chávez: John Kasich Has "Run A Campaign With The Dignity Befitting A Great Leader." "Today California Assemblyman Rocky Chávez announced his support for Gov. John Kasich for President and joined the Kasich for America leadership team in California. Said Chávez, 'Our men and women in uniform deserve a Commander-in-Chief with the experience to lead on Day One, and only John Kasich has that experience. Our job creators need a leader who can partner with them, not stand in their way, by balancing the federal budget and cutting taxes. Only John Kasich has a realistic plan to create a jobs-friendly climate. Most important, poll after poll confirms that he is the only Republican candidate who can actually win in a general election. He's run a campaign with the dignity befitting a great leader, and I'm proud to stand with him as we spread his message throughout California." [John Kasich, Press release, 4/7/16]

John McCain

Chávez Endorsed John McCain For President In 2008, Partially Because Of His Stance On Immigration

Los Angeles Times: "Chávez Was Won Over By McCain's Support For Comprehensive Immigration Reform." "Chávez supports McCain, a popular choice among many area veterans. He says the Arizona senator is a proven fiscal conservative and, as a longtime legislator and a former prisoner of war in Vietnam, the most qualified to steer the U.S. mission in Iraq to a successful end. Chávez also was won over by McCain's support for comprehensive immigration reform, including giving some illegal immigrants a path to citizenship. He acknowledges that is a view not shared by many of the Republicans he knows." [Los Angeles Times, 1/30/08]

Chávez Was Anti-Trump Before He Was Elected President

2015: Chávez Was Critical Of Trump, Vowed To "Never" Vote For Him

Chávez Said That He Would "Never" Vote For Trump, "Not Even For Dogcatcher." "Chávez discussed several other issues at The Bee's Capitol Bureau, among them: [...] On voting for Trump if he gets the nomination: 'Never. Not even for dogcatcher. I wouldn't vote for (Hillary) Clinton or Trump ... But I think he's done now. I think that's why you are seeing (Ted) Cruz rising in Iowa ... Trump will be around. But he'll be a dying dinosaur. The question is does he go as an independent?" [Sacramento Bee, 12/9/15]

Chávez: "Donald Trump's Lack Of Civility Is Hurting The Political Process." "I think Donald Trump's lack of civility is hurting the political process,' California state assembly Republican Rocky Chávez, a 2016 US Senate candidate, told AFP. 'We have serious issues that need to be discussed,' he added. 'To lower the bar to calling people names is not beneficial.' [...] After days of telling anyone who would listen that Trump is 'not conservative,' an exasperated Bush, confronted Wednesday by a man asking about The Donald, sighed: 'Do we have to talk about this guy?' Bush has a point, said assemblyman Chávez. 'If you wrestle with a pig, two things happen,' the US Marines veteran said. 'You get dirty, and the pig enjoys it.'" [Agence France Presse – English, 8/27/15]

Chávez: "The Ideologies Of Mr. Trump Will Set Our Nation And Our State Back Many Years And Damage Our Society For Many Years To Come." "Rocky Chávez, the Oceanside assemblyman and GOP U.S. Senate candidate, for the second time in two months publicly criticized Trump for his comments and positions on unauthorized immigrants. '... It is clear to me that the ideologies of Mr. Trump will set our nation and our state back many years and damage our society for many years to come,' he said in a statement Monday. '... The mean-spirited comments made by Mr. Trump are not characteristic of the Republican Party or our nation." [San Diego Union-Tribune, 8/21/15]

Chávez: "It Saddens Me That The Narrative Being Set For Republicans At A National Level Can Be Initiated By Someone Who Has Never Been Elected." "Rocky Chávez, a Republican seeking one of California's U.S. Senate seats in 2016, had some choice words Wednesday for Republican presidential candidate Donald Trump. Trump's incendiary comments about immigrants from Mexico have landed him in hot water, as Univision, NBC Universal and Macy's have cut ties with the reality-television businessman. Chávez, an assemblyman from Oceanside, took him to task with a statement issued Wednesday. 'It saddens me that the narrative being set for Republicans at a national level can be initiated by someone who has never been elected,' he said, noting his GOP colleagues in the state Legislature 'have a proven track record of supporting legislation that encourages comprehensive immigration reform." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 7/1/15]

Chávez: "Somebody Like [Trump] Would Pretty Much Damage The Image Of All The Good, Hard-Working Republicans." "It kills us,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican who is running for a U.S. Senate seat. 'If you have Trump up there running his message, that would pretty much assure any Republican in California is going to go down. It's not going to be just me. It's going to be Assembly members and senators ... Somebody like him would pretty much damage the image of all the good, hard-working Republicans.' Even if Trump cannot maintain his early standing in the polls, as many analysts predict, Chávez said, 'For California, what he brings back is a lot of the rancor of the 1990s, and I think that will hurt us.'" [Sacramento Bee, 9/20/15]

Vulnerable Positions

Chávez Said He Would Not Have Voted For The Tax Cut And Jobs Act

New York Times: "Mr. Chávez Said He Would Not Have Voted For The Tax Bill"

Chávez Said He Would Not Have Voted For The Republican Tax Bill. "Rocky Chávez, a Republican State Assembly member who jumped in to run for Mr. Issa's seat, checked off the issues on which the Trump White House was out of step with many Californians, from offshore drilling to tax reform. But, he said, he was hopeful the mood would change by the time voters went to the polls. 'If the economy continues to go well, this could change this whole discussion,' he said. 'But it could also change on a tweet, as we all know.' [...] Mr. Chávez said he would not have voted for the tax bill and opposed the tough immigration policies backed by some Republicans in Congress." [New York Times, 1/19/18]

Chávez: "The Current Tax Reform Proposals In Congress Would Reverse California's [Renewable Energy] Progress"

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: "Tax Reform Could Threaten \$95 Billion Of Private Infrastructure Investment Around The Country, And 90,000 American Jobs." "According to the California Energy Commission, renewable energy provided about 29 percent of our state's electricity in 2016. State law requires that 50 percent of the state's electricity come from renewable sources of energy, one of many policies designed to reduce statewide greenhouse gas emissions by 2030. To hit our targets, California will need more renewables; not more coal, nuclear, or natural gas. [...] In 2015, Congress struck a bipartisan deal to phase out the primary incentive of the wind industry -- the Production Tax Credit -- by 2020. [...] However, the current tax reform proposals in Congress would reverse California's progress. The House's version of tax reform goes back on the 2015 deal to extend the PTC. The Senate honored the PTC phase-out, but would render it unusable through other new taxes. Based on these versions so far, tax reform could threaten \$95 billion of private infrastructure investment around the country, and 90,000 American jobs, including investments and jobs in California. Investors relying on these credits for new projects now face uncertainty." [Orange County Register, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 12/15/17]

Chávez Said He Was Open To The Iran Deal

Chávez On The Iran Deal: "It's Always Good To Have Dialogue"

2015: Chávez Said He Was Open To Iran Deal; Said "It's Always Good To Have Dialogue." "I sat down with GOP Assemblyman Rocky Chávez this week. Chávez wants to replace Sen. Barbara Boxer in 2016. [...] He's open to the Obama Iran deal. ('It's always good to have dialogue.') Who does he like for president? Probably Jeb Bush." [San Francisco Gate, Debra J. Saunders Blog, 4/10/15]

Chávez Acknowledged That Climate Change Was A Real Issue

Chávez: "There's No Doubt In My Mind That We Are Having Climate Change In The World"

Chávez: Climate Change Was "Not An Issue Of Politics," But "An Issue Of Science." "Chávez was asked his opinion on global warming. 'There's no doubt in my mind that we are having climate change in the world,' he replied, noting U.S. military leaders have concluded that the greatest threat facing the nation in the Pacific is sealevel rise. 'This is not an issue of politics, this is an issue of science.' [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Associated Press: Chávez "Worked With Democrats On Climate Change Legislation, Irking The Party's Base." "Republican state Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside, a retired Marine officer, announced he'll seek Issa's seat. Chávez last year worked with Democrats on climate change legislation, irking the party's base, and has pushed back against Republicans looking to take a hard line on immigration." [Associated Press, 1/10/18]

Chávez Voted To Establish Energy Integration Advisory Council To Make Recommendations To Air Resources Board Concerning Actions To Quickly Integrate Increased Renewable Energy Strategies For The **Energy Grid.** In June 2015, Chávez voted for a bill that: "Establishes the Energy Integration Advisory Council (Council) to make recommendations to the Air Resources Board (ARB) regarding various strategies necessary for the energy grid to integrate increased renewable energy strategies." The third reading of the bill passed 71-5. " [CA State Legislature, AB 33, Assembly Vote, 6/3/15]

Chávez Voted To Extend California's Cap-And-Trade Program, Which Led To Criticism From The Right

Chávez Voted In Favor Of Cap And Trade Extension

Chávez Voted In Favor Of AB 398, Which Extended The "Market-Based Compliance Mechanisms" Of The California Global Warming Solutions Act Of 2006. In July 2017, Chávez voted to extend California's cap-and-trade program. "The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating sources emitting greenhouse gases. The act requires the state board to approve a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 40% below the 1990 level by 2020 and to ensure that statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 40% below the 1990 level by 2030. The act authorizes the state board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. [...] This bill would, until January 1, 2031, extend the applicability of a regulation that establishes a system of market-based declining annual aggregate emissions limits for sources or categories of sources that emit greenhouse gases to December 31, 2030." [AB 398, 7/17/17; California LegInfo, 7/25/17]

Chávez On California Cap And Trade Bill: "We [Should] Be Leaders On Something That's Threatening The World." "The bill, AB 398, had been the subject of an intense week of lobbying, by the governor and his opponents. Republicans complained the bill would drive up prices for gasoline and electricity, while some environmentalists slammed it as being far too kind to industry. Passage required two-thirds of the legislators in each house. Twenty-eight senators voted in favor — one more than needed. Surviving the assembly required 54 votes in favor, and the bill secured 55. Several assembly Republicans crossed party lines to support it, even though some noted that California represents just 1 percent of the world's greenhouse gas emissions. 'You're right, we're a very small component of the world on this,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside (San Diego County). 'But that doesn't mean we shouldn't be leaders on something that's threatening the world.'" [SFGate, 7/17/17]

Associated Press: Republicans Who Voted For Cap And Trade Extension "Proved Critical" To Its Passage. "Republican votes in the Assembly proved critical to passing an extension of California's cap and trade program, which aims to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. A handful of Democrats, meanwhile, bucked Gov. Jerry Brown and party leaders to vote against the bill, or skip voting altogether. In the Senate, all Democrats backed the measure alongside one Republican, Sen. Tom Berryhill of Twain Harte. Here's a breakdown of Assembly votes: Republicans in favor: [...] Rocky Chávez, Oceanside." [Associated Press, 7/18/17]

Chávez: "You Can Use A Market-Based System To Reduce Carbon" And "You Can Change Your Economy To Be A Green Economy So That We Can Protect This Earth." "California is 'the leader that's going to show other states and other countries how you can use a market-based system to reduce carbon and how you can change your economy to be a green economy so that we can protect this earth,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican." [Associated Press, 7/18/17]

Chávez Preferred Cap And Trade Because It Was More Free Market- And Business-Oriented Than Regulations. "Chávez said he liked elements in the measure that include the ability for companies to invest in carbon-reducing projects or offsets for part of their emissions compliance, and a price ceiling on allowances. There also are two allowance price containment points, or 'speed bumps,' triggers where the state Air Resources Board (ARB) will offer businesses under the system allowances at the price containment points. 'So that there was some assurance to the businesses they wouldn't be wiped out,' he said. [...] Chávez said he prefers cap and trade because it's a market mechanism rather than direct regulations on businesses. Chávez before the vote attended a community

meeting and announced his plan to support the cap-and-trade extension. 'They all started cheering,' he said." [ClimateWire, 7/21/17]

Chávez Met With The Governor To Try And Broker A Satisfactory Cap And Trade Deal For Republicans. "Brown met with about 10 Republicans in his office this week to discuss the cap-and-trade bill, Republican Assemblyman Rocky Chávez said. Chávez, of Oceanside, has been leading the effort to craft a cap-and-trade deal Republicans can back. They've already won a repeal of the fire prevention fee and tax exemptions for power companies in the legislation. But they also want the spending provisions of the bill to sunset in five years, so lawmakers have another chance to determine how money from cap and trade should be allotted. Chávez said he's told Brown he could pick up between nine and 14 Republicans with the right deal. 'We recognize that climate change is a real issue that needs to be addressed,' Chávez said." [Santa Monica Daily Press, 7/13/17]

Chávez's Support For Cap And Trade Expansion Led To Criticism From Breitbart And The Right

HEADLINE: RINOs' Revenge: Mayes, 'Swamp 8' Given California Leadership Roles. [Breitbart, 9/25/17]

Breitbart Labeled Chávez One Of "The Most Notorious 'Swamp 8' Republicans." "Brian Dahle, the newly installed California State Assembly Republican Leader, did not take long to get on the wrong side of GOP grassroots activists in California after appointing several of the most notorious 'Swamp 8' Republicans to leadership roles — including former leader Chad Mayes (R-Yucca Valley) and Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside)." [Breitbart, 9/25/17]

So-Called "Swamp 8" Republicans Were Given That Title For Supporting Cap And Trade Expansion. "In recent weeks, activists led by Joseph Turner, founder of American Children First, have relentlessly pursued and protested those GOP legislators who voted for the cap-and-Trade expansion, whom conservative talk radio hosts have called the "Swamp 8." [Breitbart, <u>8/13/17</u>]

Wall Street Journal Editorial: Republicans Voting For Cap And Trade Was An "Act Of Political Self-Sabotage And Voter Betrayal" That "Rank[ed] Close To The Senate GOP's Obamacare Failure." "Republicans in Sacramento handed Jerry Brown the biggest legislative victory of his governorship on Monday by reauthorizing carbon cap and trade. This act of political self-sabotage and voter betrayal ranks close to the Senate GOP's ObamaCare failure. Seven Republicans in the state Assembly joined 48 Democrats to extend the state's capand-trade program from 2020 through 2030." [Wall Street Journal, Editorial, 7/18/17]

Chávez Defended His Vote: Cap And Trade "Has Irrefutably Been Recognized As The Most Effective And Efficient Manner Possible"

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: "Refusing To Engage On Issues Such As Climate Change Because It Is Not Deemed Republican Enough Doesn't Help The People We Came Here To Represent." "We were able to reform the cap-and-trade program to create a market-based system that allows companies to achieve required environmental goals in what has irrefutably been recognized as the most effective and efficient manner possible. Without this reform, the far left would have created and implemented a carbon-tax command and control that would have caused taxes to skyrocket. We are talking about the cost of gas, food, utilities—all things that Californians who can't afford a Tesla in the driveway and solar panels on their roof care about. [...] Republicans in California must live with the realities of a deep-blue Democratic state. This isn't Washington, D.C., or Kansas. We have to cut taxes and regulations every chance we get. Refusing to engage on issues such as climate change because it is not deemed Republican enough doesn't help the people we came here to represent." [Wall Street Journal, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 7/20/17]

OP-ED: Chávez Was "Proud" To Make The Decision To Work With Democrats Cap And Trade. "Given the state of our nation, and the fact 80 percent of Californians — and 50 percent of Republicans — not only consider the environment one of their primary concerns but also view climate change as a real threat to the state, we are making the right call in representing you — our constituents. [...] This market-based solution serves both needs: it relieves the impending financial burden on the middle and lower class, and it lets California work towards a better

environment. We have successfully molded an effective and efficient cap and trade program while protecting California families and ensuring sensible climate goals, starting with stopping unneeded and damaging regulations. Take a look on what's going on around us in the economy. I am proud to stand with Republican Assembly Leader Chad Mayes and my colleagues to implement a program that will ultimately be adopted nationwide." [Times of San Diego, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 7/18/17]

Chávez Supported Common Core

2015: Chávez Defended Common Core To The Public

Chávez Supported Common Core Standards, Saying: "What Common Core Teaches Is Critical Teaching Skills." "Asked about Common Core education standards, Chávez replied that California students no longer compete with those in other nearby districts but instead with those in other nations around the world. 'What Common Core teaches is critical teaching skills,' he said, drawing a rumble of disapproval from the audience. 'Don't get wrapped around these miniscule little issues, take the larger view of what we're trying to do for our children's future." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Chávez On Common Core: "The Problem With Common Core Is That We Did Not Adequately Fund Or Prepare The State Of California And Give Teachers The Time, Training And Resources They Needed." "Then came another question Common Core. Once again, the crowd seemed restless as Chávez explained that the recently adopted Local Control Funding Formula plan adopted by the Legislature and Gov. Jerry Brown delegates more authority to school districts to set curricula that best fit their communities, but 'the problem with Common Core is not critical thinking – the problem with Common Core is that we did not adequately fund or prepare the state of California' and give teachers the time, training and resources they needed." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Chávez Spoke Out In Favor Of Comprehensive Immigration Reform In 2013, Which Alienated Him From The Republican Base

2013: Chávez Urged Congress To Pass Bipartisan Comprehensive Immigration Reform

Chávez Urged Congress To Pass Comprehensive Immigration Reform, Saying, "Immigrants Help To Grow Our Economy And Create Opportunities." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, has joined arms with 14 other Republican state legislators to urge Congress to pass comprehensive immigration reform. Chávez said that after talking with local and state officials and representatives from business and touring border areas, he believes the time is right to pass the controversial bill. 'What we have found is that immigration is a good thing for our communities,' the freshman legislator said. 'Immigrants help to grow our economy and create opportunities.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/15/13]

2013: Chávez: If Republicans Do Not Work On A Comprehensive Immigration Reform Policy, They're "Not Going To Get Anywhere With Latinos"

Chávez: "It's A Lot Easier Being A Latino Democrat Than A Latino Republican Candidate." "Chávez joined the GOP while serving with the Marines in Korea, attracted to the party's stance on education-ensuring that teachers are paid on merit-and the strong belief in a free market economy. These issues, he says, are salient with Latinos throughout the state as well. But as he campaigns against two Republicans for an open assembly seat in San Diego's 76th district, where Latinos are nearly a third of registered voters, he is increasingly frustrated by his party's failure to address the single issue of paramount importance to them-immigration reform. 'It's a lot easier being a Latino Democrat than a Latino Republican candidate,' he said during a recent interview." [La Prensa San Diego, 3/16/12]

Chávez: "I Am More Fearful Of A Higher Graduation Rate Of Engineers And Scientists In Another Country, Than I Am Fearful Of Who Is Mowing My Lawn." "If the party is serious about gaining more Latino

support, he added, it would have to come up with a comprehensive immigration reform policy that includes a path to residency for immigrants in California. 'If you don't answer that, you're not going to get anywhere with Latinos,' he said. Chávez is part of a small, but increasingly vocal segment in the Republican Party calling for a moderate stance on immigrant rights. 'I am more fearful of a higher graduation rate of engineers and scientists in another country, than I am fearful of who is mowing my lawn,' he said." [La Prensa San Diego, 3/16/12]

Chávez: "I Don't Think The Republican Party Has A Very Good Message" For Latino Voters. "I don't think the Republican Party has a very good message' for Latinos, said freshman GOP Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside. When Latinos hear Republican politicians demand that the government "secure the border," Chávez continued, 'right there, you just cut off the conversation. Why invite me to dinner but let only half my family in?" [Los Angeles Times, 3/4/13]

2013: Chávez Attended An Event In Support Of Assembly Joint Resolution 3, Which Urged The President To Reform Immigration And Act Humanely

Chávez Was One Of The Republicans To Attend An Event To Support Humane Immigration Reform.

"President Obama's immigration plan got plenty of attention this week, including at the state Capitol, where it was surprising to see who showed up to endorse a plan to help immigrants. Yes, there were Democrats, lots of Democrats, but also attending a news conference to support a plan that could help millions of illegal immigrants obtain legalization were a number of Republicans. Political experts have for years warned members of the state GOP that if they didn't change their tune on immigration they would become irrelevant. And that's essentially happened. Democrats have the supermisority in the Logislature and hold all statewide elected offices while

happened: Democrats have the supermajority in the Legislature and hold all statewide elected offices while registered Republicans make up less than 30 percent of the electorate. So, it appears change is afoot within the GOP. Attending the event to support Assembly Joint Resolution 3 were Assemblymen Katcho Achadjian, R-Arroyo Grande San Luis Obispo County; Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside San Diego County; Jeff Gorell, R-Camarillo Ventura County; and Sen. Anthony Cannella, R-Ceres Stanislaus County." [San Francisco Chronicle, 2/1/13]

AJR 3: "A Just Immigration Reform Must Ensure That It Reflects One Of Our Basic Values—That We All Are Created Equal—Thus Immigration Reform Must Recognize Each Immigrant's Full Humanity."

"WHEREAS, A comprehensive, as well as compassionate, approach to solve our broken immigration system should be one that works for all communities and families in America; and WHEREAS, A just immigration reform must ensure that it reflects one of our basic values—that we all are created equal—thus immigration reform must recognize each immigrant's full humanity; and WHEREAS, A proposal must be comprised of tenets that achieve all of the following: (1) establish an earned citizenship process that requires immigrants to pay back taxes and learn English; (2) enhance security in our ports of entry to secure our nation; (3) reform immigration enforcement programs that separate families to ensure that family unification systems are strengthened; (4) upgrade the current visa programs, including the creation of a guest worker program for agricultural workers, in order to have a legal workforce and a system that better enforces labor protections; and (5) uphold due process as well as the inherent rights of all immigrants [...]" [AJR 3, 8/15/13; California LegInfo, 8/15/13]

Los Angeles Times: Chávez's Views On Immigration Were, "Likely To Limit His Appeal To Conservative Voters In The June 2016 Primary"

Los Angeles Times: "On Immigration, Chávez Has Split With The Party's Conservative Wing." "On immigration, Chávez has split with the party's conservative wing, backing steps to legalize the status of immigrants in the country illegally. His positioning on immigration is likely to limit his appeal to conservative voters in the June 2016 primary. Chávez said he backs driver's licenses for such immigrants, for instance, but voted against a bill that authorized them in a dispute over whether they would look different from other licenses." [Los Angeles Times, 3/6/15]

Chávez Opposed Trump's Stance On Immigration, Saying His Comments Were Mean Spirited And "Not Characteristic Of The Republican Party Or Our Nation." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, a loyal Republican, is breaking ranks with his party's presidential front-runner over immigration issues. Donald Trump's comments on immigrants are mean-spirited — 'and not characteristic of the Republican Party or our nation,' said Chávez, who

represents the 76th Assembly District including Camp Pendleton, Carlsbad, Encinitas, Oceanside and Vista. 'California is a world leader in many categories, and it is crucial that we solidify our state as a leader in comprehensive immigration reform; it is clear to me that the ideologies of Mr. Trump will set our nation and our state back many years and damage our society for many years to come,' Chávez said in a statement Monday. 'Immigrants give great value to society and lawmakers need to focus on the importance of keeping families together in order to ensure our nation continues to be the land of opportunity.'" [Times of San Diego, 8/17/15]

Chávez: Luis Bracamontes, An Undocumented Immigrant Who Was Convicted Of Killing Two Sacramento Cops, "Is A Bad Character. But He's The Aberration, Not The Norm"

OP-ED: Chávez Said He Did Not Believe Bracamontes Represented All Undocumented Immigrants In America. "President Donald Trump is using tape of Bracamontes glowering, smirking and declaring that he regretted not killing more cops. The 30-second ad is a blunt instrument intended to instill fear of illegal immigrants within Trump's hardened base, and bludgeon Democrats into agreeing to pay billions to build the ridiculous wall at the Mexican border. [...] Trump's White House is offering a supposed compromise to allow 1.8 million 'Dreamers' to remain in the country, while his campaign airs the incendiary ad, which suggests he is not seriously seeking a deal. [...] Chávez sees Trump's Bracamontes ad for what it is: 'There are bad people out there. They come in all stripes. That individual is a bad character. But he's the aberration, not the norm." [Sacramento Bee, Dan Morin Op-Ed, 1/26/18]

Chávez: "What We Hear From The Fringe Elements Of The Party Are Not Positive For The Latino Community"

Chávez Criticized The "Fringe" Republicans' Tone Regarding Immigration. "On immigration or any other issue, displaying genuine caring is a must, said Republican Rocky Chávez of Oceanside, who won election to the Assembly this month. 'There needs to be a conscious effort on how the message is being presented -- listen and be respectful,' said Chávez, a retired Marine colonel who spent time growing up in the farm fields where his father worked. 'The tenor of what we hear from the fringe elements of the party are not positive for the Latino community.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/17/12]

Chávez Received Less Than Stellar Grades From The American Conservative Union

American Conservative Union Scores

2016: The American Conservative Union Gave Chávez A 70% For The 2016 Legislative Session

ACU: Legislative Republicans Were Divided On Welfare Expansion, Occupational Licensing, Price Controls And Property Rights. "This year's scorecard reveals not only a clear divide among Republicans and Democrats, but shows exactly who is most willing to stand up for the conservative principles of life, liberty and property," ACU Chairman Matt Schlapp said. 'The fight for limited government is never an easy task, especially in California, but conservatives can count on this year's class of award winners to stand up to the left's ever-growing radical agenda.' Legislative Republicans were divided on welfare expansion, occupational licensing, price controls and property rights, the ACU said. On the other hand, they stood together in opposing the \$15 minimum wage hike, greater unemployment compensation, and gun rights. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, 70 percent." [Times of San Diego, 2/9/17]

2013: Chávez Received An ACU Conservative Award From The American Conservative Union For Voting With Them 80% Of The Time

ACU: Chávez's Voting Record Received An 80% On Key Conservative Issues. "The American Conservative Union (ACU) today announced its second annual ACU Ratings of the California State Legislature, honoring the

Golden State's true conservatives. The nation's oldest and largest grassroots conservative organization began a new initiative to expand the highly touted ACU Congressional Ratings program to state legislatures, grading members on their votes on key conservative issues. [...] The winners of the 'ACU Conservative' award - given to those members who scored 80 percent or higher – [...] Rocky Chávez." [American Conservative Union, press release, 12/19/13]

Chávez Has Improved His Planned Parenthood Score Over The Course Of His Career, Earning A 100% For 2017

Chávez Gradually Increased His Planned Parenthood Score From 0% In 2013 To 100% In 2017

Planned Parenthood Released A Yearly Scorecard For California State Legislators, Taking Note Of Their Voting Records On Pertinent Reproductive Health Issues

Planned Parenthood Based Their Scores On Each Legislator's Voting Record. "Each year, Planned Parenthood Affiliates of California (PPAC) tracks and advocates on a number of legislative and regulatory issues that impact reproductive health and rights, sexual health education, access to affordable and quality health care, and the lives of millions of Californians. The PPAC Legislative Scorecard is designed to provide the public with information about how their state legislators voted on these important issues." [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 4/5/18]

2017: Chávez Received A 100% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 100% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 4/5/18]

2016: Chávez Received A 75% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 75% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed <u>1/16/18</u>]

2015: Chávez Received A 45% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 45% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 4/5/18]

2014: Chávez Received A 53% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 53% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 4/5/18]

Chávez Had Friends Across The Aisle

Democratic Appointee Confirmations

Chávez Was The Only Republican To Vote To Confirm Democrat Xavier Becerra As Attorney General

Chávez On Confirming Becerra As Attorney General: "This Is A Time To Rise Above Partisan Politics." "Becerra, a Los Angeles Democrat nominated to replace the newly elected U.S. Sen. Kamala Harris, was approved on a 56-23 vote, earning the support of all Assembly Democrats and one Republican. His nomination will be considered in the state Senate next week. [...] Rocky Chávez of Oceanside was the sole Republican to vote for Becerra's confirmation. In a statement, he said he was 'unable to find any ethical or immoral actions that would

disqualify him as a candidate.' 'This is a time to rise above partisan politics and try and work together with our new attorney general,' he said." [Sacramento Bee, $\frac{1}{13}$

Praising Democrats

Chávez Called Democrat Toni Atkins "A Pragmatic Leader Who Will Serve The Needs Of California And My District" After She Became Speaker Of The Assembly

Chávez: Toni Atkins Was "A Pragmatic Leader Who Will Serve The Needs Of California And My District." "As she ascends to the speakership later this year, Assembly Member Toni Atkins promises to make housing and the fight against homelessness top-tier issues, welcome goals. [...] Atkins will help decide the shape of any water bond. As speaker, she will grapple with issues ranging from taxation and criminal justice sentencing, to high-speed rail and the cap-and-trade method of reducing greenhouse gas emissions. She appears to be up to the task. Atkins has shown herself to be open and not petty. Significantly, Assembly Republicans joined Democrats in electing her as speaker. In a gesture not often seen these days, Republicans publicly praised her upon her election. U-T San Diego quoted Assembly Member Rocky Chávez, a Republican from Oceanside in San Diego County, as calling Atkins 'a pragmatic leader who will serve the needs of California and my district." [Fresno Bee, Editorial, 3/19/14]

But When It's Time To Vote, Chávez Isn't As Moderate As He Wants You To Think He Is

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez said he opposed repealing the ACA, but voted against implementing ACA policies in California in the first place, including the Medicaid expansion.
 - ✓ Chávez also said that he would vote to repeal the individual mandate, despite knowing that doing so would collapse California's health care system.
- ✓ Chávez said Trump's policies would set America back, but later said Trump's cabinet and Supreme Court picks were "where we need to go."
- ✓ Chávez said he supported undocumented immigrants, but voted against giving them access to driver's licenses and protection from workplace discrimination.
 - ✓ Chávez said that he did not believe immigrants understood America's laws and culture until they had been naturalized.
- ✓ Chávez said he would not support additional restrictions on abortion rights, but voted against measures that would increase abortion accessibility.
- ✓ Chávez said he believed climate change was a real issue, but did not vote to lower emissions, regulate hazardous waste, or make renewable energy a priority.
- ✓ Chávez said people have a right to marry who they love, but did not vote to legalize same-sex marriage or protect members of the LGBT community from discrimination.
- ✓ Chávez said he wanted to improve the accessibility of higher education, but he consistently opposed and voted against measures that would provide college students with more financial aid.

Chávez Said He Opposed Repealing The ACA, But Said He Would Repeal A Central Provision And Voted Against Implementing The ACA In California

Chávez Said He Opposed Repealing The ACA...

2015: Chávez Opposed Repealing The Affordable Care Act

Chávez Opposed Repealing Obamacare And Said That Democrats Deserved Credit For Taking On Access To Care. "On the federal health care overhaul, Chávez said Democrats deserve credit for taking on the lack of access to medicine. He said he wouldn't join with Republicans in voting for its repeal." [Sacramento Bee, 3/1/15]

...But Said He Would Repeal The Individual Mandate, And Voted Against Implementing ACA Reforms In California, Including The Medicaid Expansion

Chávez Said Would Vote To Repeal The Individual Mandate Even Though He Knew It Would Hurt Californians

Chávez Would Vote To Eliminate The Individual Mandate And Acknowledged Doing So Would Collapse California's Current Health Care System. "Given the chance, he'd vote in the Senate to eliminate the individual mandate that requires people to have health insurance. He acknowledged that if the individual mandate is eliminated, the health care system as now constructed in California would collapse, but is willing for that to happen to eliminate what he believes is a terrible public policy." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Chávez, On The Affordable Care Act: He Would "Vote To Change" It Because, "It Doesn't Work." "While the Field Poll says California voters favor the Affordable Health Care Act by a margin of 56-35%, Chávez says he would 'vote to change Obamacare because it doesn't work.' (This is not what you might call an actual fact, but it is his belief.) We're spending a lot of money processing insurance, he argues. 'It would have been cheaper to buy everybody a Blue Cross policy.'" [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

2013: Chávez Voted Against Medicaid Expansion

Chávez Voted Against California's Medicaid Expansion. In June 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would expand the parameters that make people eligible for Medi-Cal, California's Medicaid program. "This bill would, commencing January 1, 2014, implement various provisions of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Affordable Care Act), as amended, by, among other things, modifying provisions relating to determining eligibility for certain groups. The bill would, in this regard, extend Medi-Cal eligibility to specified adults and would require that income eligibility be determined based on modified adjusted gross income (MAGI), as prescribed. The bill would prohibit the use of an asset or resources test for individuals whose financial eligibility for Medi-Cal is determined based on the application of MAGI. The bill would require that individuals who are enrolled in the Low Income Health Program as of December 31, 2013, under a specified waiver who are at or below 133% of the federal poverty level be transitioned directly to the Medi-Cal program, as prescribed. The bill would provide that the implementation of the optional expansion of Medi-Cal benefits to adults who meet specified eligibility requirements shall be contingent on the federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) payable to the state under the Affordable Care Act is not being reduced below specified percentages, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-24-1. [ABX1 1, 6/15/13; California LegInfo, 6/27/13]

2013: Chávez Voted Against Bills Incorporating The Affordable Care Act Into California Law

Chávez Voted Against Adopting Various Reforms To Comply With The Affordable Care Act, Including Protecting People With Pre-Existing Conditions. In April 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "establish health insurance market reforms contained in the ACA specific to individual purchasers, such as prohibiting insurers from denying coverage based on preexisting conditions; and makes conforming changes to small employer health insurance laws resulting from new draft federal regulations." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-2. [ABX1 2, 4/29/13; California LegInfo, 5/9/13; California State Association of Counties, 4/2/13]

Chávez Voted Against On A Bill That Further Implemented Parts Of The Affordable Care Act. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that further implemented parts of the Affordable Care Act. "SB 138 will require health plans to honor confidential communications requests when individuals covered under another person's policy seek sensitive services like birth control, STD tests, mental health care or any service if they feel that disclosure of information to the policy holder could lead to harm. When a confidential communications request is submitted, the individual will give the health plans a way to communicate with them directly about the sensitive services they received instead of sending information to the main policy holder – often a parent or spouse." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-25-2. [SB 138, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 10/1/13; CFTC.org, 10/2/13]

Chávez Said Trump's Policies Would Set America Back, But After His Election Said Trump's Cabinet And Supreme Court Picks Were "Where We Need To Go"

While Trump Was A Candidate, Chávez Said Trump's Demeanor Was "Hurting The Political Process" And His Ideology Would "Damage Our Society For Many Years To Come"

Chávez Said That He Would "Never" Vote For Trump, "Not Even For Dogcatcher." "Chávez discussed several other issues at The Bee's Capitol Bureau, among them: [...] On voting for Trump if he gets the nomination: 'Never. Not even for dogcatcher. I wouldn't vote for (Hillary) Clinton or Trump ... But I think he's done now. I think that's why you are seeing (Ted) Cruz rising in Iowa ... Trump will be around. But he'll be a dying dinosaur. The question is does he go as an independent?" [Sacramento Bee, 12/9/15]

Chávez: "Donald Trump's Lack Of Civility Is Hurting The Political Process." "I think Donald Trump's lack of civility is hurting the political process,' California state assembly Republican Rocky Chávez, a 2016 US Senate candidate, told AFP. 'We have serious issues that need to be discussed,' he added. 'To lower the bar to calling people names is not beneficial.' [...] After days of telling anyone who would listen that Trump is 'not conservative,' an exasperated Bush, confronted Wednesday by a man asking about The Donald, sighed: 'Do we have to talk about this guy?' Bush has a point, said assemblyman Chávez. 'If you wrestle with a pig, two things happen,' the US Marines veteran said. 'You get dirty, and the pig enjoys it.'" [Agence France Presse – English, 8/27/15]

Chávez: "The Ideologies Of Mr. Trump Will Set Our Nation And Our State Back Many Years And Damage Our Society For Many Years To Come." "Rocky Chávez, the Oceanside assemblyman and GOP U.S. Senate candidate, for the second time in two months publicly criticized Trump for his comments and positions on unauthorized immigrants. '... It is clear to me that the ideologies of Mr. Trump will set our nation and our state back many years and damage our society for many years to come,' he said in a statement Monday. '... The mean-spirited comments made by Mr. Trump are not characteristic of the Republican Party or our nation." [San Diego Union-Tribune, 8/21/15]

Chávez: "It Saddens Me That The Narrative Being Set For Republicans At A National Level Can Be Initiated By Someone Who Has Never Been Elected." "Rocky Chávez, a Republican seeking one of California's U.S. Senate seats in 2016, had some choice words Wednesday for Republican presidential candidate Donald Trump. Trump's incendiary comments about immigrants from Mexico have landed him in hot water, as Univision, NBC Universal and Macy's have cut ties with the reality-television businessman. Chávez, an assemblyman from Oceanside, took him to task with a statement issued Wednesday. 'It saddens me that the narrative being set for Republicans at a national level can be initiated by someone who has never been elected,' he said, noting his GOP colleagues in the state Legislature 'have a proven track record of supporting legislation that encourages comprehensive immigration reform.'" [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 7/1/15]

Chávez: "Somebody Like [Trump] Would Pretty Much Damage The Image Of All The Good, Hard-Working Republicans." "It kills us,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican who is running for a U.S. Senate seat. 'If you have Trump up there running his message, that would pretty much assure any Republican in California is going to go down. It's not going to be just me. It's going to be Assembly members and senators ... Somebody like him would pretty much damage the image of all the good, hard-working Republicans.' Even if Trump cannot maintain his early standing in the polls, as many analysts predict, Chávez said, 'For California, what he brings back is a lot of the rancor of the 1990s, and I think that will hurt us.'" [Sacramento Bee, 9/20/15]

After Trump Was Elected, Chávez Said Trump's Appointments Reflected "The Right Tenor And Where We Need To Go"

Chávez Said He Liked Trump's Supreme Court And Cabinet Picks, And Said It Was "Too Early To Tell" How He Was Doing As President. "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican who was deeply critical of Trump during the presidential campaign, said he now is giving him the benefit of the doubt. 'It's too early to tell,' Chávez said, mixing among the delegates at the party's Sacramento headquarters, where posters and

photos of Ronald Reagan adorned the walls. 'I think his Supreme Court pick is outstanding. I think his picks of Kelly, Mattis, Tillerson ... and DeVos are very good.'" [Sacramento Bee, <u>2/25/17</u>]

Chávez: Trump's Appointments Reflected "The Right Tenor And Where We Need To Go." "State Assemblyman Rocky J. Chávez (R-Oceanside), a former Marine colonel who represents some of the same slices of San Diego County as Issa does, was critical of Trump's rhetoric during the presidential campaign, especially on immigration. But this weekend, Chávez said he was pleased with the job the president has done since taking office, including his Supreme Court and Cabinet nominations. 'I think Trump's appointments, in particular with the Supreme Court, with the department of Defense, with secretary of State, with Homeland Security, have been very good appointments, and if you look at what each of them are doing, they're very measured and reflect, I believe, the right tenor and where we need to go,' he said." [Los Angeles Times, 2/25/17]

Chávez: "If The Economy Continues To Go Well, This Could Change This Whole Discussion." "Rocky Chávez, a Republican State Assembly member who jumped in to run for Mr. Issa's seat, checked off the issues on which the Trump White House was out of step with many Californians, from offshore drilling to tax reform. But, he said, he was hopeful the mood would change by the time voters went to the polls. 'If the economy continues to go well, this could change this whole discussion,' he said. 'But it could also change on a tweet, as we all know.'" [New York Times, 1/19/18]

Chávez Said He Supported Undocumented Immigrants, But Voted Against Giving Them Access To Driver's Licenses And Protection From Workplace Discrimination

Chávez Repeatedly Said He Supported Keeping Undocumented Families Together And Creating Pathways To Residency

Chávez: "As A Party Of Family Values, Why Would We Ever Support Policies That Would Send A Mother Or Father Away From Their Children?" "Chávez said he wouldn't curtail or lessen the process by which immigrants go about becoming U.S. citizens. But when it comes to the millions of unauthorized immigrants who are in the country illegally, Chávez said, 'as a party of family values, why would we ever support policies that would send a mother or father away from their children?' Chávez said he would call this residency, not legalization. 'Residency means that you are in the state. We know who you are. You get a license. You pay taxes. And it takes you out of the shadows,' he said." [Sacramento Bee, 1/21/16]

Calbuzz: On Immigration, Chávez Said He Supported A Pathway To Legal Residency, Which Was "Much Closer To The California Mainstream Than Most Republican Politicians." "On immigration, Chávez offers a position much closer to the California mainstream than most Republican politicians – a pathway to legal residency. It's not a pathway to citizenship, but a compromise position, that might not be as expansive as most Latino voters would prefer, but a lot less off-putting than the round-'em-up-and-send-'em-home stand so popular within the GOP." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Chávez Pointed To 3 Principles On Immigration: Keeping Families Together, Border Security, And Allowing A Path To Residency, Not Citizenship. "Chávez says he approaches the issue using three principles: 1) Family – 'The Republican Party has always valued marriage and children,' he said, 'but we're sending mothers and fathers away from their kids. That's not good.' 2) Security – He wants better security at the border, but that shouldn't be the first thing out of a Republican candidate's mouth, he said. That just causes Latino voters to shut down. 'They say, "Why would I vote for you if I felt you'd never want me over for dinner?" 3) Citizenship: No – We have laws governing how people become citizens (which he's still researching, he said) but he favors 'what I call residency,' with which immigrants could register, get a driver's license, pay taxes and follow procedures to obtain their citizenship over time." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Chávez Said Bringing Millions Of Undocumented Immigrants Out Of The Shadows Would Have A "Huge" Economic Benefit To California. "California Gov. Jerry Brown used his visit to the White House on Friday to slam Republican governors fighting President Barack Obama's immigration order, saying their actions are 'at best

troglodyte and at worst un-Christian.' [...] State Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, the only Republican declared so far to challenge Harris in next year's U.S. Senate race, said Friday that he agrees that bringing millions of undocumented immigrants out of the shadows will have a 'huge' economic benefit for California. 'The only concern I have is the process in which it was done,' he said, adding that he would have preferred congressional action to an executive order." [San Antonio Express-News, 3/13/15]

Chávez Said Immigrants In Search Of A Better Opportunity Are "Willing To Work For It" And He's "Willing To Give Them An Opportunity." "Chávez said he has built coalitions at the state level to promote immigration reform. 'You talk about me leaving my political career for this,' he said, comparing his own decision to leave his Assembly seat for the U.S. Senate race. 'There are people leaving everything in their country, walking here, just as people in the 1800s came over the mountains in covered wagons for a better opportunity. They're willing to work for it. I'm willing to give them an opportunity." [KPBS, 3/16/15]

Chávez Called Senate GOP Efforts To Defund Obama's Executive Action On Amnesty "A Travesty." "He called the recent gridlock over Republican-orchestrated attempts to defund Obama's executive actions on immigration, which nearly resulted in a shutdown of the Department of Homeland Security, a 'travesty." [Huffington Post, 3/5/15]

However, He Voted Against Opportunities And Rights For Immigrants

Chávez Did Not Vote For Bills That Protected Immigrants From Employer Retaliation

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Protecting Immigrants And Those Who Complain About Not Receiving Fair Wages From Employer-Related Retaliation. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "prohibit an employer from retaliating or taking adverse action against any employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant has engaged in protected conduct. The bill would expand the protected conduct to include a written or oral complaint by an employee that he or she is owed unpaid wages. [...] This bill would make it unlawful for an employer or any other person to engage in, or direct another person to engage in, an unfair immigration-related practice, as defined, against a person for the purpose of, or with the intent of, retaliating against any person for exercising a right protected under state labor and employment laws or under a local ordinance applicable to employees, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-19-5. [AB 263, 9/10/13; California LegInfo, 10/11/13]

2013: Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Protecting Undocumented Immigrants From Retaliation In The Workplace. In September 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that, "strengthen[s] the California Labor Code's protections for all workers, by expanding the grounds for a finding of retaliation, increasing penalties for retaliation, and broadening protections for whistleblowers." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-17-9. [SB 666, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13; National Employment Law Project, 10/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Undocumented Immigrants To Get Driver's Licenses

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Undocumented Immigrants To Get Driver's Licenses. "On immigration, Chávez has split with the party's conservative wing, backing steps to legalize the status of immigrants in the country illegally. His positioning on immigration is likely to limit his appeal to conservative voters in the June 2016 primary. Chávez said he backs driver's licenses for such immigrants, for instance, but voted against a bill that authorized them in a dispute over whether they would look different from other licenses." [Los Angeles Times, 3/6/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Monitor Programs That Served Immigrants

2015: Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing A Statewide Director Of Immigrant Integration For The Purpose Of Developing A Comprehensive Statewide Report On Programs Serving Immigrants. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Establish[ing] the Statewide Director of Immigrant Integration in the Governor's Office of

Planning and Research, appointed by the Governor, for the purpose of developing a comprehensive statewide report on programs and services that serve immigrants and programs and services currently managed by a state agency or department to support California immigrants." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 84, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Said He Did Not Want To Give Undocumented Immigrants Too Many Rights Because He Feared They Would Get Too Comfortable

2013: Chávez On Granting Undocumented Immigrants More Privileges: "Once We Erase All These Distinctions, What's Next? What Is Going To Convince Someone It Is Essential To Get Citizenship?" "Rocky Chávez, a Republican assemblyman from northern San Diego County, said that allowing noncitizens to serve on a jury would make it harder to uphold American standards of law. 'What we call domestic violence is appropriate in other countries, so the question becomes, 'How do we enforce our own social norms?' Mr. Chávez said. He added that granting more privileges would weaken immigrants' desires to become citizens. 'Once we erase all these distinctions, what's next? What is going to convince someone it is essential to get citizenship?'" [New York Times, 9/21/13]

Chávez Also Said That Immigrants Would Not Understand America Until They Were Naturalized Citizens

2013: Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Non-Citizens To Serve On Juries, Saying They "Might Not Have The Same Cultural Experience"

Chávez Said He Believed Granting Jury Duty To Non-Citizens Was Unfair To The Non-Citizens And To The Defendants On Trial. "California would allow noncitizens to serve on juries under a proposal being considered by state lawmakers, potentially expanding a fundamental obligation of American life to millions more people. The measure, which would apply only to legal residents, would make California the only state to open the jury box to noncitizens who meet all other requirements of service, according to legal experts. The proposal raises the question of what it means to be judged by peers in a state where more than one in seven residents is not a citizen. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside), who voted no, said the measure was unfair to both the prospective jurors and any defendants whose fates they could decide. Noncitizens may not want the responsibilities of American citizenship, he said, and people who are on trial should not be judged by jurors who 'might not have the same cultural experience." [Los Angeles Times, 4/27/13]

Chávez Implied That Immigrants Did Not Fit With American Moral Standards: "What We Call Domestic Violence Is Appropriate In Other Countries, So...How Do We Enforce Our Own Social Norms?" "Rocky Chávez, a Republican assemblyman from northern San Diego County, said that allowing noncitizens to serve on a jury would make it harder to uphold American standards of law. 'What we call domestic violence is appropriate in other countries, so the question becomes, 'How do we enforce our own social norms?' Mr. Chávez said." [New York Times, 9/21/13]

Chávez's Argument Against The Bill: "Peers Are People Who Understand America." "I do think there is something called the jury of your peers,' countered Assemblyman Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside). 'Peers are people who understand the nuances of America.' He noted that some immigrants come from countries where suspects are guilty until proven innocent and where people are taught to obey authority, not question it. The bill, AB 1401, was authored by the Assembly Judiciary Committee, which seeks a way to expand the pool of eligible jurors in California." [Los Angeles Times, 8/22/13]

Chávez: "I Think That Understanding" U.S. Laws And Culture "Only Comes When An Individual Openly Takes An Oath To Become A Citizen Of The Country In Which They Live"

Chávez Said He Believed That People Do Not Understand America's Laws And Culture Until They Are Naturalized Citizens. "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, said during his floor comments that he does

not see a shortage of potential jurors. He also said those accused of a crime have a right to a jury of peers who fully understand the country's laws and culture. 'I think that understanding only comes when an individual openly takes an oath to become a citizen of the country in which they live,' Chávez said." [Associated Press, 8/23/13]

Chávez Said He Would Not Support Additional Restrictions On Abortion Rights, But Voted Against Measures That Would Increase Abortion Accessibility

Chávez Said That Although He Was "Pro-Life," He Would Not Vote For Bills That Would Overturn Roe V. Wade Or Restrict Abortion Rights Any Further

Chávez Said He Opposed Gun Control And Abortion, But Would Support Maintaining The Status Quo On Those Issues. "Chávez is a moderate on many social issues, though he said he opposes gun control legislation and is against abortion because of his Catholic upbringing. He said he would be in favor of maintaining the status quo on those issues." [KPBS, 3/16/15]

Chávez Was "Pro-Life" But Would Not Attempt To Overturn Roe v. Wade Or Support Additional Restrictions On Abortion Rights. "As a practicing Catholic, Chávez is pro-life. Importantly, however, he says he would not support an attempt to overturn Roe v Wade's protection of a woman's right to choose because 'that's been settled in the courts.' Nor, he said, would he vote for measures to further restrict abortion rights, like requiring parental consent for minors. And it infuriates him when people from the anti-abortion right wing accuse him of being a 'weak Catholic.'" [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

However, He Voted To Keep Access To Abortions Limited

2013: Chávez Voted Against Improving Abortion Access Through Allowing More Medical Professionals To Become Authorized To Perform Abortions And To Expand The Settings In Which Abortions Are Allowed To Be Performed

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed More Medical Professionals To Perform Abortions. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would authorize nurse practitioners, nurse-midwives and physicians assistants to perform abortions. "The bill would also require a nurse practitioner, certified nurse-midwife, or physician assistant to complete training, as specified, and to comply with standardized procedures or protocols, as specified, in order to perform an abortion by aspiration techniques, and would indefinitely authorize a nurse practitioner, certified nurse-midwife, or physician assistant who completed a specified training program and achieved clinical competency to continue to perform abortions by aspiration techniques. The bill would delete the references to a nonsurgical abortion and would delete the restrictions on assisting with abortion procedures." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 49-25-4. [AB 154, 8/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/9/13]

Northern California ACLU: AB 154 Would "Improve Abortion Access." "AB 154 will improve abortion access by increasing the types of trained health professionals who can provide early abortions. The bill will authorize nurse practitioners, certified nurse midwives, and physician assistants to perform early abortions safely within the terms of their licenses. More than half of California's counties lack an accessible abortion provider. As a result, many women delay treatment because they have to travel long distances or raise money for transportation and services. Women in both rural and urban areas of the state face barriers to access. AB 154 can also helps (sic) to address barriers such as long wait times for appointments that woman in urban areas face when seeking abortion services. AB 154 removes barriers to care by allowing specially trained health professionals to provide early abortions in the communities they serve. This means that women can safely get the care they need in their own communities from health providers they already know and trust." [Northern California ACLU, accessed 3/1/18]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Abortions To Be Performed In Regular Primary Care Clinic Conditions. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would lower the sterilization standards and allow medical professionals to perform abortions, "in facilities like the 'walk-in' counseling rooms now so popular

in drug stores and pharmacies." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-25-3. [AB 980, <u>9/12/13</u>; California LegInfo, <u>10/9/13</u>; LifeNews.com, <u>8/27/13</u>]

Chávez Voted Against The Reproductive Fact Act, Which Required Facilities To Let Pregnant Women Know That Abortion Was An Option

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Licensed Covered Facilities To Provide Information About Affordable Family Planning, Programs, Abortion Services, And Prenatal Care To Clients. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "Enact[ing] the Reproductive FACT (Freedom, Accountability, Comprehensive Care, and Transparency) Act, which would require a licensed covered facility, as defined, to disseminate a notice to all clients, as specified, stating, among other things, that California has public programs that provide immediate free or low-cost access to comprehensive family planning services, prenatal care, and abortion, for eligible women. The bill would also require an unlicensed covered facility, as defined, to disseminate a notice to all clients, as specified, stating, among other things, that the facility is not licensed as a medical facility by the State of California." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 26, with 5 not voting, and became law. [AB 775, passed the Assembly, 5/26/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Sacramento Bee: NARAL Pro-Choice America, Planned Parenthood, And Black Women For Wellness Sponsored AB 775 Because It Enabled Women To Be Informed And Make Their Own Decisions. "After Brown signed AB 775, [then-Attorney General Kamala] Harris released a statement expressing her pride in cosponsoring the act, 'which ensures that all women have equal access to comprehensive reproductive health care services, and that they have the facts they need to make informed decisions about their health and their lives.' [...] Los Angeles-based advocacy group Black Women for Wellness joined Harris and NARAL Pro-Choice California as sponsors of the bill, which was authored by Assemblyman David Chiu, D-San Francisco, and Assemblywoman Autumn Burke, D-Los Angeles. [...] At the same time, Ilyse Hogue, president of NARAL Pro-Choice America, said, 'Anti-choice crisis pregnancy centers are ground-zero in the fight for reproductive freedom, and Gov. Brown and the California Legislature can be proud of leading the first successful statewide effort to ensure that no woman is tricked into walking through doors of a (clinic) to be manipulated and shamed again." [Sacramento Bee, 10/11/15]

Sacramento Bee: AB 775 Would Require That "Crisis Pregnancy Centers" Run By Anti-Abortion Organizations To Inform Clients Of California Public Programs That Offer Abortions. "Under its terms, licensed reproductive health clinics must notify patients that California has programs to help them access affordable family planning, abortion services and prenatal care. The law would cover 'crisis pregnancy centers' run by anti-abortion organizations. [...] The just-enacted legislation, however, requires that they inform clients of California public programs that do offer abortions, and that they supply their clients with a telephone number for the appropriate county social services office so the clients can find out if they qualify for those programs that include abortion services. Facilities that fail to obey the new law are subject to a \$500 civil penalty for a first offense and a \$1,000 penalty for each subsequent offense." [Sacramento Bee, 10/11/15]

Chávez Said He Believed Climate Change Was A Real Issue, But Did Not Vote To Lower Emissions, Regulate Hazardous Waste, Or Make Renewable Energy A Priority

Chávez Said That He Believed There Was "No Doubt" That Climate Change Was A Real Issue

Chávez: "There's No Doubt In My Mind That We Are Having Climate Change In The World"

Chávez: Climate Change Was "Not An Issue Of Politics," But "An Issue Of Science." "Chávez was asked his opinion on global warming. 'There's no doubt in my mind that we are having climate change in the world,' he replied, noting U.S. military leaders have concluded that the greatest threat facing the nation in the Pacific is sealevel rise. 'This is not an issue of politics, this is an issue of science.' [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Chávez Voted To Establish Energy Integration Advisory Council To Make Recommendations To Air Resources Board Concerning Actions To Quickly Integrate Increased Renewable Energy Strategies For The Energy Grid. In June 2015, Chávez voted for a bill that: "Establishes the Energy Integration Advisory Council (Council) to make recommendations to the Air Resources Board (ARB) regarding various strategies necessary for the energy grid to integrate increased renewable energy strategies." The third reading of the bill passed 71-5. "[CA State Legislature, AB 33, Assembly Vote, 6/3/15]

However, Chávez Voted Against Lowering Emissions, Regulating Hazardous Waste, And Making Renewable Energy A Priority, Which Earned Him A 23% Rating From The California Environmental Justice Alliance In 2016

Chávez Voted Against Lowering Emissions

Chávez Voted Against Reducing Emissions Of "Short-Lived Climate Pollutants." In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require the state board to complete a comprehensive strategy to reduce emissions of short-lived climate pollutants, as defined, in the state." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [SB 605, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/21/14]

2015: Chávez Voted Against The California Global Warming Solutions Act, Which Required That The State Board Ensure Greenhouse Gas Emission Were Reduced To 40 Percent Below The 1990 Level By 2030. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "'Requir[ing] the state board to ensure that statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to 40% below the 1990 level by 2030." The bill passed the assembly 48 to 31, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 32, passed the Assembly, 8/23/16; became law, 9/8/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The State Board To Take Specified Actions And Conduct Specified Analyses With Respect To Methane Emissions. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the state board to take specified actions and conduct specified analyses with respect to methane emissions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 57 to 22, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 1496, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/10/15; became law, 10/18/15]

2015: Chávez Voted Against The Clean Energy And Pollution Reduction Act, Which Required A 50 Percent Increase In Renewable Energy Production And Double Energy Efficiency Savings By 2030. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] that the amount of electricity generated and sold to retail customers per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to 50% by December 31, 2030, as provided. The bill would make other revisions to the RPS Program and to certain other requirements on public utilities and publicly owned electric utilities. [...] This bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to establish annual targets for statewide energy efficiency savings and demand reduction that will achieve a cumulative doubling of statewide energy efficiency savings in electricity and natural gas final end uses of retail customers by January 1, 2030." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 350, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote For Bills That Encouraged The Use Of Zero-Emission Cars

Chávez Voted Against Establishing The Charge Ahead California Initiative, Which Aimed To Put 1 Million Near-Zero Emission Cards On The Road By 2023. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would establish the Charge Ahead California Initiative to be administered by the state board, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, air pollution control and air quality management districts, and the public. The bill would state that the goals of the initiative are to, among other things, place in service at least 1,000,000 zero-emission and near-zero-emission vehicles by January 1, 2023, and to increase access for disadvantaged, low-income, and moderate-income communities and consumers to zero-emission and near-zero-emission vehicles." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [SB 1275, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/21/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Mandated Landlords Allow Tenants To Request Electric Car Charging Stations. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a lessor of a dwelling to approve a written request of a lessee to install an electric vehicle charging station at a parking space allotted for the lessee in accordance with specified requirements and that complies with the lessor's approval process for modification to the property." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-2. [AB 2565, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 9/21/14]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Bill Expanding Zero-Emission Vehicle Rebate Programs To Used Cars. In June 2015, Chávez did not vote on a bill "Requir[ing] the state board [State Air Resources Board] to establish the Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project, as a part of the Air Quality Improvement Program, to provide rebates or other incentives for the acquisition of an eligible used vehicle [a vehicle eligible for a rebate under the Clean Vehicle Rebate Project], as defined; the replacement or refurbishment of a battery and related components for an eligible used vehicle or an extended warranty for the battery or related components; or an extended service warranty to cover unexpected vehicle repairs not covered by the manufacturer's warranty related to unique problems in eligible used vehicles, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 58 to 20, with 2 not voting, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 904, passed the Assembly, 6/2/15]

Chávez Voted Against Bills Regulating Hazardous Waste

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Prioritize "Most Impacted Environmental Justice Communities" And Make The Transport Of Hazardous Waste Illegal. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would prioritize "most impacted environmental justice communities" and make the transport of hazardous waste illegal. "This bill would require the department to prioritize an enforcement action affecting communities that have been identified by the California Environmental Protection Agency as being the most impacted environmental justice communities. [...] This bill would instead prohibit a person from transporting hazardous waste, as specified, if the final destination of the transported hazardous waste is a domestic facility outside the jurisdiction of the state unless certain conditions apply to the facility, including whether the facility is subject to a cooperative agreement, as specified. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-25. [AB 1329, 9/6/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Chávez Voted Against Increasing Regulations On Hazardous Waste Facilities. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "set deadlines to shut down hazardous waste facilities that continue to violate health and safety laws while operating on expired permits," and, "strengthen the hazardous waste regulatory system, beginning with addressing when final permit decisions must be made by the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC)." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-23-7. [SB 812, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14; Senator Kevin De Leon, press release, 1/28/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The State To Consider Repeat Violations Of Noncompliance With Respect To Hazardous Waste Control As Reason To Deny, Suspend, Or Revoke A Permit. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the department [Department of Toxic Substances Control] to consider, except under specified circumstances, 3 or more violations of, or noncompliance with, specified provisions for which a person or entity has been found liable or has been convicted, with respect to a single hazardous waste facility within a 5-year period, as compelling cause to deny, suspend, or revoke a permit, registration, or certificate applied for by, or issued to, that person or entity." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 54 to 25, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 1075, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; became law, 10/2/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Expanding On Hazardous Waste Permitting Criteria. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the department [Department of Toxic Substances Control], by January 1, 2018, to establish or update criteria for use in determining whether to issue a new or modified hazardous waste facilities permit or a renewal of a hazardous waste facilities permit, and to develop and implement, by July 1, 2018, programmatic reforms designed to improve the protectiveness, timeliness, legal defensibility, and enforceability of the department's permitting program." The bill passed the Assembly 50 to 25, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 673, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Voted Against An Increased Dedication To Renewable Energy

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring That The Amount Of Electricity Generated And Sold From Renewable Energy Resources Be Increased To 50 Percent By 2031. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] that the amount of electricity generated and sold to retail customers per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to 50% by December 31, 2030, as provided. The bill would make other revisions to the RPS Program and to certain other requirements on public utilities and publicly owned electric utilities." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 350, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law 10/7/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Express The Intent Of The Legislature To Increase The Amount Of Renewable Energy Resources By 50 Percent By 2031. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Express[ing] the intent of the Legislature for the purposes of the RPS program that the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to an amount equal to at least 50% by December 31, 2030, and would require the PUC, by January 1, 2017, to establish the quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources to be procured by each retail seller for specified compliance periods sufficient to ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieves 50% of retail sales by December 31, 2030, and that retail sellers procure not less than 50% of retail sales in all subsequent years." The bill passed the Assembly 46 to 29, with 5 not voting, but the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 645, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Adding Two Legislators To The State Air Resources Board. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Increas[ing] the membership of the [State Air Resources Board] to 14 [from 12], with the Senate Committee on Rules and the Speaker of the Assembly each appointing one member, as provided." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1288, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/12/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote For Environmental Impact Studies

Chávez Voted Against Requiring An Environmental Review Study Of The Impact Of Expanding Highway I-710. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require the lead agency, in consultation with all interested community organizations, to include, within the environmental review process for the project, alternatives to address the air quality, public health, and mobility impacts the project will have on neighboring communities, including, in its entirety, Community Alternative 7, as defined, as a complete project alternative. The bill would require the final environmental document approved by the lead agency to include an investment in identified mitigation measures and community benefits for the affected communities and the Los Angeles River. The bill would require the lead agency to submit a report in that regard to the I-710 EIR/EIS Project Committee at least 90 days prior to approving the final environmental document for the project." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-20-3. [SB 811, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 9/12/13]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Bill Establishing A Program To Coordinate Regional And Local Efforts With State Climate Adaptation Strategies To Adapt To The Impacts Of Climate Change. Chávez did not vote on: "Establish[ing] the Integrated Climate Adaptation and Resiliency Program to be administered by the Office of Planning and Research to coordinate regional and local efforts with state climate adaptation strategies to adapt to the impacts of climate change, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 56 to 23, with 1 not voting, and became law. [SB 246, passed the Assembly 9/8/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Voted Against Providing Underserved And Disadvantaged Communities Resources To Reduce Greenhouse Gases

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing Grants To Develop And Implement Neighborhood-Level Climate Community Plans To Reduce Greenhouse Gases In Disadvantaged Communities. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Creat[ing] the Transformative Climate Communities Program, to be administered by the council. The bill would require the council to award competitive grants to specified eligible entities for the development and

implementation of neighborhood-level transformative climate community plans that include greenhouse gas emissions reduction projects that provide local economic, environmental, and health benefits to disadvantaged communities, as defined." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 49 to 27, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 2722, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/31/16; became law, 9/14/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring At Least 30 Percent Of The Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund Be Spent On Projects Benefiting Individuals Living In Disadvantaged Communities Or Low-Income Households. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the investment plan to allocate (1) a minimum of 25% of the available moneys in the fund to projects located within, and benefiting individuals living in, disadvantaged communities, (2) an additional minimum of 5% to projects that benefit low-income households or to projects located within, and benefiting individuals living in, low-income communities located anywhere in the state, and (3) an additional minimum of 5% either to projects that benefit low-income households that are outside of, but within a ½ mile of, disadvantaged communities, or to projects located within the boundaries of, and benefiting individuals living in, low-income communities that are outside of, but within a ½ mile of, disadvantaged communities." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 53 to 22, with 5 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1550, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/31/16; became law, 9/14/16]

Chávez Voted Against Incentivizing Developers To Put Renewable Energy Systems In Affordable Housing Properties

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Awarding Monetary Incentives For Solar Energy Systems Installed On Affordable Housing Properties. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the commission to annually authorize the allocation of \$100,000,000 or 10% of available funds, whichever is less, beginning with the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2016, and ending with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, from the greenhouse gas allowance revenues received by electrical corporations set aside for clean energy and energy efficiency projects for the Multifamily Affordable Housing Solar Roofs Program, which the bill would create. [...] The bill would require the commission to authorize, by June 30, 2017, the award of monetary incentives for solar energy systems, as defined, that are installed on qualified multifamily affordable housing properties, as defined, through December 31, 2030, with the target of the program being to install a combined generating capacity of at least 300 megawatts on qualified properties." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 28, with one not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 693, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

In 2016, Chávez Received A 23% From The California Environmental Justice Alliance

In 2016, Chávez Received A 23% From The California Environmental Justice Alliance. "San Diego Democratic state legislators Toni Atkins and Lorena Gonzalez Fletcher earned perfect marks for their voting records on environmental issues last year, according to a scorecard released today by the California Environmental Justice Alliance. Former Sen. Marty Block, D-San Diego, also got perfect marks on the scorecard of legislators' votes on 14 bills last year, 11 of which were signed into law. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R- Oceanside, 23 percent." [Times of San Diego, 1/31/17]

Chávez Said People Have A Right To Marry Who They Love, But Did Not Vote To Legalize Same-Sex Marriage Or Protect Members Of The LGBT Community From Discrimination

Chávez: "People Have The Right To Marry Who They Love"

Sacramento Bee: Chávez "Touted An Upcoming Address To A Gay Republican Organization" And Said, "People Have The Right To Marry Who They Love." "He stopped off to speak with reporters and touted an upcoming address to a gay Republican organization. 'People have the right to love who they want to love,' said Chávez, a state assemblyman from the military town of Oceanside and a retired Marine Corps colonel." [Sacramento Bee, 3/1/15]

However, Chávez Did Not Vote To Recognize Same-Sex Marriage In California Or Protect Members Of The LGBT Community From Discrimination

Chávez Did Not Vote To Recognize Same-Sex Marriage

Chávez Did Not Vote On Recognizing Same-Sex Marriage. In June 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill recognizing same-sex marriage. "An existing provision of the California Constitution, which has been held unenforceable, states that only marriage between a man and a woman is valid or recognized in this state. An existing statutory provision likewise provides that only marriage between a man and a woman is valid or recognized in this state. This bill would repeal that statutory provision. [...] This bill would instead provide that marriage is a personal relation arising out of a civil contract between 2 persons, and would make conforming changes with regard to the consent to, and solemnization of, marriage. The bill would also delete the limitation on the validity of marriages contracted outside this state between 2 persons of the same sex." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-16-9. [SB 1306, 6/30/14; California LegInfo, 7/7/14]

Chávez Did Not Vote To Include LGBT Protections In The Civil Rights Act

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Urge The United States Congress To Amend The Civil Rights Act To Include Protections On The Basis Of Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, And Sex. In June and August 2016, Chávez did not vote on: "AJR 45, Chiu. Civil rights: the Equality Act. This act would urge the United States Congress to enact the Equality Act of 2015, which would amend the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to include protections on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity, and sex for, among other things, employment, housing, public education, and public accommodations." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 11, with 17 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 55 to 11, with 14 not voting. The bill became law by the Secretary of State. [AJR 45, passed the Assembly, 6/23/16; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/10/16]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Have Imposed Harsher Penalties On People Who Kill When Members Of The LGBT Community Are Outed

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Imposed Harsher Penalties On People Who Kill Upon Finding Out Someone Was LGBT. In May 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill that, "would state that for purposes of determining sudden quarrel or heat of passion, the provocation was not objectively reasonable if it resulted from the discovery of, knowledge about, or potential disclosure of the victim's actual or perceived gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation, including under circumstances in which the victim made an unwanted nonforcible romantic or sexual advance towards the defendant, or if the defendant and victim dated or had a romantic or sexual relationship." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-18-11. [AB 2501, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/27/14]

Chávez Voted Against Cultural Competency Requirements In The Health Field That Would Help LGBT Individuals Receive Better Care

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Updated Medical Cultural Competency To Include The LGBT Community. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that recommended cultural competency classes for medical professionals, "include, as appropriate, information pertinent to the appropriate treatment of, and provision of care to, the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and intersex communities." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-20-5. [AB 496, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill That Updated Medical Cultural Competency To Include The LGBT Community. In August 2014, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill that updated medical cultural competency to include the LGBT community. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 60-12-7. [AB 496, 8/21/14; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Mandated Adult Residential Care Facilities Included The LGBT Community In Their Cultural Competency Trainings. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require the administrator and ombudsman training to include training in cultural competency and sensitivity in issues relating to the underserved aging lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender community." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-21-5. [AB 663, 5/23/13; California LegInfo, 10/9/13]

Cultural Competence Training Created A More Inclusive Environment For LGBT Patients, Especially The Elderly, Who Are Less Likely To Seek Out Care Due To Fear Of Discrimination. "Research suggests that LGBT older adults are less likely than their heterosexual peers to access aging services and to reach out to providers, senior centers, meal programs and other entitlement programs because they fear discrimination or harassment if their sexual orientations or gender identities become known. [...] LGBT cultural competence training creates more inclusive environments for all elders, including LGBT older people—yet it's offered by few aging providers. A recent nationwide study of area agencies on aging found that agencies whose staff had received some form of LGBT training were twice as likely to receive a request to help an LGB individual and three times as likely to receive a request to help a transgender older adult." [SAGE USA, accessed 3/22/18]

Chávez Voted Against Stopping State Agencies From Doing Business With Discriminatory Companies

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited State Agencies From Entering Contracts For The Acquisition Of Goods Or Services Of \$100,000 Or More With Companies That Discriminate Based On Gender Identity. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a state agency from entering into contracts for the acquisition of goods or services of \$100,000 or more with a contractor that discriminates between employees on the basis of gender identity in the provision of benefits, as specified. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 53 to 24, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 703, passed the Assembly, 9/2/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Required Charities To Have Compliant Nondiscrimination Programs

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Require Charitable Organizations Seeking To Participate In The State Employees' Charitable Giving Program To Certify Their Compliance With Existing Nondiscrimination Laws. In May 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Requir[ing] a charitable organization seeking to participate in the state employees' charitable giving program (program) to provide a statement to the program administrator certifying that it complies with existing civil rights and nondiscrimination laws." The Assembly passed the bill 62 to 7, with 11 not voting. [AB 1050, passed the Assembly, 5/26/15]

Chávez Voted Against AB 1050's Final Version, Which Omitted Nondiscrimination Requirements. "This bill would, when the request for a permanent variance pertains to a conveyance covered by the elevator safety orders, require the applicant to provide the required notice regarding the hearing to the local union representing elevator workers and to those workers who will be performing the tasks pursuant to the proposed variance, or their authorized representative. The bill would grant party status at the hearing to those workers or their authorized representative upon their request to the board." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 52 to 28, but the bill was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 1050, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/30/16; vetoed by Governor, 9/27/16]

Chávez Said He Wanted To Improve The Accessibility Of Higher Education, But He Consistently Opposed And Voted Against Measures That Would Provide College Students With More Financial Aid

Chávez Claimed He Supported Measures That Improved College Accessibility...

Chávez's Senate Platform Included Making College Affordable And Accessible. "Chávez's platform includes increasing affordability and accessibility of higher education and raising the minimum wage to a living wage for adults over a certain age, such as 25." [Daily Californian, 2/3/16]

...But Chávez Consistently Opposed And Voted Against Providing College Students With More Financial Aid

Chávez Opposed Providing Supplemental Tuition Assistance To Bridge The Gap Between Existing Financial Aid And The Full Cost Of Attending College

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: Chávez Opposed The Degrees Not Debt Program. "The Degrees Not Debt plan also takes \$1.6 billion from Proposition 98 money. Proposition 98 money is already allocated to serve the K-12 education system. You cannot rob Peter to pay Paul. It is bad policy to take \$1.6 billion dollars from one sector of education (K-12) and push it to another area (undergraduate), especially when you need success in the former to even reach the latter. Multiple studies have shown that a thriving K-12 environment better equips a child for a college environment." [San Diego Union Tribune, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 3/29/17]

The Degrees Not Debt Scholarship Program Was Part Of The Democrats' Proposed Budget Plan In 2017, And Would Expand The Scope Of Financial Aide To Include Living Expenses. "A new budget plan from Assembly Democrats would expand the scope of financial aid, providing scholarships to low- and middle-income Californians for living expenses to help them graduate free of debt. [...] The plan's major component is a 'Degrees Not Debt Scholarship' to fill the gap between existing state and federal financial aid and the full cost of attending a public university. When living expenses are included, that averages more than \$23,000 at CSU and more than \$33,000 at UC. Students would be required to work 15 hours per week to cover some expenses and, if their income is more than \$60,000, their families would be expected to contribute a portion as well. If fully implemented next year, supporters calculate the scholarships would cost the state about \$1.6 billion, though that could drop as the minimum wage increases and students earn more. [Sacramento Bee, 3/13/17]

Democratic Assemblyman Kevin McCarty: State Revenues Would Increase To Cover The Costs Of The Program. "McCarty said that he expects state revenues to increase enough in the next few years to make this affordable without requiring cuts to other spending. It would be phased in as funds are available, he said. "Of course we have to be responsible," he said." [Edsource.org, 3/13/17]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Qualify All Students With Unmet Financial Need For A Fee Waiver At California Community Colleges. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Lower[ing] the amount of unmet financial need a student needs to demonstrate to qualify for a fee waiver to at least one dollar. To the extent the bill would impose new duties on community college districts, it would constitute a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 53 to 25, with 2 not voting, but failed a Senate Education committee vote. [AB 1583, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16; failed in Senate committee, 6/29/16]

Chávez Implied Students Who Received Free College Tuition Would Be Disinclined To Graduate In Four Years

Chávez: "When People Are Given Something For Free, How Are You Going To Ensure They Graduate In Four Years?" "Republican lawmakers said they agree with their Democratic colleagues that student debt is excessive, but believe providing more aid is the wrong approach. Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside, who sits on the budget subcommittee on higher education, said the state would do better to reduce the inefficiencies that prevent students from finishing in a timely manner than than [sic] throw more money at universities' problems. 'When people are given something for free, how are you going to ensure they graduate in four years?' he said." [Sacramento Bee, 3/20/17]

Chávez Said He Believed Students Were Taking Too Long To Graduate From College. "One of the problems we're having in higher ed is not that there's so many seats there, but it takes so long. When I went to college, you know, you got out in 4 years, everybody took 15 hours a year, you got out in four years. We had a discussion the other day, you know we're looking at numbers where it takes between six to ten years to graduate from college.

That's ridiculous. Because when people are extending their time, with, to get out of college, because of lack of access, that's just backing up the whole train. It's like the freeway is just backing up. So it's not so much the different universities, it's the access for the students, we need to look at new technologies to do that." [National Journal Live, "The California Story: The Immigration Debate in the Golden State" Panel, 5/1/15] (VIDEO)

Chávez: Accountable To Special Interests, Not His Constituents

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez received \$71,850 from big oil and gas companies like Chevron and Pacific Gas & Electric, and voted against regulating fracking and ending fuel manipulation, and has supported offshore drilling in the past.
 - ✓ Chávez also received more than \$25,000 to travel to Chile, Germany and the Czech Republic, all funded by a conglomerate of energy-related interest groups.
- ✓ Chávez received \$28,133.99 from the pharmaceutical industry and opposed capping drug costs.
- ✓ Chávez was accused of showing favoritism towards developers who had given him gifts and campaign contributions.
- ✓ Chávez received \$16,000 from Philip Morris and its parent company and voted against raising the smoking age or regulating the tobacco industry.
- ✓ Chávez received more than \$16,000 from Charles Munger Jr., a billionaire with a history of buying elections. He also received more than \$500,000 from his PAC.
- ✓ Chávez fought for the Oceanside Municipal Airport, which gave him \$5,500 over the course of his city council career and made independent expenditures on his behalf.

Chávez Received \$71,850 From Big Oil And Gas Companies Like Chevron And Pacific Gas & Electric, And Went On All-Expense-Paid Trips To South America And Europe

Chávez Received \$71,850 From The Oil And Gas Industry

2018: Chávez Received \$27,000 From The Oil And Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$20,800 From Oil And Gas Companies. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$20,150 From The Oil And Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From The Oil & Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Chávez Received \$25,712.95 Worth Of Travel To Chile, Germany And The Czech Republic, Funded In Part By Energy Companies

Chávez Received \$12,552.25 Worth Of Travel To Chile, Funded In Part By Energy Companies

Chávez Took \$12,552 Trip To Chile Paid For By California Foundation On The Environment And The Economy. "Chávez's biggest gift was a \$12,552 trip to Chile paid for by the California Foundation on the Environment and the Economy, a group that 'draws money from unions and corporations,' according to the

Sacramento Bee. Hey, the trip was just research. In his recent campaign announcement for U.S. Senate, the first-term Republican cited having 'been around the world a few times' as part of his qualifications." [Voice of San Diego, 3/27/15]

Representatives From Energy Companies, A Large Contingency Of Chávez's Donors, Were In Attendance. "One group of lawmakers is currently learning about infrastructure and renewable energy during a trip to Chile. The annual jaunts to study policy in other countries – last year legislators went to Scandinavia – are paid for by a group called the California Foundation on the Environment and the Economy that draws money from unions and corporations. The seven lawmakers on on [sic] the trip are joined by representatives of energy companies, environmental groups and labor unions. [...] Lawmakers in Chile are Assemblymembers Katcho Achadjian, R-San Luis Obispo, Steven Bradford, D-Gardena, Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, Henry Perea, D-Fresno, Cristina Garcia, D-Bell Gardens, Marc Levine, D-San Rafael, and Jimmy Gomez, D-Los Angeles." [Sacramento Bee, 11/14/14]

Chávez Received \$13,160.70 Worth Of Travel To Germany And The Czech Republic Funded In Part By Energy Companies

Chávez Took A Trip To Europe Paid For By California Foundation On The Environment And The Economy. "One of those other opportunities is a trip to the Czech Republic and Germany to learn about their use of renewable energy, organized by the California Foundation on the Environment and the Economy. The San Francisco-based group, which counts energy, oil and technology companies, labor unions, water agencies and environmental organizations among its members, usually sponsors a couple of these 'study travel programs' for legislators each year. Sen. Anthony Cannella, R-Ceres, is leading the delegation, which also includes Sens. Ben Hueso, D-San Diego, Ricardo Lara, D-Bell Gardens, and Bob Wieckowski, D-Fremont; Assembly members Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, Cristina Garcia, D-Bell Gardens, Chad Mayes, R-Yucca Valley, Rudy Salas, D-Bakersfield, and Jim Wood, D-Healdsburg; and executives from construction trades, Shell, Comcast and the Natural Resources Defense Fund. Participants left for Europe last Friday and will be there through Nov. 21, visiting energy grid infrastructure and meeting with government officials, utilities executives and business leaders." [Sacramento Bee, 11/14/16]

Chávez Travelled To Chile Using Special Interest Funds

Chávez Private Travel Expenditures					
Date	Destination	Sponsor	Description	Total Cost	
11/7/14 - 11/19/14	Chile	California Foundation on the	Participated in Study	\$12,552.25	
		Environment and the Economy	Travel Project		
11/11/16 - 11/21/16	Germany, The	California Foundation on the	Participated in Study	\$13,160.70	
	Czech Republic	Environment and the Economy	Travel Project		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			\$25,712.95		

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/1/17]

The California Foundation On The Environment And The Economy (CFEE) Was An Organization Of Interest Groups That Paid To Send Lawmakers To Foreign Countries For "Study Travel Projects." "The biggest last year were 'study travel programs' organized by the California Foundation for the Environment and the Economy, a San Francisco-based organization of oil and technology companies, utilities, labor unions, water agencies and environmental groups that sent lawmakers to Australia to learn about drought response and to Germany and the Czech Republic to review their use of renewable energy. 'CFEE brings California decision makers at the highest levels together to examine the critical issues of our time,' spokesman P.J. Johnston said in an email. 'Study travel projects are an opportunity to examine best practices from around the world – to see what has worked elsewhere, and what hasn't – so that California's leaders might learn from those examples.' Transparency advocates are skeptical of the value of these trips. Kathay Fang, executive director of California Common Cause, said there are events that teach something to legislators, but others are simply an opportunity for special interests to

buy face time with elected officials. 'Sometimes it is not easy to make a distinction,' she said. 'There are some lobbyists and special interests that are taking advantage of the educational exemption to cozy up to legislators outside of the public eye.'" [Sacramento Bee, $\frac{3}{2}$ 17]

The CFEE Board of Directors Include Leaders Of The Natural Resources Defense Council, Charter Communications, Comcast, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, California Cable & Telecommunications Association, AT&T California, Shell Energy North America, California Climate Initiative, Environmental Defense Fund, And Chevron Corporation. [CFEE.net, accessed 3/13/18]

Chávez Voted Against Measures To Regulate Fracking And Fuel Manipulation, And Only Recently Decided To Advocate Against Offshore Drilling

Chávez Voted Against Increasing Fracking Regulations

Chávez Voted Against Increasing Fracking Regulations. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow fracking, but, "require oil and gas companies to apply for a permit to conduct fracking, publicly disclose the fracking chemicals they use, notify neighbors before drilling, and monitor ground water and air quality, among other requirement." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-20-4. [SB 4, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/20/13; UC Berkeley, Berkeley Blog, 11/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Consumers From Fuel Manipulation

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Consumers From Fuel Manipulation. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, or the commission, upon appropriation by the Legislature of moneys generated by the collection of royalty payments from the oil and gas leases, to identify data currently collected or developed by the commission and to establish a methodology to analyze whether fuel price manipulation has occurred or is occurring. The bill would require the commission to establish a Motor Vehicle Fuel Market Advisory Committee, as specified, to review specific data and provide ongoing comments, insight, and recommendations about fuel market behavior and transactions related to potential market manipulation and methods to deter those activities." The bill passed the Assembly, 41-30-7. [SB 448, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

While Chávez Supported Offshore Drilling In 2015, He Claimed He Did Not Support It In 2018

2015: Chávez Said He Would Vote For Offshore Oil Drilling In Federal Waters If It Met Certain Science And Safety Requirements. "[Chávez] said he would vote for renewed offshore oil drilling in federal waters 'if it meets all the requirements for science and safety of the Department of Conservation, Division of Oil, Gas & Geothermal Resources." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

2018: Chávez Said He Did Not Support Offshore Drilling, Citing The Santa Barbara Oil Spill Of 1969. "Rocky Chávez, a Republican State Assembly member who jumped in to run for Mr. Issa's seat, checked off the issues on which the Trump White House was out of step with many Californians, from offshore drilling to tax reform. But, he said, he was hopeful the mood would change by the time voters went to the polls. 'If the economy continues to go well, this could change this whole discussion,' he said. 'But it could also change on a tweet, as we all know.' [...] Mr. Chávez said he would not have voted for the tax bill and opposed the tough immigration policies backed by some Republicans in Congress. 'Offshore drilling -- I don't support it,' he said. 'I've been in California my whole life. I remember the Santa Barbara spill.'" [New York Times, 1/19/18]

Chávez Signed A Letter Addressed To The Governor, Asking Him To Delay Cap And Trade Expansion Into Fuel Until The Economy Improves Further

Chávez And California Republican Caucus: "Expanding The Cap-And-Trade Program To Include Gasoline And Diesel Will Devastate Our Economy." "On behalf of our constituents, many of whom are low- and middle-

income Californians still struggling to make ends meet, we are requesting that you use your executive authority to delay the expansion of the cap-and-trade program to include gasoline and diesel, which is currently scheduled to go into effect on January 1, 2015. Expanding the cap-and-trade program to include gasoline and diesel will devastate our economy, especially regions that are still recovering from the recession. These residents will be blindsided in January by a gas price increase they weren't told about and was not part of any legislative process. Instead, this is a hidden tax increase on the price of fuel that every Californians will feel when the program is expanded in January. [...] Sincerely, [...] Rocky J. Chávez AD-76." [Assembly California Legislature Correspondence, 6/24/14]

Chávez Received \$28,133.99 From The Pharmaceutical Industry and Opposed Capping Drug Costs

Chávez Received \$28,133.99 From The Pharmaceutical Industry

2018: Chávez Received \$6,500 From Pharmaceutical Companies And PACs. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$4,000 From The Pharmaceutical Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$16,633.99 From Pharmaceutical Companies. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$1,000 From The Pharmaceutical Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Chávez Opposed Putting A Cap On Drug Costs

Chávez Opposed Capping The Out-Of-Pocket Cost Of HIV/AIDS Drugs

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting Copayments From Exceeding \$250 For Antiretroviral Drug Treatments Medically Necessary For The Treatments Of AIDS/HIV. Chávez voted against: "Provid[ing] that the copayment, coinsurance, or any other form of cost sharing for a covered outpatient prescription drug for an individual prescription shall not exceed \$250 for a supply of up to 30 days, except as specified, and would prohibit, for a nongrandfathered individual or small group plan contract or policy, the annual deductible for outpatient drugs from exceeding a specified amount. The bill would make these cost-sharing limits applicable only to covered outpatient prescription drugs that constitute essential health benefits, as defined. The bill would require a plan contract or policy to cover a single-tablet prescription drug regimen for combination antiretroviral drug treatments that are medically necessary for the treatment of AIDS/HIV, as specified." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 50 to 27, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 339, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Advocated For Letting The "Dust Settle" Instead Of Capping Prescription Drug Costs

Chávez Opposed Bill That Would Limit How Much Health Care Plans Could Charge Enrollees For Outpatient Prescriptions. "AB 339, by Assembly member Rich Gordon (D-Menlo Park), would place limits on how much health plans can charge enrollees for outpatient prescriptions. Under the bill, outpatient drug costs paid by members would be capped at 1/24th of the annual out-of-pocket limit for a 30-day supply. AB 339 also requires health plans to use specific formulary tiers. The committee approved the bill with a vote of 11-5. [...] Supporters include Consumers Union, Health Access California and patient advocacy groups. Opponents include health plans, drug manufacturers and pharmacy benefit managers. [...] Opponents said the influx of newly insured because of the Affordable Care Act is disrupting the health insurance marketplace to such a degree that more time is needed before

setting further limits on drug cost-sharing. 'We need to let the dust settle before we go forward,' said Assembly member Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside)." [California Healthline, Capitol Desk, 4/29/15]

Chávez Was Accused Of Showing Favoritism Towards Developers Who Had Given Him Gifts And Campaign Contributions

Chávez Approved A Building Project For The Jubela Family, Who Later Contributed \$14,000 To His Campaign

Chávez Approved A Building Project For The Jubela Family, Who Later Contributed \$14,000 To His Campaign. "The largest contribution from one family is the \$14,000 that Ernest and Marie Jubela of Escondido gave Chávez. Maria Jubela contributed \$8,000 in September, and Ernest Jubela, the owner of Express Tires, gave \$6,000 in October. The Jubelas received approval in June from the council to build a three-story duplex on Pacific Street. The project was supported by Chávez, Mayor Jim Wood and Councilman Jack Feller. Chávez said the family, which donates heavily to the Republican Party, has told him they support 'stand-up people with character in political office." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/27/06]

Opponent Shari Mackin Expressed Concern With "Special Interests" Driving Elections. "I am outraged that these special interests feel they can come to our city and buy an election,' Mackin said. 'That is an insult to every Oceanside resident.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/06]

Councilwoman Esther Sanchez Accused Chávez Of Giving A Development Contract To Someone Who Had Done Him Favors In The Past, But The City Attorney Found No Conflict Of Interest

Sanchez Said Chávez Should Have Disclosed His Conflict Of Interest With Developer Michael Naim Before The Controversial Vote. "Councilwoman Esther Sanchez is challenging colleague Rocky Chávez over what she said was the appearance of a conflict of interest when he voted for a controversial development last week. Sanchez has placed an item on the agenda for Wednesday's council meeting to discuss the vote. She said Chávez should have disclosed that the developer, Michael Naim of Beverly Hills, had given him architectural drawings for new buildings at the Oceanside School of Business and Technology, which Chávez heads." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/31/03]

Interim City Attorney Anita Willis Advised That There Was No Legal Conflict Of Interest. "It's no big deal," Naim said yesterday. He said that he likes to help the community and he was giving the schematic drawings, which he judged to be worth about \$500 on the open market, to a nonprofit organization. Interim City Attorney Anita Willis said yesterday that she advised Chávez he had no conflict of interest because he does not stand to profit financially from the gift. Willis said the gift was to the school and not Chávez -- an opinion echoed by Chávez yesterday. Sanchez agreed there probably was no legal conflict of interest, but said: 'It really concerns me. It's the appearance of impropriety. I want to avoid any impression that the council can be bought by developers.' She noted that last week, at the point in the meeting when council members usually disclose with whom they have had contact before an item is discussed, Chávez said only 'contact' without specifically disclosing a relationship with Naim. 'Contact -- that's all I ever say,' Chávez said yesterday in a telephone interview." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/31/03]

Chávez, In His Own Defense: "Marines Don't Lie." "A session in which Councilwoman Esther Sanchez criticized the mayor, the city attorney and Councilman Rocky Chávez this week ended in a bit of a standoff when Sanchez refused Chávez's conciliatory handshake. Sanchez said she couldn't take Chávez's hand after being called a liar. Chávez had not used the word 'liar' Wednesday night, but said he never made remarks Sanchez attributed to a conversation with him, and she said that was the same thing as referring to her as a liar. On his part, Chávez said Sanchez also was accusing him of telling less than the truth. 'Marines don't lie,' the retired colonel said more than once. Mayor Terry Johnson and Councilman Jim Wood had tried to ease the tensions between their colleagues, but Sanchez continued making her point of a possible ethics breach on Chávez's part.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 6/6/03]

After Chávez Received \$16,000 From Philip Morris And Its Parent Company, He Voted Against Raising The Smoking Age Or Regulating The Tobacco Industry

Chávez Received \$16,000 In Campaign Donations From Philip Morris

In 2013, Chávez Received \$8,000 In Campaign Donations From Tobacco Company Philip Morris. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

In 2014, Chávez Received \$4,100 In Campaign Donations From Tobacco Company Philip Morris. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

In 2015, Chávez Received \$3,900 In Campaign Donations From Altria, Philip Morris' Parent Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

2016: Chávez Voted Against Raising The Smoking Age

Chávez: "Is Smoking Bad? Yes. But I Would Argue That Big Macs Are Also Bad." "[T]he most contentious bill approved Thursday would make it a crime to sell tobacco to anyone under 21. That bill was approved in a 46-26 vote during a special session on health care. While two Republicans voted to raise the smoking age - Catharine Baker of San Ramon and David Hadley of Torrance Los Angeles County - the chorus of opposition came mostly from GOP members. Tobacco companies are major contributors to California elections, with Philip Morris giving \$200,000 to the California Republican Party on Dec. 1, according to the Secretary of State's Office. [...] 'At what point do we restrict the life of the individual freedom?' asked Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside San Diego County, who opposed the bills. 'Is smoking bad? Yes. But I would argue that Big Macs are bad also. If you look at diabetes in our country for the youth, it's a much bigger threat than smoking. But I would not be on this floor saying get rid of Big Macs." [San Francisco Chronicle, 3/3/16]

2016: Chávez Voted Against Raising Tobacco Licensing Application Fees

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Raising License Application Fees For Businesses Selling Cigarettes Or Tobacco Products. In March 2016, Chávez voted against: "Rais[ing] the fees described [requiring a wholesaler or distributor that commences business selling or distributing cigarettes or tobacco products, or that commences doing so at a new or different place of business in the state, to apply for a license accompanied by a required fee of \$1,000 for each location] to \$1,200." The bill passed the Assembly 48 to 26, with 5 not voting, and became law. [AB 11, passed the Assembly, 3/3/16; became law, 5/4/16]

2016: Chávez Voted Against Taxing Tobacco Products, But Voted For Taxing Medical Marijuana

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing A Local Governments To Impose A Tax On Cigarettes And Tobacco Products. In March 2016, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing], on and after January 1, 2017, the board of supervisors of a county or city and county to impose a tax on the privilege of distributing cigarettes and tobacco products in the county or city and county, including within an incorporated city within the county, and would make conforming changes." The bill passed the Assembly 46 to 27, with 6 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 10, passed the Assembly, 3/3/16; vetoed by Governor, 5/4/16]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Impose A Tax On Every Distributor Of Medical Marijuana. In June 2016, Chávez voted for: "Impos[ing] a tax in specified amounts on every distributor upon all medical cannabis and medical cannabis products distributed to a dispensary in this state, as specified. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization to administer and collect the tax pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Fee Collection Procedures Law." The bill passed the Assembly 60 to 12, with 8 not voting, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 2243, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Authorizing Counties To Impose A Tax Upon Specified Cannabis-Related Activity. In September 2015, Chávez voted did not vote on: "Authoriz[ing] counties to impose a tax upon specified cannabis-related activity." The bill passed the Assembly 58 to 13, with 9 not voting, and became law. [SB 643, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Received More Than \$16,000 From Charles Munger Jr., A Billionaire With A History Of Buying Elections. He Also Received More Than \$500,000 From His PAC

2012: Chávez Received More Than \$500,000 In Independent Expenditures From Large California Republican Donor Charles Munger Jr.'s PAC, Spirit Of Democracy

2012: Chávez Received \$579,213.32 In Independent Expenditures From Spirit Of Democracy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/10/18]

San Diego Union Tribune: Chávez Received More Than \$500,000 In Campaign Ads And Research.

"Republican Assembly candidate Rocky Chávez has received a late cash infusion of more than \$500,000 from an independent expenditure group, Spirit of Democracy California, established with seed money from Charles Munger Jr. The \$521,000 in contributions to Chávez went to pay for radio airtime and production costs, campaign literature and mailings, polling and survey research and other expenses, according to state filings through Friday. The intraparty race was made possible by the new election system in which the top two candidates -- regardless of party -- advance to the November general election. Munger's father is a vice president at Warren Buffett's investment firm. Munger has backed several candidates and causes. His sister, Molly Munger, is the chief financier of Proposition 38 that seeks to raise income taxes on most to pay for public schools and other programs." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/4/12]

2012: Chávez Received \$579,213.32 In Independent Expenditures From Charles Munger, Jr.'s PAC, Spirit Of Democracy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/10/18]

HEADLINE: Charles Munger, Jr. – Buying Elections With Daddy's Money. [Huffington Post, 10/8/12]

LA Times: Munger, 58, Son Of A Billionaire, Was "By Far The State Party's Biggest Benefactor." "A month after Charles Munger Jr. wrote his first \$100,000 check to a political campaign, he got a taste of the chronic rejection familiar to California's big Republican donors: The 2005 ballot measure he backed lost by a landslide. Yet Munger, the son of a billionaire, went on to spend almost \$78 million on scores of other campaigns. [...] 'If it weren't for Charles Munger, the California Republican Party would have been driven into the sea at this point,' said Kevin Spillane, a GOP strategist. A courtly academic who fancies bow ties and suspenders, Munger, 58, spent more than \$11 million last year to help put Republicans in Congress and the Legislature, making him by far the state party's biggest benefactor. His funding of Latino, female and moderate candidates has been crucial to the party's effort to shed its image as a league of conservative white men." [Los Angeles Times, 4/4/15]

LA Times: Munger Usually Backed Losing Candidates And Ballot Initiatives, Trying To, "Remak[e] California Republicanism In His Bow-Tied Image," According To Critics. "Munger, a former Santa Clara County Republican Party chairman, has made enemies within his own party too, in part by bankrolling moderates in primaries against conservatives. He infuriated Orange County party leaders by spending more than \$580,000 to try to bounce Republican Allan Mansoor from the state Assembly in 2012. The moderate Republican backed by Munger finished a distant third. Months later, his clash with conservatives spawned 'The Munger Games,' a blog devoted to bashing what it calls a 'one-man maelstrom of money intent on remaking California Republicanism in his bow-tied image.' [...] Much of Munger's money went to losers. But his funding of a few winners — such as Assembly members Catharine Baker in the Bay Area and David Hadley in the South Bay — was critical in denying Democrats a legislative supermajority." [Los Angeles Times, 4/4/15]

Chávez Received \$16,400 In Individual Contributions From Charles Munger, Jr.

2016: Chávez Received \$8,400 From Wealthy Republican Donor Charles Munger, Jr. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$4,100 From Wealthy Republican Donor Charles Munger, Jr. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From Wealthy Republican Donor Charles Munger, Jr. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

After Studying His Legislative Record, A California-Based Progressive Organization Found That Chávez Was, "The Most Out Of Step With... Constituents, And Most Closely Aligned With The Corporate And Wealthy Special Interests That Exploit Californians"

2017: The People's Report Card Of California Put Chávez In The "Hall Of Shame" And Received An F

Courage Campaign: Chávez Failed To Advocate For His Constituents. "The report card also features a "Hall of Shame" for members of the California Legislature who are most out of step with their constituents, and most closely aligned with the corporate and wealthy special interests that exploit Californians. Each Hall of Shame profile features a narrative describing how the representative failed his or her constituents and any ties to corporate interests. The 2017 Hall of Shame includes [...] Assemblymember Rocky Chávez (R-76)." [Courage Campaign, press release, 5/4/17]

2017: Chávez Received A Courage Score Of 7, Which Equaled An F. [CourageScore.org, accessed 3/23/18]

Courage Scores Analyze A Legislator's Vote History And Grade Them On Their Political Courage. "Courage Scores grade California state legislators on their political courage, revealing how well they stand up for their constituents over corporations or interest groups that exploit Californians, particularly the poor, disadvantaged, or communities of color. [...] To develop Courage Scores, we reached out to major progressive advocacy groups throughout California and surveyed them to learn their top priority bills from the previous legislative session. We synthesized their responses into a comprehensive list of priority legislation covering health care, the environment, immigration, consumer protections, and more. Then, we began reviewing legislators' votes on these bills." [CourageScore.org, accessed 3/23/18]

Chávez Fought For The Oceanside Municipal Airport, Which Gave Him \$5,500 And Made Independent Expenditures On His Behalf While He Was City Councilman

Chávez Received PAC Money From The Oceanside Municipal Airport And Then Fought To Keep It Open

2002-2008: Chávez Received \$5,500 From The Oceanside Airport PAC During The Course Of His Career

2008: Chávez Received \$100 From The Oceanside Airport PAC. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 460 - 2008, filed 10/6/08]

2006: Chávez Received \$2,000 From The Oceanside Airport PAC. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 460 - 2006, filed 7/10/06]

2004: Chávez Received \$2,400 From The Oceanside Airport PAC. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 460 - 2004, filed 10/5/04; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 460 - 2004, filed 1/31/05]

2002: Chávez Received \$1,000 From The Oceanside Airport PAC. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 460 - 2002, filed 10/24/02]

2002: Chávez Received \$1,000 From The Oceanside Municipal Airport PAC, As One Of "The Airport's Biggest Supporters." "A third political-action committee, favoring retention of Oceanside Municipal Airport, has distributed funds to the seven serious city council contenders, with the most going to the airport's biggest supporters: \$1,000 each to incumbent Carol McCauley and challengers Sam Williamson and Rocky Chávez, \$400 each to challengers John Hoffman and Paul Wick and \$200 each to incumbent Betty Harding and challenger Jim Wood, not big airport boosters." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/25/02]

Chávez Voted To Keep The Oceanside Municipal Airport Open And Improve It

Chávez Voted To Keep The Oceanside Municipal Airport Open And Improve It. "Oceanside Municipal Airport has been given new life. By a 3-2 vote yesterday, the City Council decided to go ahead with the master plan to improve the 50-year-old airport. A majority of Mayor Terry Johnson and council members Jack Feller and Rocky Chávez said the airport could make money, if improved, but that it would cost the city a great deal of money to attempt to close airport and end up in a long, drawn-out legal battle with the Federal Aviation Administration." [San Diego Union Tribune, 3/13/03]

After The Oceanside Airport's PAC Ran Chávez Campaign Ads, He Voted In Favor Of Keeping It Open

Oceanside Airport PAC Paid For A ¾ Page Ad In A Local Newspaper, Attacking Chávez's City Council Opponent. "City Councilwoman Shari Mackin sent out a news release Friday denouncing a negative political advertisement directed against her campaign and questioning the role of national organizations in the Oceanside election. Mackin is one of seven candidates for two Oceanside council seats up for election Nov. 7. [...] Carolyn Krammer, Mackin's campaign manager, said the councilwoman was busy campaigning, and the release was a response to an (sic) a 3/4-page ad that ran Friday in the North County Times. The ad, paid for by the Oceanside Airport Political Action Committee, has a caricature of Mackin and criticizes her for abusing her city-issued credit card. It urges voters to support incumbent Rocky Chávez and Jerry Kern, a former president of the Chamber of Commerce." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/06]

Chávez Claimed He Was Not Aware And "Don't Appreciate My Picture Being Used That Way." "Kern and Chávez both said they have run completely positive campaigns and didn't know about the advertisement until they saw it Friday morning in the newspaper. 'I was extremely upset when I saw it this morning and I don't want my picture to be used in that manner," Chávez said. "I have relayed to the airport (political action committee) that I don't appreciate my picture been used that way." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/06]

City Council Was Due For A Debate On The Future Of The Airport. "The future of the Oceanside Municipal Airport will be up for debate Wednesday when the City Council reviews a long-awaited study about the controversial city-owned facility in the western end of the San Luis Rey River Valley. The council will discuss a recommendation from its staff members that Oceanside keep the airport open for at least 15 or 20 more years, build hangars on the south side and consider eventually developing the north side with shops or offices." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/06]

Chávez Voted In Favor Of Improving The Oceanside Airport. "After a year of contentious debate about the Oceanside Municipal Airport, the City Council agreed to a compromise Wednesday to improve the airfield and develop a better program to keep planes from roaring over nearby homes. The council voted 4-1, with Mayor Jim Wood opposed, to proceed with a plan to keep the airport open for at least 15 more years, upgrade the south side and consider developing shops or houses on the north end. [...] Critics have complained the planes are too noisy and the valuable property could be better used, while airport supporters - including a politically active airport association - argue it's a valuable asset to the community. 'This has been a very emotional and divisive issue in the

city,' Councilman Rocky Chávez said. 'I agree with Councilwoman Sanchez that a compromise is appropriate.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/2/06]

Personal & Professional History

Biography

Education

Chávez Worked His Way Through College

1973: While Chávez Attended Chico State, He Worked Several Jobs. "Chávez worked his way through school, taking odd jobs that were offered up to athletes. The Merlo family put him to work knocking almonds when most of the harvesting was done by hand. (Yes, he still pronounces ah-munds the correct way.) He also remembers working at a packing plant on the other side of the river. The rest of the year, he'd do anything that was offered. He got a job moving furniture. He mowed lawns and painted houses. His final year in school, he worked at the Hall Van Hook Funeral Home as a mortician's assistant, a job he liked because he got paid and got free rent in the apartment upstairs from the funeral home." [Chico Enterprise-Record, 2/7/16]

Career

The following provides a brief overview of Chávez's professional career:

Political

- 2002: Elected To Oceanside City Council
- 2004: Ran For Oceanside Mayor And Lost, But Retained His City Council Seat
- 2006: Re-Elected To Oceanside City Council
- 2008: Ran For Oceanside Mayor And Lost, But Retained His City Council Seat
- 2009: Left Oceanside City Council Before His Term Was Finished
- 2009: Appointed Undersecretary For The California Department Of Veterans Affairs
- 2010: Became Acting Secretary For The California Department Of Veterans Affairs
- 2012: Elected To The California State Assembly For The 76th District
- 2014: Re-Elected To The California State Assembly For The 76th District
- 2016: Ran For U.S. Senate And Later Dropped Out Of The Race
- 2016: Re-Elected To The California State Assembly For The 76th District
- 2018: Announced He Was Running For U.S. House Of Representatives For California's 49th District

Professional

- 1974: Enlisted In The U.S. Marine Corps
- 2000: Coached Varsity Wrestling At El Camino High School
- 2001: Selected As Chief Education Officer, Executive Director And Principal Of The School Of Business And Technology

1974 – 2001: Chávez Served In The Military

Chávez Was Chief Of Staff Of Logistics At Camp Pendleton. "Chávez retired in June after 28 years in the Marine Corps. His final assignment was assistant chief of staff for logistics at Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base, where he controlled a \$90 million annual budget and more than 500 employees in contracting, food service, transportation and operations. He served for two years as Camp Pendleton's liaison with the Oceanside school district, and last year coached El Camino High School's wrestling team. He also serves on the boards of directors for the Oceanside Chamber of Commerce, Oceanside Community Television and the Women's Resource Center. 'He's a good man,' said school board member Adrianne Hakes. 'He's shown a commitment to the community and to education, and in a short time he's made himself an integral part of the community.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/15/01]

Chávez Served In The Marines For 28 Years, Working His Way Up To Colonel. "Assemblymember Rocky Chávez began his public service career immediately after graduation from California State University, Chico when he joined the United States Marine Corps. He spent more than 28 years as a United States Marine, rising to the rank of Colonel and being assigned Chief of Staff for the 4th Marine Division." [Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, accessed 2/8/18]

2009: Then-Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger Appointed Chávez Undersecretary For The California Department Of Veterans Affairs

Chávez Resigned His City Council Position After Being Appointed Undersecretary To The CDVA.

"Oceanside Councilman Rocky Chávez will resign from the City Council after being appointed undersecretary for the California Department of Veterans Affairs yesterday by Gov. Arnold Schwarzenegger. Chávez said he sent a letter yesterday to the city saying he will be resigning from the council effective the end of the day Friday. Mike Naple, a spokesman from the Governor's Office, said Chávez would be sworn in as soon as possible, perhaps as early as Friday. [...] Chávez said he is excited about the job. 'It's a new page in my book,' he said. 'I'm honored to have the appointment.' He said he will commute to the \$122,424-per-year job from his Oceanside home." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/10/09]

Chávez Waited A Month After Being Sworn In As Veterans' Affairs Undersecretary Before Resigning His City Council Seat. "Oceanside Councilman Rocky Chávez was sworn in as undersecretary for the California Department of Veterans Affairs yesterday in Sacramento and will resign from his council seat Dec. 18, a state official said. Chávez, who didn't respond to phone calls or e-mails yesterday, had previously said he wouldn't hold both posts simultaneously. 'There was some unfinished business he wanted to do with the city, and he wanted to save the city some money,' Veterans Affairs Department spokesman J.P. Tremblay said when asked why Chávez was holding on to his council seat. Chávez had originally said he would resign Nov. 13 but pushed that date back when he learned it affects when the city would hold a special election to fill the vacancy, should that become necessary. [...] By delaying his resignation until mid-December, the election would be held on the California Primary, June 8. That cost will be spread among many jurisdictions, and Oceanside's share will be about \$40,000, potentially saving the city about \$400,000, Wayne said. [...] Mayor Jim Wood said yesterday that he would like Chávez to resign rather than serve as a 'lame duck.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/24/09]

Chávez: "The Needs Of Our Returning Veterans Are Extremely Important." "QUESTION: Why did you take this post? ANSWER: It was an opportunity to serve veterans and their families. The needs of our returning veterans are extremely important. QUESTION: Briefly rank the top three problems facing the department. ANSWER: First, these are not problems, but rather challenges that need to be, and will be, overcome. 1. Reaching out to the nearly 30,000 veterans returning to California every year, without using additional general fund money. 2. Connecting with the more than 2 million veterans who live in California without having an advertising or marketing budget. 3. Continuing to provide services and care through our existing veterans homes while also building and opening five new homes in the state." [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/17/10]

Charter School Management

2001-2004: Chávez Opened The School Of Business And Technology (SBT) Which Became A Charter School After The District Eliminated Funding

2001: Oceanside School District And MiraCosta College Partnered Up And Hired Chávez To Run A New Business And Technology Academy

MiraCosta College And The Oceanside Unified School District Chose Chávez To Run Their New Business And Technology Academy. "To court biotech companies, woo politicians and build a business and technology academy from dreams, Oceanside has called in the Marines. Actually, just one Marine -- Rocky Chávez, 50, a retired colonel with 27 years in the military. Chávez is the chief educational officer -- the de facto principal -- for the academy, which is a joint effort between MiraCosta College and the Oceanside Unified School District. In the

next 12 months, Chávez will oversee planning so the school can open in fall 2002. [...] Chávez, meanwhile, will earn \$107,898 -- slightly more than Oceanside's other high school principals." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/7/01]

New Academy Planned To Start With 100 Juniors And Expand To 400 Juniors And Seniors. "Chávez's contacts will be used to recruit the nontraditional type of college-bound teen. The school will open to 100 juniors at MiraCosta College's new Community Learning Center. The program will ultimately expand to 400 juniors and seniors. The academy will mimic the workplace. Students will follow a 9-to-5 schedule, with internships mixed with classwork. Students will take high school and college course offerings. 'This school is about showing the relevancy of writing and mathematics and physics to the real world,' Chávez said. 'It's fascinating.' Chávez is busy urging politicians to get on board." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/7/01]

2004: Chávez's School Of Business And Technology Was Turned Into A Charter School After The District Voted To Eliminate Funding

Chávez's School Of Business And Technology Was Turned Into A Charter School After The District Voted To Eliminate Funding. "The School of Business and Technology, which opened two years ago, is the brainchild of Noonan. Facing deep education cuts to cope with the state's multibillion-dollar deficit, the school district voted last year to eliminate funding of the campus. The school board then voted to allow the campus to become a charter school so it could continue to operate. Charter schools are public schools that receive funding from the state but are allowed more flexibility in order to form creative programs." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/20/04]

Chávez's School Struggled To Meet Enrollment Targets, Which Led To Financial Struggles

The School Of Business And Technology Continually Struggled To Attract Large Enrollment Numbers

September 2004: MiraCosta College Agreed To Honor A Revised Deal For The Newly Chartered High School, "Although Mr. Chávez Reported That SBT Was Under-Enrolled." "Victoria Munoz Richart reported that on September 14, 2004, she and representatives from MiraCosta met with Rocky Chávez, Chief Education officer, School of Business and Technology (SBT) and his staff; Kenneth Noonan, Superintendent, Oceanside Unified School District (OUSD and his staff. Victoria Munoz Richart commented that although Mr. Chávez reported that SBT was under-enrolled (69 students), and they could not build the building at the Community Learning Center (CLC), she agreed to honor the timeline set by Tim T.L. Dong, and wrote a letter to Rocky Chávez informing him that the agreed upon report is expected November 15, 2004, and should address provisions of the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), including positive evidence of SBT's financial Viability, enrollment data, evidence of the academic partnership, and availability of funds to assure construction of a shared-use classroom building." [MiraCosta Community College Board Meeting Minutes, 9/21/04]

2004: The School's Educational Partner Organizations Pulled Out After Its Struggles With Enrollment

December 2004: MiraCosta College Pulled Out Of Its Agreement With SBT After "Their Inability To Meet Their Own Agreement" And Recruit Enough Students To Build A Facility. "MiraCosta College officials have terminated their partnership with the Oceanside School of Business and Technology, saying the 2-year-old charter high school has failed to uphold its end of their agreement. MiraCosta President Victoria Munoz Richart said Wednesday the college was forced to end its relationship with the fledgling school because it could not build a 20,000-square-foot, joint-use building on the MiraCosta campus as promised in a written agreement signed in April. [...] Chávez said the School of Business and Technology was unable to build on MiraCosta property as it promised because enrollment in the charter school never reached a level that would support such a large construction effort. 'In order to get the money to build a building, we would need a (student) population of about 300,' Chávez said." [North County Times, 12/9/04]

MiraCosta College: "It Is Clear That The SBT Has Not Been Able To Meet The Requirements Set Forth In The MOU" And "Does Not Plan To Be Able To Fill Those Requirements." "From the report that was received on November 15, 2004, it is clear that the SBT has not been able to meet the requirements set forth in

the MOU, does not plan to be able to fulfill those requirements, and will instead be moving forward with a different focus and enrollment plan that includes students of lower grades (9th and 10th). The change in the business and education plans of the SBT, coupled with its inability to construct the building that would have addressed the need for classroom space at the Community Learning Center, creates a significant change in the initial vision for this partnership. Recommendation: Exercise option to terminate he relationship with the SBT Charter School pursuant to the termination clause in the Memorandum of Understanding." [MiraCosta Community College Board Meeting Minutes, 12/7/04]

NOTE: See pages 508-518 of this document for primary source material.

Oceanside School Board Member: "We Expected [The School] To Grow, And It Hasn't." "No one realized the difficulty of recruiting until recruiting took place," Speraw said. 'It's just something that you wouldn't know until you tried it.' Oceanside school board member Emily Wichmann said in an interview Wednesday afternoon that she knew the school has struggled with enrollment, but she was unaware that MiraCosta had terminated its agreement with the charter. 'I will be looking for updated information," she said. '(The school) has a very good concept, but the enrollment has always been lower than our expectations. We expected it to grow, and it hasn't." [North County Times, 12/9/04]

2005: The School's Building Was Declared Unsafe After Failing To Meet Earthquake Standards

Students Attending The School Of Business And Technology Had Classes In City Council Chambers, The Public Library And In A Church Social Hall Because Their New Building Was Declared Unsafe. "For students at the School of Business and Technology, the first day of school Monday meant a trip to City Hall. The charter high school held its orientation in Oceanside City Council Chambers on Monday morning rather than at its new campus on Horne Street. That's because the new school site is undergoing renovations to meet earthquake safety standards for public schools. Beginning today, the school will shift its classes to several locations throughout downtown Oceanside until the new campus has been approved by city inspectors. All temporary classroom locations, which include the Oceanside Public Library and the library computer lab and St. Mary's Star of the Sea Catholic Church, are within walking distance of one another." [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/16/05]

The District Expressed Concerns For The School's Financial Stability

2004: The Oceanside Unified School District Was Concerned, "Regarding The Financial Viability Of The School Of Business And Technology Charter Due To Low Student Enrollment." "This letter is written to formally document the concern of the Oceanside Unified School District regarding the financial viability of the School of Business and Technology charter due to low student enrollment. Since its inception, the School of Business and Technology (SBT) has failed to meet its enrollment targets. Originally conceived as an alternative high school program, the district discontinued the program after one year because enrollment was not sufficient to cover operating costs. SBT continued operations in 2003-04 as an independent charter school with a target enrollment of 100 students and hopes of growing up to 400 over four years. Again, the school failed to reach its enrollment projections, but it was able to reduce expenditures sufficiently to cover operating costs with approximately 80 students." [Letter to Rocky Chávez, 10/20/04]

NOTE: See pages 503-505 of this document for primary source material.

2003: Ken Noonan, School Superintendent Suggested Closing SBT If Cost-Saving Measures Fall Through. "Goal is to keep the school open at no more cost than covered by earned ADA. If not possible, move to Option C. [...] Option C. Close SBT if options A or B are not feasible. Place students from SBT at the high schools of their choice." [Oceanside Unified School District Ken Noonan Friday Letter, 6/27/03]

NOTE: See pages 506-507 of this document for primary source material.

2005: In A Letter To Chávez, Associate Superintendent Phillips Wrote, "The District's Concern Is That SBT Is Able To Meet Its Financial Obligation For 2004-05." "My Administrative Assistant, Paula Witherspoon, will

contact your office to schedule a date and time for a mid-year financial review of the School of Business and Technology. This review is conducted pursuant to the district's fiscal oversight responsibilities for SBT. Recognizing the drop in enrollment-driven revenue this year I would like to meet with you and Sandro Lani before the end of January. Please come prepared to discuss your revised 2004-05 budget and actual revenue and expenditures through December 30, 2004. The district's concern is that SBT is able to meet its financial obligation for 2004-05." [Letter to Rocky Chávez, 1/3/05]

NOTE: See page 503-505 of this document for primary source material.

The School's Financial Hardships Extended To Chávez, Who Took Various Pay Cuts And Borrowed Against His Properties For Almost \$300,000 In Additional Operating Funds

2004: The School Had 78 Students Total And Needed More To Operate, So Chávez Took A Salary Cut. "The School of Business and Technology has 78 11th- and 12th-grade students and has been trying to recruit more in Oceanside and surrounding communities. Chávez took a significant cut in pay, from \$120,000 to \$30,000 this year, to help the fledgling school operate until enrollment increases. Chávez has held the top job at the school since it opened. The school offers students a chance to simultaneously earn credits at MiraCosta College in Oceanside. The school, located at the MiraCosta College Community Learning Center, helps students get internships in a business setting. On Fridays, teenagers wear business attire and listen to guest speakers from the business world." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/20/04]

Chávez Had To Give Up His Full Salary As Principal To Balance The School Of Business And Technology's Budget And Keep It Open. "Principal Rocky Chávez said that under the spending plan, the charter will pay \$ 200,000 in salaries for five teachers, \$ 19,000 less than the school paid in salaries this year for four teachers. Chávez said that staffing changes will account for the reduction in overall teacher salaries, but declined to be more specific. The budget also lists no salary for Chávez, who was paid \$ 36,000 this year. Chávez, a retired Marine colonel who collects a military pension, said he was willing to give up his pay to help the school succeed." [North County Times, 5/19/05]

Chávez Had To Put Up His Oceanside Property As Collateral For The SBT. "Rocky Chávez, the chief education officer of the School of Business and Technology, has placed his home and condominium rental property up as collateral for a \$272,000 line of credit to keep his charter school afloat without cutting staff. Chávez, a city councilman, said extra funding is critical to pay for staff members for additional students until more state revenue arrives in February. The campus has 115 students, but schools are funded based on the previous year's enrollment, which was 63 students. 'My property is only at risk if the school fails,' he said. 'It's not going to fail.' Chávez said the lender is Rancho Bernardo Bank." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/24/05]

Oceanside's Superintendent Ken Noonan Said The District Was Kept Out Of The Loop For This And Other "Substantive Changes Related To SBT." "Finally, I want to express my frustration that the school district continues to learn about substantive changes related to SBT from the media rather than via direct communication from you. The fact that Mary Urelius serves as an ex officio member of the SBT Board does not satisfy your responsibility to keep the district informed of important changes to SBT operations such as these. It does a disservice to both SBT and the district when we are caught by surprise by a reporter asking about things we know nothing about. To avoid similar problems in the future, I ask that you communicate changes in the SBT financial situation, student enrollment, or facility directly to myself or Robyn Phillips." [Board Recommendation from Joseph Farley, 9/23/05]

School Superintendent Ken Noonan Was Concerned That This Line Of Credit Was Not Allowed, Per The District's Agreement With The School. "It was unclear Thursday if obtaining a line of credit is allowable under the school's charter. Oceanside school district Superintendent Ken Noonan said Thursday that the district was unaware of the line of credit, adding that it will need to investigate whether that's allowed under the district's agreement with the charter school. By state law, districts oversee charter schools and must ensure that their programs have sound budgets and have valid education plans for student achievement. Financial and education plans typically are part of memorandums of agreement between districts and charter schools. 'The

concern I would have is if they have a line of credit that is not (allowed) in our agreement,' he said. By law, a district can dissolve a charter program if the district finds fault with a program's finances or education plan. 'We need to ask (the charter school) some questions,' he added." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/23/05]

School Officials Accused Chávez Of Fiscal Misrepresentation While Chávez Chafed Under Oversight By The School District

Chávez Chafed At District Oversight

At A Meeting With The School District, Chávez "Expressed Annoyance With The District's Fiscal Oversight Activities." "At the district's request, a follow-up meeting was held on September 28, 2004 to review the revised budget. The meeting was attended by you, Connie Sullivan, Karen Huddleston and myself. At that meeting, you expressed annoyance with the district's fiscal oversight activities and stated that the district should 'trust me' to manage SBT financial affairs. You clarified that the \$56,000 'grant' represented intended fundraising efforts, but offered no specific plans for how these funds would be raised, aside from your intention to donate your \$36,000 salary 'if I have to." [Letter to Rocky Chávez, 10/20/04]

2005: Deputy Superintendent Joseph Farley Recommended In A Memo That The Board Deny SBT's Charter School Proposal. "It is recommended that the board deny the charter school proposal and the supportive memorandum of understanding because the charter school petitioners are demonstrably unlikely to successfully implement the program as set forth in the petition, per Education Code Section 47605(b)(2)." [Board Recommendation from Joseph Farley, 2/22/05]

Farley: SBT's Proposed Budget Was "Unrealistic, Given [SBT's] Three Year Experience Factor And Recruitment History." "1. SBT officials reported that the prospect of paying facility rent for the first time, coupled with other new expenses, required a minimum enrollment of 140 students. 2. The 140 students include projected enrollment of 110 incoming students, none of whom are presently enrolled in the school. The projection assumes that 30 eleventh-grade students presently enrolled in the school will continue as twelfth graders. 3. Basing the charter school's budget on a projected enrollment of 140 students is unrealistic, given its three-year experience factor and recruitment history. 4. The charter school's educational viability is dependent on its ability to generate sufficient income to successfully implement the program set forth in the petition or charter." [Board Recommendation from Joseph Farley, 2/22/05]

Farley: "SBT Officials Have Over-Estimated The School's Projected Enrollment Every Year Since 2002." "In early discussions about the new charter proposal, SBT officials were directed to develop a budget based on currently enrolled students. They reported that such a budget could not be balanced, given new expenses, and the budget was not submitted as requested. The district has had ongoing concerns about the school's ability to recruit additional students, including new ninth, tenth and eleventh graders. Enrollment at the School of Business and Technology has been a matter of concern from the school's inception. [...] The budget is built on a projected fall enrollment of 140 students; however, SBT officials have over-estimated the school's projected enrollment every year since 2002. The school's highest average daily attendance was 78 students in the 2003-2004 school year." [Board Recommendation from Joseph Farley, 2/22/05]

NOTE: Primary source material located at end of this document.

2006: Robyn Phillips Wrote A Letter To Chávez Regarding "The Future Of SBT In Light Of Low Enrollment And Operating Deficits." "Thank you for meeting with Larry and me this week to discuss board member concerns about the 2005-06 SBT Annual Report, and ongoing issues related to SBT enrollment and finances. [...] I have discussed the situation with Ken and he is prepared to recommend that the board accept the revised 2005-06 SBT Annual Report in written form rather than require a formal presentation at the next board meeting. However, this recommendation is made with the understanding that a private meeting will be scheduled in the coming weeks to discuss the future of SBT in light of low enrollment and operating deficits. Pursuant to out

oversight responsibilities, we want to understand how SBT intends to maintain the education program described in the approved charter with the available funding." [Board Recommendation from Joseph Farley, 10/13/06]

2007: The School District Had A List Of "SBT Budget/Financial Concerns." The list of budget concerns included over \$500,000 in outstanding debt, and a revised budget that more than doubles from the original. Additionally, to cover operating costs and repay outstanding loans, the district calculated that a 200-student average daily attendance rate was needed, although, "SBT has never exceeded 97 ADA," which led to the question, "How will SBT double enrollment to meet the level needed to repay outstanding loans?" [SBT Budget/Financial Concerns, 2007]

2008: Board Meeting Minutes Show The Board Rejecting The Charter School's Petition For Renewal Due to The School's "Financial Problem." "Board members acknowledged that Mrs. Stevens-Allen and Mr. Bachman inherited a financial problem from the past but noted their concern regarding whether or not the school would be able to continue in business considering the debt it has accrued. In addition to other outstanding debt, the charter school owes approximately \$200,000 to its former chief executive officer and \$50,000 to the California charter Schools Association." [Regular Meeting - Minutes, 7/8/08]

School Board Meeting Minutes: "The District Has Given The Charter Chances Over And Over Again In Spite Of The Enrollment Issues." "In response to public comments, President Lacy noted that the original rules used in appropriate financial management have not been followed. President Lacy noted that the budget presented does not address either the immediate or the long term outstanding debts that need to be paid. She noted that the district has given the charter chances over and over again in spite of the enrollment issues. President Lacy noted that the board has a fiscal responsibility to the district and were advised by the district's attorney that if the board approved a charter that creates debt that the district could acquire the debt. Mrs. Lacy stated that the main issue of the charter is that the finances are not in order. Motion was made. Seconded and carried to deny the renewal petition and the Memorandum of Understanding agreement with the School of Business and Technology." [Regular Meeting - Minutes, 7/8/08]

School District Officials Strongly Criticized Chávez For Allegedly Misrepresenting And Obfuscating Funding Sources & Issues Of Financial Instability In The School

2004: Associate Superintendent Robyn Phillips, In A Letter To Chávez: "I Am Also Concerned That Your Statements Misrepresent The Financial Situation Of SBT." "[...] I wanted to be more specific about my questions and concerns. As I stated at the September 14th meeting in Ken's office, I am concerned that the budget has been balanced by over-estimating revenues, by under-estimating expenses, and by relying on a mysterious new \$56,000 grant. I am also concerned that your statements misrepresent the financial situation of SBT." [Letter to Rocky Chávez, 9/24/04]

Phillips: "It Is Risky For SBT To Base Its Budget On A 'Best Case' Scenario." "The revised SBT budget assumes an enrollment of 68 students and an attendance rate of 96% to generate average daily attendance of 65.3 ADA for the year. Since ADA is the basis for most SBT funding, these assumptions are critical to revenue projections. In fact, according to the Student Information System (SIS) records, SBT has never had 68 students enrolled at any one time. Enrollment has fluctuated almost daily from a low of 60 students on opening day to a high of 67 students September 10-13. However, this week, enrollment dropped back to 63 students. A 96% attendance rate also is unrealistically high. [...]These are not trivial differences. Projected revenue would drop by more than \$36,000 with an average enrollment of 63 and an attendance rate of 94%. While these assumptions may be somewhat conservative, it is risky for SBT to base its budget on a 'best case' scenario." [Letter to Rocky Chávez, 9/24/04]

Phillips: "This Year, The Proposed Expenditure Reductions Threaten The Viability Of The Instructional Program." "This year, the proposed expenditure reductions threaten the viability of the instructional program. The budget for books and supplies has been reduced from \$42,000 last year to just \$9,000 this year. [...] Budgeted salaries have been eliminated for the student supervisor and the counselor. Yet, at the September 14 meeting you stated that counseling was an integral part of your program, and that the position had not been

eliminated. Where then is that position budgeted? [...] At the same meeting you stated that your annual salary had been reduced to one dollar. Yet, the line item for administrative salaries remains unchanged from the adopted budget and from the prior year budget at \$90,000 for the CEO and Business Manager. Please explain this discrepancy." [Letter to Rocky Chávez, 9/24/04]

Philips: "On Several Occasions, You Have Made Statements To The Effect That SBT Ended The 2003-04 Year With A \$90,000 Surplus. This Is A Misrepresentation." "On several occasions, you have made statements to the effect that SBT ended the 2003-04 year with a \$90,000 surplus. This is a misrepresentation. While SBT had \$95,321 cash in its account at the county treasury on June 30, 2004, this cash balance included \$33,000 that the district had over-paid SBT last year based on actual versus projected enrollment, plus the \$36,000 loan. Netting these liabilities from the total, SBT ended the year with a fund balance of \$25,237, or just over the 5% reserve target." [Letter to Rocky Chávez, 9/24/04]

The Associate Superintendent Questioned Whether Chávez Was Being Truthful About The Source Of A \$56,000 "Grant" And Whether It Was, In Fact, A Loan

The School Associate Superintendent Was Concerned About The "Source And Terms" Of A \$56,000 Grant. "Even with these spending cuts, the revised budget relies on a \$56,000 grant to cover operating expenses. Please provide additional information about the source of this new grant. Perhaps it is related to your statement that 'we have somebody who is going to ensure that we make it.' Is this actually a grant or another load like the previous \$36,000? If it is a loan, what are the repayment terms? While SBT has every right to pursue grant funding, the district is entitled to know the source and terms of any grant funding, as the agency responsible for fiscal oversight." [Letter to Rocky Chávez, 9/24/04]

Chávez Repeatedly Trashed Local Schools & Students To Promote His Charter School

Chávez Told Students If They Should Only Attend Oceanside High School If They Wanted to "Flip Burgers" For A Living

Students Reported Chávez Said Attending Oceanside High School Meant A Life Of "Flip[ping] Burgers And Driv[ing] Your Mother's Broken-Down Car." "After a recruiting talk on Monday, several upset students reported to their teacher that Chávez had dissed their school while hyping his. The teacher, Patrick Cornforth, asked them to transcribe exactly what they recall Chávez had said. In the event you haven't read the passage, here's how Chávez, speaking as the principal of the Oceanside School of Business and Technology, purportedly tried to persuade students at Oceanside High to enroll in the 2-year-old charter school: 'If you want to flip burgers and drive your mother's broken-down car the rest of your life, stay here at Oceanside High School. If you want a Lexus, \$900,000 home and a boat at the harbor, come to the Oceanside School of Business and Technology." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/20/04]

Chávez Said He Made His Comments In "Passionate Recruiting Mode," But Denied Directly Insulting Oceanside High School. "Conceivably, some Oceanside residents, perhaps those who do not have any emotional ties to Oceanside High School, might forgive an apologetic Chávez. He told me his comments, which he couldn't recall precisely, were made in 'his passionate recruiting mode.' Moreover, Chávez denied that he directly slurred Oceanside High School. Superintendent Ken Noonan of the Oceanside Unified School District, however, investigated the incident with students, and confirmed the tenor of the quotation, if not the exact wording." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/20/04]

The San Diego Union Tribune Called For Chávez's Resignation From SBT After He Made Insensitive Remarks About The Local Public School

San Diego Union Tribune: "If Chávez Is As Concerned For The Welfare Of Kids As He Swears To Be, He Should Resign As Principal." "To suggest that a diploma from OHS is a credential for nothing other than 'flipping burgers' is a blow to the face of every teacher, student and graduate of the school. [...] If Chávez is as concerned

for the welfare of kids as he swears to be, he should resign as principal. The Marine should fall on his sword to allow recruiting for the praiseworthy charter school to continue. Bottom line, he's too tarnished to be an effective figurehead." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/20/04]

After Chávez Was Forced To Apologize, He Was Pulled From Recruiting Trips

Chávez: "If I Offended Students, Parents And Teachers, I Apologize." "Noonan said he suspended recruitment efforts by the charter school, which is within the Oceanside Unified School District's boundaries, to allow time for tempers to cool and to meet with the school's leaders and discuss how to proceed. Chávez, a retired Marine colonel, said he doesn't remember saying anything negative about Oceanside High School. He said his passion for the charter school caused him to get carried away in his remarks. 'If I offended students, parents and teachers, I apologize,' Chávez said. 'I was wrong. A Marine doesn't waffle. A Marine says, I was wrong.' Chávez said he supports Oceanside High School and its principal. The School of Business and Technology offers an alternative educational program, he said." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/20/04]

Chávez Publicly Apologized During The City Council's Televised Session. "Councilman Rocky Chávez has apologized publicly for remarks he made belittling Oceanside High School. 'I recently made a significant mistake,' Chávez, a candidate for mayor in November, said Wednesday night, near the end of the City Council's televised session. 'I wish tonight to publicly apologize to Oceanside High School parents and teachers,' he said. 'I'm deeply sorry for any pain I may have caused.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/21/04]

Chávez Was No Longer Recruiting On Local High School Campuses After Tirade. "Noonan said Chávez will not attend next week's recruitment meetings at El Camino and Oceanside high schools. His absence was not a caveat in allowing recruitment to continue, Noonan said. Instead, teachers and students from the charter school will lead the week's worth of sessions, starting Monday at El Camino High and Tuesday at Oceanside High. Chávez, an Oceanside city councilman and mayoral candidate, said he is happy the school will be able to continue recruiting. He said he will not be at the sessions because he has a full schedule next week. 'My job isn't to do recruitment,' he said Friday. 'I don't intend to be there.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/22/04]

Chávez Further Insulted Oceanside Students' College Graduation Rates

Chávez: "Well, You Notice That Two Of The Three [Oceanside High Graduates] Did Not Finish College." "Chávez was responding to Hedgecock's question about whether the Oceanside graduates on the City Council were upset at Chávez's suggestion that future grads would 'flip burgers' if they chose to stay at Oceanside High instead of attending the Oceanside School of Business and Technology, where Chávez is the principal. 'Well, you notice that two of three of them (Oceanside graduates on council) did not finish college,' Chávez said in an apparent reference to Johnson and Wood, according to a digital recording of the show available on Hedgecock's Web site. Chávez, who graduated from high school in Torrance and later from California State University at Chico, did not return several phone calls Monday for comment. At one point, Hedgecock cut off Chávez by telling him not 'to start again,' adding that he was trying to give Chávez a chance to get 'off the hook' for his comments last week." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/25/04]

2006: SBT Earned Accreditation From The Western Association Of Schools And Colleges

SBT Earned Accreditation From The Western Association Of Schools And Colleges. "The School of Business and Technology, a once-embattled high school charter program, has received its accreditation from the Western Association of Schools and Colleges, officials said Monday. The accreditation, sought out by charter schools typically as a way to test their educational programs, puts the three-year-old charter school on par with traditional schools. [...] Principal Rocky Chávez said he's proud of the accomplishments. 'I am so proud of Sharon Stevens-Allen and all the staff, they did a wonderful job putting this together,' he said. 'It reaffirms what our (standardized tests) have shown, that this is a quality program.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/9/06]

2008: After Repeated Low Enrollment, The School's Charter Was Revoked, Leaving Chávez Out Of \$215,000

The Oceanside School District Revoked The School Of Business And Technology's Charter Due To Low Enrollment. "-- The School of Business & Technology, which made its debut in 2003 as an independent charter school, will not have its charter renewed, Oceanside school district trustees decided Tuesday. The school, which received sponsorship from the Oceanside Unified School District, had always tried to build its enrollment but it never had more than about 120 students in grades nine through 12. Entirely dependent on enrollment to pay its day-to-day bills and mounting debts, the charter high school couldn't sustain itself, district trustees decided. 'Each year they thought they'd get more kids, and it just didn't come to pass,' said Adrianne Hakes, a trustee for Oceanside Unified." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/10/08]

Chávez And His Wife Were \$215,000 In Debt After The School Closure. "The school is indebted in part to City Councilman Rocky Chávez, who helped establish the school and was its chief executive officer until last month, when he decided to focus all his energies on running for mayor. In an interview yesterday, Chávez said he and his wife will not attempt to recover about \$215,000 they lent to the school. 'My wife and I chose to help children, and so we knew it was an investment in children's education, and that's pretty much where it is,' Chávez said. 'It's over.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/10/08]

Chávez Left SBT's Sinking Ship To Run For Oceanside Mayor

Chávez Left His Job At The SBT To Focus On The Mayor's Race Only A Month Before The Charter Was Revoked. "A brick -- the Jumping Off the Sinking School award -- to Rocky Chávez for what came off as a politically calculated bailout from the five-year-old charter school into which he poured his heart, soul -- and his money. In the last week of June, Chávez, the CEO of Oceanside's School of Business & Technology, announced that he was leaving his post to focus his energies on running for mayor. Made sense at the time. Chávez will have to run a great campaign to convince voters of two things: Wood must go and the retired Marine colonel should replace him. Then, on July 9, the Oceanside school district unceremoniously yanked the school's charter, citing low enrollment and mounting debt. The highly literate Chávez, one assumes, was in a better position than anyone to read the writing on the wall. Maybe it's savvy politics to bolt before the ship goes down, but it isn't exactly what captains are supposed to do." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 7/20/08]

As Of February 2018, There Are Still Liens On The School Of Business And Technology

Chávez's Tax Liens					
Debtor	Creditor	Filing	Release	Amount	Filing Type
2 5.555	0.00	Date	Date		
School of Business and Technology	IRS	7/30/12	n.d.	\$62,130.00	Federal Tax Lien
School of Business and Technology	Employment	3/25/11	n.d.	407.55	State Tax Lien
	Development				
	Department				
School of Business and Technology	Employment	6/18/10	n.d.	\$12,113.00	State Tax Lien
	Development				
	Department				
			Total:	\$74,650.55	

[San Diego County Clerk, accessed 2/12/18; Nexis Comprehensive Business Report, accessed 1/8/18]

Personal Information

Political Donations

Personal Political Donations

According to the California Secretary of State, Chávez has given \$61,734 to state-level candidates and organizations, including \$54,000 to his own campaign.

Chávez Political Giving History - State				
Date	Candidate (Office Sought) or Committee	Party	Amount	
5/28/16	Debora Allen for Assembly 2016	R	\$500	
5/24/16	Diaz for Assembly 2016	R	\$1,000	
6/12/14	California Republican Party	R	\$1,000	
3/17/14	Marc Steinorth for Assembly 2014	R	\$1,000	
7/23/12	California Republican Party	R	\$95	
3/17/12	Rocky Chávez for Assembley 2012	R	\$10,000	
2/25/12	California Republican Party (V10)	R	\$137	
12/31/11	Rocky Chávez for Assembley	R	\$14,000	
12/30/11	Rocky Chávez for Assembley	R	\$30,000	
11/7/11	Melissa Melendez for Assembly 2012	R	\$100	
9/16/11	Rocky Chávez for Assembley 2012	R	\$3,000	
6/11/09	Hispanic 100	R	\$500	
5/11/08	Lincoln Club of San Diego County	R	\$150	
4/20/07	Lincoln Club of San Diego County	R	\$252.50	
		Total:	\$61,734.50	

[California Secretary of State, accessed 1/11/18]

According to an FEC individual contribution search, Chávez has given \$3,413 to federal political candidates and organizations.

Chávez Political Giving History - Federal				
Date	Candidate/Committee	Party	Amount	
4/12/16	California Republican Party Federal Acct	R	\$195	
1/20/16	California Republican Party Federal Acct	R	\$1,000	
4/19/13	Paul Cook for Congress	R	\$1,000	
3/14/13	California Republican Party	R	\$48	
2/22/13	California Republican Party	R	\$295	
9/21/11	Republican Party of San Diego County	R	\$125	
7/5/11	Republican Party of San Diego County	R	\$250	
3/24/09	Republican Party of San Diego County	R	\$250	
7/7/06	San Diego County Republican Party -Fed	R	\$250	
		Total:	\$3,413	

[FEC, individual contribution, accessed 1/10/18]

Personal Finance

Chávez's State Personal Financial Disclosure Summary

Chávez PFD Toplines					
Year	Spousal Income	Asset Value		Rental Income	
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
2017	\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$200,002	\$2,000,000	-	-
2016	\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$200,002	\$2,000,000	\$10,001	\$100,000
2015	\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$200,002	\$2,000,000	\$10,001	\$100,000
2014	\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$100,001	\$1,000,000	\$10,001	\$100,000
2013	\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$100,001	\$1,000,000	\$10,001	\$100,000
2012	\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$200,002	\$2,000,000	\$10,001	\$100,000
2011	\$20,002 - \$200,000	\$200,002	\$2,000,000	\$10,001	\$100,000

[Chávez California Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2015, filed 3/1/16; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2012, filed 3/13/13; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2011, filed 3/9/12]

Taxpayer Funded Salaries

2012 - 2018: Chávez Made \$599,309 In Salary As A Member Of The California Assembly

When Chávez first took office in the Assembly, he earned \$90,526 as a California State Assembly salary. By the end of 2018, Chávez will have earned a California State Assembly salary of \$107,242, an increase of \$16,716. Over his 6 years in the State Assembly. Chávez will earn a total of \$599,309 in taxpayer-funded salary.

Year	Assembly Salaries
2013	\$90,526
2014	\$97,197
2015	\$100,113
2016	\$100,113
2017	\$104,118
2018	\$107,242
TOTAL	\$599,309

[California State Assembly, accessed 2/19/18]

Pay Raises

Chávez Said That He Planned To Turn Down His Scheduled Assembly Pay Raise, But Subsequently Accepted It

Chávez Said He Planned To Decline The Scheduled Pay Raise As A State Legislator Because, "Hardworking Californians Are Now Paying Higher Taxes Thanks To Proposition 30." "State politicians were granted 5.3 percent raises on Wednesday, now that California government is enjoying an infusion of cash from voter-approved

Proposition 30 tax increases in November. The pay hikes were approved on a 5-1 vote by an independent commission and will take effect in December. California lawmakers are already the highest-paid in the nation, but the commission noted that the increase is simply a partial restoration of pay cuts imposed during the economic downturn. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, also said he planned to turn down the raise, keeping his annual pay at \$90,526. 'It would be wrong to take an increase in pay when our state is not only facing a large structural deficit, but we recently passed a budget that is only balanced because hardworking Californians are now paying higher taxes thanks to Proposition 30,' Chávez said." [San Diego Union Tribune, 6/20/13]

Chávez Then Subsequently Accepted It, Because, "As Long As People Know What They Are Paying Me For The Job I'm Doing, I Will Take The Money." "In 2013, after an independent panel approved pay hikes for state legislators, Sen. Mark Wyland, R-Solana Beach, and Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, declined the boost for themselves. 'Last time I checked the state still has a structural deficit, which we have not addressed as a Legislature,' Chávez said at the time. Chávez said on Friday that he subsequently accepted the salary increase because voters were aware of the compensation package when they re-elected him. 'I go back to the theory that as long as people know what they are paying me for the job I'm doing, I will take the money,' he said." [San Diego Union-Tribune, 3/18/17]

Chávez Repeatedly Opposed City Council Pay Raises, Was Labeled "Independently Wealthy" By His Colleague

2008: Chávez Voted Against A City Council Salary Pay Raise. "In the matter of the pay raises, the council was permitted a 12 percent increase, adding \$174 to the monthly base pay, currently \$1,784 for the mayor and \$1,644 for each of the four council members. [...] Current totals are \$3,362 a month for Mayor Jim Wood; \$3,163 for council members Jack Feller and Esther Sanchez; and \$2,368 for council members Jerry Kern and Rocky Chávez. The difference involves when they were most recently elected. New monthly totals, effective in December, will be \$2,744 for the mayor and \$2,544 for each council member. There was no council comment on the matter before the 4-1 vote in favor. Chávez gave no reason for dissenting, but he has consistently voted against such pay raises during his six years on the council." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/18/08]

2004: Chávez Said He Would Not Vote For Council Pay Increase And Criticized Other Council Perks, While Making Two Other Salaries. "The council also sparred briefly on whether to increase its own pay by 5 percent, and whether to keep additional perks such as Internet access at council members' homes, money for bottled water and to attend parties. Councilman Rocky Chávez said he wouldn't vote to increase his own pay and also criticized the extra perks the council members receive. Councilman Jack Feller said the roughly \$30,000 that council members receive isn't much, and said he wouldn't be able to attend very many community events if the city did not pay for it. Feller said only those who are independently wealthy could afford to do that. Chávez has a Marine colonel's pension, and also serves as the principal of an Oceanside charter school to go along with his \$30,000 council salary." [North County Times, 5/13/04]

2003: Chávez Proposed That The Oceanside City Council Members Refuse Their Scheduled Pay Raise To Save The City More Than \$20,000. "At a time when the state is threatening to take money from the city, its council should show leadership by refusing its own pay raise, Oceanside Councilman Rocky Chávez said last night. [...] Chávez said, 'we should always be the ones that eat last.' [...] Chávez's plan to defer the council's salary increases would save the city just more than \$20,000. The pay raise, voted by the council last year but not effective until the two new members -- Chávez and Wood -- were sworn in, raised the base pay to \$1,468 monthly. During the last two years, council salaries had been raised twice because of population gains in the city and an automatic 5 percent increase. The base pay in January 2000 was \$1,131 per month." [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/9/03]

Per Diem

Associated Press: Chávez Collected \$856 In Per Diem On Days That He Was Absent From The 2014-2016 Legislative Session

Associated Press: "A Review [...] Finds Lawmakers Routinely Collect Payment On Days They Don't Go To Work," Including Chávez, Who Collected \$856 From 2014-2016. "California lawmakers are eligible to receive \$176 per day for lodging and food for each day the Legislature is in session to compensate them for being away from home, on top of their annual six-figure salaries. A review by The Associated Press finds lawmakers routinely collect the payments on days they don't go to work, under rules they set for themselves, or if they say they are working away from Sacramento. Here is a list of current members of the state Legislature, the total number of days they were absent, and how much per diem each lawmaker collected on days they were absent during the most recent legislative session, from Dec. 1, 2014 to Aug. 8, 2016. [...] Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, nine absences, \$856." [Associated Press, 9/20/16]

2011-2017 Chávez's Net Worth Reportedly Did Not Change

According to his financial disclosures as a member of the California State Assembly, the value of Chávez's assets has not changed over his time in office.

Chávez Yearly Assets Value				
Year	Asset Value			
	MIN	MAX		
2011	\$200,002	\$2,000,000		
2012	\$200,002	\$2,000,000		
2013	\$100,001	\$1,000,000		
2014	\$100,001	\$1,000,000		
2015	\$200,002	\$2,000,000		
2016	\$200,002	\$2,000,000		
2017	\$200,002	\$2,000,000		

[Chávez California Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2015, filed 3/1/16; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2012, filed 3/13/13; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2011, filed 3/9/12]

Political Career

This section provides an overview of Chávez's political career, from 2001 to Present.

Significant Findings

- ✓ At the beginning of his career, Chávez had the attention of the Republican Party, including Rep. Darrell Issa, who supported his bid for city council in 2002.
- ✓ From early in his career, Chávez set himself apart as a maverick and a "lone wolf."
- ✓ Chávez ran for Mayor of Oceanside twice, while only having minimal political experience.
 - ✓ While running for mayor in 2004, local Republicans asked him to drop out so he would not split the vote with the more popular conservative candidate. He refused. Both he and his political ally lost as a result.
 - ✓ After losing the bid for mayor for the second time, Chávez blamed his loss on the fact that his opponent was more moderate than he was.
- ✓ While working on the Oceanside City Council, Chávez said he would not join a voting bloc, but often voted in line with two of his more conservative colleagues.
 - ✓ Chávez cost the city a \$330,000 special election by refusing to confirm a progressive politician to a position on the council.
- ✓ After serving in the Assembly for two terms, Chávez launched a campaign for US Senate in 2016.
 - ✓ Unable to garner enough attention and name recognition to properly fundraise against Democrats, Chávez dropped out and ran for re-election to the Assembly.
 - ✓ Chávez missed 424 votes during the 2015-2016 election cycle. 417 of those 424 were while Chávez was presumably on the campaign trail for the Senate, from March 2015 February 2016.

Attendance Record

Chávez Voting Attendance Record					
Time Period	Votes Eligible	Missed Votes	Percent		
2017-2018 Legislative Session	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2015-2016 Legislative Session	4529	424	9.36%		
2013-2014 Legislative Session	4464	250	5.6%		
Total:	8993	674	7.49%		

[California Vote Database, accessed 3/12/18]

Voting Record While Campaigning For US Senate

417 Of The 424 Times Chávez Did Not Vote During The 2015-2016 Legislative Session Were While He Was Running For Senate

417 Of The 424 Times Chávez Did Not Vote During The 2015-2016 Legislative Session Were While He Was Running For Senate, Between March 5, 2015 And February 8, 2016. [California Vote Database, accessed 3/12/18]

2018: California 49th Congressional District House Race

Announcement

January 2018: Chávez Announced That He Would Run For Darrell Issa's 49th Congressional District Seat, Still \$35,000 In Debt From His 2016 Senate Run

Chávez, During His Announcement: "It's Time We Come Together And Focus On Progress, Not Partisan Politics And Gridlock." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, announced on Wednesday that he plans to seek the seat. 'It's time we come together and focus on progress, not partisan politics and gridlock,' Chávez said in a statement announcing his decision. 'We need to celebrate what unites us, not what divides us.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/11/18]

Former Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger Endorsed Chávez For U.S. Rep. "Former California Gov. Arnold Schwarzenegger on Thursday threw his support behind Republican Rocky Chávez to replace outgoing Rep. Darrell Issa (R-Calif.) in the state's 49th congressional district. 'He's a tireless voice for kids & equal education. Rocky puts people over party, I'm proud to endorse him in #CA49,' Schwarzenegger tweeted." [The Hill, 1/11/18]

Chávez Still Had \$35,000 Of Campaign Debt From His 2016 Senate Campaign. "Rep. Darrell Issa, a partisan and combative Vista Republican who nearly lost in 2016, also is stepping aside, although there's chatter that he'll run in Rep. Duncan Hunter's safe Republican district, especially if Hunter, who faces a federal criminal investigation, steps down. GOP Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, a retired Marine colonel, announced his candidacy and would be an upgrade. But as we noted in Take a Number, he has a \$35,000 campaign debt left over from an aborted 2016 run for the U.S. Senate." [Sacramento Bee, 1/14/18]

Endorsements

Chávez Received Endorsements From Local Leaders

Carlsbad Mayor Matt Hall And Carlsbad City Councilmembers Michael Schumacher And Mark Packard Endorsed Chávez. "Carlsbad Mayor Matt Hall and Carlsbad City Councilmembers Michael Schumacher and Mark Packard have endorsed retired United States Marine Colonel Rocky Chávez for the 49th Congressional seat. The endorsements come a week after those of the Vista Deputy Mayor and City Councilman Green." [Rocky Chávez For Congress, press release, 1/30/18]

Vista Deputy Mayor John Aguilera And Vista City Councilman Joe Green Endorsed Chávez. "Vista Deputy Mayor John Aguilera and Vista City Councilman Joe Green have endorsed retired United States Marine Colonel Rocky Chávez for the 49th Congressional seat." [Rocky Chávez For Congress, press release, 1/22/18]

2016: State Assembly Race

Dropping Down To The Assembly Race

2016: After Chávez Dropped Out Of The U.S. Senate Race, He Ran For Re-Election For State Assembly

After Chávez Dropped Out Of The Senate Race, Republican Assembly Candidate Phil Graham Was Surprised To Hear That Chávez Was Trying To Reclaim His Old Assembly Seat. "A Republican who already had devoted time and money to winning a state Assembly seat is not happy with Rocky Chávez's surprise decision to drop out of the U.S. Senate race and instead run for reelection to his Oceanside district. [...] Phil Graham, the stepson of former California Republican Gov. Pete Wilson, said he never would have entered the race for the 76th Assembly District if he knew Chávez may opt to run again. Chávez, a former Marine colonel, had assured Graham he was all-in for the Senate race, according to a statement Graham's campaign released Tuesday. 'I took him at his

word when he said he was going to bring a Marine's tenacity to the US Senate campaign, so I was surprised yesterday when I read that he had dropped out,' Graham said in the statement. 'I feel I have a lot to offer in Sacramento, but if Rocky hadn't told me and the rest of California he was committed to the US Senate race, I would not have run for his Assembly seat.'" [Los Angeles Times, 4/9/16]

Endorsements

Chávez Received Endorsements For State Assembly From Business And Property Organizations

SDAR President: "We Can Count On Them To Protect Private Property Rights And Do What's Best For Homeowners In Our Region." "For more than 100 years, the Greater San Diego Association of REALTORS® has worked to protect private property rights and help more San Diegans realize the dream of homeownership,' said Cory Shepard, 2016 SDAR President. 'It is critical that our lawmakers keep the interests of homeowners foremost. The candidates SDAR has endorsed understand that, and we know that we can count on them to protect private property rights and do what's best for homeowners in our region.' […] CA Assembly District 76: Rocky Chávez." [Greater San Diego Association of Realtors, press release, 11/4/16]

NFIB Executive Director Tom Scott: Rocky Chávez "Will Bring A Unique And Powerful Voice For Small Business." "Today the NFIB/CA SAFE (Save America's Free Enterprise) Trust PAC announced a group of legislative endorsements for the 2016 primary and general elections. The PAC moved to endorse these candidates due to their high voting record alignment with NFIB/CA positions and/or due to the compelling nature of their candidacy given the dynamics of that specific race. NFIB/CA State Executive Director Tom Scott stated, 'These candidates reflect the clearest choice for small business both in the June Primary and on the November General ballot. We have full confidence that each of these candidates will bring a unique and powerful voice for small business under the Capitol dome in Sacramento.' [...] Assembly District 76 (Carlsbad): Rocky J. Chávez (R)." [National Federation of Independent Business, press release, 5/12/16]

2016: U.S. Senate Race

Exploratory Committee

Chávez Announced An Exploratory Committee Into Running For The Senate Seat After Being Approached By Republican Leadership

OP-ED: Chávez Said He Was Approached By The Republican Party To Run For Senate Against Kamala Harris To Fill Barbara Boxer's Seat. "It's not the nature of this editorial page to put a damper on the political ambitions of officeholders we endorsed and who have done a good job. But our free advice to state Assemblyman Rocky Chávez is that he put a quick end to thoughts of running for the U.S. Senate seat being given up by Barbara Boxer in 2016. Chávez, an Oceanside Republican, said this week that he had been approached by state Republican leaders to consider a bid for Boxer's seat. Such entreaties are very flattering and the lure of the U.S. Senate is undeniably tempting." [San Diego Union Tribune, Op-Ed, 1/15/15]

Chávez: "Our Nation Suffers From A Lack Of Clear Leadership When It Comes To Issues Of National Security And Looking Out For California Families." "Undeterred by California's deep blue political leanings, Republican state Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside announced on Tuesday he will strongly consider a run next year for the U.S. Senate seat being vacated by Democrat Barbara Boxer. [...] 'Our nation suffers from a lack of clear leadership when it comes to issues of national security and looking out for California families who have seen stagnant wage growth for almost two decades,' Chávez said in the announcement. 'My story is like that of so many other California families, having worked in the grape fields with my uncle and cousins as a child to seeing one of my own children attend an Ivy League medical school. That's the American Dream, and it's what every parent hopes to see for their own children. But if we don't take steps to protect our nation and help create more opportunities for our children, we risk losing that Dream." [San Diego Union Tribune, 2/17/15]

Announcement

March 2015: Chávez Announced His Run For Senate

March 2015: Chávez Announced His Run For Senate. "Rocky Chávez, a Republican state assemblyman from Oceanside, launched a campaign for U.S. Senate on Thursday, offering his military background as a key asset in the race to succeed Democratic incumbent Barbara Boxer. [...] In a written statement, Chávez said his campaign would focus on national security, education and the economy. 'I'm a fighter who brings bipartisan support to issues and gets them solved,' he said." [Los Angeles Times, 3/6/15]

Chávez, During His Campaign Announcement: "If Things Get Worse Overseas, Who Would Californians Want Representing Them In The Senate – A Lawyer From San Francisco Or A Marine Colonel?" "Our national security is a major concern, with ISIS growing bolder every day,' Chávez said in a statement announcing his candidacy. 'If things get worse overseas, who would Californians want representing them in the Senate? A lawyer from San Francisco or a Marine colonel who knows how lives can be protected and understands the importance of keeping America and her allies safe and secure."" [Sacramento Bee, 3/5/15]

Chávez: "Californians Want To Take Their State Back." "Californians want to take their state back,' Chávez said. 'Californians are looking for someone who shares their story. My father taught me the value of hard work in the grape fields with my uncles and cousins, which led to my success in the military and desire to give back through public service. I learned about the American Dream from my father, but I'm afraid we risk losing that dream for our children if we can't get our country back on track." [Sacramento Bee, 3/5/15]

Campaign Strategy

Chávez Did Not Want To Run A "Traditional" Republican Campaign

Chávez: It Would Be "Mission Impossible" For Him To "Run A Traditional Republican Race" And He Had No Plans To Do So. "Chávez plans to focus his energy talking about policies he believes will create jobs and improve the state's foundering education system. 'I think if I come out there and run a traditional Republican race, it would be a mission impossible,' he said, adding he has no plans to endeavor such an effort." [Sacramento Bee, 3/5/15]

Los Angeles Times: Chávez's Stance On Immigration Could "Limit His Appeal To Conservative Voters." "[Chávez] could help the state Republican Party in its effort to shed an image as a domain of conservative white men. On immigration, Chávez has split with the party's conservative wing, backing steps to legalize the status of immigrants in the country illegally. His positioning on immigration is likely to limit his appeal to conservative voters in the June 2016 primary." [Los Angeles Times, 3/5/15]

Endorsements

Chávez Received Endorsements From Farmers, Education Leaders, And Other Professionals

Chávez Spokesman: Chávez "Received The Support Of Farmers, Winegrape Growers, Cattlemen, Builders And Contractors, Financial Institutions, Manufacturers, Education Leaders, And Professionals In The Medical, Biotech And Defense Sectors." "Col. Chávez is receiving a lot of support around the state,' spokesman Justin Glover said. 'People are engaging with his message which brings Californians together on issues like national security and education.' 'We've received the support of farmers, winegrape growers, cattlemen, builders and contractors, financial institutions, manufacturers, education leaders, and professionals in the medical, biotech and defense sectors,' Glover added. 'We expect that Col. Chávez's support will continue to grow.'" [Sacramento Bee, Capitol Alert, 4/15/15]

San Diego Mayor Kevin Faulconer Endorsed Chávez For Senate. "San Diego Mayor Kevin Faulconer has endorsed Colonel Rocky Chávez in his race to replace retiring U.S. Senator Barbara Boxer. 'It's time we united Californians on the issues that matter to them,' Faulconer said. 'Colonel Rocky Chávez is a fiscal conservative who's bringing people together on issues like national security, education and making government more efficient.' 'San Diego is home to thousands of veterans and active-service military personnel,' Faulconer said. 'Colonel Chávez cares about our veterans – and as a Marine colonel, he knows what it takes to have an effective national security strategy, something that's lacking in Washington." [Rocky Chávez for U.S. Senate 2016, Press Release, 4/10/15]

Neel Kashkari, Former U.S. Treasury Official And 2014 Republican Nominee For California Governor, Endorsed Chávez For Senate. "Former U.S. Treasury official and 2014 Republican nominee for California Governor Neel Kashkari has endorsed Colonel Rocky Chávez for United States Senate, Col. Chávez's campaign announced today. Kashkari served as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Financial Stability during the nation's recent financial crisis and under Kashkari's leadership the collapse of the nation's banking system was averted." [Rocky for U.S. Senate, Press Release, 4/22/15]

Kashkari: "As A Marine Colonel And A California Assembly Member, Col. Chávez Has The Experience To Effectively Represent California In The United States Senate." "Former U.S. Treasury official and 2014 Republican nominee for California Governor Neel Kashkari has endorsed Colonel Rocky Chávez for United States Senate, Col. Chávez's campaign announced today. [...] 'Colonel Rocky Chávez is the right candidate for California,' Kashkari said. 'His story reflects that of so many Californians who want to preserve the American Dream for their families, but are in need of a better education system for their kids and who seek elected leaders who will balance the budget.' 'We need experienced and tested leaders in Washington who are prepared to tackle challenges at home and abroad,' Kashkari said. 'As a Marine Colonel and a California Assembly Member, Col. Chávez has the experience to effectively represent California in the United States Senate.'" [Rocky for U.S. Senate, Press Release, 4/22/15]

Chávez Received Endorsements From 22 Assembly Republicans, Including Assembly Republican Leader Kristin Olsen, Who Said, "Rocky Chávez Is The Leader We Need In Washington." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, announced Tuesday that he has the endorsements of 22 GOP Assembly members including Republican Leader Kristin Olsen. 'Rocky Chávez is the leader we need in Washington,' Olsen, R-Modesto, said in Chávez's news release. 'He has incredible experience in keeping our nation safe as a Marine colonel who served 28 years. He knows how to support our nation's veterans, having served as California's acting secretary of Veterans Affairs. Finally, he knows the importance of a good education and has fought to improve California's schools as a member of the state assembly." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 6/23/15]

Fundraising

Chávez Had Trouble Fundraising, Especially Compared To Kamala Harris

Chávez Said He Planned To Raise \$50 Million For US Senate Race In California Despite Donors Only Giving \$4 Million To GOP Candidate In 2014 California Gubernatorial Campaign. "In an interview, Chávez said optimistically that he planned to raise as much as \$50 million. Last year, donors gave just \$4 million to Republican Neel Kashkari for his campaign to unseat Gov. Jerry Brown. And Chávez will be raising money under far stricter federal donation limits." [Los Angeles Times, 3/6/15]

HEADLINE: Republican Rocky Chávez Off To Sluggish Start In U.S. Senate Race. [Sacramento Bee, 4/15/15]

Chávez Was Unable To Raise 1% Of What Kamala Harris Raised By March 31. "California Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, the only announced Republican candidate for the U.S. Senate, has gotten off to a slow fundraising start, bringing in less than 1/2 of a percent of the total taken in by Democrat Kamala Harris. [...] Chávez, a retired Marine colonel from Oceanside, entered the race in early March and brought in just \$12,030, concluding the period with \$4,967." [Sacramento Bee, 4/15/15]

Polling

Chávez Had Trouble With Name Recognition And Splitting The Republican Vote

Chávez Received 2% Of The Vote In An Early Poll Conducted By Kamala Harris' Campaign Team.

"California Democrat Kamala Harris has a wide lead over other potential Democratic candidates in a primary to replace Sen. Barbara Boxer, according to the results of an internal poll obtained by POLITICO. [...] Harris remained ahead even when other Democrats and Republicans were added to the mix. Thirty-four percent of those surveyed said they would vote for Harris. Meanwhile, Rep. Xavier Becerra received 3 percent of support, Villaraigosa received 9 percent and Rep. Loretta Sanchez received 4 percent. Republicans Rocky Chávez, a state legislator, received 2 percent and former Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice polled just behind Harris at 33 percent. Republicans have floated Rice's name as a dream candidate, but those close to her have said she has no interest in running for Boxer's seat. Democrats are heavily favored in the race." [Politico, 1/23/15]

Chávez Received 3% Of The Vote In An Early Poll Of Just Latino Voters. "Indeed, a poll of 600 likely Latino voters commissioned by the California Majority Report last week shows Villaraigosa with 23% support, a total ahead of Harris, who came in second with 15%, as well as other possible Latino candidates. Fresno Mayor Ashley Swearengin was at 2%, second among Republicans to Assembly Member Rocky Chávez, who polled at 3%. More than half of Harris and Villaraigosa supporters said they could change their mind, and 35% of respondents were undecided. The results, pollster Fernand Amandi said, shows the race is 'wide open and fluid.'" [Fresno Bee, 2/16/15]

A Third Or More Voters Polled Had No Opinion Of Chávez In Early 2015. "Nearly half of California's likely voters are inclined to support Democrat Kamala Harris - the only announced campaigner for the seat - according to the statewide Field Poll released Wednesday. The only candidate faring better was former U.S. Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice, a Republican who has portrayed a run as 'not even a consideration.' [...] A third or more of voters, meanwhile, had no opinion of former Democratic Rep. Ellen Tauscher, Rep. Raul Ruiz, D-Palm Desert, and Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican who on Tuesday formally launched an exploratory committee for the seat." [Sacramento Bee, 2/18/15]

19% Of Registered Voters Recognized Chávez By Name, Received 6% Support In Multi-Candidate Field. "A recent USC Dornsife/Los Angeles Times poll found that 19% of registered voters could identify Chávez by name. In a multi-candidate field, he received the backing of 6% of those surveyed." [Los Angeles Times, 3/5/15]

Appeal-Democrat Editorial: Just 20% Of Voters Were Inclined To Support Chávez In GOP Primary, A Demonstration That The "Lack Of Star Power Can Be Fatal When Your Party Is In The Minority." "A quick look at how the only Republicans avowedly considering a run for Boxer's seat fare in the Field survey also demonstrates that a lack of star power can be fatal when your party is in the minority. San Diego County Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, given to aphorisms about how his family has lived the American Dream, draws just a 20 percent level of voters 'inclined to support' him." [The Mercury News, Thomas D. Elias Op-Ed, 2/24/15]

Chávez: "I Call For My Two Republican Opponents To Drop Out And Pledge Their Support To Me." "Chávez said in a release Thursday: 'I call for my two Republican opponents to drop out and pledge their support to me so that Republicans and Californians have a fighting chance against [state Attorney General Kamala Harris (D)] in November.' Chávez suggests a single Republican candidate on the ballot could avoid a scenario where two Democrats, Harris and Rep. Loretta Sanchez (D-46), both advance to the November election. Harris and Sanchez took 27% and 15% respectively. Chávez said Republicans should choose the candidate 'who most appeals to California's diverse demographics and can earn the most votes,' noting his advantage in the poll among Latino voters." [National Journal, 1/8/16]

Persistence And Optimism

Despite The Odds, Chávez Remained Optimistic

Los Angeles Times: Chávez Would Be A "Sacrificial Lamb" For The GOP If He Decided To Run For Senate. "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez would be a fine Republican candidate for the U.S. Senate. That's because: He's not a crazy, not a demagogic ideologue. He actually has run for office before and won, unlike other Republican wannabes. He's precisely what the GOP needs: a friendly face for Latinos, who increasingly have been shunning the party. But would giving up a safe Assembly seat for a practically unwinnable Senate chase be a fine move for Chávez? Very probably not. [...] 'I've got a good message and I'm right on the issues,' he says. But to broadcast that message, he'd need \$20 million. Forget it. National Republicans no longer invest in California, and the state party is practically broke, focusing on legislative races. [...] He has one of those new 12-year term limits. He can settle in and do some good, particularly for the Republican Party. Or he can become a Republican sacrificial lamb fighting for a Senate seat. If the GOP won't kick in hefty money, it doesn't deserve his candidacy." [Los Angeles Times, 2/18/15]

Chávez: "My Strong History Of Leadership And Compelling Personal Narrative Give Me Great Confidence." "My strong history of leadership and compelling personal narrative give me great confidence," Chávez said. 'I believe we can start a movement that will make a real difference in the lives of California families." [Sacramento Bee, 2/17/15]

Dropping Out

February 2016: Chávez Dropped Out Of The Senate Race With \$43,000 In Debt

Chávez Dropped Out Of The California Senate Race, Citing His Difficulty Raising Money As Part Of The Reason He Ended His Campaign. "Republican Assemblyman Rocky Chávez is ending his cash-strapped bid for the U.S. Senate and will instead campaign for re-election to the Legislature. Chávez formally announced his intentions at the start of a Monday evening radio debate on KOGO-AM in San Diego, then walked off stage. In an interview earlier Monday with The Sacramento Bee, Chávez pointed to the difficulties he faced raising money over the last 11 months, saying he relied heavily on personal funds of late to keep the campaign running. Chávez, a retired Marine Corps colonel from Oceanside, took in roughly \$105,000 and closed the year with just \$369 on hand and nearly \$43,000 in debts. 'I looked at it and I figured the best thing I can do for the Republican Party and the best thing I could do for my role, because I still want to be active in politics, is to step back and run for the Assembly seat that I currently hold, and then see what develops in 2018,' Chávez said in the telephone interview." [Sacramento Bee, 2/8/16]

Chávez: "I Think The Best Role I Can Fill For The Republican Party And Moving The Agenda Forward ... Is To Run For My Assembly Seat." "He said it was crucial for a GOP candidate to survive the June 7 primary, and he insinuated that the top three Republicans in the race could splinter their party's vote and allow Democratic hopefuls Atty. Gen. Kamala Harris and Rep. Loretta Sanchez of Santa Ana to have the ballot to themselves in November. 'I've given this a lot of thought and prayer, with my wife and family, and I think the best role I can fill for the Republican Party and moving the agenda forward ... is to run for my Assembly seat, since I'm not going to be running for the United States Senate,' Chávez said. With that, Chávez walked off the debate stage and out of the studio." [Los Angeles Times, 2/8/16]

Chávez: I Would "Continue To Champion Our Veterans, Solutions To Our State's Drought, Long-Term Energy Solutions" And "World-Class Education." "Now Chávez will turn to run for re-election in a decidedly less daunting race in Oceanside. He was first elected to the Assembly in November 2012. In a statement, Chávez said he would 'continue to champion our veterans, solutions to our state's drought, long-term energy solutions, and making sure our children and grandchildren have access to a world-class education system from preschool to college." [San Francisco Chronicle, 2/9/16]

2012: State Assembly Race

Announcement

2011: Chávez Announced His Run For State Assembly

Chávez Announced His Run For California's 76th District State Assembly Seat. "Former Oceanside Councilman Rocky Chávez on Wednesday plans to kickoff his campaign for state Assembly on the factory floor of the Federal Heath Sign Company in Oceanside. Chávez, a Republican who spent two years with the state Department of Veterans Affairs, said the central themes of his campaign are job creation, education, veteran's affairs and working to improve government efficiencies. 'I think it's very clear that a lot of work needs to be done to prepare not just our children but people in their middle ages for retaining skills in order to compete in the global economy,' Chávez said. 'I think it's most important that someone in the Assembly represent the community,' he said. 'If you look at the community, I have served two terms at the largest city in the district, and being a veteran, I have worked on veteran issues, which puts me in good stead.' [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/13/11]

Endorsements

Chávez Received An Endorsement From The California Farm Bureau Federation

Chávez Received An Endorsement From The California Farm Bureau Federation. "A candidate with a history of service and a commitment to economic development, Rocky Chávez, has earned the endorsement of the state's largest farming organization in his bid for the state Assembly. Chávez, R-Oceanside, seeks election in the 76th Assembly District, representing northern San Diego County. 'San Diego County is a unique and important agricultural region, and Rocky Chávez has the background and experience to represent the area well in the Assembly,' California Farm Bureau President Paul Wenger said. Noting that Chávez worked on farms during college to pay for his education, Wenger said Chávez's experience with the day-to-day demands of farm life 'gave him firsthand knowledge of how hard work leads to success." [San Diego Rostra, The Wild West Of San Diego Politics, 9/25/12]

Campaign Outcome

Chávez Won The 2012 State Assembly Election

Chávez Said His Priorities Included Jobs, Efficiency, Veterans And Education. "Rocky J. Chávez, electrockyChávez.com, Republican, Retired Marine Colonel. What would be your priorities if elected? My priorities for California are (1) jobs and the economy — make California job-friendly again/incentivize businesses to relocate here; (2) government efficiency — create a leaner, more efficient government; (3) veterans — jobs/education/healthcare/housing; and (4) education — no longer just K-12 but throughout life for retraining/learning new skills. What should the state do to close the huge budget deficit? Reduce the overhead in state government/Increase revenue and provide jobs to grow the economy. The Pacific Rim is a major trading partner - target investments in higher education and transportation infrastructure to make California more competitive. Growth in the economy provides more revenue to balance the budget while paying down debt." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/8/12]

Chávez Easily Beat His Republican Opponent By Appealing More To Moderate And Democrat Voters.

"Moderate Republican Rocky Chávez, a former Oceanside councilman, easily defeated longtime legislative aide Sherry Hodges, the local Republican Party's choice, for one overarching reason: He had more appeal in the middle and the left side of the political spectrum. Hodges did her best to reach out to Democrats, but Chávez, a retired Marine colonel with a hardscrabble Latino background, had a decisive advantage in a good Democratic year." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/7/12]

Chávez: "We Need To Learn How To Work With The Democratic Supermajority." "Rocky Chávez, a Republican former Oceanside Councilman just elected to the Assembly, said he hopes Democrats will focus

attention on solving bigger issues. 'Anybody in a leadership role has to consider what Californians want. They want jobs. They want the economy to do better. They want to make sure they have a future for their children,' he said. But Chávez said Republicans also need to be introspective on why Democrats achieved a supermajority. 'Right now, it's time for the party to reflect and figure out how to relate to voters in California,' he said. 'In that process, we need to learn how to work with the Democratic supermajority.' [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/8/12]

San Diego Union Tribune Columnist: Chávez Won The 76th District By Being A "Democrat In Republican Name Only." "I sensed in the props paid to the retiring Supervisor Pam Slater-Price that the Ranch Democrats view her as what might be called a DIRNO, a Democrat in Republican Name Only. The same honorary acronym could be assigned to Mayor Jim Wood in Oceanside. Widely reviled as a RINO (Republican in Name Only) in rock-ribbed conservative circles, Wood won re-election and blew away the GOP's endorsed conservative candidate with large chunks of Democratic and independent votes. Rocky Chávez, a moderate-sounding Republican rejected by his party who poached Democratic votes to win in the 76th Assembly District, could also fit that DIRNO bill." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 11/20/12]

2008: Oceanside Mayoral Race

Announcement

2008: Chávez Announced That He Was Running For Mayor Again

Chávez Announced He Would Challenge Mayor Jim Wood in 2008. "Councilman Rocky Chávez said this week that he will formally announce his candidacy for mayor of Oceanside at a fundraiser April 30. [...] Chávez said yesterday his campaign will focus on the needs of neighborhoods and families. He faulted Wood for supporting expensive changes in public-safety programs, such as eliminating emergency medical technicians in favor of paramedics and signing up with a pricey dispatch system. He said he expects his campaign will need to raise about \$80,000. Chávez plans to formally announce his candidacy at Luiseño Park, where he is asking attendees for a \$250 donation. Wood said yesterday he was 'somewhat surprised' to learn of Chávez's decision to run against him. Wood said he was hoping not to have to ask his supporters for money again." [San Diego Union Tribune, 4/23/08]

After Endorsing Fellow Republican Jack Feller, Chávez Decided To Run For Mayor Himself. "On Saturday, Oceanside City Councilman Rocky Chávez made a major endorsement in the 2008 race for Oceanside mayor during an Oceanside Airport Association event attended by more than 200 people. He said he and City Councilman Jerome Kern will endorse Councilman Jack Feller's run for the mayor's seat. The announcement is significant for two reasons: it's a show of solidarity against incumbent Mayor Jim Wood, and Chávez has taken the high road in the 2008 election, after playing what many thought was the key role in the defeat of then-Mayor Terry Johnson's unsuccessful re-election bid in 2006 when Chávez ran unsuccessfully for mayor. Feller hasn't made an official announcement on his candidacy, but he has made it known that he will throw his hat into the ring for mayor." [San Diego Union Tribune, 3/6/07]

Endorsements

Chávez Listed Outdated, Illegitimate Endorsements On His Campaign Website

Chávez Named Endorsements On His Campaign Website Who Were No Longer Willing To Support Him. "Chávez said yesterday he was nonplussed to learn that a controversial list of his supporters has not been removed from his 'Rocky Chávez for Mayor of Oceanside' Web site. The list on the endorsements page of his site has irked elected officials who are named but who say they no longer support Chávez, at least not publicly. Chávez said the list was from a previous council campaign and should not have been posted on the site. Three Carlsbad City Council members listed as supporters -- Ann Kulchin, Matt Hall and Mark Packard -- said yesterday that their council policy is to make no endorsements in other cities, except for incumbents. When they endorsed Chávez in

2006, he was an incumbent running to keep his council seat. Now, he's running against an incumbent mayor, Jim Wood." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/2/08]

Chávez Received An Endorsement From The San Diego County Republicans

The San Diego County Republicans Endorsed Chávez For Mayor. "Councilman Rocky Chávez, a candidate for mayor, will hold an informal reception starting at 6:30 p.m. at his campaign headquarters at El Camino Real and Oceanside Boulevard. The event celebrates Chávez's endorsement Monday night by the San Diego County Republican Party." [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/28/08]

Campaign Outcome

Chávez Lost The 2008 Mayoral Campaign To Jim Wood, The Incumbent Republican

Chávez Received About 35% Of The Vote To Wood's 65%. "Mayor Jim Wood easily bested Rocky Chávez in the two-man slugfest for the mayor's seat. With all precincts reporting Wednesday morning, Wood had 65 percent of the vote, while Chávez, a city councilman with two years left in his term, had 34 percent." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/5/08]

Opinions

San Diego Union Tribune Columnist: Chávez "Comes Off As An Ambitious Political Star"

San Diego Union Tribune Columnist Wrote Chávez Seemed Like He Would Run For Higher Office If He Became Mayor. "If your view of the ideal mayor is that he's smarter than your average politician, authoritative, looks beyond his city's walls and comes off as an ambitious political star, you want to vote for the retired Marine colonel. If central casting were looking for a city mayor with the savvy and the ego to make the leap to, say, county supervisor or assemblyman, Chávez would be your choice." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 10/2/08]

Chávez Was Considered The More Conservative Republican Candidate In The 2008 Oceanside Mayoral Race

Chávez Said He Believed He Lost To Jim Wood In Mayor Race Because Wood Was More Moderate.

"Chávez said he believes Wood rode to re-election on the coattails of the landslide nationally for presidential candidate Barack Obama, a Democrat. Both Chávez and Wood are registered Republicans, but Chávez had the endorsement of conservative Republican institutions while Wood, a more moderate Republican, appeals to some Democratic voters." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/6/08]

2006: Oceanside City Council Re-Election

Fundraising

2006: Chávez Raised The Most Money Out Of Everyone Running For Oceanside City Council

Chávez Raised More Than \$55,000 By The Week Before The 2006 Election, More Than His Opponents.

"City Council incumbent Rocky Chávez has raised more money than the six other candidates in the Nov. 7 election with more than \$55,500 in contributions, according to campaign finance statements released Thursday. Records filed with the Oceanside city clerk's office show that incumbent Shari Mackin and George McNeil, a retired educator, have both raised more than \$42,500, and that the Oceanside Police Officers Association's political action committee spent an additional \$9,700 for a mailer in support of the two candidates." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/27/06]

2004: Oceanside Mayoral Race

Political Maneuvers

Chávez Said He Would Not Use The City Council's Office As A Stepping Stone, But He Ran For Mayor After His First Term In Office

2002: Chávez Claimed He Would Not Seek Higher Office After Only Two Years In The City Council. "Chávez rebuts allegations that he would serve only two years before seeking a Republican nomination to higher office. He says he must remain here due to the chronic illness of a son." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/5/02]

2004: Chávez Announced His Campaign For Oceanside Mayor. "City Councilman Rocky Chávez officially announced late Friday at City Hall that he was running for mayor in the Nov. 2 election, and local businessman Jim Schroder said in an interview Friday that he was abandoning his plans to run for the city's highest office. [...] Chávez, who was elected in 2002, made his announcement to about 20 family members, friends and supporters. 'I am running for mayor,' he said. He officially filed papers earlier in the day to change his political action committee to 'Rocky 2004' and his stated goal of office from City Council to mayor. 'I want to move the city of Oceanside to the next tier,' Chávez said. 'The issue is about leadership.' Chávez also serves as director of Oceanside Unified School District's School of Business and Technology charter school. When asked if he had the time to be mayor while serving as director of the charter school, he replied, 'Yes.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 2/21/04]

Ambition

San Diego Union Tribune: Chávez Lost Political Capital As A Result Of "His Ambition And Sometimes Brash Demeanor"

San Diego Union Tribune: "Once A Rising Star In Oceanside And The Republican Party, Oceanside Councilman Rocky Chávez Has Seen His Star Implode In The Past Three Months." "Once a rising star in Oceanside and the Republican Party, Oceanside Councilman Rocky Chávez has seen his star implode in the past three months. [...] How quickly things change. Chávez has gone from political prince to pauper in the span of three months, first by disparaging Oceanside High School graduates with negative comments, then by turning off his Republican Party mates and confidants with his ambition and sometimes brash demeanor. Many people in Republican circles have said privately that Chávez needs to drop out of this year's mayoral race to resuscitate his political career. Chávez rejected that notion last week, and his political supporters said it's too early to say that he has damaged his political career. Chávez said he'll take the next three weeks to take stock of his campaign and decide whether he'll stay in the nonpartisan mayor's race. For Chávez, who has declared publicly on several occasions that he 'will be mayor in November,' the fact that he's even rethinking his mayoral bid is something of a revelation." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/25/04]

Refusal To Drop Out Of The Race

The Republican Party Wanted Chávez To Back Down From The Mayoral Race So He Did Not Split The Conservative Vote And Allow The More Left-Leaning Candidate To Win, But He Refused

San Diego Union Tribune Columnist: "[Mayor Terry] Johnson's Allies Had Been Indirectly Pressuring Chávez To Do The Right Thing And Help Johnson Defeat Wood" Instead Of Drawing Votes Away From Johnson. "Johnson's allies had been indirectly pressuring Chávez to do the right thing and help Johnson defeat Wood, who's backed by the public-safety unions. Through winks and nods, Chávez had received this general message: 'You can't win, Rocky, not with the memory of your slur against Oceanside High fresh in the minds of voters. You really don't want to be the spoiler who drains votes from Johnson and elects Wood mayor. Help Johnson this time around and, we promise you, the Republicans will take care of you down the road." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 8/5/04]

Chávez Instead Decided To Keep Running. "Would Councilman Rocky Chávez, bloodied by his infamous burger blurt about Oceanside High, as well as by rejection of his candidacy by the Republican Party, throw in the towel, thus giving Mayor Terry Johnson a fighting chance against Councilman Jim Wood? Would Chávez, indirectly sweet-talked with promises of future support from Republican power brokers, endorse Johnson, the recently baptized GOP convert? Monday afternoon, the former Marine colonel answered both breathless questions with the same crystal-clear, two-letter word: No." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, <u>8/5/04</u>]

During The Election, Chávez Drew Votes Away From Incumbent Republican Mayor Terry Johnson, Which Allowed The More Liberal Jim Wood To Win. "Back in the dog days, it was presumed that Chávez was a long shot. Chávez stood an excellent chance, however, of spoiling the re-election bid of Mayor Terry Johnson, the Republican Party's choice. Despite the entreaties from Johnson's backers, Chávez, a retired Marine colonel, bowed his neck and marched to his own drum. Well, what seemed probable in late summer came true in early November. Chávez, a pro-business pragmatist, appears to have drained votes from Johnson's base, allowing Councilman Jim Wood, the populist candidate supported by the police and fire unions, to claim a narrow victory." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 11/18/04]

Chávez's Refusal To Drop Out Of The 2004 Mayor's Race Contributed To His Reputation As "An Ego-Driven Mayerick"

San Diego Union Tribune: Chávez Had A Reputation For Being "An Ego-Driven Maverick." "I thought his political career was dead when, as the head of a charter school, he was quoted as saying to students: 'If you want to flip burgers and drive your mother's broken-down car the rest of your life, stay here at Oceanside High School. If you want a Lexus, \$900,000 home and a boat at the harbor, come to the Oceanside School of Business and Technology.' Refusing to hide his face after that gaffe, he ran for mayor in 2004, spoiling the campaign of an incumbent mayor the GOP was backing and ensuring the election of Jim Wood, anathema to the party. Chávez's rep as an ego-driven maverick grew." [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/15/15]

2002: Oceanside City Council Race

Endorsements And Support

2002: Chávez Received A Lot Of Support From Area Republicans When He Ran For City Council

Chávez Challenged Incumbents For Oceanside City Council In 2002 With Support From The County Supervisor And Two Assembly Members. "Rocky Chávez, a retired Marine long rumored to be a City Council candidate, made it official last night with a campaign kickoff in the courtyard at Mission San Luis Rey. [...] Chávez joins what, for Oceanside, is an exceedingly uncrowded field of candidates thus far for the two council seats now held by Betty Harding and Carol McCauley. Both incumbents have said they will seek a third term. And former Councilman Sam Williamson is in the race. That's a tight field of four so far in a city where council races normally attract from 10 to 20 candidates. About 75 boosters attended Chávez's party, including County Supervisor Bill Horn and representatives of Assemblywoman Patricia Bates and Assemblyman Mark Wyland. Wyland made a \$300 campaign contribution to Chávez." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/31/02]

San Diego Union Tribune: Chávez Seemed Like "A Powerful Front-Runner" For The City Council Race That Included Two Incumbents And Two "Formidable Grass-Roots Challengers." "An O'side prediction: Rocky Chávez will be the November election's Esther Sanchez. Two years ago, Sanchez, a Latina newcomer to elective office, came out of left field, slipped on the Adidas and precinct-walked her way to victory in a crowded City Council race. This year, Chávez, also a Latino rookie to elective office, has charged out of right field and appears a powerful front-runner in a smaller field that includes two incumbents (Carol McCauley and Betty Harding) and two formidable grass-roots challengers (Sam Williamson and Jim Wood)." [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/24/02]

Chávez's Involvement With The Republican Establishment Began Early

San Diego Union Tribune: "Chávez Looks Like A Thoroughbred In The GOP Stable," With Rep. Darrell Issa's Support In The City Council Race. "Chávez has three Achilles' heels, it seems to me. In the next two months, we'll see if any trip up his campaign. First, he's relatively new to Oceanside. Yes, his Pattonesque aura of authority has led him to high-profile leadership positions. He knows the major players, but does he know the people, the texture of the growing, changing town? (For example, East Oceanside is now where the numbers are and many of these voters don't have ties with the downtown power structure.) Second, Chávez can be seen as a Republican candidate in a nonpartisan race. Clearly, the GOP has tagged him as a rising Latino star. The council seat could be a coldly calculated means to get him to Sacramento. Chávez was elected to the Republican Central Committee after his retirement last fall. In succession, North County Supervisor Bill Horn, Assemblyman Mark Wyland, R-Vista, and Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, have thrown him their support. No question, Chávez looks like a thoroughbred in the GOP stable. (That is, if he wins in November.) Third, there's the matter of his confidence/arrogance." [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/24/02]

San Diego Tribune: Rocky Chávez Was The "Republican Party's Latino Darling." "Rocky Chávez, the Republican Party's Latino darling, won the second council seat, surprising no one. The Marine dynamo promises to throw a heavy charge of pro-business explosives into the council. You have to wonder how Mayor Terry Johnson, two years into his term, is going to handle two cocksure freshmen from opposite ends of the city's political spectrum" [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/7/02]

San Diego Tribune Columnist: Chávez Was No Longer A GOP Favorite After Voting Against "In God We Trust" Plaque. "If Chávez is going to win, the Republican machine, which turned its back on him after he got sideways with Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, over the 'In God We Trust' plaque in the council chambers, is going to have to lose big time, something it doesn't do gracefully." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 8/5/04]

2006: GOP Endorsed Chávez During His Re-Election Bid For City Council. "Incumbent Councilman Rocky Chávez and candidate Jerome Kern have been endorsed by the county Republican Central Committee for two nonpartisan City Council seats in the Nov. 7 election. Committee action came late Monday night at Republican party headquarters in San Diego." [San Diego Union Tribune, <u>8/30/06</u>]

2002: Prominent Republican Officeholders And The Lincoln Club of San Diego County Endorsed Chávez For City Council

Republican PAC Lincoln Club of San Diego Endorsed Chávez For City Council In 2002. "Other Oceanside council candidates, who started their campaigns earlier, are announcing endorsements they have received. Jim Wood, a police detective endorsed by the Oceanside Police Officers Association, said yesterday he also has the support of the San Diego and Imperial County chapters of the Peace Officers Research Association of California. And Rocky Chávez has been endorsed by the Lincoln Club of San Diego County, a Republican political-action group." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/7/02]

2002: Former Oceanside Mayor Larry Bagley Endorsed Chávez For City Council. "Former Mayor Larry Bagley has endorsed candidate Rocky Chávez in the Nov. 5 election for City Council. Bagley also has contributed \$100 toward Chávez's campaign. He announced his endorsement at a recent Meet the Candidate reception at the home of Ann and Bruce Mortland." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/26/02]

2002: Chávez Received Financial Support From State Senator Bill Morrow And State Assemblyman Mark Wyland. "Oceanside City Council candidate Rocky Chávez announced yesterday that he has won the support of state Sen. Bill Morrow, R-Oceanside -- no surprise, since Chávez has been backed by most local Republican office holders. But they're giving more than their name to the political neophyte. Recent reports to the City Clerk's Office show that Morrow has contributed \$999.99 to Chávez's campaign and Assemblyman Mark Wyland, R-Escondido, has donated \$1,000." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/1/02]

Legislative History

State Assembly

2014: The Latino Caucus Rejected Chávez Because He Was A Republican, Which Led To Calls For An Investigation

Chávez Said He Thought The Latino Caucus Should Be Inclusive, Since They Are Supported By Taxpayer Dollars. "Shortly after he was elected, state Assemblyman Rocky Chávez took what he said was a natural step and asked to join the California Latino Legislative Caucus. The Oceanside Republican said his request last year was at first met with silence. 'When I didn't get a response, I asked what the deal was and they said that I wouldn't be allowed in,' Chávez said. 'They do not allow Republicans to be part of the group.' That rejection has sparked debate in and out of the Legislature about the diversity of opinion in Latino politics and whether taxpayers should be supporting legislative caucuses that have a partisan agenda. [...] Chávez said his primary concern involves the restrictions on membership when the group is using taxpayer resources, including an office in the Legislative Office Building, two staff members and a spot on the official state Legislature website. 'I think it should be inclusive in that case,' he said." [Los Angeles Times, 7/10/14]

Republican Senator Joel Anderson Asked The State Attorney General To Investigate The Latino Caucus. "Sen. Anderson (R-Alpine) has asked the state attorney general to investigate the group and its membership policies. 'The name Latino Caucus is intentionally misleading, because it implies equal access for all Latino legislators,' Anderson said. 'Using taxpayer-sourced, public funds to deny them their voice is wrong.'" [Los Angeles Times, 7/10/14]

Kamala Harris, State Attorney General: There Was "No Legal Prohibition Against" Rejecting Chávez From The Latino Caucus. "In response to a query by Sen. Joel Anderson, R-El Cajon, the state Attorney General's Office has stated that it is legal for the California Legislature's Latino Caucus to limit its membership only to Democratic members. [...] The response, signed by Harris and Deputy Attorney General Jonathan Eisenberg, notes, '(W)e have reviewed the matter but have found no legal prohibition against the practice described.' They also found no requirement that the caucus include the word 'Democratic' in its name. They urged Anderson to raise the issue directly with the Legislature's leadership. Democrats indicated they weren't likely to change the status of the caucus before Anderson's inquiry. Action is less likely now that Harris has weighed in. Anderson likely knew in advance how Harris would rule, but sought the opinion to make a point." [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/7/14]

Oceanside City Council

2005: Chávez Voted To Spend \$330,000 On A Special City Council Election Instead Of Making Bipartisan Efforts

Chávez Voted Against 3rd Place Finisher Shari Mackin's Appointment, Which Ultimately Led To A \$330,000 Special Election. "Oceanside voters will go to the polls June 7 to choose a new City Council member, it was reported today. The election was called automatically yesterday after the council failed Wednesday night to name someone to fill the seat left vacant when Councilman Jim Wood was elected mayor Nov. 2, according to The San Diego Union-Tribune. Wednesday night was the deadline for council action. On Dec. 15, the four remaining council members deadlocked 2-2 on whether to name Shari Mackin to the vacant seat, the newspaper reported. Mackin placed third in the November balloting for two council seats. Councilman Rocky Chávez nominated five community leaders for the position Wednesday, and the council voted 2-2 on each of the names he put forth, the Union-Tribune reported. The election will cost the city about \$330,000." [City News Service, 1/7/05]

Jim Wood Won The 2004 Mayoral Race, Leaving His City Council Seat Vacant Post-Election. "This city's mayor-elect, Jim Wood, is going to make a big difference at City Hall, according to re-elected Councilwoman Esther Sanchez. He is going to bring professionalism back to the council, she said. The first

issue for the council will be how to fill Wood's now-empty council seat. The person chosen likely will be a swing vote on many issues between opposite-minded factions, City Hall observers said. The remaining four council members are divided about who should be appointed. Wood and Sanchez say the council should appoint the candidate with the next-highest vote count, their losing de facto running mate, Shari Mackin. The remaining council members, Rocky Chávez and Jack Feller, don't see it that way. Chávez said he is confident that the council can agree on a neutral, apolitical person, not allied to either side. Feller predicted an impasse and a need for a costly election." [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/29/04]

By Law, The City Council Needed To Appoint A Replacement Within 30 Days Of The Election Or Hold A Special Election, Which Would Cost \$330,000. "On Wednesday, the City Council will officially approve an issue that is likely to dominate city politics into the summer —— a special election to fill a vacant seat. The council will officially set the election —— expected to take place on June 7 ——— that was triggered because the council could not agree to an appointment during a 30-day window after the new council was sworn in on Dec. 7. The council is scheduled to authorize \$330,000 from the city's general fund to pay for the election, although the cost could be less if there is a statewide or countywide initiative on the June ballot. [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/17/05]

Shari Mackin Finished In 3rd Place During The City Council Election And Was The Top Pick For Appointee. "Within hours of the election results, waves of e-mails went out touting Shari Mackin as the logical appointment to the Wood seat. The partisan line: Mackin had campaigned for the council and finished a close third with nearly 19,000 votes, almost 7,000 votes ahead of the fourth-place candidate. By selecting Mackin, the 'people's choice,' the city could avoid a special election costing in the neighborhood of \$300,000." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 11/18/04]

OP-ED: If Chávez Appointed Mackin, She Was Expected To Vote In Line With Chávez's Frequent Opposition, Mayor Wood and Councilwoman Sanchez. "[A]ny appointee to this fifth seat needs three votes. Feller is likelier to vote for the Tooth Fairy than Mackin. That leaves Rocky Chávez, who ran and lost in the race for mayor but keeps his council seat. And a hot seat it is. If Chávez votes to appoint Mackin, he seals the Wood/Sanchez/Mackin majority, however much he may disagree with them later. So he's reportedly on the lookout for an appointee more to his liking, but enough to the liking of at least two of his colleagues to get their votes." [San Diego Union Tribune, Op-Ed, 12/2/04]

Chávez Pledged To Propose Apolitical Appointees: "I Really Looked For A Diverse Group." "Chávez said Tuesday that his five candidates for appointment represent a broad range of perspectives. 'When I was out looking for people, I really looked for a diverse group,' Chávez said. 'We have Republicans, Democrats, we have men and women, we have different ethnicities, we have people who are from business areas and people who are from nonprofits. The one commonality that all five of them have is that they all have over decades of public service in the community; they're not just people who have done one thing." [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/29/04]

Four Out Of Five Of Chávez's Appointees Were "Active Members Of The Republican Party." "But where Chávez sees diversity, Wood and Sanchez said they see political maneuvering. 'These are supposed to be apolitical?' Wood asked. He said Mackin's third-place finish in the two-seat council race makes her more qualified than any of the five candidates on Chávez's list. 'I'd have to think about all of them, but I don't see anyone there that deserves to be circumventing the number one vote-getter.' Sanchez said that, with the exception of Swan, everyone on the list is 'highly active in the local Republican Party.' 'I think these are political activists, and they certainly had the opportunity to run if they wanted to be on the council,' Sanchez added. [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/29/04]

Mackin Won The June Special Election Anyway. "Shari Mackin took nearly half the votes cast in a special election Tuesday for a City Council seat, soundly defeating former Mayor Terry Johnson and nine other candidates. About 28 percent of the registered voters cast ballots, one of the lowest turnouts in Oceanside in a quarter-century. Mackin will serve the remaining 14 months in the term of Jim Wood, who was elected mayor in November." [San Diego Union Tribune, 6/12/05]

San Diego Union Tribune Column: Chávez Was "The Poster Child Of Political Independence," But Consistently Voted With Two Of His Colleagues During His Tenure As City Councilman

OP-ED: Chávez Did Not "Fit The Traditional Role Of Oceanside Politicians." "The other first-time council member, Rocky Chávez, a retired Marine colonel, doesn't fit the traditional role of Oceanside politicians. He is the poster child of political independence, with obligations to no one but city residents. How he will mix with council holdovers Mayor Terry Johnson and Jack Feller is unclear, but it would be surprising if the amount of eyescratching during council meetings did not diminish substantially." [San Diego Union Tribune, Column, 11/9/02]

After Winning A City Council Spot, Chávez Said, "I Will Not Be A Member Of Any Voting Bloc." "Moments after being sworn in as one of two new City Council members yesterday morning, Rocky Chávez promised to bring dignity to the body and to refrain from joining any voting blocs. No sooner had Chávez finished talking than one City Hall observer whispered, 'I wonder how long he can keep that promise.' Despite Chávez's proclamation that it will be 'one team, one council for Oceanside,' most political observers predict a lot of 3-2 votes in the coming years. They expect Chávez to side often with Mayor Terry Johnson and Councilman Jack Feller, especially in matters involving growth. [...] He said he will heed the message heard often on the campaign trail to 'please bring dignity to the office of City Council.' 'The public is tired of personalities and perceived voting blocs,' he said. 'I will not be a member of any voting bloc.' Johnson responded: 'We're off to a great start now.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/4/02]

Mayor Johnson Went Against Precedent And Appointed Chávez Deputy Mayor Instead Of Ideological Opponent Councilman Jim Wood. "Mayor Terry Johnson appointed Rocky Chávez deputy mayor Wednesday with the concurrence of the three other council members present. Councilwoman Esther Sanchez had left the chambers briefly. Sanchez, the current deputy mayor, had been passed over for the job two years ago by Johnson, who appointed Councilman Jack Feller instead. The mayor has the prerogative, but the job often has rotated first to the candidate who received the most votes when they were elected. That would have meant Sanchez over Feller two years ago and Jim Wood over Chávez now. 'Yes, I'm a little disappointed,' Wood said. 'If I were mayor, I would do it differently.' But, he said, it's some-thing Johnson 'has the right to do.' Three people protested from the audience. 'You looked bad when you bypassed Esther Sanchez. You look worse bypassing Jim Wood,' said June Kristapovich, a frequent council critic." [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/4/03]

San Diego Union Tribune: "Chávez Has Voted More Often With Johnson And Councilman Jack Feller." "The two councilmen have often taken different sides on issues. Chávez has voted more often with Johnson and Councilman Jack Feller. Wood sometimes, but not always, votes with maverick Councilwoman Esther Sanchez. Chávez has kept a tally. Between Dec. 4, 2002, and Nov. 5, 2003, he said, there were 58 contested votes at the council dais and his side won 54. Johnson was on the losing end of 10 votes, Feller lost 12, Wood 16 and Sanchez 22. Chávez said his winning record is due to what he called his 'consistent vision,' his efforts to help Oceanside residents achieve a good quality of life and his focus on economic development." [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/1/04]

Ethics

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez gave his ex-chief of staff a raise after finding out that he was investigated for making sexually inappropriate comments and viewing pornography.
- ✓ Chávez has been accused of being distracted by special interests instead of voting independently.
- ✓ Chávez used his campaign social media pages (Facebook and Twitter) to magnify his official social media posts.
- ✓ Chávez has committed various small ethics violations, concerning his campaign finance.

Misconduct

2013: Chávez's Former Chief Of Staff Anthony Zamarron Was Sanctioned For Sexual Harassment; Chávez Gave Him A Raise Instead Of Firing Him

August – September 2013: Chávez's Former Chief Of Staff, Anthony Zamarron, Committed Sexual Harassment While Still Working For Chávez

August – September 2013: Deputy Administrative Officer For The Rules Committee Lynda Roper Wrote A Memo Regarding Zamarron's Alleged Sexually Inappropriate Comments And Pornography Use. "The conduct related to [redacted] include descriptions of Mr. Zamarron's weekend exploits and pornography on his computer. [...] When asked to describe the behaviors that made her feel this way, [redacted] cited the following. He talks about his weekends and people he's slept with. Every once in a while someone from the building who works in another office will stop by to drop something off; when she leaves Mr. Zamarron makes comments like, 'That may or may not have been awkward. She may have seen me naked.'" [Sacramento Bee, 2/2/18]

Zamarron Was Rocky Chávez's Chief of Staff When Sexual Misconduct Investigation Occurred. "Anthony Zamarron, the former chief of staff for Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, came under scrutiny in August 2013 after complaints were filed about his alleged inappropriate comments, according to two memos from Lynda Roper, deputy administrative officer for the Assembly Rules Committee." [Sacramento Bee, 2/2/18]

September 2013: Deputy Rules Committee Administrative Officer Lynda Roper Met With Zamarron About The Results Of Her Investigation And Sent A Memo To Chávez's Office

September 2013: Chávez Received A Memo Detailing A Rules Committee Administrative Officer Meeting With His Staffer, Anthony Zamarron, Regarding Making Inappropriate Comments In The Workplace. "This memorandum is written in follow-up to our meeting on August 28, 2013, during which I informed you about complaints brought forward [...] I reviewed with you the nature of the complaints, which have to do with inappropriate comments made in the workplace." [Sacramento Bee, 2/2/18]

In The Memo, The Deputy Administrative Officer Reported That Zamarron Denied Or Did Not Recall Some Of The Allegations. "You said you understood some of the concerns that were raised. There were some statements attributed to you that you denied making or felt were taken out of context. Some of the statements you don not recall having made were reported to me by more than one person. We discussed the Assembly's expectations for professionalism in the workplace. As a Chief of Staff, these standards are especially high, and

you are expected to serve as a role model for the office. You said you understood these expectations and took the concerns brought forward seriously." [Sacramento Bee, $\frac{2}{2}$

Zamarron Remained Chávez's Chief Of Staff And Also Worked On Chávez's Subsequent Assembly Campaign

Zamarron Was Part Of Chávez's Staff From December 3, 2012 To June 30, 2014. [Assembly Rules Committee - Fiscal Office Salary Listing, <u>2/15/18</u>]

4/09/13 – 6/13/14: Chávez's Campaign Paid Anthony Zamarron For Campaign Consulting. From April 9th, 2013 until at least June 13th, 2014, Rocky Chávez's campaign employed Anthony Zamarron as a campaign consultant. [CA Secretary of State, Rocky Chávez for Assembly 2014 campaign finance, accessed <u>2/14/18</u>]

Zamarron Received A Raise Between 2013 And 2014

May 2013: Zamarron's Monthly Salary Was \$6,360. [California State Assembly, accessed 2/5/18]

February 2014: Zamarron's Monthly Salary Was \$7,084. [California State Assembly, accessed 2/5/18]

Zamarron Was The Highest Paid Member Of Chávez's Staff When He Left In 2014. [Assembly Rules Committee - Fiscal Office Salary Listing, <u>2/15/18</u>]

2009: Chávez Allegedly Graffitied The Oceanside City Manager's Nameplate After A Disagreement

Chávez Was Reportedly Angry With City Manager Peter Weiss After Weiss Was Chosen To Lead A Tour Of Camp Pendleton Instead Of Him

Chávez Was Reportedly Angry That He Did Not Lead A City Official Tour Of Camp Pendleton. "Last month, the mayor invited a foursome of city officials -- City Manager Peter Weiss, two deputy city managers and the city attorney -- to tour Camp Pendleton. The idea was to learn the lay of the federal land while meeting counterparts on the neighboring Marine base. In the course of the field trip, the city employees had the opportunity to, among other fun things, shoot gun simulators. When they returned, Chávez expressed his skepticism about the utility of the long excursion. (Wood said Chávez was 'livid'; Councilman Jerry Kern said 'mad'; Chávez didn't return a phone call seeking comment.) With some justification, Chávez figures he's the council's expert guide to the base where he served in uniform. As Kern confirmed, 'The Colonel' was 'doubly mad' that he hadn't led the city expedition to Pendleton." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 3/5/09]

Chávez Supposedly Singled Out City Manager Weiss For Leading The Tour And Questioned His Military Knowledge. "Weiss, whose job requires a thick skin, said he didn't feel that Chávez 'yelled' at him, though he acknowledged that more sensitive souls might have thought so. [...] During the -- let's say animated -- conversation, Chávez asked Weiss if he knew the definition of a 'lucky charm' and a 'bootstrap,' Weiss recalled. Chávez explained that 'lucky charm' and 'bootstrap,' in military parlance, are synonyms for lackeys who curry favor with their superior officers." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 3/5/09]

In A Callback To Something Chávez Said While He Was On The Tour, Someone Graffitied Military Slang On The Nameplate Of The City Manager

Someone Later Graffitied Weiss' Nameplate With Military Slang; Chávez Was The Prime Suspect. "Shortly after Chávez's linguistic lecture, the words 'lucky charm' were written in ink on Weiss' nameplate. It's widely assumed at City Hall that Chávez was the tagger. [...] The janitor, Weiss said, was 'astounded' at the pranks on the third floor of City Hall." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 3/5/09]

Colleague And Mayor Jim Wood: "It's Inappropriate. (Chávez's) Way Of Management Is Intimidation." "When Mayor Wood was briefed, he sized up the incident as workplace harassment and criminal vandalism. He went to Human Resources to sound the alarm. 'Under our policy,' he told me, 'I'm required to report this (sort of offense) to HR.' To Wood's chagrin, HR 'didn't want to touch it. But nobody else could get away with this. It's inappropriate. (Chávez's) way of management is intimidation.' When interviewed by HR, Weiss downplayed the episode, which he sees as trivial when compared with the city's financial challenges." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 3/5/09]

2002: At A Chamber of Commerce Event, Chávez Was Allegedly "Extremely Intoxicated" And Injured City Councilwoman Carol McCauley

Former City Councilwoman Carol McCauley: "He Came Running At Me, And He Hit Me In The Face So Hard, It Almost Broke My Nose" During A Pie-Throwing Contest. "He could be aggressive. Carol McCauley, a City Council member ousted by Chávez, recalled a pie-throwing contest during the 2002 campaign at a Chamber of Commerce auction. She put her face in the cardboard cutout. 'He came running at me, and he hit me in the face so hard, it almost broke my nose,' she said. The room fell silent, and four women, including Chávez's wife, helped clean up her bloody nose in the restroom, she said. Chávez 'was extremely intoxicated' and never apologized, she said. Asked to explain, Chávez denied he was drunk and said he hadn't thought about the incident in years." [Los Angeles Times, 5/31/15]

Special Interests & Favoritism

Chávez Was Accused Of Showing Favoritism Towards Developers Who Had Given Him Gifts And Campaign Contributions

Councilwoman Esther Sanchez Accused Chávez Of Giving A Development Contract To Someone Who Had Done Him Favors In The Past, But The City Attorney Found No Conflict Of Interest

Sanchez Said Chávez Should Have Disclosed His Conflict Of Interest With Developer Michael Naim Before The Controversial Vote. "Councilwoman Esther Sanchez is challenging colleague Rocky Chávez over what she said was the appearance of a conflict of interest when he voted for a controversial development last week. Sanchez has placed an item on the agenda for Wednesday's council meeting to discuss the vote. She said Chávez should have disclosed that the developer, Michael Naim of Beverly Hills, had given him architectural drawings for new buildings at the Oceanside School of Business and Technology, which Chávez heads." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/31/03]

Interim City Attorney Anita Willis Advised That There Was No Legal Conflict Of Interest. "It's no big deal," Naim said yesterday. He said that he likes to help the community and he was giving the schematic drawings, which he judged to be worth about \$500 on the open market, to a nonprofit organization. Interim City Attorney Anita Willis said yesterday that she advised Chávez he had no conflict of interest because he does not stand to profit financially from the gift. Willis said the gift was to the school and not Chávez -- an opinion echoed by Chávez yesterday. Sanchez agreed there probably was no legal conflict of interest, but said: 'It really concerns me. It's the appearance of impropriety. I want to avoid any impression that the council can be bought by developers.' She noted that last week, at the point in the meeting when council members usually disclose with whom they have had contact before an item is discussed, Chávez said only 'contact' without specifically disclosing a relationship with Naim. 'Contact -- that's all I ever say,' Chávez said yesterday in a telephone interview." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/31/03]

Chávez, In His Own Defense: "Marines Don't Lie." "A session in which Councilwoman Esther Sanchez criticized the mayor, the city attorney and Councilman Rocky Chávez this week ended in a bit of a standoff when Sanchez refused Chávez's conciliatory handshake. Sanchez said she couldn't take Chávez's hand after being called a liar. Chávez had not used the word 'liar' Wednesday night, but said he never made remarks Sanchez attributed to a conversation with him, and she said that was the same thing as referring to her as a liar.

On his part, Chávez said Sanchez also was accusing him of telling less than the truth. 'Marines don't lie,' the retired colonel said more than once. Mayor Terry Johnson and Councilman Jim Wood had tried to ease the tensions between their colleagues, but Sanchez continued making her point of a possible ethics breach on Chávez's part.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 6/6/03]

Chávez Approved A Building Project For The Jubela Family, Who Later Contributed \$14,000 To His Campaign

Chávez Approved A Building Project For The Jubela Family, Who Later Contributed \$14,000 To His Campaign. "The largest contribution from one family is the \$14,000 that Ernest and Marie Jubela of Escondido gave Chávez. Maria Jubela contributed \$8,000 in September, and Ernest Jubela, the owner of Express Tires, gave \$6,000 in October. The Jubelas received approval in June from the council to build a three-story duplex on Pacific Street. The project was supported by Chávez, Mayor Jim Wood and Councilman Jack Feller. Chávez said the family, which donates heavily to the Republican Party, has told him they support 'stand-up people with character in political office." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/27/06]

Opponent Shari Mackin Expressed Concern With "Special Interests" Driving Elections. "I am outraged that these special interests feel they can come to our city and buy an election,' Mackin said. 'That is an insult to every Oceanside resident.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/06]

Chávez Fought For The Oceanside Municipal Airport, Which Kept Giving Him Money And Making Independent Expenditures On His Behalf

Chávez Received PAC Money From The Oceanside Municipal Airport And Then Fought To Keep It Open

Chávez Received At Least \$1,000 From The Oceanside Municipal Airport PAC. "A third political-action committee, favoring retention of Oceanside Municipal Airport, has distributed funds to the seven serious city council contenders, with the most going to the airport's biggest supporters: \$1,000 each to incumbent Carol McCauley and challengers Sam Williamson and Rocky Chávez, \$400 each to challengers John Hoffman and Paul Wick and \$200 each to incumbent Betty Harding and challenger Jim Wood, not big airport boosters." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/25/02]

Chávez Voted To Keep The Oceanside Municipal Airport Open And Improve It. "Oceanside Municipal Airport has been given new life. By a 3-2 vote yesterday, the City Council decided to go ahead with the master plan to improve the 50-year-old airport. A majority of Mayor Terry Johnson and council members Jack Feller and Rocky Chávez said the airport could make money, if improved, but that it would cost the city a great deal of money to attempt to close airport and end up in a long, drawn-out legal battle with the Federal Aviation Administration." [San Diego Union Tribune, 3/13/03]

After The Oceanside Airport's PAC Ran Chávez Campaign Ads, He Voted In Favor Of Keeping It Open

Oceanside Airport PAC Paid For A ¾ Page Ad In A Local Newspaper, Attacking Chávez's City Council Opponent. "City Councilwoman Shari Mackin sent out a news release Friday denouncing a negative political advertisement directed against her campaign and questioning the role of national organizations in the Oceanside election. Mackin is one of seven candidates for two Oceanside council seats up for election Nov. 7. [...] Carolyn Krammer, Mackin's campaign manager, said the councilwoman was busy campaigning, and the release was a response to an (sic) a 3/4-page ad that ran Friday in the North County Times. The ad, paid for by the Oceanside Airport Political Action Committee, has a caricature of Mackin and criticizes her for abusing her city-issued credit card. It urges voters to support incumbent Rocky Chávez and Jerry Kern, a former president of the Chamber of Commerce." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/06]

Chávez Claimed He Was Not Aware And "Don't Appreciate My Picture Being Used That Way." "Kern and Chávez both said they have run completely positive campaigns and didn't know about the advertisement

until they saw it Friday morning in the newspaper. 'I was extremely upset when I saw it this morning and I don't want my picture to be used in that manner," Chávez said. "I have relayed to the airport (political action committee) that I don't appreciate my picture been used that way." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/06]

City Council Was Due For A Debate On The Future Of The Airport. "The future of the Oceanside Municipal Airport will be up for debate Wednesday when the City Council reviews a long-awaited study about the controversial city-owned facility in the western end of the San Luis Rey River Valley. The council will discuss a recommendation from its staff members that Oceanside keep the airport open for at least 15 or 20 more years, build hangars on the south side and consider eventually developing the north side with shops or offices." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/06]

Chávez Voted In Favor Of Improving The Oceanside Airport. "After a year of contentious debate about the Oceanside Municipal Airport, the City Council agreed to a compromise Wednesday to improve the airfield and develop a better program to keep planes from roaring over nearby homes. The council voted 4-1, with Mayor Jim Wood opposed, to proceed with a plan to keep the airport open for at least 15 more years, upgrade the south side and consider developing shops or houses on the north end. [...] Critics have complained the planes are too noisy and the valuable property could be better used, while airport supporters - including a politically active airport association - argue it's a valuable asset to the community. 'This has been a very emotional and divisive issue in the city,' Councilman Rocky Chávez said. 'I agree with Councilwoman Sanchez that a compromise is appropriate.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/2/06]

Chávez Repeatedly Received Campaign Contributions From Philip Morris And Its Parent Company, And Then Voted Against Raising The Smoking Age And Raising Tobacco Licensing Fees

2013: Chávez Received \$8,000 In Campaign Donations From Philip Morris

In 2013, Chávez Received \$8,000 In Campaign Donations From Tobacco Company Philip Morris. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$4,100 In Campaign Donations From Philip Morris' Parent Company

In 2014, Chávez Received \$4,100 In Campaign Donations From Tobacco Company Philip Morris. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

2015: Chávez Received \$3,900 In Campaign Donations From Philip Morris' Parent Company

Chávez Accepted \$3,900 In Campaign Donations From The Tobacco Industry. "The American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network is disappointed, but not surprised, to learn money is pouring in from the tobacco industry to influence California politicians and fund political action committees. In most cases, the contributions were the maximum allowed by law. Our nonprofit cancer group is calling on elected officials and PACs to stop the cycle of addiction and death by returning dirty tobacco money. Philip Morris USA Inc. and its affiliates, including Altria, report making more than a dozen contributions totaling \$175,700 in just the first quarter of 2015. State Assembly members Travis Allen, Catharine Baker, Rocky Chávez and Don Wagner, and state Sens. Isadore Hall, Mike Morrell and Sharon Runner all took \$3,900 or more." [Sacramento Bee, Jim Knox, 5/18/15]

In 2015, Chávez Received \$3,900 In Campaign Donations From Altria, Philip Morris' Parent Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

2016: Chávez Voted Against Raising The Smoking Age

Chávez: "Is Smoking Bad? Yes. But I Would Argue That Big Macs Are Also Bad." "[T]he most contentious bill approved Thursday would make it a crime to sell tobacco to anyone under 21. That bill was approved in a 46-26 vote during a special session on health care. While two Republicans voted to raise the smoking age - Catharine

Baker of San Ramon and David Hadley of Torrance Los Angeles County - the chorus of opposition came mostly from GOP members. Tobacco companies are major contributors to California elections, with Philip Morris giving \$200,000 to the California Republican Party on Dec. 1, according to the Secretary of State's Office. [...] 'At what point do we restrict the life of the individual freedom?' asked Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside San Diego County, who opposed the bills. 'Is smoking bad? Yes. But I would argue that Big Macs are bad also. If you look at diabetes in our country for the youth, it's a much bigger threat than smoking. But I would not be on this floor saying get rid of Big Macs.'" [San Francisco Chronicle, 3/3/16]

2016: Chávez Voted Against Raising Tobacco Licensing Application Fees

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Raising License Application Fees For Businesses Selling Cigarettes Or Tobacco Products. In March 2016, Chávez voted against: "Rais[ing] the fees described [requiring a wholesaler or distributor that commences business selling or distributing cigarettes or tobacco products, or that commences doing so at a new or different place of business in the state, to apply for a license accompanied by a required fee of \$1,000 for each location] to \$1,200." The bill passed the Assembly 48 to 26, with 5 not voting, and became law. [AB 11, passed the Assembly, 3/3/16; became law, 5/4/16]

2016: Chávez Voted Against Taxing Tobacco Products, But Voted For Taxing Medical Marijuana

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing A Local Governments To Impose A Tax On Cigarettes And Tobacco Products. In March 2016, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing], on and after January 1, 2017, the board of supervisors of a county or city and county to impose a tax on the privilege of distributing cigarettes and tobacco products in the county or city and county, including within an incorporated city within the county, and would make conforming changes." The bill passed the Assembly 46 to 27, with 6 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 10, passed the Assembly, 3/3/16; vetoed by Governor, 5/4/16]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Impose A Tax On Every Distributor Of Medical Marijuana. In June 2016, Chávez voted for: "Impos[ing] a tax in specified amounts on every distributor upon all medical cannabis and medical cannabis products distributed to a dispensary in this state, as specified. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization to administer and collect the tax pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Fee Collection Procedures Law." The bill passed the Assembly 60 to 12, with 8 not voting, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 2243, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Authorizing Counties To Impose A Tax Upon Specified Cannabis-Related Activity. In September 2015, Chávez voted did not vote on: "Authoriz[ing] counties to impose a tax upon specified cannabis-related activity." The bill passed the Assembly 58 to 13, with 9 not voting, and became law. [SB 643, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

After Chávez Voted To Allow Orcas To Keep Performing In Captivity, He Received \$1,000 From SeaWorld

2014: Chávez Received A \$1,000 Contribution From SeaWorld After Voicing Opposition To A Bill That Would Ban Orca Performance

March 2014: Chávez Spoke Out Against A Bill That Would Ban SeaWorld From Having Orcas Perform. "A state lawmaker was expected to propose legislation Friday that would ban SeaWorld from using orcas in its San Diego shows, a decision that divided other legislators. [...] Bloom's proposal has three central objectives, according to U-T San Diego: end the use of performing orcas in theme shows, ban captive breeding and prohibit the import and export of the so-called killer whales. It does not seek to prevent SeaWorld from maintaining an orca exhibit so long as it is done in more of an aquarium-like setting. [...] Among San Diego's legislative delegation, Assemblywoman Lorena Gonzalez, D-San Diego, said she would likely support the bill, while Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, said he is opposed. 'I have seen firsthand the joy that animals can bring to individuals, such as my own grandchildren when they visit San Diego,' Chávez said. 'I cannot support legislation

that will take away from our region's unique identity and will undoubtedly cost us jobs and tourism.' Businesses that handle animals should continue to look for new ways to improve their quality of life, he said." [Times of San Diego, 3/7/14]

September 2014: Chávez Received A \$1,000 Campaign Contribution From SeaWorld Parks And Entertainment, Inc., After Vocally Opposing The Proposed Bill. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Unallowable Spending

Office Expenditures

Chávez May Have Spent More Than The Yearly Allowable Amount Of \$5,210 In Expenditures

From June 2005 To July 2006, Chávez Charged \$5,383 To His Council Credit Card. "By council policy, the city budget allows council members \$5,210 in annual expenditures that can be paid by city-issued credit cards or through cash reimbursements. [...] Unaudited credit card charges previously obtained by The San Diego Union-Tribune for 13 months inclusive between June 2005 and July 2006 show: Councilman Rocky Chávez charged \$2,435, and his aide, Jennifer Topzand, charged \$2,948." [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/30/06]

Relationships

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez and Rep. Issa had a long history; Issa supported Chávez's run for city council in 2002, but later rescinded that support after Chávez voted against his wishes.
 - ✓ As Undersecretary of California's Department of Veterans Affairs in 2010, Chávez called Issa an "outstanding leader."
 - ✓ For the 2018 election to replace him, Issa endorsed former Assemblywoman Diane Harkey, one of Chávez's opponents.
- ✓ Chávez endorsed John McCain for President in 2008 and John Kasich for President in 2016.
- ✓ Chávez received more than \$15,000 in direct donations and almost \$600,000 in independent expenditures from Charles Munger Jr., the son of a billionaire businessman and a large GOP donor with a history of trying to buy elections.

Darrell Issa

2018: Issa Chose To Endorse Chávez's Opponent, Diane Harkey, In The 2018 Congressional Primary

Rep. Darrell Issa Endorsed Diane Harkey Over Chávez For His California 49th Congressional District Seat

Issa, On Diane Harkey: "She's Probably More Skilled In Coming To Office Than I Was." "Retiring Rep. Darrell Issa on Wednesday officially endorsed Board of Equalization member Diane Harkey to succeed him in the 49th Congressional District in north San Diego and south Orange counties. 'She's probably more skilled in coming to office than I was,' Issa said. 'She's had to battle the bureaucracy in Sacramento and she's had to deal with the tax code.' Harkey served three terms in the Assembly before being elected in 2014 to the Board of Equalization, the agency charged with tax administration and fee collection. Her district includes much of Southern California. Issa appeared with Harkey in an exclusive interview Wednesday morning on 10News. Harkey, who indicated last week she had Issa's backing, said she was 'extremely honored' by the endorsement. She faces fellow Republicans Rocky Chávez and Joshua Schoonover, as well as Democrats Doug Applegate — who narrowly lost in 2016 — Mike Levin, Paul Kerr and Sara Jacobs." [Times of San Diego, 1/24/18]

California Department Of Veterans Affairs

Chávez Heavily Praised Darrell Issa And His Leadership Skills At The Kickoff For A CalVet Program

2010: Chávez Called Rep. Darrell Issa An "Outstanding Leader In The Region – Not Only In This Region, The Nation, I Daresay The World." "We have some important partners with us here today also. I'd like to recognize the following: the Labor and Workforce Development Secretary Victoria Bradshaw; (Applause) Secretary of Service and Volunteering, Karen Baker; (Applause) two outstanding leaders in this region -- not only in this region, the nation, I daresay the world -- our U.S. House Representatives, Congressmen Brian Bilbray and Darrell Issa; (Applause)" [Governor's Office, press release, 6/3/10]

City Council

Rep. Issa Endorsed Chávez During His First Campaign For City Council

2002: Rep. Issa Endorsed Chávez During His First City Council Run. "Chávez also has taken to a new level the partisan involvement that has become increasingly evident in each new Oceanside election. He shares campaign headquarters with the local Republican Party offices. He is endorsed by the Central Committee of the San Diego Republican Party and the Lincoln Club of San Diego County, a Republican leadership group, as well as most Republican officeholders such as county Supervisor Bill Horn, Rep. Darrell Issa and Assemblyman Mark Wyland. He also is endorsed by the Building Industry Association." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/5/02]

2004: Chávez Angered Issa After Refusing To Allow A Plaque Reading "In God We Trust" Hang In City Council Chambers

Issa Was Invested In Putting The "In God We Trust" Plaque On The City Council Wall, Even Offering To Pay For It. "City Councilman Jack Feller is reviving his request to place the motto 'In God We Trust' behind the dais in the council chambers. Feller sent e-mail messages to constituents yesterday telling of his plans. He said he wrote to several church groups, asking for their support when he brings the subject up again at the council's July 7 meeting. And he said he's not asking for any city funds for the project because U.S. Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, and other political leaders have promised to pay for it." [San Diego Union Tribune, 6/24/04]

Chávez Was The City Council Deciding Vote And Ultimately Vetoed Putting Up The Plaque. "Toward the end of 2002, the council approved, on a 4-1 vote, a morale-boosting ornament for the council chambers: A \$6,500 faux bronze plaque including the phrase 'In God We Trust.' A month later, Mayor Terry Johnson, who had voted in the majority, put the issue of plaque on the council agenda again. This time, the council was split 2-2 with an outgoing councilwoman apologizing for her earlier decision and changing her vote to 'no,' and one member absent. The tie set the stage for a new council, with two newly elected members, to decide the fate of the plaque. [...] That left new Councilman Rocky Chávez with the deciding vote. Resisting the temptation to appeal to the Christian supporters of the plaque packing the chambers, Chávez said no. 'Physical and visual tolerance of diversity should be required of civil authorities,' he said. 'It's more important how we treat each other than that we wear a badge.'"

[San Diego Union Tribune, 7/5/04]

San Diego Tribune Columnist: Chávez Was No Longer A GOP Favorite After Voting Against "In God We Trust" Plaque. "If Chávez is going to win, the Republican machine, which turned its back on him after he got sideways with Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, over the 'In God We Trust' plaque in the council chambers, is going to have to lose big time, something it doesn't do gracefully." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, <u>8/5/04</u>]

2004: Issa Backed Chávez's Opponent In The Mayoral Race. "U.S. Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, a Chávez supporter in the council race two years ago, has switched his backing to Johnson in the mayoral campaign. Johnson recently changed his registration from Democrat to Republican." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/24/04]

John Kasich

2016 Presidential Election

April 2016: Chávez Endorsed John Kasich For President

Chávez: John Kasich Has "Run A Campaign With The Dignity Befitting A Great Leader." "Today California Assemblyman Rocky Chávez announced his support for Gov. John Kasich for President and joined the Kasich for America leadership team in California. Said Chávez, 'Our men and women in uniform deserve a Commander-in-Chief with the experience to lead on Day One, and only John Kasich has that experience. Our job creators need a leader who can partner with them, not stand in their way, by balancing the federal budget and cutting taxes. Only John Kasich has a realistic plan to create a jobs-friendly climate. Most important, poll after poll confirms that he is

the only Republican candidate who can actually win in a general election. He's run a campaign with the dignity befitting a great leader, and I'm proud to stand with him as we spread his message throughout California." [John Kasich, Press release, 4/7/16]

John McCain

2008 Presidential Election

Chávez Endorsed John McCain For President In 2008, Partially Because Of His Stance On Immigration

Los Angeles Times: "Chávez Was Won Over By McCain's Support For Comprehensive Immigration Reform." "Chávez supports McCain, a popular choice among many area veterans. He says the Arizona senator is a proven fiscal conservative and, as a longtime legislator and a former prisoner of war in Vietnam, the most qualified to steer the U.S. mission in Iraq to a successful end. Chávez also was won over by McCain's support for comprehensive immigration reform, including giving some illegal immigrants a path to citizenship. He acknowledges that is a view not shared by many of the Republicans he knows." [Los Angeles Times, 1/30/08]

Charles Munger, Jr.

2012: Chávez Received More Than \$500,000 In Independent Expenditures From Large California Republican Donor Charles Munger Jr.'s PAC, Spirit Of Democracy

Chávez Received \$521,000 In Campaign Ads And Research. "Republican Assembly candidate Rocky Chávez has received a late cash infusion of more than \$500,000 from an independent expenditure group, Spirit of Democracy California, established with seed money from Charles Munger Jr. The \$521,000 in contributions to Chávez went to pay for radio airtime and production costs, campaign literature and mailings, polling and survey research and other expenses, according to state filings through Friday. The intraparty race was made possible by the new election system in which the top two candidates -- regardless of party -- advance to the November general election. Munger's father is a vice president at Warren Buffett's investment firm. Munger has backed several candidates and causes. His sister, Molly Munger, is the chief financier of Proposition 38 that seeks to raise income taxes on most to pay for public schools and other programs." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/4/12]

HEADLINE: Charles Munger, Jr. – Buying Elections With Daddy's Money. [Huffington Post, 10/8/12]

LA Times: Munger, 58, Son Of A Billionaire, Was "By Far The State Party's Biggest Benefactor." "A month after Charles Munger Jr. wrote his first \$100,000 check to a political campaign, he got a taste of the chronic rejection familiar to California's big Republican donors: The 2005 ballot measure he backed lost by a landslide. Yet Munger, the son of a billionaire, went on to spend almost \$78 million on scores of other campaigns. [...] 'If it weren't for Charles Munger, the California Republican Party would have been driven into the sea at this point,' said Kevin Spillane, a GOP strategist. A courtly academic who fancies bow ties and suspenders, Munger, 58, spent more than \$11 million last year to help put Republicans in Congress and the Legislature, making him by far the state party's biggest benefactor. His funding of Latino, female and moderate candidates has been crucial to the party's effort to shed its image as a league of conservative white men." [Los Angeles Times, 4/4/15]

LA Times: Munger Usually Backed Losing Candidates And Ballot Initiatives, Trying To, "Remak[e] California Republicanism In His Bow-Tied Image," According To Critics. "Munger, a former Santa Clara County Republican Party chairman, has made enemies within his own party too, in part by bankrolling moderates in primaries against conservatives. He infuriated Orange County party leaders by spending more than \$580,000 to try to bounce Republican Allan Mansoor from the state Assembly in 2012. The moderate Republican backed by Munger finished a distant third. Months later, his clash with conservatives spawned 'The Munger Games,' a blog devoted to bashing what it calls a 'one-man maelstrom of money intent on

remaking California Republicanism in his bow-tied image.' [...] Much of Munger's money went to losers. But his funding of a few winners — such as Assembly members Catharine Baker in the Bay Area and David Hadley in the South Bay — was critical in denying Democrats a legislative supermajority." [Los Angeles Times, 4/4/15]

During The Course Of His Assembly Career, Munger Gave Chávez \$16,400 In Direct Donations And \$579,213.32 In Independent Expenditures

2016: Chávez Received \$8,400 From Charles Munger, Jr. In Individual Contributions [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$4,100 From Charles Munger, Jr. In Individual Contributions [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From Charles Munger, Jr. In Individual Contributions [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$579,213.32 In Independent Expenditures From Charles Munger, Jr.'s PAC, Spirit Of Democracy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/10/18]

Donald Trump

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez was critical of Trump while he was just a candidate, but once Trump took office, Chávez flip flopped, saying, "[i]t's too early to tell."
 - ✓ During the summer of 2015, Chávez said that Trump was "hurting the political process" and would "set out nation and our state back many years."
 - ✓ But by February 2017, Chávez said he liked Trump's nominees, citing Betsy DeVos, Rex Tillerson, and Neil Gorsuch, and others as "the right tenor and where we need to go."
- ✓ In January 2018, Chávez said the Trump White House was not in tune with Californians on issues like tax reform and offshore drilling, but thought a successful economy might change people's minds.

Criticism

Chávez Went From Being Critical Of Trump To Giving Him The Benefit Of The Doubt

2015: Chávez Was Critical Of Trump

Chávez: "Donald Trump's Lack Of Civility Is Hurting The Political Process." "I think Donald Trump's lack of civility is hurting the political process,' California state assembly Republican Rocky Chávez, a 2016 US Senate candidate, told AFP. 'We have serious issues that need to be discussed,' he added. 'To lower the bar to calling people names is not beneficial.' [...] After days of telling anyone who would listen that Trump is 'not conservative,' an exasperated Bush, confronted Wednesday by a man asking about The Donald, sighed: 'Do we have to talk about this guy?' Bush has a point, said assemblyman Chávez. 'If you wrestle with a pig, two things happen,' the US Marines veteran said. 'You get dirty, and the pig enjoys it.'" [Agence France Presse – English, 8/27/15]

Chávez: "The Ideologies Of Mr. Trump Will Set Our Nation And Our State Back Many Years And Damage Our Society For Many Years To Come." "Rocky Chávez, the Oceanside assemblyman and GOP U.S. Senate candidate, for the second time in two months publicly criticized Trump for his comments and positions on unauthorized immigrants. '... It is clear to me that the ideologies of Mr. Trump will set our nation and our state back many years and damage our society for many years to come,' he said in a statement Monday. '... The mean-spirited comments made by Mr. Trump are not characteristic of the Republican Party or our nation." [San Diego Union-Tribune, 8/21/15]

Chávez: "It Saddens Me That The Narrative Being Set For Republicans At A National Level Can Be Initiated By Someone Who Has Never Been Elected." "Rocky Chávez, a Republican seeking one of California's U.S. Senate seats in 2016, had some choice words Wednesday for Republican presidential candidate Donald Trump. Trump's incendiary comments about immigrants from Mexico have landed him in hot water, as Univision, NBC Universal and Macy's have cut ties with the reality-television businessman. Chávez, an assemblyman from Oceanside, took him to task with a statement issued Wednesday. 'It saddens me that the narrative being set for Republicans at a national level can be initiated by someone who has never been elected,' he said, noting his GOP colleagues in the state Legislature 'have a proven track record of supporting legislation that encourages comprehensive immigration reform." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 7/1/15]

Chávez: "Somebody Like [Trump] Would Pretty Much Damage The Image Of All The Good, Hard-Working Republicans." "It kills us,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican who is running for a U.S. Senate seat. 'If you have Trump up there running his message, that would pretty much assure any Republican in California is going to go down. It's not going to be just me. It's going to be Assembly members and senators ... Somebody like him would pretty much damage the image of all the good, hard-working Republicans.' Even if Trump cannot maintain his early standing in the polls, as many analysts predict, Chávez said, 'For California, what he brings back is a lot of the rancor of the 1990s, and I think that will hurt us.'" [Sacramento Bee, 9/20/15]

February 2017: Regarding Trump, Chávez Said It Was "Too Early To Tell"

Chávez Liked Trump's Supreme Court And Cabinet Picks. "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican who was deeply critical of Trump during the presidential campaign, said he now is giving him the benefit of the doubt. 'It's too early to tell,' Chávez said, mixing among the delegates at the party's Sacramento headquarters, where posters and photos of Ronald Reagan adorned the walls. 'I think his Supreme Court pick is outstanding. I think his picks of Kelly, Mattis, Tillerson ... and DeVos are very good.'" [Sacramento Bee, 2/25/17]

Chávez: Trump's Appointments Reflected "The Right Tenor And Where We Need To Go." "State Assemblyman Rocky J. Chávez (R-Oceanside), a former Marine colonel who represents some of the same slices of San Diego County as Issa does, was critical of Trump's rhetoric during the presidential campaign, especially on immigration. But this weekend, Chávez said he was pleased with the job the president has done since taking office, including his Supreme Court and Cabinet nominations. 'I think Trump's appointments, in particular with the Supreme Court, with the department of Defense, with secretary of State, with Homeland Security, have been very good appointments, and if you look at what each of them are doing, they're very measured and reflect, I believe, the right tenor and where we need to go,' he said." [Los Angeles Times, 2/25/17]

Chávez Was Still Skeptical Regarding Trump's Position On TPP. "One thing I'd say I have a question with is his (opposition) to the Trans Pacific Partnership (trade agreement). When I listen to Trump talk about it he puts it strictly along the lines of a business negotiation. (It's) much more than a business negotiation. It was an alliance to recognize the influence of China in the next 50 ... years from now." [Sacramento Bee, <u>2/25/17</u>]

New York Times: Chávez Said The Trump White House Was "Out Of Step" With Californians On Offshore Drilling And Tax Reform, But Was "Hopeful The Mood Would Change" By November 2018

Chávez: "If The Economy Continues To Go Well, This Could Change This Whole Discussion." "Rocky Chávez, a Republican State Assembly member who jumped in to run for Mr. Issa's seat, checked off the issues on which the Trump White House was out of step with many Californians, from offshore drilling to tax reform. But, he said, he was hopeful the mood would change by the time voters went to the polls. 'If the economy continues to go well, this could change this whole discussion,' he said. 'But it could also change on a tweet, as we all know.'" [New York Times, 1/19/18]

Issues

Agriculture Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez wrote a bill that started "California Thursdays" in California school districts, during which schools use local produce for the students' lunches.
- ✓ Chávez expressed support for AB 1389, which gave farm workers individual rights.
- ✓ Chávez has received support from the San Diego County Farm Bureau and the Coachella Valley Chapter of California Women for Agriculture.

Farmers' Rights

Chávez Expressed Support For A Bill That Would Allow Farm Workers Individual Rights

Chávez Expressed Support For Fair Contracts For CA Farm Workers Act, To Ensure "Workers Are Allowed Individual Rights For Farm Workers." "I was honored to stand beside my California Assembly Republican Caucus Colleagues in support of AB 1389, the Fair Contracts for Ca Farm Workers Act that would have ensured workers are allowed individual rights for farm workers. I appreciate Assemblymember Jim Patterson for bringing the bill forward and hope we will be able to make progress on this issue." [Assemblymember Rocky Chávez, Official Facebook, 5/7/15]

Tobacco

NOTE: All Tobacco-related bullets are located in the *Ethics - Conflicts of Interest Section*.

Local Agriculture

Supporting Local Farmers

Chávez Sponsored A Bill To Create A Holiday That Would Utilize Local Agriculture In Schools

Chávez Coauthored A Resolution Recognizing April 23rd As "California Thursday," Which Supports California-Grown Food In School Meals. "Honored to coauthor #HR15 proclaiming April 23rd as "California Thursday" #CaliforniaThursdays @cagrownofficial http://www.californiathursdays.org/" [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 4/23/15]

HR 15 Urged All Schools To Serve Locally Grown Food In California Schools On Thursdays. "That the Assembly proclaims April 23, 2015, as 'California Thursday' in the State of California; commends the Center for Ecoliteracy and participating school districts for advancing student health and academic achievement, investing in California agriculture and California's economy, and benefiting the state's environment; and urges all California schools to participate in 'California Thursdays'; and be it further Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution." [HR-15, Introduced 4/6/15]

Center For Ecoliteracy: California Thursdays Made School Districts Serve "Healthy, Freshly Prepared School Meals Made From California-Grown Food." "California Thursdays is a collaboration between the Center for Ecoliteracy and participating school districts to serve healthy, freshly prepared school meals made

from California-grown food. Serving fresh healthy food supports student health and academic achievement. It helps kids learn where their food comes from. Buying locally creates jobs and boosts the economy. It is also good for the environment." [Center for Ecoliteracy, Accessed 2/8/18]

Interest Groups

San Diego County Farm Bureau

Chávez Received Recognition From The San Diego County Farm Bureau

Chávez Honored San Diego County Farm Bureau's Farmer Of The Year. In an April 2015 tweet, Chávez wrote, "Honoring SD County Farm Bureau's Farmer of the Year: Mike Mellano @DaveRobertsSD @ConservtveWoman @AsmRocky" [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 4/27/15]

Coachella Valley California Women For Agriculture

Chávez Received Recognition From The California Women For Agriculture

Chávez Received The Certificate Of Adoption From The Coachella Valley Chapter Of The California Women For Agriculture. "I was honored to receive the Certificate of Adoption from the California Women for Agriculture Coachella Valley Chapter today! Thanks for all you do, CWA!" [Assemblymember Rocky Chávez, Official Facebook, 5/5/15]

Budget Issues

Significant Findings

✓ Chávez was the only Republican to vote in favor of the 2016 California state budget, which expanded Medicaid eligibility and increased early childhood education and higher education spending.

Funding And Budgets

Chávez Was The Only Republican Assembly Member To Vote For A Budget That Included Expanded Medicaid Coverage And Increased Funding For Preschool And Higher Education

In June 2015, Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Budget Act Of 2015. "Three days after Gov. Jerry Brown and legislative leaders reached agreement on a \$115.4 billion general fund state spending plan, lawmakers in both houses on Friday ratified the deal. The budget includes Brown's more conservative revenue estimates and lower overall spending levels, while increasing funding for preschool and universities and expanding Medi-Cal coverage to undocumented children starting in May 2016. [...] In the lower house, the bill passed almost entirely along party lines, with every Republican except for Rocky Chávez of Oceanside voting against it." [Sacramento Bee, 6/19/15]

SB 97 Encompassed Edits And Amendments From The Prior Versions Of The Budget Bill. In June 2015, Chávez voted for the 2015-2016 Budget package. "The resulting compromise creates a responsible budget based upon conservative revenue assumptions that still makes targeted new investments to improve California. The Conference Version of the Budget includes approximately \$115.4 billion in General Fund spending and total reserves of \$4.6 billion. This includes \$1.1 billion in the Regular Reserve and \$3.5 billion in the Rainy Day Fund." [SB 97, 6/19/15; California LegInfo, 6/24/15; Updated Floor Report, 6/16/15]

Chávez Voted Against The 2016 Budget Deal

Chávez Voted Against The Budget Deal In 2016. In May 2016, Chávez voted against: "SB 826, Leno. Budget Act of 2016. This bill would make appropriations for the support of state government for the 2016–17 fiscal year. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as a Budget Bill." The bill passed the Assembly 48 to 24, with 8 not voting, and became law. [SB 826, passed the Assembly, 5/27/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Balancing The Budget

Cutting Spending

2003: Chávez Said The Oceanside City Council's #1 Achievement Was Cutting \$3 Million From The Budget, Including Through The Privatization Of City Jobs

Chávez Said He Was Happy That The City Council Was Outsourcing City Jobs. "Chávez believes the council's No. 1 achievement in 2003 was paring almost \$3 million from the city budget as the state's fiscal crisis was battering cities. He said he's also happy that a lot of city jobs are now being directed to private enterprise at a savings to city taxpayers." [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/1/04]

Civil Rights & Liberties

Significant Findings

- ✓ The Salt and Light Council, an evangelical group, said that Chávez defaulted on his "Families First" pledge, which was anti-choice, anti-LGBT and meant to "preserv[e] our Christian heritage."
- ✓ Chávez voted against displaying an "In God We Trust" plaque in city council chambers, becoming an enemy of Rep. Darrell Issa in the process.
- ✓ While on the city council, Chávez was in favor of moving churches off of industrial property.
- ✓ Chávez opposed taking down confederate monuments and statues, stating that General Robert E. Lee was, "many things beyond what had to [do] with the confederates."
- ✓ Chávez voted against making public notices available in languages other than English and Spanish.

Religious Freedom

Salt And Light Council

August 2016: Chávez "Defaulted" On The Salt And Light Council "Families First Pledge"

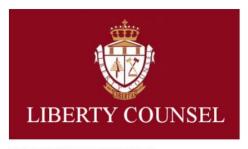
Salt And Light Council: Chávez "Signed Yes, But Defaulted On [His] Commitment." [Salt and Light Council.org, accessed <u>2/23/18</u>]

The "Families First Pledge" Included Voting, "To Defend The Natural Family And National Marriage." "When signing, they agree to uphold these 5 tenets below, which we find essential to preserving our Christian heritage and our posterity. 1. Vote to preserve the right of conscience for all citizens, including their freedom to practice the tenets of their faith. 2. Vote to protect innocent human life from conception to natural death. 3. Vote to defend the natural family and natural marriage, the foundational building blocks of society. 4. Vote to restore the natural right of parents to determine the best way to educate, raise and care for their children. 5. Vote to enact free market economic policies that empower our families to achieve their highest potential." [Salt and Light Council.org, accessed 2/23/18]

The Salt And Light Council Joined With The Liberty Counsel, A Known Anti-LGBT Hate Group

SLC Joined The Ministry Of The Liberty Counsel. Liberty Counsel and The Salt and Light Council (SLC) are pleased to announce that SLC has officially joined the ministry of Liberty Counsel. Liberty Counsel will be the controlling organization for both ministries. Dran Reese, Founder and President of SLC, joined the Liberty Counsel board and will continue to serve as President of SLC. [Liberty Counsel, 9/12/18]

The Southern Poverty Law Center Labelled The Liberty Counsel As An Extremist, Anti-LGBT Hate Group. "Liberty Counsel is a legal organization advocating for anti-LGBT discrimination under the guise of religious liberty." [Southern Poverty Law Center, accessed 3/10/18]



EXTREMIST GROUP INFO:

Date Founded: 1989

Location: Orlando, Fl.

Ideology: Anti-LGBT

SPLC DESIGNATED HATE GROUP

Church Privileges

2003: Chávez Defended The Economic Development Commission's Decision To Move Churches Off Of Industrial Property

Chávez Defended The Economic Development Commission's Decision To Move Churches Away From Industrial Zones, Saying, "We're Not Against Churches. We're Looking To A Balanced Community." "The city's Economic Development Commission says churches don't belong in industrial zones. The tax-exempt houses of worship provide no revenue to the city and few jobs, and they occupy land that could be used by businesses that offer both employment and income, commissioners said yesterday. [...] City Councilman Rocky Chávez, liaison to the Economic Development Commission, said: 'We're not against churches. We're looking to a balanced community.'" [San Diego Union Tribute, 1/17/03]

The City's Economic Development Commission Decided To Review Permits For Churches In Industrial Parks. "After reviewing the data presented by Jane McVey, the city's director of economic development and redevelopment, the commission voted unanimously in favor of her recommendations to [...] Review permits for existing churches in industrial parks when the time comes to renew the permits, usually issued for five years." [San Diego Union Tribute, 1/17/03]

Religious Symbols On Government Property

Chávez Voted Against Placing A Plaque Declaring "In God We Trust" In City Council Chambers, Losing Issa As An Ally

Chávez Voted Against Placing A Plaque Declaring "In God We Trust" In City Council Chambers; Chávez Said "I So Much Believe In Jesus Christ" But "The Use Of Public Funds Is Clearly Illegal." "There will be no plaque declaring 'In God We Trust' on the wall behind the dais in the City Council chambers here. [...] Chávez said his decision to vote against the plaque was difficult because 'I so much believe in Jesus Christ.' The retired Marine colonel said Marines must swear to defend the Constitution 'so help me God,' though he noted that those latter words were omitted from his city oath. But, Chávez said, 'The use of public funds (for the plaque) is clearly illegal,' and after the Sept. 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, 'physical and visual tolerance of diversity should be required of civil authorities.' 'I just pray when this is all over, we can go forth for the city of Oceanside,' he said. 'It's more important how we treat each other than that we wear a badge' proclaiming a belief." [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/6/02]

Issa Was Invested In Putting The "In God We Trust" Plaque On The City Council Wall, Even Offering To Pay For It. "City Councilman Jack Feller is reviving his request to place the motto 'In God We Trust' behind the dais in the council chambers. Feller sent e-mail messages to constituents yesterday telling of his plans. He said he wrote to several church groups, asking for their support when he brings the subject up again at the council's July 7 meeting. And he said he's not asking for any city funds for the project because U.S. Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, and other political leaders have promised to pay for it." [San Diego Union Tribune, 6/24/04]

Chávez Was The City Council Deciding Vote And Ultimately Vetoed Putting Up The Plaque. "Toward the end of 2002, the council approved, on a 4-1 vote, a morale-boosting ornament for the council chambers: A \$6,500 faux bronze plaque including the phrase 'In God We Trust.' A month later, Mayor Terry Johnson, who had voted in the majority, put the issue of plaque on the council agenda again. This time, the council was split 2-2 with an outgoing councilwoman apologizing for her earlier decision and changing her vote to 'no,' and one member absent. The tie set the stage for a new council, with two newly elected members, to decide the fate of the plaque. [...] That left new Councilman Rocky Chávez with the deciding vote. Resisting the temptation to appeal to the Christian supporters of the plaque packing the chambers, Chávez said no. 'Physical and visual tolerance of diversity should be required of civil authorities,' he said. 'It's more important how we treat each other than that we wear a badge.'"

[San Diego Union Tribune, 7/5/04]

San Diego Tribune Columnist: Chávez Was No Longer A GOP Favorite After Voting Against "In God We Trust" Plaque. "If Chávez is going to win, the Republican machine, which turned its back on him after he got sideways with Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, over the 'In God We Trust' plaque in the council chambers, is going to have to lose big time, something it doesn't do gracefully." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, <u>8/5/04</u>]

2004: Issa Backed Chávez's Opponent In The Mayoral Race. "U.S. Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, a Chávez supporter in the council race two years ago, has switched his backing to Johnson in the mayoral campaign. Johnson recently changed his registration from Democrat to Republican." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/24/04]

Racism

Confederate Monuments

June 2016: Chávez Did Not Believe Congress Should Remove Confederate Leaders' Names From Federal Buildings

Chávez Opposed Removing Confederate Statues, And Said General Robert E. Lee "Was A Leader Within Virginia And Many Things Beyond What Had To [Sic] With The Confederates." "Extending a debate that has swirled from Charleston to California, Assembly members on Monday spent a fervent few minutes debating and then passing a resolution that would urge Congress and the president to strip the names of Confederate leaders from federal buildings, roads and other pieces of property [...] Disputing the need for the bill, Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, argued for a more inclusive view of history, asserting that Confederate titan General Robert E. Lee 'was a leader within Virginia and many things beyond what had to [sic] with the confederates.' 'If we start purging our history, the lessons that can be learned by our youth on what was good and bad by everyone are going to be lost,' Chávez said. 'We cannot re-engineer history. We just have to understand what history is.' [Sacramento Bee, 6/27/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Have Required Renaming Any Public Schools Or Buildings Associated With People From The Confederate States Of America. In August 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] the use of an elected leader or senior military officer of the Confederate States of America to name state or local property. The bill would require a name associated with the Confederate States of America used to name state or local property prior to January 1, 2017, to be changed and any sign associated with the name to be removed." The bill passed the Assembly 64 to 11, with 5 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [SB 539, passed the Assembly, 8/31/15; vetoed by the Governor, 10/11/15]

Discrimination

Job Discrimination

Chávez Did Not Vote To Protect Employees From Discrimination

Chávez Did Not Vote On Requiring Contractors With Over 100 Employees To Submit A Nondiscrimination Program To The State. In June 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Requir[ing] an employer with 100 or more employees in state, as specified, and a contract of 30 days or more, prior to becoming a contractor or subcontractor with the state, to submit a nondiscrimination program to the Department of Fair Employment and Housing and to submit periodic reports no more than annually of its compliance with that program." The bill passed the Assembly 55 to 23, with 2 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 1354, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15; vetoed by the Governor, 10/11/15]

Education Discrimination

Chávez Voted To Protect Students And Families Who Have Faced Education Discrimination

Chávez Voted For A Bill Providing Statewide Resources To Students And Their Families Who Have Been Subjected To School-Based Discrimination Based On Actual Or Perceived Religious Affiliation, Nationality, Race, Or Ethnicity. In August 2016, Chávez voted for: "Provid[ing] [...] statewide resources, including community-based organizations, that provide support to youth, and their families, who have been subjected to school-based discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying on the basis of religious affiliation, nationality, race, or ethnicity, or perceived religious affiliation, nationality, race, or ethnicity." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 79 to 0, with one not voting, and the Governor approved the bill. [AB 2845, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/25/16]

Diversity

Demographics

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Medical Boards To Report Their Licensees' Demographics

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Various Medical Boards To Report The Demographics Of Their Licensees To The Government. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill requiring various medical boards to report the demographics of their licensees to the government, with race being optional. "This bill would require these boards to collect and report specific demographic data relating to its licensees, subject to a licensee's discretion to report his or her race or ethnicity, to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development. The bill would require these boards to collect this data at least biennially, at the times of both issuing an initial license and issuing a renewal license." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-21-4. [AB 2102, 8/21/14; California LegInfo, 9/18/14]

Chávez First Voted Against A Bill Requiring Institutions To Separate Out Different Asian Identities, But Later Voted For The Final Bill

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring 5 State Institutions To Disaggregate Demographic Information For Native Hawaiian, Asian, And Pacific Islander Groups. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "[A bill] requir[ing] the California Community Colleges (CCC) Board of Governors (BOG), the California State University (CSU) Trustees, California Department of Public Health (DPH), and California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), and requests the University of California (UC) Regents, to disaggregate demographic information for

Native Hawaiian, Asian, and Pacific Islander (API) groups." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 22, with 4 not voting. [AB 1726, Assembly third reading, $\frac{5}{31}$ /16; passed the Assembly, $\frac{6}{2}$ /16]

Chávez Voted To Concur With The Final Version Of The Bill, Which Required The State Department Of Public Health To Use Additional Categories For Specified Asian And Pacific Islander Groups Under Certain Circumstances. In August 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the updating of the reporting categories for future decennial censuses. The bill would require the State Department of Public Health to use the additional separate collection categories and other tabulations for specified Asian groups and Pacific Islander groups, and to take additional actions as specified above, under certain circumstances." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 75 to 1, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1726, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/29/16; became law, 9/25/16]

Accommodation

Chávez Voted Against Making Public Notices In Other Languages

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The Department Of Industrial Relations To Provide Notices In More Languages Than English And Spanish. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "Expands the obligation of the Department of Industrial Relations (DIR) and the Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) to provide certain notices in more languages than English and Spanish." The bill passed the Assembly 64 to 11, with 5 not voting. [AB 438, Assembly third reading, 4/6/15; passed the Assembly, 5/14/15]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill, Which Required The Department Of Industrial Relations To Provide Forms In Tagalog, Chinese, Vietnamese, And Korean. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the Department of Industrial Relations and the Division of Workers' Compensation to make specified forms, notices, and fact sheets available in Chinese, Tagalog, Korean, and Vietnamese." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 78 to 0, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 438, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/10/15; became law, 10/6/15]

ADA

ADA Compliance

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Extend Loans To Small Businesses Trying To Comply With The Americans With Disabilities Act

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill To Give Small Business Loans For Complying With The Americans With Disabilities Act. In June 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Establish[ing] the California Americans with Disabilities Act Small Business Capital Access Loan Program within the Capital Access Loan Program, to create a self-sustaining program to provide loans to assist small businesses in financing the costs of projects that alter or retrofit existing small business facilities, meeting specified criteria, to comply with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act." The bill passed the Assembly 77 to 1, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 1230, passed the Assembly, 6/2/15; became law, 10/11/15]

Constitutional Rights

Notification Of Individual Rights

Chávez Did Not Vote To Warn People That Their Individual Rights May Be Violated By A Ballot Measure

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Requiring The Attorney General To Include A Statement On A Ballot Initiative If It Likely Violates An Individual's Constitutional Rights. In May 2015, Chávez did not vote on:

"Requir[ing] the Attorney General, if he or she determines during preparation of the circulating title and summary for a statewide initiative measure that the measure would likely result in a violation of an individual's constitutional rights, to include a specified statement in the title and summary." The bill passed the Assembly 50 to 26, with 4 not voting. [AB 884, passed the Assembly, 5/26/15]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Law, Which Removed Any Provisions Regarding Ballot Initiatives. In August 2016, Chávez voted to concur with Senate amendments – which completely removed provisions requiring the Attorney General to identify ballot initiatives likely resulting in a violation of one's constitutional rights and instead focused on the public use of Assembly television signals – a vote that passed unanimously. The bill became public law. [AB 884, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/30/16; became law, 9/22/16]

Government Searches

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Requiring A Warrant Before Searching Electronic Devices

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Law Requiring Government Entities To Obtain A Warrant Before Accessing Data On An Electronic Device. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on a bill to: "Prohibit government entity from compelling the production of or access to electronic communication information or electronic device information, as defined, without a search warrant, wiretap order, order for electronic reader records, or subpoena issued pursuant under specified conditions, except for emergency situations, as defined." The bill passed the Assembly 57 to 13, with 10 not voting, and became law. [SB 178, passed the Assembly 9/9/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Police Seizures And Asset Forfeiture

Chávez Did Not Vote To Limit Police Seizures And Asset Forfeiture

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Limit Police Officers' Ability To Confiscate Property From Individuals Involved In Criminal Investigations Until A Conviction Had Been Obtained. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] state or local law enforcement agencies from transferring seized property to a federal agency seeking adoption by the federal agency of the seized property. The bill would further prohibit state or local agencies from receiving an equitable share from a federal agency of specified seized property if a conviction for the underlying offenses is not obtained, except as specified. The bill would require notices of a forfeiture action to contain additional details, such as the rights of an interested party at a forfeiture hearing." The bill failed in the Assembly 24 to 44, with 12 not voting, [SB 443, failed in the Assembly, 9/10/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Allowing Prosecuting Agencies To Petition For Forfeiture Of Assets Obtained From Suspected Criminal Profiteering Activities, If The Assets Exceed \$100,000. In May 2015, Chávez voted for: "Allow[ing] the prosecuting agency to file a petition of forfeiture prior to the commencement of the underlying criminal proceeding if the value of the assets seized exceeds \$100,000, there is a substantial probability that the prosecuting agency will file a criminal complaint, there is a substantial probability the prosecuting agency will prevail on the issue of forfeiture and failure to enter the order will result in the property being destroyed or otherwise removed from the jurisdiction of the court, the need to preserve the property outweighs the hardship on any party against whom the order is entered, and there is a substantial probability that the assets subject to forfeiture represent direct or indirect proceeds of criminal activity committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with, a transnational criminal organization, as defined." The bill passed the Assembly 71 to 5, with 4 not voting, but, in the latest action, was held in Senate committee without further action. [AB 443, passed the Assembly, 5/28/15]

San Diego Union-Tribune Editorial: "After Vociferous Lobbying By Police Officials," The Bill Was Killed In Assembly. "This is gangster government. After hearing about appalling cases in California - such as Palo Alto police seeking to seize the home of an elderly disabled woman after a young family member was caught selling

drugs at another location - the state Senate voted 38-1 in June to approve a measure by Sen. Holly Mitchell, D-Los Angeles, that would limit when property can be seized without a criminal conviction. Appallingly enough, the measure was killed in the Assembly on Thursday after vociferous lobbying by police officials. It's disgraceful that police chiefs fight for the right to stomp on due process. We thank local Assembly members Toni Atkins, Shirley Weber and Brian Maienschein for backing the Mitchell measure. As for members Marie Waldron, Rocky Chávez and Brian Jones, who opposed the bill, they are on record as supporting policies that amount to an overt assault on democratic values and the Fourth Amendment." [San Diego Union Tribune, Editorial, 9/13/15]

Consumer Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez voted to protect public utility consumers, but did not vote in favor of transparency in retail settings.
- ✓ Chávez voted against allowing someone to more easily access their credit report.
- ✓ Chávez voted for a bill that would change the definition of "Made in the USA" to lower requirements

Consumer Protections

Transparency

Chávez Voted Against Being Transparent About Cleaning Product Ingredients

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Cleaning Product Manufacturers To Disclose Ingredients. In January 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the manufacturer of cleaning products for retail sale in this state to disclose each ingredient contained in the product." The bill failed in the Assembly 33 to 28, with 18 not voting. [AB 708, failed in the Assembly, 1/28/16]

Chávez Voted In Favor Of Extending Consumer Protections For Public Utilities Customers

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Extended Consumer Protections For Public Utilities Users. In May 2014, Chávez voted for a bill that extended consumer protections for public utilities users. "This bill would require solicitations of customers by a community choice aggregator contain, and communication by the community choice aggregator to the public or prospective and existing customers to be consistent with, specified information and would require that the implementation plan filed by a community choice aggregator completely describe certain matter required to be disclosed under existing law. The bill would authorize the commission to require that a community choice aggregator, when registering with the commission, provide additional information to ensure compliance with basic consumer protection and other rules and other procedural matters." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-15-13. [AB 2145, 5/28/14; California LegInfo, 8/19/14]

Credit

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed Consumers To More Easily Access Their Credit Reports

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Consumers To Receive Their Credit Report If They Have Been Rejected Due To Poor Credit. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow consumers to receive their credit report if they have been rejected due to poor credit. "This bill would make it unlawful for a consumer credit reporting agency to prohibit, or to dissuade or attempt to dissuade, a user of a consumer credit report furnished by the credit reporting agency from providing a copy of the consumer's credit report to the consumer, upon the consumer's request, if the user has taken adverse action against the consumer based upon the report." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-21-3. [AB 1220, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 9/30/13]

Advertising

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Change The Definition Of "Made In The USA" To Lower Requirements

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Lowered The Threshold For Something To Be "Made In The USA." In May 2013, Chávez voted for a bill that, "would eliminate the requirement that any article, unit, or part of the merchandise be substantially manufactured in the United States in order for the merchandise to advertise that it is made in the United States. The bill would deem any merchandise to be substantially made, manufactured, or produced within the United States if specified requirements are met, including that United States manufacturing costs constitute at least 90% of the total manufacturing costs for the merchandise and that the merchandise was last substantially transformed or assembled in the United States." The bill passed the Assembly, 50-18-11. [AB 890, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 6/14/13]

Business Executive Protections

Chávez Voted To Allow Electrical And Gas Corporations To Keep Using Consumers' Funds To Pay Bonuses To Their Executives

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting An Electrical Or Gas Corporation Using Ratepayer Funds To Pay Excess Compensation To An Executive For Five Years Following A Triggering Event. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] an electrical corporation or gas corporation from recovering from ratepayers expenses for excess compensation, as defined, paid to an officer of the utility for a period of 5 years following a triggering event, as defined, unless the utility obtains the approval of the commission. The bill would provide that anytime within a 5-year period following a triggering event, and prior to paying or seeking recovery of excess compensation, the electrical corporation or gas corporation would be required to file an application with the commission containing specified information." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 48 to 30, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1266, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Crime & Public Safety Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez advocated for a greater police presence, but refused to raise more funds to support more police officers
 - ✓ The police and firefighter unions sent out mailers against Chávez's 2008 mayoral campaign, saying that he, "put lives at risk."
- ✓ Chávez supported bills that lessened the severity of punishment for drug offenses.
- ✓ Chávez opposed raising salaries for police officers and firefighters.
- ✓ Chávez cut ambulance services to balance the budget.
- ✓ Chávez often defended police misconduct, including an op-ed in which he wrote, "identifying the causes and providing solutions for [police brutality] should not and will not be determined by the state legislature."
 - ✓ Chávez voted and spoke out against a bill aimed at stopping racial profiling by the police.
 - ✓ Chávez voted in favor of letting police search and seize property without much restriction.
 - ✓ Chávez voted for body cameras, but voted against making investigations into police misconduct more transparent.
- ✓ Chávez voted in support of allowing ex-convicts to withhold their convictions when first applying for a job.
- ✓ Chávez said that undocumented immigrants are not a crime issue, but gangs are.
- ✓ Chávez could not commit to deploying Spanish-speaking peace officers to Spanish-speaking communities.
- ✓ At first, Chávez voted against reviewing and improving the Fire Safety Code.

First Responders

Pay

2008: Police And Firefighter Unions Actively Campaigned Against Chávez, Saying He, "Put Our Lives At Risk," By Cutting Costs

Police And Firefighter Unions Sent Out Mail Accusing Chávez Of Caring About Money More Than Saving Lives. "Oceanside police and firefighter unions have spent nearly \$150,000 in a campaign against candidates they believe may be interested in privatizing or changing the city's public-safety operations. Mailers from the firefighters' political action committee have supported the re-election of Mayor Jim Wood and Councilwoman Esther Sanchez and the election of candidate Charles Lowery. Other mailers have attacked incumbent Jack Feller, council candidate Jim Gibson and Councilman Rocky Chávez, who is running for mayor. A new mailer, received

by most Oceanside residents yesterday, said that electing Feller, Gibson and Chávez would 'put our lives at risk.' It says Feller, Chávez and Gibson are more concerned about cutting costs than saving lives." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/31/08]

2005: Chávez Opposed Raising Police Officers' Salaries

Chávez, On The Police Pay Raises: "It's Out Of Character With Our Revenue Stream." "The city and the Oceanside Police Officers Association have reached a tentative labor agreement that would give officers a 12 percent pay boost and sergeants a 16 percent raise over two years. [...] Councilman Rocky Chávez said he is concerned that the pay increases would make it difficult for the city to achieve a goal of expanding its police force, because it would have to earmark a large amount for its staff. 'As I understand it we are going to have the highest paid police officers in the county,' Chávez said. 'It's out of character with our revenue stream. 'I think it's important we pay an appropriate raise to the police officers,' he said, but 'the city has only so much money, and how do we balance it against the other needs?' Chávez said other employee unions probably would ask for pay raises in line with police raises, increasing the overall amount the city pays in salary and benefits. Anderson said that the city needs to retain police officers. 'If you don't pay these officers you can't keep them,' he said. The City Council is scheduled to vote on the proposed contract in open session Wednesday." [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/5/06]

Chávez Voted Against Police Pay Raise. "Police officers got a 12 percent raise, to be awarded in three segments, last night. As expected, the vote was 3-2, with Mayor Jim Wood and Councilwomen Esther Sanchez and Shari Mackin in favor and Councilmen Jack Feller and Rocky Chávez opposed." [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/12/06]

Chávez Opposed Raising Firefighters' Salaries

Chávez Opposed A Firefighter Pay Increase. "The city's Fire Department employees have approved a proposed new contract that will give them pay raises ranging from 12 percent to 16 percent. [...] Council members Jack Feller and Rocky Chávez have been opposed to the agreements. Both agreed yesterday that there's enough money in the city's \$94 million budget to handle the increases, but they said other services will suffer. 'We may be able to afford it right now,' Feller said, 'but I do not think we can have the luxury of higher pay until we know how we're going to pay for it' in future years. 'The city has the money to pay for it,' Chávez echoed, 'but at what cost?' Chávez predicted that parks and recreation and the libraries in particular will suffer and said the Planning Department needs more staff. There won't be any effect on those services, City Manager Steve Jepsen said, but he agreed that taking the money for the raises out of the budget may mean that he can't hire all the new employees he would like. But, Jepsen said, if police and fire salaries don't stay competitive, employees move to jobs elsewhere and then the city has the added cost of vacancies and training new people to fill them." [San Diego Union Tribune, 3/22/06]

Chávez Voted Against Firefighters' Proposal To Reduce Holiday Pay And Benefits To Save The Three Jobs That The Oceanside Council Voted To Cut. "The Oceanside City Council has rejected a firefighters' offer to give up \$400,000 in benefits to save three positions, stoking the flames of a boiling dispute between three council members and public-safety unions. The Oceanside Firefighters Association, which represents 103 firefighters, and the Oceanside Fire Management Association, which includes eight battalion and division chiefs, negotiated the concessions with city management. But Councilmen Rocky Chávez, Jack Feller and Jerry Kern rejected their offer Wednesday, while Mayor Jim Wood and Esther Sanchez voted for it. [...] The two firefighters groups agreed to reductions in holiday pay, uniform allowances and other benefits to save the city \$400,000. The Fire Department offered \$130,000 in administrative and other savings to make up the difference and keep the positions." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/10/09]

Oceanside's Fire Chief Resigned After Another Series Of Cuts To His Department. "Fire Chief Terry Garrison resigned Thursday after two years in the post. City Manager Peter Weiss said Garrison, 52, resigned because of family issues in Phoenix, where he served as an assistant chief before becoming the Oceanside chief in June 2007 [...] In the latest round of cuts, which a council majority approved Wednesday, he was told to

come up with \$900,000 in cuts. Among those was a reduction in overtime hours for one of the city's four ambulances, which would force it out of service when there aren't firefighters to staff it. At a City Council budget workshop Sept. 30, Garrison characterized the latest cuts as a 'root canal.' 'You gave me a cavity, and this is a root canal,' Garrison told the council then. Councilmen Rocky Chávez, Jack Feller and Kern have voted for the cuts, which meant slashing \$7 million from the city's operations budget." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/23/09]

Chávez Voted To Lay Off 40 City Workers And Cut Ambulance Services To Lessen The Deficit

Chávez Voted In Favor Of Laying Off 40 City Workers And Decreased Ambulance Services. "A proposal to take one of Oceanside's three ambulances out of service most of the year to help plug a budget deficit was dropped from more than \$6.9 million in spending cuts approved Wednesday by the City Council. City Manager Peter Weiss said ongoing negotiations with the labor union representing firefighters could result in alternatives to save the \$434,000 in ambulance costs. If they don't, he said, he will find some other way to save the money. Approved by a 3-2 vote, the spending cuts were proposed by Weiss to help cover a two-year \$10 million budget deficit. The cuts include layoffs for about 40 city workers. Councilmen Jerry Kern, Rocky Chávez and Jack Feller approved the plan. Mayor Jim Wood and Councilwoman Esther Sanchez voted against it. 'I'm not happy with what we're doing tonight,' Wood said, adding that he wasn't convinced that the city has done everything it can to avoid layoffs." [North County Times, 10/21/09]

Criminal Justice Reform

Chávez Said He Wanted To Increase The Severity Of Violent Offenses And Thefts

Chávez Said He Would Work To Label More Offenses As, "Serious Or Violent Felony Offenses"

Chávez Said He Would Make Child Sex Trafficking, Raping An Unconscious Person, Assaulting A Peace Officer And Other Crimes "Serious Or Violent Felony Offenses." "Trafficking a child for sex, raping an unconscious person, assaulting a peace officer, using a deadly weapon during an assault and other similar crimes are clearly serious and violent — and yet under current California law, these crimes are not officially classified as serious or violent felony offenses, meaning criminals convicted of these crimes can be released from prison early after serving only a fraction of their sentence. I'm working to help pass an initiative that would make these crimes violent felony offenses in California, so criminals convicted of these crimes serve their full sentences."

[RockyChávezForCongress.com, accessed 2/11/18]

Chávez Wanted To Reverse Reforms That Reduced Certain Crimes To Misdemeanors, Such As Theft Under \$950

Chávez: "I'm Also Supporting Efforts To Fix The Problems Created By Recent Criminal Justice 'Reforms' That Have Released Tens Of Thousands Of Inmates Without Adequate Support Or Preparation." "I'm also supporting efforts to fix the problems created by recent criminal justice 'reforms' that have released tens of thousands of inmates without adequate support or preparation, which is fueling dramatic increases in crime throughout California. Other reforms have reduced certain crimes to misdemeanors — such as theft under \$950, which has resulted in hundreds of millions of dollars in property being stolen by 'serial' thieves who steal repeatedly with virtually no consequence. This needs to be fixed." [RockyChávezForCongress.com, accessed 2/11/18]

Chávez Voted For Bills That Lessened The Sentences For Drug Offenses

Chávez Supported Bills That Lessened The Penalties For Drug Offenses

Chávez Was One Of Two Republicans To Vote In Favor Of A Bill That Lessens The Penalty For Low-Level Drug Offenses. "Donnelly last week cast a crucial vote that secured Assembly passage of a drug-sentencing bill by liberal Sen. Mark Leno (D-San Francisco). The measure now awaits Senate approval of Assembly amendments, then will be sent to Gov. Jerry Brown. No telling his view. The bill, SB 649, would provide prosecutors the flexibility to treat all low-level drug possession offenses as either a misdemeanor or a felony -- what's known as a 'wobbler.' [...] The bill passed with no votes to spare, 41 to 31. Seven Democrats opposed it. One other Republican supported the measure, freshman Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside." [Los Angeles Times, 9/8/13]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Lessened The Penalties For Cocaine-Related Offenses. In August 2014, Chávez voted for a bill that increased the threshold and lessened the penalties for cocaine-related offenses. "Existing law generally provides that the interest of any registered owner of a boat, airplane, or any vehicle, except as specified, that has been used to facilitate the manufacture of, or possession for sale or sale of, 14.25 grams or more of cocaine base or 28.5 grams or more of cocaine is subject to forfeiture, as specified. This bill would revise that provision to instead make property that has been used to facilitate the manufacture of, or possession for sale or sale of, 28.5 grams or more of cocaine base or cocaine subject to forfeiture." "This bill [...] would instead prohibit, except in unusual cases, granting probation or suspending a sentence for persons convicted of possessing for sale or selling a substance containing 28.5 grams or more of cocaine base or 57 grams or more of a substance containing at least 5 grams of cocaine or cocaine base." The bill passed the Assembly, 50-19-10. [SB 1010, 8/14/14; California LegInfo, 9/28/14]

Police Misconduct

Racial Profiling

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Targeting Racial Profiling

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Compelling Local Law Enforcement To Provide To The CA Attorney General On The Number And Reason For Police Stops And Establish Racial And Identity Profiling Advisory Board. "AB 953 modifies the definition of 'racial profiling;' requires local law enforcement agencies to report specified information on stops to the Attorney General's office; and establishes the Racial and Identity Profiling Advisory Board (RIPA)." The third reading of the bill passed by a vote of 41-23. [CA State Legislature, AB. 953, Assembly Vote, 6/3/15]

In Opposition To The Racial Profiling Bill, Chávez Said, "I Think This Backlash We're Going Through Right Now Of Labeling Police Officers Part Of The Problem Is Not Helpful." "Legislation seeking to curb racial profiling by having law enforcement share more data on stops narrowly passed the California Assembly on Thursday. After the deaths of unarmed African American men at the hands of police officers convulsed California and the nation, lawmakers - in particular members of the California Legislative Black Caucus - vowed to pursue bills that seek to repair strained relations between law enforcement and minority communities. [...] Law enforcement groups such as the California Police Chiefs Association and the California State Sheriffs' Association oppose the bill, saying it would burden officers with tedious work that would distract them from keeping communities safe. Assembly members who voted against the bill criticized it for unfairly blaming law enforcement. 'I think this backlash we're going through right now of labeling police officers part of the problem is not helpful,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside. The measure was sent to the Senate on a 41-23 vote, the minimum necessary in the 80-member house." [Sacramento Bee, 6/3/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Make Investigations Into Police Misconduct More Transparent

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting Grand Juries From Investigating Claims Of Excessive Force By Peace Officers In Cases That Led To The Death Of A Person. Chávez voted for: "Prohibit[ing] a grand jury from inquiring into an offense or misconduct that involves a shooting or use of excessive force by a peace officer, as specified, that led to the death of a person being detained or arrested by the peace officer, unless the offense was

declared to the grand jury by one of its members." The bill passed the Assembly 41 to 33, with 6 not voting, and became law. [SB 227, passed the Assembly, 7/16/15; became law, 8/11/15]

Sacramento Bee: SB 227 Was Authored In Response To Distrust Of The Grand Jury Process Following The Deaths Of Unarmed Black Men In Other States. "Gov. Jerry Brown has signed legislation prohibiting the use of grand juries in California in cases where police officers use lethal force, a response to distrust of the grand jury process following the deaths of unarmed black men in other states. Proponents of Senate Bill 227 argued the grand jury process is too secretive and allowed prosecutors to avoid decision-making responsibility in politically charged cases." [Sacramento Bee, 8/11/15]

Chávez Voted For Body Camera Legislation

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Law Enforcement Agencies To Develop Body-Worn Camera Policy. In June 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] a law enforcement agency, department, or entity, if it employs peace officers and uses body-worn cameras for those officers, to develop a body-worn camera policy. The bill would require the policy to allow a peace officer to review his or her body-worn camera video and audio recordings before making a report, giving an internal affairs statement, or before any criminal or civil proceeding." The bill passed the Assembly 71 to 7, with 2 not voting, but failed to pass a Senate Public Safety committee vote. [AB 1940, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16; failed in Senate committee, 6/28/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Authorize A Law Enforcement Agency To Privately Review The Footage From A Body-Worn Camera When An Officer Is Involved In An Incident That Results In Great Bodily Injury Or Death Of A Person. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] the governing board of a law enforcement agency, in closed session, to review the footage from a body-worn camera when a peace officer who was wearing the camera is involved in in, or was a witness to, an incident that results in great bodily injury to, or death of, a person other than the peace officer." The bill failed the Assembly 28 to 36, with 16 not voting. [AB 1957, failed in the Assembly, 6/1/16]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require A Public Safety Officer To Be Provided 3 Days' Notice Before The Public Release Of Any Body Camera Recordings. In May 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] a public safety officer to be provided a minimum of 3 business days' notice before a public safety department or other public agency releases on the Internet any audio or video of the officer recorded by the officer." The bill passed the Assembly 71 to 1, with 8 not voting, but failed a vote in the Senate Public Safety committee. [AB 2533, passed the Assembly, 5/19/16; failed in Senate committee, 6/28/16]

Police Oversight

Chávez Wrote An Op-Ed That Opposed A Legislative Oversight Committee To Improve Police Conduct

Chávez: "Stop Blaming The Police." "Stop Blaming the Police http://www.voiceofsandiego.org/topics/opinion/stop-blaming-the-police/ ..." [Twitter, @Chávez4Senate, 6/11/15]

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: "Police Officers Are Not The Problem In Society; They Are Part Of The Solution." "Police officers are not the problem in society; they are part of the solution. Individuals and communities need to refrain from blaming this essential group of personnel for some of the shortfalls in various elements of public safety of our society. We must take ownership of our communities and work with city managers, school districts and police agencies to build and manage healthy communities across California. Making emotional and passionate speeches on the Assembly floor on social inequality and establishing a statewide oversight committee managed by members of political organizations is not beneficial to building healthier and safer communities in California. The best course of action for enhancing the public safety of all communities across California is to assist and provide resources to local community leaders in creating outreach programs that will establish productive and meaningful

policies that keep the community leaders engaged in all neighborhoods." [Voice of San Diego, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, <u>6/10/15</u>]

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: "Identifying The Causes And Providing Solutions For [Police Brutality] Should Not And Will Not Be Determined By The State Legislature." "Many individuals in the United States are expressing their discontent of the social breakdown occurring in our inner cities and the recent events happening across our nation. Elected leaders and police officers across the country are upset due to these recent tragedies. Police officers are selected to protect and serve our communities and a small percentage of them are not achieving the standards they are supposed to uphold in their communities. Identifying the causes and providing solutions for these challenges should not and will not be determined by the state Legislature. I am surprised and disheartened that the California Legislature has passed a bill that establishes an oversight committee composed of politicians to gather and evaluate data that is intended to help improve public safety in California. The role for the California Legislature is to support policies that improve education, build infrastructure to improve the economy and enhance our environment." [Voice of San Diego, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 6/10/15]

CA ACLU Criminal Justice And Drug Policy Director, In Response To A Chávez Op-Ed, Said Elected Officials "Have A Duty To Address The Problems Arising From Biased Police." "As I read Assemblyman Rocky Chávez's commentary disparaging AB 953, Assemblywoman Shirley Weber's bill to curtail racial and identity profiling, I couldn't help but wonder: Are we living in the same California? The same state where 80 people have been killed by law enforcement in 2015 alone? As public servants who have been elected for and by the people of California, legislators have a duty to address the problems arising from biased policing. When the California Assembly voted to allow AB 953 to move forward, its members were responding to calls for justice that continue to reverberate throughout our state and the nation following the deaths of several unarmed people of color at the hands of police." [Voice of San Diego, 6/12/15]

Cultural Competency

Chávez Voted Against Cultural Competency Requirements In The Criminal Justice Field

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The LGBT Community Be Included In Cultural Competency Trainings In The Judicial System. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would require juvenile court, judicial council and family court, "include instruction on cultural competency and sensitivity relating to, and best practices for, providing adequate care to lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender youth." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-23-1. [AB 868, 8/22/13; California LegInfo, 9/9/13]

Crime Prevention

Gang Violence

2006: Chávez Said He Believed The City Should Get Involved In Gang Prevention

Chávez Wanted Community Mentors For Area Youth. "Councilman Rocky Chávez said Tuesday he's been working for more than a year to have Oceanside take the lead on fighting gangs. Now that the issue is being discussed, he said he hopes politics won't get in the way. 'We have a Transportation Commission ... we have a Senior Commission ... why don't we have a gang commission?' Chávez said. 'How many more children do we need to lose before we lay politics aside?' [...] Chávez said he supports the TenPoint grant, though his goal isn't to 'push money' at the gang problem, but rather to have the city take the lead in efforts of gang prevention and diversion. 'Suppression is something Oceanside does well,' Chávez said. 'But for kids 8 to 15, diverting them from gangs, we don't have a lot of programs for those guys. And prevention programs, keeping them out from the start, that's what we need to look at.' [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/25/06]

2004: Chávez Planned To Reduce Gang Activity Through Increased Police Presence And A New Anti-Gang Commission, But Did Not Want To Raise Taxes To Pay For These New Additions

Chávez's Two-Pronged Approach to Gangs Included More Police And More Youth Activities. "If Chávez is going to win, the Republican machine, which turned its back on him after he got sideways with Rep. Darrell Issa, R-Vista, over the "In God We Trust" plaque in the council chambers, is going to have to lose big time, something it doesn't do gracefully." [San Diego Union Tribune, Logan Jenkins, 8/5/04]

Chávez Voted To Increase The Size Of The Police Force, But Said That He Would Not Support An Additional Tax To Support Their Salaries. "Mayoral candidates were asked if they would support an additional tax for more police officers. Rocky Chávez, Jim Wood and Adrian Barbour said they would not. Chávez, Wood and the rest of the City Council voted unanimously in June to increase the number of officers on the force. Johnson said the city manager and police had suggested a possible vote on raising taxes but no one on the council would support him in putting an advisory measure on the Nov. 2 ballot." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/13/04]

Chávez: "I Would Not Increase Taxes To Suppress Gang Activity." "The city's future and the recent wave of gang-related shootings surfaced as the main issues during a forum with the four mayoral candidates Tuesday. [...] The first question focused on what the candidates would do about the recent rise in gang violence in the city -- there have been 20 gang-related shootings since January -- and if they were willing to raise taxes to put more officers on the streets, a position that is supported by the chamber. [...] Chávez said it would take at least 10 years to rid the city of gang problems and that the (sic) should crack down hard on gang members while advocating social programs. 'I would not increase taxes to suppress gang activity,' he said." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/13/04]

Spanish-Language Resources

2004: Chávez Did Not Commit To Increasing The Number Of Spanish-Speaking Police Officers In The Community

Chávez Would Not Say That He Would Try To Increase The Number Of Spanish Speaking Police Officers When Confronted By Constituents. "It wasn't the usual format for a political forum, and it made some of the mayoral and council candidates uncomfortable. But nearly 200 people turned out for the event sponsored Tuesday at Mission San Luis Rey by Congregations for Civic Action, an organization of 15 local churches. Instead of giving their usual campaign speeches and answering a few questions, the candidates were put on the spot almost immediately. [...] Asked to try to increase the number of Spanish-speaking police officers to 25 percent, all but Mackin, Sanchez and Chávez said they would." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/28/04]

2003: Chávez Planned To Write A Bilingual Youth-Resources Handbook

Chávez Wanted To Publish A Bilingual Guide "To Promote Safe And Responsible Youth Activities" And Keep Children Away From Crime. "A family new to town doesn't speak English, but wants to find a soccer program for the children. Where does the family go for help? If Councilman Rocky Chávez's program, inaugurated yesterday, gets off the ground, the family will be able to look in a new bilingual youth-resources handbook. He hopes it will be published by the end of the year. Chávez met yesterday with about 10 leaders of groups serving youngsters and asked each of them to bring three other groups into the fold. He plans to take a draft of the guide to the city Youth Commission in October. The purpose, Chávez said, is 'to promote safe and responsible youth activities' that will keep young people out of gangs and away from drugs. Chávez said he thinks the guide is needed because of the number of times he has heard that there are a lot of good youth programs in town, but many people, especially those who speak only Spanish, don't know about them. He promised to put on a series of fundraisers to help finance the guide." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/23/03]

Community Engagement

Adopt-A-School Program

1999: Chávez Was Involved With The Military's Adopt-A-School Program

Chávez Urged Others To Get Involved In Program Aimed At Reducing Crime From A Young Age. "Camp Pendleton Marines can mentor school-age children or assist with administration through the Adopt-A-School program. The program, outlined in Marine Admin Message 357/99, aims to 'motivate children to set positive life goals and reduce their involvement in ... crime, drugs and violence.' Furthermore, its goal is to improve excellence in American youth education. Camp Pendleton has urged its on-base schools to adopt the program, said Col. Rocky Chávez, Marine Corps Base representative to the Oceanside School Board. [...] Partnerships between units and schools help both parties, Chávez said. Helping others makes Marines feel good and become better people. Schools benefit by gaining resources and raising the level of education they offer." [Federal Document Clearing House Federal Department and Agency Documents, 10/1/99]

Sex Crimes

Sex Offender Registry

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Remove Adults Who Had Consensual Relationships With Minors From The Sex Offender Registry

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Remove Adults Who Had Consensual Sexual Relationships With Minors From The Sex Offender Registry. In May 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill that would remove adults who had consensual relationships with minors from the sex offender registry. "This bill would conform statutory law to those court decisions by deleting from the list of offenses requiring registration, sodomy, oral copulation, and sexual penetration, if in each case the offender participates in the offense with another person who is under 18 years of age or when the offender is over 21 years of age and participates in the offense with another person who is under 16 years of age." The bill failed in the Assembly, 29-37-13. [AB 1640, 5/29/14; California LegInfo, 4/2/14]

Sexual Assault

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Clarify The Definition Of Sexual Assault For The Purposes Of Reporting Abuse

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Clarify Definition Of Sexual Assault For The Purposes Of Reporting Abuse. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "Existing law provides that 'child abuse or neglect' for these purposes includes 'sexual assault,' that includes, among other things, the crimes of sodomy, oral copulation, and sexual penetration. This bill would provide that 'sexual assault' for these purposes does not include voluntary sodomy, oral copulation, or sexual penetration, *if there are no indicators of abuse*, unless that conduct is between a person who is 21 years of age or older and a minor who is under 16 years of age." The bill failed in the Assembly 27 to 32, with 21 not voting. [AB 832, failed in the Assembly, 5/14/15, emphasis at source]

Public Safety

Fire Safety

Chávez Flip Flopped On Fire Safety, First Voting Against The Review And Improvement Of Fire Safety Standards

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require The State Fire Marshal To Review Building Fire Safety Standards And Raise Them If Necessary. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would require the State Fire Marshal to review building fire safety standards and allow him to raise the standards if necessary. "The bill would require, if deemed appropriate by the State Fire Marshal based on this review, the State Fire Marshal to, by July 1, 2015, propose for consideration by the commission updated insulation flammability standards that accomplish certain things, including maintaining overall building fire safety." The bill passed the Assembly, 49-26-4. [AB 127, 5/13/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill That Would Require The State Fire Marshal To Review Building Fire Safety Standards And Raise Them If Necessary. In September 2013, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill that would require the state fire marshal to review building fire safety standards and raise them if necessary. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 76-2. [AB 127, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Public Health And Safety Services

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Nongovernmental Workers To Properly Identify Themselves In Matters Of "Public Health And Safety"

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Nongovernmental Workers To Properly Identify Themselves In Matters Of "Public Health And Safety." In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would prohibit a person, firm, corporation, or association that is a nongovernmental entity and contracts to perform, on or after January 1, 2015, public health and safety labor or services for a public agency from displaying on a vehicle or uniform a logo, as defined, that reasonably could be interpreted as implying that the labor or services are being provided by employees of the public agency, unless the vehicle or uniform conspicuously displays specific disclosures." The bill passed the Assembly, 43-24-12. [SB 556, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 9/29/14]

Legal Procedure

Criminal Court

Chávez Voted Against Establishing Consequences For Prosecutors When They Have Not Disclosed Evidence That Was Favorable To The Defendant

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Prosecutors To Notify Juries When They Have Not Disclosed Exculpatory Evidence. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "authorize a court in any criminal trial or proceeding in which the court has determined that the prosecuting attorney has intentionally or knowingly failed to disclose certain materials and information, as specified, to instruct the jury that the failure to disclose has occurred and that the jury shall consider the failure to disclose in determining whether reasonable doubt of the defendant's guilt exists." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-28-4. [AB 885, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/4/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing A Court To Inform The State Bar If A Prosecuting Attorney Deliberately Withholds Relevant Evidence In Violation Of Law. In June and September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] a court, upon receiving information that the prosecuting attorney has deliberately and intentionally withheld relevant or material exculpatory evidence or information in violation of law, to make a finding, supported by clear and convincing evidence, that a violation occurred. If the court makes such a finding, the bill would require the court to inform the State Bar of California of that violation if the prosecuting attorney acted in bad faith and the impact of the withholding contributed to a guilty verdict, guilty or nolo contendere plea, or, if identified before conclusion of trial, seriously limited the ability of a defendant to present a defense." The bill

passed the Assembly 41 to 36, with 3 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 47 to 26, with 7 not voting. The bill became law. [AB 1328, passed the Assembly, 6/1/15; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/3/15]

Convicts And Parolees

Chávez Voted Against Iterations Of A Bill Allowing Ex-Convicts To Motion To Vacate Their Convictions, After First Voting For It

Chávez Voted For A Bill Creating An Explicit Right For A Person No Longer Imprisoned To Prosecute A Motion To Vacate A Conviction Based On A Prejudicial Error. In May 2015, Chávez voted for a bill to: "Create an explicit right for a person no longer imprisoned or restrained to prosecute a motion to vacate a conviction or sentence based on a prejudicial error damaging the moving party's ability to meaningfully understand, defend against, or knowingly accept the actual or potential adverse immigration consequences of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or based on newly discovered evidence of actual innocence, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 65 to 11, with 4 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments. [AB 813, passed the Assembly, 5/18/15]

August 29, 2016: Chávez Voted Against Concurring With Senate Amendments For AB 813. On August 29, 2016, Chávez voted against concurring with Senate amendments for AB 813. The bill passed the Assembly 59 to 14, with 7 not voting. [AB 813, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, <u>8/29/16</u>]

August 31, 2016: Chávez Voted Against Concurring With Senate Amendments For AB 813. On August 31, 2016, Chávez voted against concurring with Senate amendments for AB 813. The bill passed 61 to 15, with 4 not voting, and became law. [AB 813, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/31/16; became law, 9/28/16]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Allowing Someone To Be Released On Probation Or Parole If They Were Arrested For Violating Terms Of Supervised Release

Chávez Voted For A Bill Allowing A Court To Release A Person On Probation Or Parole From Custody If That Person Was Arrested For Violating Terms Of Supervision. In June 2015, Chávez voted for: "Allow[ing] a court to order the release of a supervised person from custody under any terms and conditions the court deems appropriate whenever a supervised person is arrested, with or without a warrant or the filing of a petition for revocation of supervision, unless the supervised person is otherwise serving a period of flash incarceration." The bill passed the Assembly 76 to 0, with 4 not voting, and became law. [SB 517, passed the Assembly, 6/25/15; became law, 7/6/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Allowed Ex-Convicts To Withhold Their Prior Convictions Until After Submitting A Job Application

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Delayed Job Applicants Revealing Prior Convictions Until After Employers Have Seen Their Qualifications. In May 2013, Chávez voted for a bill that would prohibit employers from asking about an applicant's prior convictions, "until the agency has determined the applicant meets the minimum employment qualifications for the position." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-29-2. [AB 218, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/10/13]

Defense Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez approved of Mattis as Trump's Secretary of Defense.
- ✓ Chávez pledged to, "strengthen our military and expand our national defenses."

Cabinet

Chávez Approved Of Trump's Picks For Secretary Of Defense And Homeland Security – "The Right Tenor And Where We Need To Go"

Chávez: Trump's Appointments Reflected "The Right Tenor And Where We Need To Go." "State Assemblyman Rocky J. Chávez (R-Oceanside), a former Marine colonel who represents some of the same slices of San Diego County as Issa does, was critical of Trump's rhetoric during the presidential campaign, especially on immigration. But this weekend, Chávez said he was pleased with the job the president has done since taking office, including his Supreme Court and Cabinet nominations. 'I think Trump's appointments, in particular with the Supreme Court, with the department of Defense, with secretary of State, with Homeland Security, have been very good appointments, and if you look at what each of them are doing, they're very measured and reflect, I believe, the right tenor and where we need to go,' he said." [Los Angeles Times, 2/25/17]

Defense Spending

Chávez Said He Would Strengthen The Military And Put More Money In Defense Spending

Chávez: "I'll Join The Fight To Strengthen Our Military And Expand Our National Defenses." "To protect America and keep the peace, I'll join the fight to strengthen our military and expand our national defenses, to invest in our troops, and to ensure that we develop and deploy the new military technology to ensure America forever stays stronger than those who would harm us." [RockyChávezForCongress.com, accessed 2/11/18]

Economy & Jobs

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez said that raising the minimum wage went against the 13th Amendment, because the government should stay out of issues of pay.
 - ✓ Chávez had also said that he supported a 2-tier wage system, paying adults with families a different minimum wage than teenagers.
- ✓ Chávez said that although he acknowledges the inequality that exists in California, he does not believe that it is the government's job to alleviate it.
 - ✓ Chávez said he believed that poverty was the only thing holding people back from access to adequate health care and a quality education.
- ✓ Chávez was a proponent of regulating payday lenders.
- ✓ Chávez voted against giving employees at least 3 sick days per year.
- ✓ *Chávez voted against expanding family and medical leave.*
- ✓ Chávez wanted to cut developers' fees to attract businesses.
- ✓ Chávez voted in favor of deregulation and creating business incentives for development, but voted against business transparency.
- ✓ Chávez voted against the programs designed to assist communities in need of economic development.
- ✓ Chávez has shown interest in job retraining programs.

Economic Inequality

Solution To Economic Inequality

Chávez Said He Believed Inequality Is A Problem, But That It Was Not The Government's Responsibility

Chávez: "It's Clear That We Do Have Inequality" But "Just Because There Is A Problem In Society Does It Always Require That Government Be The Solution To The Problem?" "[I]t's clear that we do have inequality in the state of California,' said Chávez. But, 'I'm going to go in a different direction ... Just because there is a problem in society does it always require that government will be the solution to the problem?" [Voice of San Diego, 3/31/16]

Chávez: The Inability To Access Health Care Or College, "Kind Of Dwindles Away" If People Were Above The Poverty Level

Chávez: The Inability To Access Health Care Or College, "Kind Of Dwindles Away" If People Were Above The Poverty Level. "What do we do with our limited resources, our limited energy, about the issue of poverty? [...] [Chávez:] This whole equity issue is out there, it's right there, and it's about jobs, it's about education, it's about access. If people have- above the poverty level, then the issue of access to medical or college, is kind of

dwindles away. You know we can keep on putting things in there, but we have to fix the structure of our society, and that's looking at different jobs. We talked about college, but you know what, career technical advancements, you could make \$150,000 as a welder. \$150,000 a year. [...] So, there are jobs, but we're not training people for where the money is and we need to get out of the idea to think everybody has to be a doctor or lawyer to be successful. You can get a career in a lot of different areas and make substantial money." [National Journal Live, "The California Story: The Immigration Debate in the Golden State" Panel, 5/1/15] (VIDEO)

Minimum Wage

Opposing Raising The Minimum Wage

2016: Chávez Said A Bill To Raise The Minimum Wage To \$15 By 2022 Contradicted The 13th Amendment

Chávez: By Involving The Government In Issues Of Pay, The Bill To Raise The Minimum Raise "Goes Against The 13th Amendment." "San Diego representatives loomed large Thursday as California legislators approved a bill to raise the minimum wage to a highest-in-the-nation \$15 an hour by 2022. [...] Oceanside Republican Rocky Chávez, meanwhile, said the law contradicted the 13th Amendment, which outlawed slavery, and warned it would send the state into economic ruin. [...] Most Democrats were sanguine about the outcome prior to the vote, but Republicans staged strong opposition. Chávez warned the bill, 'goes against the 13th Amendment,' which abolished slavery, by involving the government in the issue of pay, which he suggested is best left to the private sector." [Voice of San Diego, 3/31/16]

2016: Chávez Criticized Governor Brown For Raising The Minimum Wage

Chávez: "Raising The Minimum Wage Will Not Solve The Economic Disparity Of Our State." "Today, the Governor discussed a deal that was struck to raise the minimum wage to \$15.00 per hour by 2022. While many details of this plan have yet to be fully vetted, I find it odd that three months ago Governor Brown stated California simply cannot afford this increase, yet we are moving forward with a similar proposal. There is a larger basic societal issue to be discussed and raising the minimum wage will not solve the economic disparity of our state. Additionally, my Republican colleagues and I were not involved in this process and the decision, which will affect every Californian." [Assemblymember Chávez, press release, 3/28/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Increase Statewide Minimum Wage To \$15 Per Hour By 2022. In March 2016, Chávez voted against: "Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the minimum wage for all industries shall not be less than the amounts set forth in this subdivision, except when the scheduled increases in paragraphs (1) and (2) are temporarily suspended under subdivision (d). [...] (F) From January 1, 2022, and until adjusted by subdivision (c)—fifteen dollars (\$15) per hour." The bill passed the Assembly 48 to 26, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 3, passed the Assembly, 3/31/16; became law, 4/4/16]

2013: Chávez Voted Against Raising The Minimum Wage To \$10.00 An Hour

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Gradually Raise The Minimum Wage From \$8.00 To \$10.00. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would raise the minimum wage to \$10.00 an hour by 2016. "Existing law requires that, on and after January 1, 2008, the minimum wage for all industries be not less than \$8.00 per hour. This bill would increase the minimum wage, on and after July 1, 2014, to not less than \$9 per hour. The bill would further increase the minimum wage, on and after January 1, 2016, to not less than \$10 per hour." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-1. [AB 10, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 9/25/13]

Chávez's Two-Tier Minimum Wage Idea

2015: Chávez Said He Believed Raising The Minimum Wage Would Leave Teenagers Jobless

Chávez Said He Opposed Increasing The Minimum Wage Because "It Prevents Kids From Having A Job." "Chávez told us he's opposed to increasing the minimum wage – another position that many California voters may not like much. His reason: he believes it freezes many teenagers out of the employment market. 'I don't think the issue is minimum wage...I think it prevents kids from having a job, he said, recalling his own first jobs 'clean(ing) toilets and bus(ing) tables.'" [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

2016: Chávez Said He Supported Raising The Minimum Wage For Workers Over 25

2016: Chávez's Senate Platform Included Raising The Minimum Wage For Adults 25 And Over. "Chávez's platform includes increasing affordability and accessibility of higher education and raising the minimum wage to a living wage for adults over a certain age, such as 25." [Daily Californian, 2/3/16]

2013: Chávez Suggested Having One Minimum Wage For Younger Workers And One For Older Workers With Families

San Diego Union Tribune: "Chávez Suggested A Two-Tier Approach: One Amount For Younger Entry-Level Workers And Another For Those Older Employees With Families." "Gov. Jerry Brown has endorsed legislation to raise the minimum wage, clearing the last major hurdle to bigger paychecks for millions of Californians while forcing businesses to absorb increased payroll costs that could be passed on to consumers through higher prices for everything from hamburgers to clothes. Acting on the governor's signal, the state Senate and Assembly are expected to pass legislation today that would increase the minimum wage by \$1 per hour on July 1 and by another dollar on Jan. 1, 2016. The current floor in California is \$8, which has held steady since 2008. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, said forcing employers to pay more will discourage hiring. That, in turn, would lead to even fewer opportunities for younger Californians seeking that first job. 'When you look at our society, one of the things that is missing is opportunity for young people to work,' he said. Chávez suggested a two-tier approach: one amount for younger entry-level workers and another for those older employees with families." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/11/13]

Payday Lending

Regulations

2007: Chávez Said He Wanted To Regulate Payday Lenders

Chávez Said He Wanted To Protect Oceansiders From Payday Lenders. "The commander of all West Coast Marine Corps bases told the Oceanside City Council on Wednesday that many troops are falling into serious financial trouble because of payday loans with annual interest rates as much as 2,000 percent. After hearing the presentation, the council voted unanimously to direct its staffers to study how Oceanside could limit the number of such lending businesses. [...] Councilman Rocky Chávez said payday lenders will oppose any limits on the businesses because 'there is a lot of money involved.' He said payday lenders occupy several prime retail sites in Oceanside, where he would prefer to see other businesses. Chávez, a retired Marine colonel, said payday lenders have been around bases for a long time, and Oceanside needs to set some regulations for them." [North County Times, 1/18/07]

Unemployment

2015: Chávez Said He Would Support Legislation To Promote Job Growth

Chávez Met With The California Small Business Advisory Council, Said He Would Support Legislation To Promote Job Growth. In an April 2015 Facebook post, Chávez wrote, "I had a great meeting with the California Small Business Advisory Council earlier today. We discussed important issues to the small business fabric in the 76th Assembly District including: workers compensation reform, ADA lawsuits, water issues and increased funds

for the tourism economy. I appreciate the council's willingness to meet at my District Office and I look forward to working with small businesses in the 76th district to support legislation that will promote job growth in California." [Assemblymember Rocky Chávez, Official Facebook, 4/24/15]

2006: Chávez Put Jobs As His Third Priority, Behind Public Safety And Traffic

Chávez: Public Safety, Traffic And Jobs Were Chávez's Top Three Priorities In The 2006 Election, Respectively. "Traffic, public safety and preservation of Oceanside Municipal Airport are the three top issues in the Nov. 7 City Council election, candidates said at a public forum yesterday. About 100 people attended the forum in the clubhouse at the Oceana senior community. It also was televised to residents on a closed-circuit channel. [...] Sanders, a former police officer, put public safety at the top of his list, followed by traffic. Chávez also put public safety above traffic, but he ranked jobs as a third priority. Oceanside has the second-lowest number of jobs per household in San Diego County, beating out Imperial Beach. Kern said he does not believe public safety is the issue it has been in the past, but others rated it highly." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/29/06]

Pay Equity

Chávez Co-Sponsored A Bill That Would Require California-Tied Businesses To Turn Over Wage Information, Separated Out By Demographic

Lake County News: Chávez Co-Sponsored California Bill Requiring "Companies That Do Business With The State Of California To Provide The State With Data On Employee Income By Gender And Race." "Assemblyman Bill Dodd (D-Napa) on Monday introduced legislation requiring companies that do business with the state of California to provide the state with data on employee income by gender and race. [...]Dodd was joined in introducing the bill by co-authors Senators Lois Wolk, Holly Mitchell, Connie Leyva, Loni Hancock and Cathleen Galgiani, and Assemblymembers Susan Bonilla, Lorena Gonzalez, Susan Talamantes Eggman, Rob Bonta, Rocky Chávez and Patty Lopez." [Lake County News, 3/3/15]

AB 1343 Could Help Establish Framework For Closing The Wage Gap. "With the introduction of Assembly Bill 1354, Dodd is taking an important step towards gender pay equity in California [...] 'This issue needs attention and it needs it now,' said former Lake County Supervisor Denise Rushing, who was recently selected as the Assembly District 4 Woman of the Year. 'It's time we treat pay as a right, not a luxury, and I appreciate Assemblymember Dodd addressing this issue.' While aggregate data on the gender pay gap is available, more nuanced data breaking down job category wages by gender and race has not been widely gathered. In order to appropriately target efforts to reduce and eliminate the wage gap, this data needs to be collected. In 2014, President Obama directed the U.S. Department of Labor to collect the gender and race pay data from federal contractors to fill in the same sort of missing pieces. AB 1354 seeks to do the same for California." [Lake County News, 3/3/15]

Development

Developer Incentives

Chávez Voted To Defer Builders' Development Fees For Two Years Or More

Chávez Voted To Reduce Up Front Costs For Developments, Which Opponent Esther Sanchez Called, "A Private Subsidy." "A plan to give builders a break in paying development impact fees won preliminary approval from the Oceanside City Council in a 3-2 vote Wednesday. The proposal would allow home builders to put off paying the fees for up to a year or until a project was ready for final city inspection, whichever comes first. Builders of nonresidential project could defer payment for up to two years or until their projects were ready for inspection. Backed by the Building Industry Association of San Diego, supporters said the proposal is aimed at jump-starting the construction industry by reducing the up-front financing costs of new projects. City Engineer

Scott Smith said deferring the fees would have little effect on the city because developers would still be required to pay them. Council members Rocky Chávez, Jack Feller and Jerry Kern voted in favor of the plan. Mayor Jim Wood and Councilwoman Esther Sanchez opposed it. Kern and Feller said deferring fees would help create jobs in the city. Sanchez said the proposal would amount to a public subsidy for private projects and would sent a bad precedent." [North County Times, 9/2/09]

Chávez Wanted To Cut Developers' Fees At The Expense Of Local Infrastructure. "Chávez wants to cut fees to developers to attract more business. Wood thinks the fees should be raised so developers pay for the infrastructure their projects necessitate. 'I'm not against developers. They built this town,' Wood said. 'However, the citizens make it a community.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/1/04]

Chávez: "We Need To Continue Providing Incentives To Help Companies Grow"

Chávez Supported Reducing Regulations And Tax Burdens As Incentives To Businesses. "To keep America's economy moving forward, we need to continue providing incentives to help companies grow, to invest in innovation and American jobs, and to ensure they can compete in the global marketplace. In the Legislature, I supported efforts to reduce California's tax and regulatory burdens — among the heaviest in the nation. I also worked to improve our schools and expand vocational training to ensure we have the skilled workers demanded by the new economy — important work I'll continue in Congress." [RockyChávezForCongress.com, accessed 2/11/18]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Remove Incentives From Various Economic Development Areas. In June 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that would eliminate tax credits and provisions for, "enterprise zones, manufacturing enhancement areas, targeted tax areas, and local agency military base recovery areas, or LAMBRAs." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-16-9. [AB 93, 6/27/13; California LegInfo, 7/11/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Increased Transparency When It Came To Economic Development Subsidies. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require each local agency, as defined, to provide specified information to the public before approving an economic development subsidy, as defined, within its jurisdiction, and to review, hold hearings, and report on those subsidies at specified intervals." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-23-5. [AB 562, 8/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/11/13]

Business Filings

Chávez Voted Against A Measure That Would Expedite The Processing Of Business Filings

Chávez Was The Only Member To Vote Against A Bill That Would Spur Business Development And Job Creation. "The Assembly voted Monday to send \$2 million to Secretary of State Debra Bowen's office to immediately begin reducing a six-week backlog of business filings. [...] Bowen has told lawmakers she needs that much money and help to shrink the filing wait time to five business days by November and then to keep it there. Texas processes similar business filings in a week or less and uses an automated online filing system. In California, business filings are on paper. The department uses 3-inch by 5-inch index cards for some record-keeping. There is a backlog of 122,000 business filings. 'This an [sic] been an unnecessary brick wall to business startups and job creation for way too long,' said John Kabateck, executive director of the California chapter of the National Federation of Independent Business. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, said he was concerned about the rush to assist Bowen's office, saying that the secretary of state hasn't made business filings a priority. 'I don't believe in rewarding bad behavior,' said Chávez, who initially abstained from voting on the bill, but later voted against it." [Sacramento Bee, 3/19/13]

Community Development

2013: Chávez Voted Against Community-Oriented Initiatives

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing The Sustainable Communities Investment Authority, Which Aimed To Foster Economic Development. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that allocated funds towards communities that needed economic development. "The Community Redevelopment Law authorizes the establishment of redevelopment agencies in communities to address the effects of blight, as defined. Existing law dissolved redevelopment agencies and community development agencies, as of February 1, 2012, and provides for the designation of successor agencies. Existing law provides for various economic development programs that foster community sustainability and community and economic development initiatives throughout the state. This bill would authorize certain public entities of a Sustainable Communities Investment Area, as described, to form a Sustainable Communities Investment Authority (authority) to carry out the Community Redevelopment Law in a specified manner." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-28-2. [SB 1, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 9/3/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring An Economic Impact Report Before Building A Superstore In A Neighborhood. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a city, county, or city and county, including a charter city, prior to approving or disapproving a proposed development project that would permit the construction of a superstore retailer, or where a superstore would be the recipient of over \$100,000 in financial assistance, to cause an economic impact report to be prepared, as specified, to be paid for by the project applicant, and that includes specified assessments and projections, including, among other things, an assessment of the effect that the proposed superstore will have on designated economic assistance areas, and an assessment of the effect that the proposed superstore will have on retail operations and employment in the same market area." The bill passed the Assembly, 41-31-6. [AB 667, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 5/20/13]

Job Training

Chávez: "Government Leaders Have Dropped The Ball By Not Investing More Into Retraining Our Workforce"

Chávez Believed That Job Retraining Was The Key To Safer And Higher Paying Jobs. "Both parties painted free trade as a 'bad' thing, and this has caused jobs to be lost. Granted, changing markets can stress individuals when certain jobs are moved to other countries. However, I have always believed that we are better served by educating our workforce for better paying jobs in safer and cleaner job environments than to keep jobs that take a toll on an individual's health. [...] Government leaders have dropped the ball by not investing more into retraining our workforce. It is not the fault of free trade; it is the fault of our leaders who have not tied our educational institutions to our businesses and job opportunities. Many think education ends at high school or college. However, education in a world economy should be continual throughout a person's career. We need to rethink how we educate our workforce by building educational infrastructure and funding to support our workers for higher paying and cleaner jobs." [OC Register, 5/13/16]

Education Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez said the reason that he was not a Democrat was because of Democrats' education policy.
- ✓ Despite saying how important he believed early childhood education was, Chávez inconsistently voted in favor of mandatory Kindergarten initiatives.
 - ✓ Chávez did, however, vote in favor of Pre School For All initiatives.
- ✓ Chávez repeatedly voted to increase education spending.
- ✓ Chávez sponsored a bill that froze California's public college tuition for four years.
- ✓ Chávez opposed providing supplemental tuition assistance to bridge the gap between existing financial aid and the full cost of attending college.
- ✓ Chávez supported Common Core.
- ✓ Chávez opposed charter schools, until his School of Business and Technology needed state funds to stay in business.
 - ✓ Chávez has since expressed support for charter schools, "school choice" and Education Secretary Betsy DeVos.
- ✓ Chávez did not vote in support of diversifying the curricula for schoolchildren to include "ethnic studies" and the history of immigration and deportation.
- ✓ Chávez voted to include sexual education as part of the curriculum for 7-12th grade students.
- ✓ Chávez voted against reducing spending by lowering school superintendents' severance packages.
- ✓ Chávez opposed capping school reserve funds.
- ✓ Chávez voted against mandating that students get enough time to eat lunch every day.
- ✓ At first, Chávez voted for more funding for at-risk youth, but then he voted against the final bill.

Early Childhood Education

Mandatory Early Childhood Education

Chávez Flip Flopped On Whether Kindergarten Should Be Mandatory, But Supported Preschool For All

2014: Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Make Kindergarten Compulsory. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would make kindergarten compulsory. "This bill, beginning with the 2016–17 school year, would require a child to have completed one year of kindergarten before he or she may be admitted to the first grade, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-24-1. [AB 1444, 5/28/14; California LegInfo, 8/22/14]

2015: Chávez Supported A Bill That Would Require Pre-School To Be Available For All, And Expressed Legislative Intent To Provide All Low-Income Children Access To A State-Funded Preschool Program, Contingent On Sufficient Funding. In June 2015, Chávez voted for a bill that: "Establishes the Preschool for All Act of 2015 and requires, on or before January 1, 2017, all eligible children to have access to the state preschool program the year before they enter kindergarten, if their parents wish to enroll them, contingent upon the appropriation of sufficient funding in the annual Budget Act for this purpose. Finds and declares that studies have shown that high-quality preschool significantly improves children's school readiness and school performance, that quality preschool provides a return of \$15,000 for every child served, and that investment in high-quality preschool will result in savings in prison expenditures. Further expresses the intent of the Legislature that all low-income children have access to either a state preschool program or a transitional kindergarten program and to provide funds to expand the state preschool program to provide full day, full year preschool for all eligible low-income children." The bill passed its third reading 56-22. [AB 47, Assembly Floor Analysis, 6/2/15; passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

Chávez: "Early Cognitive Development Is Critical To Help Further Develop The #Education Of California's Youth." In an April 2015 tweet, Chávez wrote, "Early cognitive development is critical to help further develop the #education of California's youth. #CaLeg" [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 4/8/15]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill, Which Excluded The Low-Income Students Access Provision. "Requir[ing], on or before June 30, 2018, all eligible children who are not enrolled in transitional kindergarten to have access to the state preschool program the year before they enter kindergarten, if their parents wish to enroll them, contingent upon the appropriation of sufficient funding in the annual Budget Act for this purpose." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 47, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/9/15]

2015: Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Children Entering First Grade To Have Completed One Year Of Kindergarten. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] a child to have completed one year of kindergarten before he or she may be admitted to the first grade, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 58 to 21, with one not voting, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriation committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 713, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

High School Graduation Rates

Chávez Said He Was Not A Democrat Because He "Could Never Be Part Of A Party That Ensured 50 Percent Of Latino Boys In Los Angeles Don't Even Graduate From High School"

Chávez: "I Could Never Be Part Of A Party That Ensured 50 Percent Of Latino Boys In Los Angeles Don't Even Graduate From High School." "It's the California dream, and it's about education -- that's one of the real strong reasons I'm running for office,' Chávez said, adding he's been asked why he's not a Democrat. 'I could never be part of a party that ensured 50 percent of Latino boys in Los Angeles don't even graduate from high school. ... If you have no education, you have no job and you have no future." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

College Affordability

Chávez Claimed He Supported Measures That Improved College Accessibility

Chávez Said He Supported Measures That Improved College Accessibility

Chávez's Senate Platform Included Making College Affordable And Accessible. "Chávez's platform includes increasing affordability and accessibility of higher education and raising the minimum wage to a living wage for adults over a certain age, such as 25." [Daily Californian, 2/3/16]

But Chávez Consistently Opposed And Voted Against Providing College Students With More Financial Aid

Chávez Opposed Providing Supplemental Tuition Assistance To Bridge The Gap Between Existing Financial Aid And The Full Cost Of Attending College

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: Chávez Opposed The Degrees Not Debt Program. "The Degrees Not Debt plan also takes \$1.6 billion from Proposition 98 money. Proposition 98 money is already allocated to serve the K-12 education system. You cannot rob Peter to pay Paul. It is bad policy to take \$1.6 billion dollars from one sector of education (K-12) and push it to another area (undergraduate), especially when you need success in the former to even reach the latter. Multiple studies have shown that a thriving K-12 environment better equips a child for a college environment." [San Diego Union Tribune, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 3/29/17]

The Degrees Not Debt Scholarship Program Was Part Of The Democrats' Proposed Budget Plan In 2017, And Would Expand The Scope Of Financial Aide To Include Living Expenses. "A new budget plan from Assembly Democrats would expand the scope of financial aid, providing scholarships to low- and middle-income Californians for living expenses to help them graduate free of debt. [...] The plan's major component is a 'Degrees Not Debt Scholarship' to fill the gap between existing state and federal financial aid and the full cost of attending a public university. When living expenses are included, that averages more than \$23,000 at CSU and more than \$33,000 at UC. Students would be required to work 15 hours per week to cover some expenses and, if their income is more than \$60,000, their families would be expected to contribute a portion as well. If fully implemented next year, supporters calculate the scholarships would cost the state about \$1.6 billion, though that could drop as the minimum wage increases and students earn more. [Sacramento Bee, 3/13/17]

Democratic Assemblyman Kevin McCarty: State Revenues Would Increase To Cover The Costs Of The Program. "McCarty said that he expects state revenues to increase enough in the next few years to make this affordable without requiring cuts to other spending. It would be phased in as funds are available, he said. "Of course we have to be responsible," he said." [Edsource.org, 3/13/17]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Qualify All Students With Unmet Financial Need For A Fee Waiver At California Community Colleges. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Lower[ing] the amount of unmet financial need a student needs to demonstrate to qualify for a fee waiver to at least one dollar. To the extent the bill would impose new duties on community college districts, it would constitute a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 53 to 25, with 2 not voting, but failed a Senate Education committee vote. [AB 1583, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16; failed in Senate committee, 6/29/16]

Chávez Implied Students Who Received Free College Tuition Would Be Disinclined To Graduate In Four Years

Chávez: "When People Are Given Something For Free, How Are You Going To Ensure They Graduate In Four Years?" "Republican lawmakers said they agree with their Democratic colleagues that student debt is excessive, but believe providing more aid is the wrong approach. Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside, who sits on the budget subcommittee on higher education, said the state would do better to reduce the inefficiencies that prevent students from finishing in a timely manner than than [sic] throw more money at universities' problems. 'When people are given something for free, how are you going to ensure they graduate in four years?' he said." [Sacramento Bee, 3/20/17]

Chávez Said He Believed Students Were Taking Too Long To Graduate From College. "One of the problems we're having in higher ed is not that there's so many seats there, but it takes so long. When I went to college, you know, you got out in 4 years, everybody took 15 hours a year, you got out in four years. We had a discussion the other day, you know we're looking at numbers where it takes between six to ten years to graduate from college. That's ridiculous. Because when people are extending their time, with, to get out of

college, because of lack of access, that's just backing up the whole train. It's like the freeway is just backing up. So it's not so much the different universities, it's the access for the students, we need to look at new technologies to do that." [National Journal Live, "The California Story: The Immigration Debate in the Golden State" Panel, 5/1/15] (VIDEO)

California Tuition Rates

Chávez Sponsored A Bill That Froze California Public College Tuition Rates For Four Years

Chávez Sponsored A Bill That Froze California Public College Tuition Rates For Four Years, Which Aimed To Give Students Financial Stability. "Today, Assembly Bill 67, a joint effort between Assemblymembers Kristin Olsen, (R-Modesto), Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside) and Jeff Gorell (R-Camarillo) passed out of the Assembly's Higher Education Committee with bi-partisan support. To ensure that Proposition 30 tax dollars are actually used to protect higher education as the voters intended, Assembly Bill 67 would freeze tuition at all UC and CSU campuses for four years. [...] The first adult decision many of these students make is choosing which college or university to attend. Unfortunately, they cannot make an informed decision when there are so many unknown economic variables, said Chávez. By stabilizing tuition and fees for four years, AB 67 will allow students to financially prepare for their education and prevent them from being priced out of completing their degrees." [California State Assembly Republican Caucus, press release, 4/9/13]

Online Education

Regulation

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Postsecondary Educational Institutions To Register With The State

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Require Would Postsecondary Educational Institutions With No Physical Presence In California To Register With The State And Participate In The Student Tuition Recovery Fund. In June 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] a private entity with no physical presence in California, that would be subject to the requirements of this act if the entity was located in this state, to register with the bureau and participate in the act's Student Tuition Recovery Fund for its California students." The bill passed the Assembly 55 to 25 but, in the latest action, was held in Senate committee without further action. [AB 2652, passed the Assembly, 6/1/16]

Truancy

Anti-Truancy Programs

At First, Chávez Voted For More Funding For At-Risk Youth, But Then He Voted Against The Final Bill

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Establish A Grant Directed At Students Who Demonstrate Financial Need And Have High Truancy Rates. In June 2015, Chávez voted for: "Establish[ing] the Our Children's Success—The Early Intervention Attendance Pilot Grant Program under the administration of the State Department of Education. The program would provide grants to applicant public schools, school districts, and county offices of education seeking to resolve the attendance problems of pupils in kindergarten and grades 1 to 3, inclusive. [...] The bill would require the department to give priority in awarding grants to those applicants who demonstrate financial need for the grant and that have the highest truancy rates in urban areas, rural areas, and suburban areas, respectively." The bill passed the Assembly 56 to 24. [AB 1014, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

Chávez Changed His Position And Voted Against The Final Version Of The Bill, Which Established And Implemented Grant Programs To Reduce Truancy And Support Students Who Are At Risk Of

Dropping Out Of School Or Are Victims Of Crime. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Establish[ing] the Learning Communities for School Success Program for the purpose of implementing that grant program [aimed at improving outcomes for public school pupils by reducing truancy and supporting pupils who are at risk of dropping out of school or are victims of crime], subject to an appropriation to the Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Fund in the annual Budget Act or another statute for the purposes of the bill. The bill would specify the administrative duties and responsibilities of the department with respect to the program, including administering grants and coordinating assistance to local educational agencies, as defined. The bill would set forth criteria to guide the department in awarding grants under the program, and would specify the purposes for which grant funds may be used. The bill would require the department to submit a final evaluation of the program to the Legislature on or before January 31, 2020." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 62 to 16, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1014, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/21/16]

Federal Department Of Education

Leadership

Chávez Approved Of Betsy DeVos For Secretary Of Education

Chávez Thought Trump's Pick For Secretary Of Education, Betsy DeVos, Was "Very Good". "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican who was deeply critical of Trump during the presidential campaign, said he now is giving him the benefit of the doubt. 'It's too early to tell,' Chávez said, mixing among the delegates at the party's Sacramento headquarters, where posters and photos of Ronald Reagan adorned the walls. 'I think his Supreme Court pick is outstanding. I think his picks of Kelly, Mattis, Tillerson ... and DeVos are very good." [Sacramento Bee, 2/25/17]

Private & Charter Schools

Chávez Opposed Charter Schools Until The Business And Technology High School He Was Running Needed To Be Converted Into A Charter School To Stay Open

2002: Chávez Opposed Charter Schools While Running A Business And Technology Academy

2002: Chávez Opposed Charter Schools. "This much you can take to the bank: Chávez has rare charisma. He's a short man who throws a 7-foot shadow. And he delights in going against the ideological grain. He opposes charter schools, for instance, as well as harsh Republican immigration policies. He resists easy stereotyping." [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/24/02]

2004: The School Of Business And Technology, Of Which Chávez Was Principal And Chief Education Officer, Had To Be Made Into A Charter School Due To Lack Of Funding

Oceanside Unified School District Had To Turn The School Of Business And Technology, Of Which Chávez Was The Director, Into A Charter School To Keep It Running. "In August 2002, the Oceanside Unified School District started the school as a way of providing business-focused education to its students. The district hired Chávez, a retired Marine colonel, to be the school's first director. In 2003, facing a mounting budget deficit, the district opted to turn it into a charter school so that the school could get its own funding from the state." [North County Times, 12/9/04]

Chávez: "As A Result Of Our Failing Educational Institutions, We Have Seen A Rise In Charter And Private Schools Throughout California"

Chávez Said He Wanted To Improve The Quality Of All Levels Of Public Education. "The current K-12, community college and state university systems also need to change course. As a result of our failing educational institutions, we have seen a rise in charter and private schools throughout California. Parents are willing to pay extra for their child to receive a better education than they would otherwise receive in our public schools." [OC Register, 5/13/16]

Chávez Supported Charter Schools And Believed That Most Latinos Did Too

Chávez Supported Charter Schools, Said They Were "Public Institutions And Are Meant To Be Innovation Labs." In June 2015, Chávez tweeted: "Charter schools are public institutions and are meant to be innovation labs. #AB709" [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 6/3/15; CA State Legislature, AB. 709, Assembly Vote, 6/3/15]

Chávez: "I Believe Education Reform Is The Best Way For The Republican Party To Reach Out To California's Latino Community." "I believe education reform is the best way for the Republican Party to reach out to California's Latino community. [...] Like many conservative education advocates, Latino parents want their children to have access to good schools and quality teachers. They believe they should be able to choose where their children attend school, and they believe no one should be stuck in a low performing school just because of where they live. As an education director, I found many Latino families felt that transfers between school districts should be easier to obtain, and there should be greater access to public charter schools. Essentially, Latino families, like the Republican Party, believe in educational choice." [La Prensa San Diego, 1/11/13]

California Parents For Public Virtual Education

2014: Chávez Received The "Golden Apple" Award From California Parents For Public Virtual Education For His "Exemplary" Work "In Expanding School Choice"

Chávez Received An Award For Being An "Exemplary State Legislator In Expanding School Choice." "Local Assembly members Shirley Weber, D-San Diego, and Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, on Monday will receive the 'Golden Apple' award from the California Parents for Public Virtual Education. 'Assemblymembers Weber and Chávez have been exemplary state legislators in expanding school choice for parents and students as well as ensuring more funding for public charter schools in California,' the organization said in a release." [California Parents for Public Virtual Education, press release, 3/3/14]

HEADLINE: Charter School Parents To Legislature: Hands Off. [Sacramento Bee, 6/7/17]

OP-ED: The California Parents For Public Virtual Education Advocated For Charter School Parents. "Assemblyman Kevin McCarty and the California Federation of Teachers would rather attack the charter movement than address the "failure factories" of the current public education system. Their motives are thin – protecting union jobs and discrediting a solution working for thousands of students throughout California. By demonizing "for-profit," they fail to realize the strength in the education marketplace. If parents aren't happy, they will leave. It's the reason charters are flourishing in underserved communities. [...] That's why California Parents for Public Virtual Education, a nonprofit parent volunteer organization, is alerting charter school families throughout the state about Assembly Bill 406. It's time that lawmakers trust parents and support public education options specifically addressing our students' academic, personal and social needs." [Sacramento Bee, 6/7/17]

The California Parents For Public Virtual Education Aim To, "Build A Stronger And Louder Coalition Of Supporters For Online Education," Including Charter Schools. "With the 2016 elections over and policy-makers returning to the State Capitol, California Parents for Public Virtual Education is focusing efforts on the upcoming 2017 legislative session. While much has been done to share our positive student stories and benefits of the public virtual education experience, CPPVE is now focused on educating new members of the State Legislature. Many of these incoming freshmen lawmakers — serving on key education and budget policy committees — will have a voice in determining our students' future. California policy-makers are embracing public virtual education

for the numerous benefits afforded to students. It's our job to continue a positive dialogue and collaboration with state legislators and policy staff. We need to share our personal stories, student successes and academic achievements. Building a stronger and louder coalition of supporters for online education in Sacramento is our #1 goal for 2017. The overall growth of charter schools and the enthusiasm for public virtual education in California is thriving. As a parent, grandparent, teacher or learning coach, your participation in CPPVE is important!" [CalVirtualEd.org, accessed 3/11/18]

Curriculum

Common Core

Chávez Supported Common Core

Chávez Supported Common Core Standards, Saying: "What Common Core Teaches Is Critical Teaching Skills." "Asked about Common Core education standards, Chávez replied that California students no longer compete with those in other nearby districts but instead with those in other nations around the world. 'What Common Core teaches is critical teaching skills,' he said, drawing a rumble of disapproval from the audience. 'Don't get wrapped around these miniscule little issues, take the larger view of what we're trying to do for our children's future." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Chávez On Common Core: "The Problem With Common Core Is That We Did Not Adequately Fund Or Prepare The State Of California And Give Teachers The Time, Training And Resources They Needed." "Then came another question Common Core. Once again, the crowd seemed restless as Chávez explained that the recently adopted Local Control Funding Formula plan adopted by the Legislature and Gov. Jerry Brown delegates more authority to school districts to set curricula that best fit their communities, but 'the problem with Common Core is not critical thinking – the problem with Common Core is that we did not adequately fund or prepare the state of California' and give teachers the time, training and resources they needed." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Sexual Education

Chávez Voted To Require Sex Ed For Grades 7-12

Chávez Voted For A Bill To Require A Comprehensive Sexual Health Education And HIV Prevention Education. Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] school districts to ensure that all pupils in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, receive comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education, as specified. By imposing additional requirements on school districts, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 26, with 3 not voting, and became law. [AB 329, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/1/15]

Ethnic Studies

Chávez Did Not Support Ethnic Study Courses

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Oversight Into The Development Of Curricula To Ensure Quality Courses In Ethnic Studies. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the Superintendent to oversee the development of, and the state board to adopt, a model curriculum to ensure quality courses in ethnic studies." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 61 to 15, with 4 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 101, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/9/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Expansion Of Social Studies Education To Include Unlawful Deportation. Chávez did not vote on: "Encouraging the incorporation of survivor and witness testimony into the teaching of human

rights, include the unconstitutional deportation to Mexico during the Great Depression of citizens and lawful permanent residents of the United States within the definition of human rights." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 62 to 10, with 8 not voting, and became law. [AB 146, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/4/15; became law, 10/1/5]

Funding

Severance Pay

Chávez Voted Against Lowering The Amount Of Severance Pay Offered To School Executives

Chávez Voted Against AB215, Which Lessened The Amount Of Severance Pay Offered In The High-Turnover Superintendent Position. "Bill author Assemblyman Luis Alejo, D-Salinas, said school districts have begun offering 18 months' severance pay as a de facto perk in contract negotiations, leading to stories across the state of high-priced departures. [...] The state Assembly passed the bill 78-2 on Thursday, with Republican Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside San Diego County and Democratic Assemblyman Marc Levine of San Rafael voting against it. Both lawmakers said Friday that they were concerned the bill would have unintended consequences, such as increasing turnover of school superintendents by decreasing the amount districts pay to fire them. [...] 'If a superintendent makes what they believe is the best choice for the education institution, often it's at odds with special interests,' Chávez said. 'When special interests get involved, as I've seen in Oceanside, then you can have people removed from office. There is a lot of risk' to being a superintendent." [San Francisco Chronicle, 6/7/15]

Tax Base

Chávez Issued A Statement Against Alleged "Job Killer" Bills, Saying He Disapproved Because Fewer Jobs Means Fewer Tax Dollars Going To Schools

Chávez: "Every Job We Lose Not Only Erodes Our Tax Base, It Hurts Schools And Students." "Assembly Republican Education Committee Members Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside) and Young Kim (R-Fullerton) issued the following statement today in response to the California Chamber of Commerce's 2015 'Job Killer' bills that will severely impact California's economy and public school funding: 'The authors of this year's 'Job Killer' bills fail to understand that these bills will hurt our economy and punish California's schools. California's constitution guarantees that 40 percent of tax revenue goes to education. Every job we lose not only erodes our tax base, it hurts schools and students. The Legislature should work with the California Chamber of Commerce's member businesses and other job creating organizations in order to keep jobs in California. A more collaborative solution will fulfill our duty as legislators to create an environment that will assist in the positive development of California's youth." [California State Assembly Republican Caucus, press release, 4/10/15]

Every Year The California Chamber Of Commerce Released A List Of Bills That Would Have A "Negative Impact" On California's "Job Climate And Economic Recovery." "The California Chamber of Commerce released a preliminary list of job killer bills on April 9 to call attention to the negative impact that the proposed measures would have on California's job climate and economic recovery if they were to become law. The list grew to 19 bills before the end of the 2015 legislative session." [CalChamber, accessed 3/11/18]

School Reserve Funds

Chávez Opposed Capping School Reserve Funds

Chávez And The California State Assembly Republicans: The Governor's Plan To Cap School Reserves Would Disproportionately Affect Students In Low-Income Schools. "Assembly Republicans today sent a letter to Governor Jerry Brown urging him to veto the controversial legislation that ties the hands of school district

leaders by forcing them to spend fiscal reserves instead of using them to plan in the best interest of their students. Senate Bill 858, which would hypocritically cap large school district reserves at 3 percent at the same time the state is trying to build a 10 percent reserve, was inserted at the last minute into the majority vote budget passed on Sunday. In their letter to the Governor, GOP lawmakers argued that the proposal was fiscally-irresponsible, and would disproportionately hurt schools serving low-income and English Language Learner students. [...] '[W]e strongly urge you to veto SB 858. We stand ready to immediately pass the deferral repayment in another bill so that this important provision is not lost. Sincerely, [...] Rocky J. Chávez, 76th AD'" [California State Assembly Republican Caucus Correspondence, 6/17/14]

Chávez Said A School Superintendent Told Him A Reserve Prevented Teachers From Losing Their Jobs. "I met with the superintendent and some teachers in the Valley, and they were telling me, because in the downsizing of the economy, they were able to keep up and no teachers lost their jobs because they had a reserve. So, um, when teachers actually look at it as a business model and think about job security, they do want a reserve." [YouTube, Charter Local Edition, 3/23/15] (VIDEO)

Bond Funds

Chávez Opposed Using Bond Funds To Purchase iPads Used For Educational Purposes For Students

Chávez: "It's Poor Fiscal Policy" To Use Bond Funds On iPads Instead Of Facility Repairs. "A bill that would have barred school districts from using voter-approved facility bond funds to purchase take-home iPads and other computer devices for students died in the state Assembly's Education Committee last week. [...] 'It's poor fiscal policy to use something that is going to have a 30- to 40-year payout to buy something that only has a shelf life of 18 to 24 months,' Chávez said. 'The intent of it was to ensure that when communities take on debt like a bond, it would go toward long-term investments, like a facility." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/10/14]

Teachers

Teacher Tenure

Chávez Wrote A Bill That Would Increase The Time It Took For Teachers To Earn Tenure

Chávez Introduced Education Bill That Would Extend The Probationary Period Requirements Prior To Teachers Receiving Tenure From Two To Three Years. "Among the package of education reform bills introduced by Republican assembly members two weeks ago was AB 1248 by Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside) designed to stiffen requirements before teachers receive tenure. The bill is similar to what former Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger attempted with one of the four initiatives he backed in the 2005 special election. [...] Chávez wants to extend the probationary period for teacher's tenure from two to three years, and keep a teacher under probationary status if the teacher receives two consecutive inefficient evaluations. [...] The Chávez bill is an attempt to improve the situation for students by evaluating teachers over a longer period." [Fox & Hounds, 3/17/15]

Chávez On Teachers' Tenure: "Nothing In Life Should Be Forever. In The Business World If You Don't Perform, Your Business Closes. In The Military, It's Up Or Out." "Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, would extend the number of years a teacher must work to achieve tenure from two to three, while also making tenure contingent on satisfactory evaluations with AB 1248. Teachers with poor evaluations could earn back tenure through professional development and coaching. 'I'm trying to find a middle ground. This bill allows tenure, it recognizes tenure,' Chávez said. 'But nothing in life should be forever. In the business world if you don't perform, your business closes. In the military, it's up or out.' Chávez said the Vergara case has raised awareness about shortcomings with the teacher tenure system. But he said the issue is too important to wait for a final ruling from the courts before taking action." [San Diego Union-Tribune, 4/18/15]

Chávez: "To Help More Teachers Reach Their Potential, We Need To Make Sure That They Have The Support And The Tools Required To Succeed." "Other measures will ensure that teachers are given the tools and

support they need to become great teachers. One measure, Assembly Bill 1248 (Chávez), would give teachers more time to master their profession by expanding the timeline to allow tenure to be earned within 3 years. 'Working at a charter school in Oceanside, I got to see firsthand how great teachers were making a difference in the lives of students every day,' said Assembly Member Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, founder and former di-rector of the School of Business and Technology in Oceanside. 'To help more teachers reach their potential, we need to make sure that they have the support and the tools required to succeed.'" [California State Assembly Republican Caucus, press release, 3/4/15]

Professional Development

Chávez Introduced A Bill That He Said Would Continue Teachers' Professional Development By Making Teacher Training A Priority

Chávez Introduced AB 1226, Which He Said Made, "The Provision Of Professional Development For Teachers By Local Education Agencies" A "State Priority." "Assembly Bill 1226 passed out of the Assembly committee on Education! #AB1226 Promotes excellent teaching by stating that the provision of professional development for teachers by local education agencies is a state priority. I am truly grateful that my colleagues on the Assembly Committee on Education agree that California should invest in teachers so they can thrive! All children can learn and be successful; we just need to challenge them. Continuing the professional development of our teachers is a step in the right direction. California Assembly Republican Caucus #GreatSchools4CA" [Rocky Chávez, Official Facebook, 4/8/15]

Chávez: "By Providing Our Teachers With The Tools They Need To Succeed, We Can Also Ensure Their Students Succeed." In an April 2015 tweet, Chávez wrote, "By providing our teachers with the tools they need to succeed, we can also ensure their students succeed. #AB1226." [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 4/8/15]

EdSource: AB 1226 Made Schools Include Teacher Training As Part Of Their Priorities. "AB 1226, by Chávez and Assemblyman Eric Linder of Corona, would require school districts to describe their plans for teacher training, including setting specific goals and committing money for them, as part of their LCAPs that they update annually. State law has set eight priorities that districts must account for in their LCAPs; professional development would become the ninth. If they persuade Democrats to vote for the bill, Chávez and Linder still face a possible veto from Gov. Jerry Brown, who has opposed any changes so far to the LCAP law." [Edsource.org, 3/5/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Express The Legislative Intent That Schools Provide Pupils With Adequate Time To Eat Lunch During The School Day. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Express[ing] legislative intent that schools provide pupils with adequate time to eat lunch during the schoolday. The bill would require school districts, in addition to providing a nutritionally adequate free or reduced-price meal for each needy pupil each schoolday, to ensure that each of the schools in their respective jurisdictions makes available to its pupils adequate time to eat after being served lunch." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 24, with 2 not voting, but the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 292, passed the Assembly, 6/4/15]

Education And Civil Rights

Chávez Said California's Poor Education System Caused Poverty And That Education Was A Civil Rights Issue

Chávez: "A Third Of Californians Are In Poverty Right Now Because Of Our Educational System." "It's not a Democrat/Republican thing. It's actually an issue what's best for our children. To move our children forward educationally, and especially children who are in areas of low social economic status. Their key to get out of poverty, and by the way a third of Californians are in poverty right now because of our educational system, their key to get out of poverty is a good education, a good job." [Office of Assemblymember Chávez, KOGO-AM Radio Interview, 5/5/15] (AUDIO)

Chávez: "To Me There Is No Greater Civil Rights Issue Than Ensuring Our Children Have A Quality Education." "You know I've been very strong on reforming education for the past decade. Back when I ran a charter school, and ever since I've been up here in the Assembly. To me there is no greater civil rights issue than ensuring our children have a quality education. So I'm gonna be making it an, I've made it an issue in the past decade and I plan on making it an issue, hopefully the next two decades I'll be serving in any capacity for the public." [Office of Assemblymember Chávez, KOGO-AM Radio Interview, 5/5/15] (AUDIO)

Election & Campaign Finance Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez voted against overturning Citizens United.
- ✓ In local politics, Chávez wanted to look into restricting campaign contributions, which his opponents called, "an absolute joke."
- ✓ Chávez voted against a bill that would have allowed students to register to vote more easily, but voted for a similar bill two years later
- ✓ Chávez voted against "One Person, One Vote" when it was talking about immigrants, but relied on that mantra when suing for Republican electoral votes in California.
- ✓ Chávez voted against automatic voter registration.

Citizens United

Opposition To Overturning Citizens United

Chávez Opposed Various Bills Overturning Citizens United

Chávez Opposed Proposition 59, Which Would Overturn The Citizens United Ruling. "California voters will deciding whether or not to overturn the Citizens United ruling this November. Proposition 59, the California Overturn of Citizens United Act Advisory, would limit the rights of corporations by not allowing them the same constitutional rights awarded to people. [...] The opposition for the proposition includes Congressman Tom McClintock, a Republican representing California's 4th Congressional District, Senator Ted Gaines and Representative Rocky Chávez. Opponents believe that the proposition would hurt smaller businesses and would be ineffective. Opponents also believe that it would allow California congress members to 'tinker' with the First Amendment." [Daily 49er, 11/2/16]

2014: Chávez Voted Against A Resolution Calling For A Constitutional Amendment Against The Citizens United Decision. In January 2014, Chávez voted against a resolution that, "would constitute an application to the United States Congress to call a constitutional convention pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution for the sole purpose of proposing an amendment to the United States Constitution that would limit corporate personhood for purposes of campaign finance and political speech and would further declare that money does not constitute speech and may be legislatively limited." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-20-9. [AJR 1, 1/30/14; California LegInfo, 6/27/14]

Chávez Voted Against Putting Overturning Citizens United On The Ballot In The November 2014 Election. In June 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would put on the ballot, "an advisory question asking whether the Congress of the United States should propose, and the California Legislature should ratify, an amendment or amendments to the United States Constitution to overturn Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission (2010) 558 U.S. 310, and other applicable judicial precedents, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-23-4. [SB 1272, 6/30/14; California LegInfo, 7/22/14]

Local Campaign Finance Reform

Capping Campaign Contributions

Opponents Accused Chávez Of Playing Party Politics After He Suggested Capping Campaign Contributions

Opponent And Mayor Jim Wood: Chávez Wanted To "Cut Off" Big Donations That His Opponents Get. "Councilman Rocky Chávez asked city staff during Wednesday's meeting to research other cities' campaign regulations, focusing on contribution limits for candidates, a corporate contribution ban, tougher reporting requirements and a ban on campaign signs in the public right-of-way. [...] Wood questioned Chávez's motivation during the meeting. 'It's all about public safety (unions) ... You don't get support from people like that, so you want to cut it off.' [...] Wood and Sanchez have benefited heavily from labor support; Chávez, Feller and Kern, from the business community. Most cities in the county limit contributions. But not Oceanside. It's unclear whether such limitations would benefit Chávez and his council allies. Unions and other organizations would probably continue making independent expenditures, which can't legally be coordinated with candidates." [North County Times, 6/6/09]

Enfranchisement And Accessibility

Voter Registration

Chávez Voted Against Automatically Signing People Up To Vote When They Get Their Licenses

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing A Motor Voter Program That Would Automatically Register Individuals Obtaining A Driver's License To Vote. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] he Secretary of State and the Department of Motor Vehicles to establish the California New Motor Voter Program for the purpose of increasing opportunities for voter registration by any person who is qualified to be a voter. Under the program, after the Secretary of State certifies that certain enumerated conditions are satisfied, the Department of Motor Vehicles would be required to electronically provide to the Secretary of State the records of each person who is issued an original or renewal of a driver's license or state identification card or who provides the department with a change of address, as specified. The person's motor vehicle records would then constitute a completed affidavit of registration and the person would be registered to vote, unless the person affirmatively declined to be registered to vote during a transaction with the department, the department did not represent to the Secretary of State that the person attested that he or she meets all voter eligibility requirements, as specified, or the Secretary of State determines that the person is ineligible to vote." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 1461, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The Department Of Motor Vehicles To Pilot And Evaluate A Process To Ensure Completed Voter Registration. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the Department of Motor Vehicles to pilot and evaluate a process to register voters pursuant to the program to assist persons who do not fully complete the voter registration process. The bill would require the department to report on October 15, 2016, to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee, on the outcome of the pilot, other process changes proposed to ensure the full completion of voter registration, and an evaluation of options for ensuring persons have the opportunity to fully complete the voter registration process, including adding information technology equipment or fully automating forms." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 28, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 838, passed the Assembly, 6/16/16; became law, 9/13/16]

2014: Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Have Allowed Students To Register To Vote More Easily, But Voted For A Similar Bill Two Years Later

2014: Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Protect Voters' Privacy When Registering To Vote Online And Allow Students To Register Online. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would protect voters' privacy when registering to vote online and allow students to register online. "This bill would require an individual or organization that distributes voter registration cards, a person entrusted with an affidavit of registration from an

elector, or an individual or organization that assists with the submission of an affidavit of registration electronically on the Internet Web site of the Secretary of State to comply with specified requirements relating to the voter registration information. [...] This bill would require each community college and California State University campus that operates an automated class registration system, as specified, to permit students, during the class registration process, to apply to register to vote online by submitting an affidavit of voter registration electronically on the Internet Web site of the Secretary of State. This bill would encourage the University of California to comply with these provisions. This bill would state that it is the intent of the Legislature that every eligible high school and college student receive a meaningful opportunity to apply to register to vote." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-18-6. [AB 1446, 5/1/14; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

2016: Chávez Voted To Require The California State University And California Community College Systems To Implement A Process Allowing Students To Simultaneously Enroll And Register To Vote Online. Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the California State University and the California Community Colleges to implement a process and the infrastructure to allow a person who enrolls online at the institution to submit an affidavit of voter registration electronically on the Internet Web site of the Secretary of State by July 1, 2018. The bill would encourage the University of California to comply with this provision." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 55 to 24, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 2455, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/21/16]

Petition Signatures

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Have Imposed More Restrictions On Gathering Petition Signatures For Ballot Access

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Impose More Restrictions On Gathering Signatures For Petitions. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require at least 10% of the signatures that are required to qualify an initiative measure to be solicited by a person who does not receive money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of soliciting signatures of electors, and would require that the declaration of such a person include additional content, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 51-25-2. [AB 857, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Mail-In Ballots

Chávez Voted For A Bill Making Mail In Ballots Easier To Return

Chávez Voted For A Bill Permitting A Vote By Mail Voter To Return Their Ballot To The Elections Official From Whom It Came At A Mail Drop-Off Location. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Permit[ing] vote by mail voter to return his or her voted vote by mail ballot to the elections official from whom it came at a vote by mail ballot drop-off location, as defined. The bill would require the Secretary of State, on or before January 1, 2017, to promulgate regulations establishing guidelines based on best practices for security measures and procedures that a county elections official may use if the county elections official establishes one or more vote by mail ballot drop-off locations and vote by mail ballot drop boxes, as defined." The bill passed the Assembly and became law. [SB 365, passed the Assembly, 9/9/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Chávez Voted Against Allowing People Who Messed Up Their Mail-In Ballot To Still Have Their Vote Counted

Chávez Voted To Continue Letting Election Officials Reject Unsigned Mail-In Ballots, No Exceptions.

Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] [an] elections official from rejecting the vote by mail ballot if the voter signs the identification envelope at the elections official's office before 5 p.m. on the 8th day after the election, completes and submits an unsigned ballot statement, as specified, before 5 p.m. on the 8th day after the election, or completes and submits an unsigned ballot statement to a polling place within the county or a ballot dropoff box before the

close of the polls on election day." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendment, and the bill became law. [AB 477, passed the Assembly, 9/10/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Ballot-On-Demand Systems

Chávez Voted To Establish More Regulations For Ballot-On-Demand Systems

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring The Secretary Of State To Adopt Regulations Governing And Certifying Ballot On-Demand Systems. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the secretary to adopt regulations (A) governing ballot on demand systems, as defined, and (B) for purposes of certifying ballot on demand systems. The bill, for commercial ballot manufacturers and finishers, would require the secretary to require a biennial inspection of the certified manufacturing, finishing, and storage facilities. The bill would also require the secretary to approve each ballot on demand system before the system is deployed for use in California elections. The bill would prohibit a jurisdiction from purchasing, leasing, or contracting for, and a vendor, company, or person from selling, leasing, or contracting with a jurisdiction for, a ballot on demand system unless the ballot on demand system has been certified by the secretary." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 23, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 439, passed the Assembly, 9/3/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Voter Bill Of Rights

Chávez Voted Against Clarifying The Voter Bill of Rights

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing The Secretary Of State To Revise The Wording Of The Voter Bill Of Rights As Necessary To Ensure Understanding. In August 2015, Chávez voted against: "Eliminat[ing] the requirement that the Voter Bill of Rights be worded as specified and would instead authorize the Secretary of State to revise the wording as necessary to ensure understanding." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 25, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 505, passed the Assembly, 8/17/15; became law, 9/1/15]

One Person, One Vote

Chávez Voted Against Enforcing "One Person, One Vote" When It Pertained To Immigrants, But Filed As Plaintiff On A "One Person, One Vote" Case To Dismantle California's Winner-Takes-All Electoral System, An Act Which Would Benefit Republicans

2015: Chávez Voted Against A Resolution Urging SCOTUS To Uphold The Federal Constitutional Principle Of "One Person, One Vote." In August 2015, Chávez voted against: "Urg[ing] the Supreme Court of the United States to uphold the federal constitutional principle of "one person, one vote" and not deny California's children and immigrants equal protection under the law." The resolution passed the Assembly 57 to 11, with 12 not voting. [SJR 13, passed the Assembly, <u>8/31/15</u>]

2018: Chávez Entered A Lawsuit Filed Against California's Governor And Secretary Of State, Advocating For The Dissolution Of The Winner-Takes-All Elector System. "To be clear, this lawsuit is not a challenge to the Electoral College, which is mandated by the Constitution. Instead, it is a challenge to the decision of California to award and select Electors on a WTA basis. The Constitution does not address how states should select Electors, and it certainly does not require WTA. To the contrary, as shown below, WTA is inimical to the long-established principle of 'one person, one vote,' and thereby violates the fundamental constitutional right to vote, as well as other constitutional rights." [Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief, 2/21/18]

Election Scheduling

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prevented Elections From Being Held On Low Turnout Days

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting A Political Subdivision From Holding An Election Other Than On A Statewide Election Date If Such An Election Has Led To Lower Voter Turnout. Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a political subdivision, as defined, from holding an election other than on a statewide election date if holding an election on a nonconcurrent date has previously resulted in voter turnout for a regularly scheduled election in that political subdivision being at least 25% less than the average voter turnout within the political subdivision for the previous 4 statewide general elections, except as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 45 to 30, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 415, passed the Assembly, 7/16/15; became law, 9/1/15]

Energy Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez was one of the 8 Republicans who voted in favor of extending the cap and trade program.
 - ✓ This move angered the far right, earning Chávez a place among one of the "Swamp 8" according to Breitbart.
 - ✓ A Wall Street Journal editorial said that Republicans voting for cap and trade committed an "act of political self-sabotage and voter betrayal."
 - ✓ However, he voted against using cap and trade proceeds to fund transportation, housing and sustainable community programs.
- ✓ Chávez refused to protect consumers from fuel manipulation.
- ✓ While Chávez supported offshore drilling in 2015, he claimed he did not support it in 2018.
- ✓ Chávez voted against fracking regulations.
- ✓ Chávez voted against transparency in the utilities business.
- ✓ Over his career, Chávez has received more than \$70,000 in campaign contributions from the oil & gas industry.

Oil & Gas

Cap And Trade

Chávez Voted In Favor Of Cap And Trade Extension

Chávez Voted In Favor Of AB 398, Which Extended The "Market-Based Compliance Mechanisms" Of The California Global Warming Solutions Act Of 2006. In July 2017, Chávez voted to extend California's cap-and-trade program. "The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating sources emitting greenhouse gases. The act requires the state board to approve a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 40% below the 1990 level by 2020 and to ensure that statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 40% below the 1990 level by 2030. The act authorizes the state board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. [...] This bill would, until January 1, 2031, extend the applicability of a regulation that establishes a system of market-based declining annual aggregate emissions limits for sources or categories of sources that emit greenhouse gases to December 31, 2030." [AB 398, 7/17/17; California LegInfo, 7/25/17]

Chávez On California Cap And Trade Bill: "We [Should] Be Leaders On Something That's Threatening The World." "The bill, AB 398, had been the subject of an intense week of lobbying, by the governor and his opponents. Republicans complained the bill would drive up prices for gasoline and electricity, while some environmentalists slammed it as being far too kind to industry. Passage required two-thirds of the legislators in each house. Twenty-eight senators voted in favor — one more than needed. Surviving the assembly required 54 votes in favor, and the bill secured 55. Several assembly Republicans crossed party lines to support it, even though some noted that California represents just 1 percent of the world's greenhouse gas emissions. 'You're

right, we're a very small component of the world on this,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside (San Diego County). 'But that doesn't mean we shouldn't be leaders on something that's threatening the world.'" [SFGate, 7/17/17]

Associated Press: Republicans Who Voted For Cap And Trade Extension "Proved Critical" To Its Passage. "Republican votes in the Assembly proved critical to passing an extension of California's cap and trade program, which aims to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. A handful of Democrats, meanwhile, bucked Gov. Jerry Brown and party leaders to vote against the bill, or skip voting altogether. In the Senate, all Democrats backed the measure alongside one Republican, Sen. Tom Berryhill of Twain Harte. Here's a breakdown of Assembly votes: Republicans in favor: [...] Rocky Chávez, Oceanside." [Associated Press, 7/18/17]

Chávez: "You Can Use A Market-Based System To Reduce Carbon" And "You Can Change Your Economy To Be A Green Economy So That We Can Protect This Earth." "California is 'the leader that's going to show other states and other countries how you can use a market-based system to reduce carbon and how you can change your economy to be a green economy so that we can protect this earth,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican." [Associated Press, 7/18/17]

Chávez Preferred Cap And Trade Because It Was More Free Market- And Business-Oriented Than Regulations. "Chávez said he liked elements in the measure that include the ability for companies to invest in carbon-reducing projects or offsets for part of their emissions compliance, and a price ceiling on allowances. There also are two allowance price containment points, or 'speed bumps,' triggers where the state Air Resources Board (ARB) will offer businesses under the system allowances at the price containment points. 'So that there was some assurance to the businesses they wouldn't be wiped out,' he said. [...] Chávez said he prefers cap and trade because it's a market mechanism rather than direct regulations on businesses. Chávez before the vote attended a community meeting and announced his plan to support the cap-and-trade extension. 'They all started cheering,' he said." [ClimateWire, 7/21/17]

Chávez Met With The Governor To Try And Broker A Satisfactory Cap And Trade Deal For Republicans. "Brown met with about 10 Republicans in his office this week to discuss the cap-and-trade bill, Republican Assemblyman Rocky Chávez said. Chávez, of Oceanside, has been leading the effort to craft a cap-and-trade deal Republicans can back. They've already won a repeal of the fire prevention fee and tax exemptions for power companies in the legislation. But they also want the spending provisions of the bill to sunset in five years, so lawmakers have another chance to determine how money from cap and trade should be allotted. Chávez said he's told Brown he could pick up between nine and 14 Republicans with the right deal. 'We recognize that climate change is a real issue that needs to be addressed,' Chávez said." [Santa Monica Daily Press, 7/13/17]

Chávez's Support For Cap And Trade Expansion Led To Criticism From Breitbart And The Right

HEADLINE: RINOs' Revenge: Mayes, 'Swamp 8' Given California Leadership Roles. [Breitbart, 9/25/17]

Breitbart Labeled Chávez One Of "The Most Notorious 'Swamp 8' Republicans." "Brian Dahle, the newly installed California State Assembly Republican Leader, did not take long to get on the wrong side of GOP grassroots activists in California after appointing several of the most notorious 'Swamp 8' Republicans to leadership roles — including former leader Chad Mayes (R-Yucca Valley) and Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside)." [Breitbart, 9/25/17]

So-Called "Swamp 8" Republicans Were Given That Title For Supporting Cap And Trade Expansion. "In recent weeks, activists led by Joseph Turner, founder of American Children First, have relentlessly pursued and protested those GOP legislators who voted for the cap-and-Trade expansion, whom conservative talk radio hosts have called the "Swamp 8." [Breitbart, <u>8/13/17</u>]

Wall Street Journal Editorial: Republicans Voting For Cap And Trade Was An "Act Of Political Self-Sabotage And Voter Betrayal" That "Rank[ed] Close To The Senate GOP's Obamacare Failure."

"Republicans in Sacramento handed Jerry Brown the biggest legislative victory of his governorship on Monday by reauthorizing carbon cap and trade. This act of political self-sabotage and voter betrayal ranks close to the Senate GOP's ObamaCare failure. Seven Republicans in the state Assembly joined 48 Democrats to extend the state's capand-trade program from 2020 through 2030." [Wall Street Journal, Editorial, 7/18/17]

Chávez Defended His Vote: Cap And Trade "Has Irrefutably Been Recognized As The Most Effective And Efficient Manner Possible"

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: "Refusing To Engage On Issues Such As Climate Change Because It Is Not Deemed Republican Enough Doesn't Help The People We Came Here To Represent." "We were able to reform the cap-and-trade program to create a market-based system that allows companies to achieve required environmental goals in what has irrefutably been recognized as the most effective and efficient manner possible. Without this reform, the far left would have created and implemented a carbon-tax command and control that would have caused taxes to skyrocket. We are talking about the cost of gas, food, utilities—all things that Californians who can't afford a Tesla in the driveway and solar panels on their roof care about. [...] Republicans in California must live with the realities of a deep-blue Democratic state. This isn't Washington, D.C., or Kansas. We have to cut taxes and regulations every chance we get. Refusing to engage on issues such as climate change because it is not deemed Republican enough doesn't help the people we came here to represent." [Wall Street Journal, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 7/20/17]

OP-ED: Chávez Was "Proud" To Make The Decision To Work With Democrats Cap And Trade. "Given the state of our nation, and the fact 80 percent of Californians — and 50 percent of Republicans — not only consider the environment one of their primary concerns but also view climate change as a real threat to the state, we are making the right call in representing you — our constituents. [...] This market-based solution serves both needs: it relieves the impending financial burden on the middle and lower class, and it lets California work towards a better environment. We have successfully molded an effective and efficient cap and trade program while protecting California families and ensuring sensible climate goals, starting with stopping unneeded and damaging regulations. Take a look on what's going on around us in the economy. I am proud to stand with Republican Assembly Leader Chad Mayes and my colleagues to implement a program that will ultimately be adopted nationwide." [Times of San Diego, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 7/18/17]

Chávez Signed A Letter Addressed To The Governor, Asking Him To Delay Cap And Trade Expansion Into Fuel Until The Economy Improves Further

Chávez And California Republican Caucus: "Expanding The Cap-And-Trade Program To Include Gasoline And Diesel Will Devastate Our Economy." "On behalf of our constituents, many of whom are low- and middle-income Californians still struggling to make ends meet, we are requesting that you use your executive authority to delay the expansion of the cap-and-trade program to include gasoline and diesel, which is currently scheduled to go into effect on January 1, 2015. Expanding the cap-and-trade program to include gasoline and diesel will devastate our economy, especially regions that are still recovering from the recession. These residents will be blindsided in January by a gas price increase they weren't told about and was not part of any legislative process. Instead, this is a hidden tax increase on the price of fuel that every Californians will feel when the program is expanded in January. [...] Sincerely, [...] Rocky J. Chávez AD-76." [Assembly California Legislature Correspondence, 6/24/14]

Chávez Voted Against Using Cap And Trade Funds For Transportation, Housing And Sustainable Community Programs

Chávez Voted Against Allocating Funds From The Cap And Trade Program To Transportation, Housing And Sustainable Community Programs. In June 2014, Chávez voted against the budget trailer bill that allocates money from the cap and trade program. "The budget trailer bill SB 862 outlines the key details: 35% of future cap and trade proceeds are allocated to transit, housing and other sustainable communities programs and projects: 10% for a transit and intercity rail capital program – administered by the California Transportation Commission (CTC) and Caltrans; 5% for transit operations – administered by Caltrans and the Air Resources Board; and, 20% for

housing and sustainable communities (including planning, active transportation, transit and other supportive infrastructure, and not less than half for housing) – administered by the Strategic Growth Council and ARB." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-26. [SB 862, 6/15/14; California LegInfo, 6/20/14; National Resources Defense Council, 6/16/14]

Chávez Received \$71,850 From The Oil And Gas Industry

Chávez Received \$71,850 From The Oil And Gas Industry

2018: Chávez Received \$27,000 From The Oil And Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$20,800 From Oil And Gas Companies. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$20,150 From The Oil And Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From The Oil & Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Fracking

Chávez Voted Against Increasing Fracking Regulations

Chávez Voted Against Increasing Fracking Regulations. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow fracking, but, "require oil and gas companies to apply for a permit to conduct fracking, publicly disclose the fracking chemicals they use, notify neighbors before drilling, and monitor ground water and air quality, among other requirement." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-20-4. [SB 4, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/20/13; UC Berkeley, Berkeley Blog, 11/18/13]

Fuel Price Manipulation

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Consumers From Fuel Price Manipulation

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Consumers From Fuel Price Manipulation. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, or the commission, upon appropriation by the Legislature of moneys generated by the collection of royalty payments from the oil and gas leases, to identify data currently collected or developed by the commission and to establish a methodology to analyze whether fuel price manipulation has occurred or is occurring. The bill would require the commission to establish a Motor Vehicle Fuel Market Advisory Committee, as specified, to review specific data and provide ongoing comments, insight, and recommendations about fuel market behavior and transactions related to potential market manipulation and methods to deter those activities." The bill passed the Assembly, 41-30-7. [SB 448, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Offshore Drilling

While Chávez Supported Offshore Drilling In 2015, He Claimed He Did Not Support It In 2018

2015: Chávez Said He Would Vote For Offshore Oil Drilling In Federal Waters If It Met Certain Science And Safety Requirements. "[Chávez] said he would vote for renewed offshore oil drilling in federal waters 'if it

meets all the requirements for science and safety of the Department of Conservation, Division of Oil, Gas & Geothermal Resources." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

2018: Chávez Said He Did Not Support Offshore Drilling, Citing The Santa Barbara Oil Spill Of 1969. "Rocky Chávez, a Republican State Assembly member who jumped in to run for Mr. Issa's seat, checked off the issues on which the Trump White House was out of step with many Californians, from offshore drilling to tax reform. But, he said, he was hopeful the mood would change by the time voters went to the polls. 'If the economy continues to go well, this could change this whole discussion,' he said. 'But it could also change on a tweet, as we all know.' [...] Mr. Chávez said he would not have voted for the tax bill and opposed the tough immigration policies backed by some Republicans in Congress. 'Offshore drilling -- I don't support it,' he said. 'I've been in California my whole life. I remember the Santa Barbara spill.'" [New York Times, 1/19/18]

Regulations

Renewable Energy Resources

Chávez Voted For The Energy Integration Advisory Council

Chávez Voted To Establish Energy Integration Advisory Council To Make Recommendations To Air Resources Board Concerning Actions To Quickly Integrate Increased Renewable Energy Strategies For The Energy Grid. In June 2015, Chávez voted for a bill that: "Establishes the Energy Integration Advisory Council (Council) to make recommendations to the Air Resources Board (ARB) regarding various strategies necessary for the energy grid to integrate increased renewable energy strategies." The third reading of the bill passed 71-5. "[CA State Legislature, AB 33, Assembly Vote, 6/3/15]

Chávez Tweeted: "I Strongly Support @Bill_Quirk's AB 33. We Need To Evaluate How We Develop, Retain, And Distribute Energy In #California." [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 6/3/15]

Public Utilities

Chávez Voted Against A Measure That Would Improve The Quality And Transparency Of The California Utilities Commission Because Of Partisanship

Chávez Was "Worried That Republicans Would Lose Influence Over The Industries The Commission Regulates." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, was among nine legislators to oppose the measure. He said he supports reforming the commission, but worried that Republicans would lose influence over the industries the commission regulates because Democrats would only need a majority vote to pass new rules if the constitutional amendment is approved by voters. 'To give that much authority away from us, so that we are not even part of the process, would pretty much ensure that we are marginalized by these major industries across California,' he said. 'Whatever comes back should not be a majority vote but a two-thirds vote.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 6/3/16]

Coal

Investment

Chávez Voted To Continue Letting State Retirement Boards Invest Employee Retirement Funds In Coal Companies

Chávez Voted Against State Retirement Boards To Cease Making Public Employee Retirement Fund Investments In Thermal Coal Companies. In April 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] the boards of the

Public Employees' Retirement System and the State Teachers' Retirement System from making new investments or renewing existing investments of public employee retirement funds in a thermal coal company, as defined. This bill would require the boards to liquidate investments in thermal coal companies on or before July 1, 2017, and would require the boards, in making a determination to liquidate investments, to constructively engage with thermal coal companies to establish whether the companies are transitioning their business models to adapt to clean energy generation." The bill passed the Assembly 47 to 30, with 3 not voting, [SB 185, passed the Assembly, 9/2/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Environmental Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Despite saying he believed in climate change, Chávez has done little to combat its effects.
 - ✓ Chávez consistently voted against efforts to lower emissions.
 - ✓ Chávez did not vote in favor of zero-emission cars.
 - ✓ Chávez voted against bills that would increase the state's emphasis on renewable resources.
 - ✓ Chávez voted against environmental impact studies.
- ✓ Chávez consistently voted against regulating hazardous waste.
- ✓ Chávez consistently voted against bills that tried to improve California's water preservation, storage, quality and infrastructure.
- ✓ Chávez voted against efforts to provide underserved and disadvantaged communities with extra help including a bill that would have allowed people without potable water to have temporary housing elsewhere.

Pollution

Hazardous Waste

Chávez Voted Against Bills Regulating Hazardous Waste

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Prioritize "Most Impacted Environmental Justice Communities" And Make The Transport Of Hazardous Waste Illegal. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would prioritize "most impacted environmental justice communities" and make the transport of hazardous waste illegal. "This bill would require the department to prioritize an enforcement action affecting communities that have been identified by the California Environmental Protection Agency as being the most impacted environmental justice communities. [...] This bill would instead prohibit a person from transporting hazardous waste, as specified, if the final destination of the transported hazardous waste is a domestic facility outside the jurisdiction of the state unless certain conditions apply to the facility, including whether the facility is subject to a cooperative agreement, as specified. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-25. [AB 1329, 9/6/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Chávez Voted Against Increasing Regulations On Hazardous Waste Facilities. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "set deadlines to shut down hazardous waste facilities that continue to violate health and safety laws while operating on expired permits," and, "strengthen the hazardous waste regulatory system, beginning with addressing when final permit decisions must be made by the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC)." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-23-7. [SB 812, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14; Senator Kevin De Leon, press release, 1/28/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The State To Consider Repeat Violations Of Noncompliance With Respect To Hazardous Waste Control As Reason To Deny, Suspend, Or Revoke A Permit. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the department [Department of Toxic Substances Control] to consider,

except under specified circumstances, 3 or more violations of, or noncompliance with, specified provisions for which a person or entity has been found liable or has been convicted, with respect to a single hazardous waste facility within a 5-year period, as compelling cause to deny, suspend, or revoke a permit, registration, or certificate applied for by, or issued to, that person or entity." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 54 to 25, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 1075, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; became law, 10/2/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Expanding On Hazardous Waste Permitting Criteria. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the department [Department of Toxic Substances Control], by January 1, 2018, to establish or update criteria for use in determining whether to issue a new or modified hazardous waste facilities permit or a renewal of a hazardous waste facilities permit, and to develop and implement, by July 1, 2018, programmatic reforms designed to improve the protectiveness, timeliness, legal defensibility, and enforceability of the department's permitting program." The bill passed the Assembly 50 to 25, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 673, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Emissions

Chávez Voted Against Lowering Emissions

Chávez Voted Against Reducing Emissions Of "Short-Lived Climate Pollutants." In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require the state board to complete a comprehensive strategy to reduce emissions of short-lived climate pollutants, as defined, in the state." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [SB 605, <u>8/29/14</u>; California LegInfo, <u>9/21/14</u>]

2015: Chávez Voted Against The California Global Warming Solutions Act, Which Required That The State Board Ensure Greenhouse Gas Emission Were Reduced To 40 Percent Below The 1990 Level By 2030. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the state board to ensure that statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to 40% below the 1990 level by 2030." The bill passed the assembly 48 to 31, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 32, passed the Assembly, 8/23/16; became law, 9/8/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The State Board To Take Specified Actions And Conduct Specified Analyses With Respect To Methane Emissions. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the state board to take specified actions and conduct specified analyses with respect to methane emissions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 57 to 22, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 1496, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/10/15; became law, 10/18/15]

2015: Chávez Voted Against The Clean Energy And Pollution Reduction Act, Which Required A 50 Percent Increase In Renewable Energy Production And Double Energy Efficiency Savings By 2030. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] that the amount of electricity generated and sold to retail customers per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to 50% by December 31, 2030, as provided. The bill would make other revisions to the RPS Program and to certain other requirements on public utilities and publicly owned electric utilities. [...] This bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to establish annual targets for statewide energy efficiency savings and demand reduction that will achieve a cumulative doubling of statewide energy efficiency savings in electricity and natural gas final end uses of retail customers by January 1, 2030." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 350, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Chávez Did Not Support Bills That Encouraged The Use Of Zero-Emission Cars

Chávez Voted Against Establishing The Charge Ahead California Initiative, Which Aimed To Put 1 Million Near-Zero-Emission Cards On The Road By 2023. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would establish the Charge Ahead California Initiative to be administered by the state board, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, air pollution control and air quality management

districts, and the public. The bill would state that the goals of the initiative are to, among other things, place in service at least 1,000,000 zero-emission and near-zero-emission vehicles by January 1, 2023, and to increase access for disadvantaged, low-income, and moderate-income communities and consumers to zero-emission and near-zero-emission vehicles." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [SB 1275, <u>8/27/14</u>; California LegInfo, <u>9/21/14</u>]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Mandated Landlords Allow Tenants To Request Electric Car Charging Stations. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a lessor of a dwelling to approve a written request of a lessee to install an electric vehicle charging station at a parking space allotted for the lessee in accordance with specified requirements and that complies with the lessor's approval process for modification to the property." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-2. [AB 2565, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 9/21/14]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Bill That Would Expand Zero-Emission Vehicle Rebate Programs To Used Cars. Chávez did not vote on: "Requir[ing] the state board [State Air Resources Board] to establish the Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project, as a part of the Air Quality Improvement Program, to provide rebates or other incentives for the acquisition of an eligible used vehicle [a vehicle eligible for a rebate under the Clean Vehicle Rebate Project], as defined; the replacement or refurbishment of a battery and related components for an eligible used vehicle or an extended warranty for the battery or related components; or an extended service warranty to cover unexpected vehicle repairs not covered by the manufacturer's warranty related to unique problems in eligible used vehicles, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 58 to 20, with 2 not voting, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 904, passed the Assembly, 6/2/15]

Climate Change

Acknowledging Climate Change

Chávez: "There's No Doubt In My Mind That We Are Having Climate Change In The World"

Chávez: Climate Change Was "Not An Issue Of Politics," But "An Issue Of Science." "Chávez was asked his opinion on global warming. 'There's no doubt in my mind that we are having climate change in the world,' he replied, noting U.S. military leaders have concluded that the greatest threat facing the nation in the Pacific is sealevel rise. 'This is not an issue of politics, this is an issue of science.' [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Associated Press: Chávez "Worked With Democrats On Climate Change Legislation, Irking The Party's Base." "Republican state Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside, a retired Marine officer, announced he'll seek Issa's seat. Chávez last year worked with Democrats on climate change legislation, irking the party's base, and has pushed back against Republicans looking to take a hard line on immigration." [Associated Press, 1/10/18]

Chávez Voted To Establish Energy Integration Advisory Council To Make Recommendations To Air Resources Board Concerning Actions To Quickly Integrate Increased Renewable Energy Strategies For The Energy Grid. In June 2015, Chávez voted for a bill that: "Establishes the Energy Integration Advisory Council (Council) to make recommendations to the Air Resources Board (ARB) regarding various strategies necessary for the energy grid to integrate increased renewable energy strategies." The third reading of the bill passed 71-5. "[CA State Legislature, AB 33, Assembly Vote, 6/3/15]

Renewable Energy

Electricity Transmission Lines

Chávez Voted For An Electricity Transmission Line With Possible Renewable Energy Sources

Chávez Voted In Support Of The SDG&E Sunrise Powerlink. "The City Council on Wednesday got behind the Sunrise Powerlink, but it wasn't without some sparks flying. The Oceanside council voted 3-2 to support the controversial 150-mile transmission line that would stretch from Imperial Valley to a new substation southeast of Interstate 5 and Highway 56. Mayor Jim Wood and Councilwoman Esther Sanchez voted no. [...] The vote directing city staffers to prepare a resolution of support for the transmission line came after a presentation by J.C. Thomas of San Diego Gas & Electric Co. The utility says Sunrise Powerlink, which will transmit electricity generated by solar, wind and geothermal sources to the area, is necessary to ensure the region has enough electricity in coming years. Deputy Mayor Rocky Chávez, who brought the issue forward, stressed that the council's vote was not about a route for the transmission line. 'Everybody knows we need to get off fossil fuels,' said Chávez. 'The question is, how we do it? My position is we just need to be supportive of transmission lines.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/20/07]

The Transmission Line's Environmental Impact Report Had Not Yet Been Released At The Time Of The Vote. "To say we're going to support this project when we don't even have the impacts, that doesn't make sense.' said Sanchez, adding that a public hearing should be held before the council took a position. Wood said he wants to see the information in a 7,000-page environmental report on the project that is to be released in January before making a decision. The \$1.4 billion line has strong support from the region's business community, but has been heavily criticized by environmentalists. While the proposed route largely avoids Julian by looping north around the popular resort town, the path for the project's 160-foot-tall poles slices through Anza-Borrego Desert State Park, Ramona, Poway, Scripps Ranch, Rancho Penasquitos and Carmel Valley." [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/20/07]

Opposition To Renewable Energy Programs

Chávez Voted Against The Green Tariff Shared Renewables Program

Chávez Voted Against The Green Tariff Shared Renewables Program. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would enact the Green Tariff Shared Renewables Program. The program would require a participating utility, defined as being an electrical corporation with 100,000 or more customers in California, to file with the commission an application requesting approval of a green tariff shared renewables program to implement a program enabling ratepayers to participate directly in offsite electrical generation facilities that use eligible renewable energy resources, consistent with certain legislative findings and statements of intent. The bill would require the commission, by July 1, 2014, to issue a decision concerning the participating utility's application, determining whether to approve or disapprove the application, with or without modifications." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-22-3. [SB 43, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/28/13]

Chávez Voted Against An Increased Dedication To Renewable Energy

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring That The Amount Of Electricity Generated And Sold From Renewable Energy Resources Be Increased To 50 Percent By 2031. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] that the amount of electricity generated and sold to retail customers per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to 50% by December 31, 2030, as provided. The bill would make other revisions to the RPS Program and to certain other requirements on public utilities and publicly owned electric utilities." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 350, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law 10/7/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Express The Intent Of The Legislature To Increase The Amount Of Renewable Energy Resources By 50 Percent By 2031. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Express[ing] the intent of the Legislature for the purposes of the RPS program that the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to an amount equal to at least 50% by December 31, 2030, and would require the PUC, by January 1, 2017, to establish the quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources to be procured by each retail seller for specified compliance periods sufficient to ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieves 50% of retail sales by

December 31, 2030, and that retail sellers procure not less than 50% of retail sales in all subsequent years." The bill passed the Assembly 46 to 29, with 5 not voting, but the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 645, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Adding Two Legislators To The State Air Resources Board. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Increas[ing] the membership of the [State Air Resources Board] to 14 [from 12], with the Senate Committee on Rules and the Speaker of the Assembly each appointing one member, as provided." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1288, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/12/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Water

Water Quality, Conservation And Storage Programs

Chávez Voted Against Penalizing People For Violating Water Conservation Ordinances

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Fining An Individual Up To \$10,000 For Violating A Water Conservation Program Ordinance. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Provid[ing] that a court or public entity may hold a person civilly liable in an amount not to exceed \$10,000 for a violation of a water conservation program ordinance or resolution, or certain emergency regulations adopted by the state board." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 28 and became law. [SB 88, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Voted Against Connecting Two Lakes To Increase California's Water Conservation Storage

Chávez Voted Against A Project Aimed At Improving California's Water Storage Supply. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a project, aimed at improving California's water storage supply, which would connect two lakes in the area. "This bill would authorize the agency to award a design-build contract for the combined design and construction of a project to connect Lake San Antonio, located in the County of Monterey, and Lake Nacimiento, located in the County of San Luis Obispo, with an underground tunnel or pipeline for the purpose of maximizing water storage, supply, and groundwater recharge." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-23-1. [AB 155, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/30/14]

Chávez Voted Against Groundwater Management

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Gave Authority And Funds To The Groundwater Sustainability Agency, Whose Goal Was To Promote Water Conservation And Protect Groundwater. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that gave authority and funds to the groundwater sustainability agency, whose goal was to promote water conservation and protect groundwater. "This bill would provide specific authority to a groundwater sustainability agency, as defined in SB 1168 of the 2013–14 Regular Session, to impose certain fees. The bill would authorize the department or a groundwater sustainability agency to provide technical assistance to entities that extract or use groundwater to promote water conservation and protect groundwater resources. [...] This bill would provide that the moneys in the Water Rights Fund are available for expenditure, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purpose of state board enforcement of the provisions of this bill. This bill would require the board to adopt a schedule of fees in an amount sufficient to recover all costs incurred and expended from the Water Rights Fund by the board for this bill." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-28-4. [AB 1739, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/16/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Local Agencies To Create Groundwater Management Plans. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would require local agencies to create groundwater management plans. "This bill would state the policy of the state that groundwater resources be managed sustainably for long-term reliability and multiple economic, social, and environmental benefits for current and future beneficial uses. This bill would state that sustainable groundwater management is best achieved locally through the development, implementation, and updating of plans and programs based on the best available science. [...] This bill would

authorize any local agency, as defined, or combination of local agencies to elect to be a groundwater sustainability agency and would require, within 30 days of electing to be or forming a groundwater sustainability agency, the groundwater sustainability agency to inform the department of its election or formation and its intent to undertake sustainable groundwater management." The bill passed the Assembly, 47-27-5. [SB 1168, <u>8/29/14</u>; California LegInfo, <u>9/16/14</u>]

Chávez Said He Supported Fast Tracking Water Storage Projects

Chávez Tweeted In Support Of AB 311, The Water Quality, Supply, And Infrastructure Improvement Act Of 2014. "Honored 2 stand by my @AssemblyGOP colleagues today in support of increasing H2O storage in CA #AB311WaterStorageNow" AB-311 is the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014, which relates to a water storage project. [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 4/27/15]

AB 311 Would Have Fast Tracked Water Storage Projects. "California Assembly Democrats shot down legislation that would have allowed for the construction of water storage sites in California, which is facing a massive water crisis. [...] AB 311 would have fast tracked environmental approval for water storage projects funded by the Water Quality, Supply and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014. [...] 'If the Legislature is willing to grant the Sacramento Kings arena expedited environmental review, then surely we should grant it to crucial water storage projects, which benefit all Californians,' said Assembly Member James Gallagher, (R-Nicolaus), the author of Assembly Bill 311. 'Once Water Bonds funds are allocated, the last thing we need are more delays. We must take action now to increase our storage capacity, and I am hopeful that the Legislature will listen to the voices of the many people who showed up at the State Capitol today to support expedited construction of these vital projects." [California Water News Daily, 5/1/15]

Water Quality Programs

Chávez Voted Against Improving Drinking Water Oversight

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Have Improved Oversight For California's Drinking Water Program. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would have improved oversight for California's Drinking Water Program. "This bill would transfer to the State Water Resources Control Board the various duties and responsibilities imposed on the department [California's Department of Public Health] by the state act. The bill would require these provisions to be implemented during the 2014–15 fiscal year." The bill passed the Assembly, 45-24-10. [AB 145, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 6/18/13]

Many Low Income Californians Were Not Given Access To Clean Drinking Water Due To The Misallocation Of Federal Grant Funds. "[T]he Department of Public Health was not effectively addressing the safe-drinking-water needs of the state's most at-risk communities. Many Californians (estimates generally range from 200,000 to 2.1 million) lack access to an affordable source of clean drinking water. Those hit hardest reside in small, low-income communities that are solely dependent upon groundwater supplies containing potentially hazardous levels of arsenic, nitrate, or other contaminants. The people least able to absorb extra costs often end up paying twice: once for the questionable water that flows from their faucets and again when they purchase bottled water for drinking and cooking." [LegalPlanet, 1/21/14]

AB 145 Was Aimed At Revamping The Drinking Water Program That Was Struggling Under The Supervision Of California's Department Of Public Health. "The California Department of Public Health, which administers the Fund as part of its Drinking Water Program (DWP), had received a Notice of Noncompliance from the U.S. EPA regarding the Department's failure 'to make timely loans or grants using all available drinking water funds to eligible water systems for necessary projects.' The notice identified the lack of 'dedicated accounting and financial staff to track commitments, calculate balances, and plan expenditures' (leading, for example, to failure to take into account 'at least \$260 million in loan capacity' from loan repayment revenues) as one source of problem. Although the DWP submitted, and the EPA accepted, a Corrective Action Plan, many doubt the plan has the power to address ongoing institutional shortcomings. [...]

First, in January 2013, California Assembly Members Perea (D-Fresno) and Rendon (D-Lakewood) introduced AB 145. Had the bill become law, it would have transferred implementation of the California Safe Drinking Water Act, enforcement of its federal counterpart, and administration of the SDW SRF from the Department of Public Health to the State Board." [LegalPlanet, 1/21/14]

Chávez Voted Against Creating A Program That Would Invest In Water Quality, Supply And Infrastructure, Before He Voted For It

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Repurpose Old Unissued Bonds To Create, "A Water Quality, Supply, And Infrastructure Improvement Program." In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would repurpose old unissued bonds to create, "a water quality, supply and infrastructure improvement program." "This bill would enact the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$7,120,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a water quality, supply, and infrastructure improvement program. This bill, upon voter approval, would reallocate \$425,000,000 of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of Propositions 1E, 13, 44, 50, 84, and 204 to finance the purposes of a water quality, supply, and infrastructure improvement program." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-21-5. [AB 1471, 5/23/14; California LegInfo, 8/13/14]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill. In August 2014, Chávez voted for the final version of the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 77-2. [AB 1471, <u>8/13/14</u>; California LegInfo, <u>8/13/14</u>]

Water Waste

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed State Employees To Clean Up Or Investigate Water Waste On Private Property. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "prohibit the state board, regional board, or an employee of the state board or regional board from being held liable in a civil proceeding for trespass or any other act that is necessary to carry out an investigation, cleanup, abatement, or other remedial work. This bill would also prohibit the state board, regional board, or any authorized person from incurring any obligation to undertake additional investigation, cleanup, abatement, or other remedial work solely because of its decision to undertake that work." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-24-1. [AB 2442, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/28/14]

Chávez Voted To Require Water Suppliers To Submit Water Loss Reports

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring Urban Retail Water Suppliers To Submit A Water Loss Audit Report. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] each urban retail water supplier, on or before October 1, 2017, and on or before October 1 of each year thereafter, to submit a completed and validated water loss audit report for the previous calendar year or previous fiscal year as prescribed by rules adopted by the Department of Water Resources on or before January 1, 2017, and updated as provided. The bill would require the department to post all validated water loss audit reports on its Internet Web site in a manner that allows for comparisons across water suppliers and to make these reports available for public viewing." The bill passed the Assembly 71 to 5, with 4 not voting, and became law. [SB 555, passed the Assembly, 9/3/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Drought Protocol

Chávez Voted Against Implementing Level Two Drought Protocol. "Starting July 1, Oceanside residents and businesses will be permitted to water outdoors only every other day. [...] A divided Oceanside City Council approved new regulations Wednesday night and declared a Level 2 drought condition. It also approved a structure for new water rates to be assessed in such a drought, but the rates are not expected to be implemented this year because 'it looks like our citizens are taking conservation very seriously,' city water utilities director Lonnie Thibodeaux said. [...] The council voted 3-2 to declare a drought, approve the outside watering rules and set up the

drought rate-structure but not implement it. Council members Rocky Chávez and Esther Sanchez cast the opposing votes." [San Diego Union Tribune, <u>5/23/09</u>]

Research

Environmental Impact Studies

Chávez Voted Against Environmental Impact Studies

Chávez Voted Against Requiring An Environmental Review Study Of The Impact Of Expanding Highway I-710. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require the lead agency, in consultation with all interested community organizations, to include, within the environmental review process for the project, alternatives to address the air quality, public health, and mobility impacts the project will have on neighboring communities, including, in its entirety, Community Alternative 7, as defined, as a complete project alternative. The bill would require the final environmental document approved by the lead agency to include an investment in identified mitigation measures and community benefits for the affected communities and the Los Angeles River. The bill would require the lead agency to submit a report in that regard to the I-710 EIR/EIS Project Committee at least 90 days prior to approving the final environmental document for the project." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-20-3. [SB 811, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 9/12/13]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Bill Establishing A Program To Coordinate Regional And Local Efforts With State Climate Adaptation Strategies To Adapt To The Impacts Of Climate Change. Chávez did not vote on: "Establish[ing] the Integrated Climate Adaptation and Resiliency Program to be administered by the Office of Planning and Research to coordinate regional and local efforts with state climate adaptation strategies to adapt to the impacts of climate change, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 56 to 23, with 1 not voting, and became law. [SB 246, passed the Assembly 9/8/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Underserved Communities

Pollution Reduction In Disadvantaged Communities

Chávez Voted Against Providing Underserved And Disadvantaged Communities Resources To Reduce Greenhouse Gases

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing Grants To Develop And Implement Neighborhood-Level Climate Community Plans To Reduce Greenhouse Gases In Disadvantaged Communities. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Creat[ing] the Transformative Climate Communities Program, to be administered by the council. The bill would require the council to award competitive grants to specified eligible entities for the development and implementation of neighborhood-level transformative climate community plans that include greenhouse gas emissions reduction projects that provide local economic, environmental, and health benefits to disadvantaged communities, as defined." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 49 to 27, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 2722, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/31/16; became law, 9/14/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring At Least 30 Percent Of The Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund Be Spent On Projects Benefiting Individuals Living In Disadvantaged Communities Or Low-Income Households. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the investment plan to allocate (1) a minimum of 25% of the available moneys in the fund to projects located within, and benefiting individuals living in, disadvantaged communities, (2) an additional minimum of 5% to projects that benefit low-income households or to projects located within, and benefiting individuals living in, low-income communities located anywhere in the state, and (3) an additional minimum of 5% either to projects that benefit low-income households that are outside of, but within a ¹/₂ mile of, disadvantaged communities, or to projects located within the boundaries of, and benefiting individuals living in, low-income communities that are outside of, but within a ¹/₂ mile of, disadvantaged

communities." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 53 to 22, with 5 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1550, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, <u>8/31/16</u>; became law, <u>9/14/16</u>]

Chávez Voted Against Incentivizing Developers To Put Renewable Energy Systems In Affordable Housing Properties

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Awarding Monetary Incentives For Solar Energy Systems Installed On Affordable Housing Properties. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the commission to annually authorize the allocation of \$100,000,000 or 10% of available funds, whichever is less, beginning with the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2016, and ending with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, from the greenhouse gas allowance revenues received by electrical corporations set aside for clean energy and energy efficiency projects for the Multifamily Affordable Housing Solar Roofs Program, which the bill would create. [...] The bill would require the commission to authorize, by June 30, 2017, the award of monetary incentives for solar energy systems, as defined, that are installed on qualified multifamily affordable housing properties, as defined, through December 31, 2030, with the target of the program being to install a combined generating capacity of at least 300 megawatts on qualified properties." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 28, with one not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 693, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

California Coastal Commission Representation

Chávez Voted Against Giving High-Pollution Areas A Voice On The California Coastal Commission

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring One Of The Members Of The California Coastal Commission To Reside In A Community Disproportionately Burdened By High Levels Of Pollution. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] one of the members of the commission appointed by the Governor to reside in, and work directly with, communities in the state that are disproportionately burdened by, and vulnerable to, high levels of pollution and issues of environmental justice, as defined." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 25, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 2616, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/30/16; became law, 9/24/16]

Assistance

Chávez Voted Against Providing Assistance To People Without Adequate Drinking Water

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing The State To Provide Temporary Assistance For Persons Moving Out Of A House Due To Lack Of Potable Water. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] the department to provide temporary assistance for persons moving out of a housing unit due to a lack of potable water resulting from the state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor relating to drought conditions if the person has exhausted all reasonable attempts to find a potable water source and the housing unit is served by a private well or water utility with fewer than 15 connections that is running out of potable water due to drought conditions." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 84, passed the Assembly, 6/29/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing The State To Consolidate Water Systems Within Disadvantaged Communities To Provide Safe Drinking Water. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] the state board to order consolidation with a receiving water system where a public water system, or a state small water system within a disadvantaged community, consistently fails to provide an adequate supply of safe drinking water." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 28 and became law. [SB 88, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The State Water Resources Control Board To Fund A Low-Income Water Assistance Program. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the state board, no later than January 1, 2018, in collaboration with the State Board of Equalization and relevant stakeholders, to develop a plan for the funding and

implementation of the Low-Income Water Rate Assistance Program, which would include specified elements. The bill would permit the board to consider existing rate assistance programs authorized by the commission in developing the plan and would authorize the plan to include recommendations for other cost-effective methods of offering assistance to low-income water customers." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 55 to 24, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 401, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Public Notices

Accessibility

Chávez Voted Against Making Environmental Warning Notices Accessible

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require The Natural Resources Agency To Translate Their Environmental Warning Notices Into Languages Other Than English. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "establish criteria for a lead agency to assess the need for translating those notices into non-English languages, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-24-3. [AB 543, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 8/27/14]

Interest Groups

California Environmental Justice League

In 2016, Chávez Received A 23% From The California Environmental Justice Alliance

In 2016, Chávez Received A 23% From The California Environmental Justice Alliance. "San Diego Democratic state legislators Toni Atkins and Lorena Gonzalez Fletcher earned perfect marks for their voting records on environmental issues last year, according to a scorecard released today by the California Environmental Justice Alliance. Former Sen. Marty Block, D-San Diego, also got perfect marks on the scorecard of legislators' votes on 14 bills last year, 11 of which were signed into law. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R- Oceanside, 23 percent." [Times of San Diego, 1/31/17]

FEMA And Disaster Relief Issues

Significant Findings

✓ Chávez supported the Governor's budget proposal, partially because it included a rainy day fund for wildfire relief.

Wildfires

Funding

Desert Sun: Chávez Supported Governor Brown's 2018-2019 Budget Proposal Because It Included Funding For Wildfire Victims

Desert Sun: Chávez And His Coalition Were "Pleased" With The Democratic Governor's Budget Proposal, Including Aid For Wildfire Victims. "Republican Assemblyman Rocky Chávez is pleased. A Rainy Day fund for wildfire victims and a fully funded educational program targeting disadvantaged students are the two main takeaways of the initial budget proposal for the 2018-2019 fiscal year, announced by Governor Jerry Brown on Wednesday. In a press conference the day before, Chávez and his fellow Republican Assemblymember Chad Mayes announced the formation of a new coalition of California Republicans that aim to make the party's message accessible to a more diverse group of voters. The Democratic governor's budget proposal matches many of the new organization's priorities, especially with educational funding." [Desert Sun, 1/10/18]

Foreign Policy Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez said that military action is the "last resort" in foreign affairs.
- ✓ Chávez co-authored a bill that opposed the Boycott, Divest, and Sanction movement against Israel.
- ✓ Chávez said that, "it's always good to have dialogue" concerning the Iran nuclear deal.
- ✓ In 2003, Chávez said he supported the troops and the President concerning Iraq, but believed the majority of the boots on the ground should be "Mideast forces."
- ✓ Chávez called President Obama's foreign policy "a total disaster," but said he would financially support him to defeat ISIS.

Military Action

Use Of Military Action

Chávez Said He Believed That, "Military Is Not Foreign Policy. It's The Final Element In Foreign Affairs"

Chávez Said Military Action Should Be "Last Resort" In Foreign Affairs. "Chávez said his experience in the military informs his perspective on national security. 'The military should only be called in as a last resort, and many military people — because they know what it means — don't want to jump on a plane and start shooting guns until we have a clear direction,' he said. 'Military is not foreign policy. It's the final element in foreign affairs." [KPBS, 3/16/15]

Israel

Netanyahu

Chávez Supported Netanyahu's Appearance In Front Of A Joint Session Of Congress

Chávez Supported Netanyahu's Speech To Joint Session Of Congress. DAVIS: "Netanyahu's appearance- was that a good thing in front of a joint sessions of Congress?" CHÁVEZ: "I think anytime you have the opportunity to have a foreign leader, especially of a major ally like Israel, it's a good thing." [KUSI-SD, 3/6/15] (VIDEO)

Boycott, Divest, and Sanction Movement

Chávez Co-Authored AB 1552, Which Prohibited The Government From Hiring Contractors That Supported The Boycott, Divest And Sanction Movement Against Israel

Chávez Co-Authored AB 1552, Which Was A Bipartisan Bill That Sought To Support Israel And End The Boycott, Divest And Sanction Movement Against Israel. "Assemblyman Travis Allen (R-Huntington Beach) and Assemblyman Matt Dababneh (D-Encino) announce a large group of supporters bolstering the bipartisan, national support for Assembly Bill 1552, and the list of supporters continues to grow. AB 1552 is the only bipartisan bill in California to end taxpayer funding for the discriminatory Boycott, Divest, and Sanction (BDS) movement against Israel. [...] AB 1552 is the only bi-partisan anti-BDS legislation in California with a growing list of co-authors.

Principal Co-Author Assemblyman Matt Dababneh (D), Assemblyman Mike Gatto (D), Senator Jeff Stone (R) (Jewish Caucus Member), Assemblyman Bill Brough (R), Assemblyman David Hadley (R), Assemblyman Rocky Chávez (R), Assemblyman Katcho Achadjian(R), Assemblyman Eric Linder(R) (Jewish Caucus Member), Senator Joel Anderson (R). [Assemblyman Travis Allen, press release, 3/23/16]

AB 1552 Would Stop Public Entities From Patronizing Contractors Who Were Boycotting Any Members Of The World Trade Organization. "This bill would, with certain exceptions, prohibit a public entity from entering into a contract to acquire or dispose of goods, services, information technology, or construction unless the contract includes a representation that the contractor is not currently engaged in, and an agreement that the contractor will not during the duration of the contract engage in, the boycott, as defined, of a person or an entity based in or doing business with a jurisdiction with which the state can enjoy open trade, defined as a state that is a member of the World Trade Organization. The bill would specify that these provisions constitute a matter of statewide concern." The bill died after it was introduced. [AB 1552, 1/4/16; California LegInfo, 1/4/16]

Iran

Iran Nuclear Deal

Chávez On The Iran Deal: "It's Always Good To Have Dialogue"

2015: Chávez Said He Was Open To Iran Deal; Said "It's Always Good To Have Dialogue." "I sat down with GOP Assemblyman Rocky Chávez this week. Chávez wants to replace Sen. Barbara Boxer in 2016. [...] He's open to the Obama Iran deal. ('It's always good to have dialogue.') Who does he like for president? Probably Jeb Bush." [San Francisco Gate, Debra J. Saunders Blog, 4/10/15]

Iraq

Iraq War

2003: Chávez Said He Supported The Troops And President Bush Concerning The Iraq War

Chávez: Oceanside's Relationship With The Military "Needs To Be Maintained Very Strongly." "-- A group seeking a City Council resolution against a pre-emptive U.S. strike on Iraq made little headway last night in this city adjacent to one of the nation's largest military bases. [...] Before that, under council reports, Councilman Rocky Chávez, a retired Marine colonel, let the crowd know where he stands and where he thinks the city stands. Chávez quoted a young lance corporal who had said his worst nightmare was that he would come home to people who snubbed him. 'That lance corporal is never going to know that this city is not behind him,' Chávez said, adding that he knows there will be a parade in Oceanside to welcome home its warriors. The city's relationship with the military is special and 'needs to be maintained very strongly,' Chávez said. Maegan Prentice, who spoke in favor of the anti-war resolution, said she would help Chávez lead the parade to welcome home the Marines, but that it makes her 'all the more angry that their lives may be squandered." [San Diego Union Tribune, 3/6/03]

Chávez, On Passing A Resolution Of Support For The War In Iraq: "I Want No Doubt In Anyone's Mind Where We Support The President And The Troops." "The City Council last night unanimously passed a strongly worded resolution supporting President Bush and the war in Iraq. Councilwoman Esther Sanchez had preferred an alternate resolution prepared earlier in the day that she said was more personal, reflecting the city's close relationship with the adjacent Camp Pendleton Marine Corps base. 'It says we and Camp Pendleton are one and the same,' Sanchez said. The more strongly worded statement, praising Bush's efforts in the war on terrorism, was devised by Councilman Jack Feller. 'I want no doubt in anyone's mind where we support the president and the troops,' said Councilman Rocky Chávez, a retired Marine." [San Diego Union Tribune, 4/3/03]

Chávez: "The Large Maneuver Forces [In Iraq] Need To Be Mideast Forces." Remillard: "Do we put boots on the ground? Do we send our men and women back [into Iraq]?" CHÁVEZ: "I think... we already have them there." Remillard: "But more so than air support?" CHÁVEZ: "No. The large maneuver forces need to be Mideast forces." [KUSI-SD, 3/6/15] (VIDEO)

Azerbaijan

Armenian Separatist Regime

Chávez Voiced Opposition Towards A Resolution That Recognized The Pro-Armenian "NKR" Government Located In Azerbaijan

Azer News: Chávez "Implied That Self-Determination Cannot Be Achieved With Ethnic Cleansing." "California State Assembly's Rules Committee held a hearing on the pro-Armenian resolution calling to recognize a separatist regime in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan on May 5. The resolution (AJR 32) introduced by Assemblyman Mike Gatto at the behest of the Armenian lobby. Gatto submitted the proposal to California State Legislature on January 6 [...] Taking the floor, Assemblyman Rocky Chávez expressed his opposition to the resolution, by stating that the Legislature should be very careful with international affairs. Referring to the Azerbaijani testimonies on ethnic cleansing by Armenia against Azerbaijanis, he implied that the self-determination cannot be achieved with ethnic cleansing. Chávez also mentioned that if applied everywhere around the globe, the principle of self-determination can precipitate grave consequences for the world." [Azer News, 5/6/14]

US-Azerbaijani Relations

Chávez Called Azerbaijan "A Strong Friend And Ally Of The United States"

Chávez Talked Of Wanting To Expand Azerbaijan's Partnership And Friendship With The U.S. "In his remarks, the member of the California State Assembly Mr. Rocky Chávez emphasized the strategic role Azerbaijan has been playing in its region and the achievements it has made as a free and independent nation over the last 25 years. Presenting a member resolution of the California State Assembly on Azerbaijan's Independence Day, the Assemblymember called Azerbaijan 'a strong friend and ally of the United States' and stressed the importance of further expanding this partnership and friendship." [Consulate General of the Republic of Azerbaijan, press release, 10/27/16]

ISIS

Obama-Era Foreign Policy

Chávez Said President Obama's Foreign Policy Is "A Total Disaster In The Middle East" But Said He Would Vote To Give Obama Whatever Powers He Needed To Fight ISIS.

Chávez Said President Obama's Foreign Policy Is "A Total Disaster In The Middle East" But Said He Would Vote To Give Obama Whatever Powers He Needed To Fight ISIS. "As for fighting the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria (ISIS), [Chávez would] vote to give President Obama whatever powers he needs. He said he believes Obama's foreign policy is 'a total disaster in the Middle East." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Gun Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez voted against prohibiting concealed weapons in schools.
- ✓ Chávez said instead of restricting guns, it was parents' responsibility to teach children gun safety.
- ✓ Chávez voted against requiring gun manufacturers to register with the DOJ and complete a firearms eligibility check before being cleared.
- ✓ Chávez voted against banning large capacity magazines.
- ✓ Chávez voted against funding a program that was working to take guns away from the backlog of people who illegally possess them.
- ✓ Chávez repeatedly voted against revising and adding gun restrictions.

Applications, Background Checks And Registries

Applications

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Expand Who Was Allowed To Process Gun Applications

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed County Sheriffs To Enter Into Agreements With Police Chiefs To Process Concealed Handgun Applications. In April and September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Provid[ing] that a sheriff is not precluded from entering into an agreement with the chief or other head of a municipal police department of a city for the chief or other head of a municipal police department to process all applications for licenses to carry a concealed handgun, renewals of those licenses, and amendments of those licenses, for that city's residents." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 49 to 30, with one not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1134, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/4/15; became law, 10/11/15]

Registries

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Gun Manufacturers To Register With The DOJ

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Gun Manufacturers To Register With The DOJ And Complete A Firearms Eligibility Check Beforehand. In August 2014, Chávez voted a bill that would, "require a person who manufactures or assembles a firearm to first apply to the department for a unique serial number or other identifying mark, as provided. The bill would, by January 1, 2017, require any person who, as of July 1, 2016, owns a firearm that does not bear a serial number to likewise apply to the department for a unique serial number or other mark of identification. The bill would prohibit the sale or transfer of ownership of a firearm manufactured or assembled pursuant to these provisions. The bill would prohibit a person from aiding in the manufacture or Assembly of a firearm by a person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm. The bill would make a violation of these provisions a misdemeanor." Also, it would, "require a person to complete a firearms eligibility check before the department may grant an application for the assignment of a serial number or mark of identification. The bill would exempt this provision from the above prohibition on requiring or requesting an individual to obtain a firearms eligibility check." The bill passed the Assembly, 46-30-3. [SB 808, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14]

Regulations

Chávez Said That He Opposed Changing Gun Control Regulations To Prevent Gun Violence

Chávez Said He Opposed Gun Control And Abortion, But Would Support Maintaining The Status Quo On Those Issues. "Chávez is a moderate on many social issues, though he said he opposes gun control legislation and is against abortion because of his Catholic upbringing. He said he would be in favor of maintaining the status quo on those issues." [KPBS, 3/16/15]

Criminal Activity

Misdemeanors

Chávez Did Not Vote For Bills That Added More Gun Crimes To The Misdemeanor List

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Adding The Petty Theft Of A Firearms, Carrying Ammunition Onto School Grounds, And Receiving Stolen Property Consisting Of A Firearm To A List Of Misdemeanors And Prohibiting Violators From Owning A Firearm Within 10 Years Of Conviction. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Add[ing] to the list of misdemeanors, the conviction for which is subject to the above prohibition on possessing a firearm within 10 years of the conviction, the petty theft of a firearm, and convictions on or after January 1, 2016, for the misdemeanor offenses of carrying ammunition onto school grounds and receiving stolen property consisting of a firearm. The bill would make other technical, nonsubstantive changes. Because a violation of these provisions would be a crime, and because this bill would expand the application of the crime to a larger class of potential offenders, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 46 to 30, with 4 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [SB 347, passed the Assembly, 9/8/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/3/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Made False Reports About Lost Or Stolen Firearms, Making It A Misdemeanor And Prohibiting Violators From Owning A Firearms Within 10 Years Of Conviction. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Mak[ing] that prohibition applicable to a person who reports to certain individuals and peace officers that a firearm has been lost or stolen, knowing the report to be false. By changing the definition of an existing crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would also make it a misdemeanor for a person convicted of violating this provision to own a firearm within 10 years of the conviction." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 52 to 25, with 3 not voting, and became law. [AB 1695, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 6/30/16; became law, 7/1/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited More Than One Gun Of Any Type From Being Purchased In A 30-Day Period. Chávez voted against: "Mak[ing] the 30-day prohibition and the dealer delivery prohibition [prohibiting a person from making more than one application to purchase a handgun within any 30-day period, and prohibits a firearms dealer from delivering a handgun to a person whenever the dealer is notified by the Department of Justice that within the preceding 30-day period the purchaser has made another application to purchase a handgun] described above applicable to all types of firearms." The bill passed the Assembly 44 to 34, with 2 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 1674, passed the Assembly, 6/30/16; vetoed by Governor, 7/1/16]

Concealed Carry

Concealed Carry In Schools

Chávez Voted To Continue Allowing Concealed Weapons In Schools

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited Concealing Weapons On School Grounds. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Recast[ing] the provisions relating to a person holding a valid license to carry a concealed

firearm to allow that person to carry a firearm in an area that is within 1,000 feet of, but not on the grounds of, a public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive. The bill would also delete the exemption that allows a person holding a valid license to carry a concealed firearm to bring or possess a firearm on the campus of a university or college. The bill would create an additional exemption from those prohibitions for certain appointed peace officers who are authorized to carry a firearm by their appointing agency, and an exemption for certain retired reserve peace officers who are authorized to carry a concealed or loaded firearm." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 24, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 707, passed the Assembly, 9/1/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Prevention

Government Programs

Chávez Voted Against Increasing Firearm Transaction Fees To Support DOJ Gun-Related "Program Costs"

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Increasing A Fee For Each Firearm Transaction For The Purpose Of Supporting Program Costs. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] the Department of Justice to increase that fee [requiring each dealer to charge each firearm purchaser or transferee a fee not to exceed \$1 for each firearm transaction for the purpose of supporting department program costs related to the Deadly Weapons Recodification Act of 2010] at a rate not to exceed any increase in the California Consumer Price Index and not to exceed the reasonable cost of regulation to the department." The bill passed the Assembly 51 to 27, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 843, passed the Assembly, 6/16/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Chávez Voted Against Funding That Supported The Armed Prohibited Persons System, Which Existed To Remove Guns From People Who Illegally Possess Them

Chávez Voted Against A Budget That Allocated \$5 Million To Reduce The Backlog Of Individuals Who Are In The Armed Prohibited Persons System And Who Illegally Possess Firearms. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Mak[ing] appropriations for the support of state government for the 2016-17 fiscal year. [...] For local assistance, Department of Justice, payable from the Firearms Safety and Enforcement Special Fund...5,000,000. Provisions: 1. The funds appropriated in this item shall be expended to contract with local law enforcement agencies to reduce the backlog of individuals who are in the Armed Prohibited Persons System (APPS) and who illegally possess firearms. The focus on reducing the APPS backlog shall be on persons with mental illness and with domestic violence restraining orders who are prohibited persons in possession of firearms." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 826, passed the Assembly, 6/15/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Petitions

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Bystanders To Petition Against A Person Owning A Firearm If They Believe That Person Could Be Dangerous

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Have Allowed Employers, Coworkers, Mental Health Workers, And School Workers To File Gun Violence Restraining Orders. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] an employer, a coworker, a mental health worker who has seen the person as a patient in the last 6 months, or an employee of a secondary or postsecondary school that the person has attended in the last 6 months to file a petition for an ex parte, one-year, or renewed gun violence restraining order. This bill would also specify that these provisions shall not be construed to require any of those persons to seek a gun violence restraining order." The bill passed the Assembly 41 to 37, with 2 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 2607, passed the Assembly, 7/1/16; vetoed by Governor, 8/1/16]

An Ex Parte Gun Violence Restraining Order Prohibits A Person From Owning A Firearm If They Seem To Be Dangerous To Themselves Or Others. "Existing law authorizes a court to issue an ex parte gun violence restraining order prohibiting the subject of the petition from having in his or her custody or control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving, or attempting to purchase or receive, a firearm or ammunition when it is shown that there is a substantial likelihood that the subject of the petition poses a significant danger of harm to himself, herself, or another in the near future by having in his or her custody or control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, and that the order is necessary to prevent personal injury to himself, herself, or another, as specified. [...] Petitions for ex parte, one-year, and renewed gun violence restraining orders may be made by an immediate family member of the person or by a law enforcement officer." [AB 2607, 7/1/16]

Community Action

Daily Californian: Chávez Believed That "Parents Must Educate Their Children About The Dangers Of Guns"

Chávez Said The Onus Was On Parents To Prevent Gun Deaths. "[H]e said that California already has the most stringent gun laws in the country and that parents must educate their children about the dangers of guns rather than advocating increased restrictions on gun purchases." [Daily Californian, 2/3/16]

Assault Weapons

Legal Definition

Chávez Has Voted Against Bills That Tried To Expand The Definition Of "Assault Weapon"

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Revised The Definition Of "Assault Weapon" To Include A Semiautomatic Centerfire Rifles Or Semiautomatic Pistols That Do Not Have A Fixed Magazine. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Revis[ing] this definition of 'assault weapon' to mean a semiautomatic centerfire rifle or a semiautomatic pistol that does not have a fixed magazine but has any one of those specified attributes. The bill would also define 'fixed magazine' to mean an ammunition feeding device contained in, or permanently attached to, a firearm in such a manner that the device cannot be removed without disassembly of the firearm action." The bill concurred with Senate amendments 46 to 30, with 4 not voting, and became law. [AB 1135, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 6/30/16; became law, 7/1/16]

Chávez Voted Against The Senate Version Of The Bill That Revised The Definition Of An "Assault Weapon" To Include Semiautomatic Centerfire Rifles Or Semiautomatic Pistols That Do Not Have Fixed Magazines. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Revis[ing] this definition of 'assault weapon' to mean a semiautomatic centerfire rifle, or a semiautomatic pistol that does not have a fixed magazine but has any one of those specified attributes. The bill would also define 'fixed magazine' to mean an ammunition feeding device contained in, or permanently attached to, a firearm in such a manner that the device cannot be removed without disassembly of the firearm action." The bill passed the Assembly 44 to 30, with 6 not voting, and became law. [SB 880, passed the Assembly, 6/30/16; became law, 7/1/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Redefine "Assault Weapons" To Require Owners To Register The Guns With The State. "Revis[ing] this definition of 'assault weapon' to mean a semiautomatic centerfire rifle or a semiautomatic pistol that does not have a fixed magazine but has any one of those specified attributes. The bill would also define 'fixed magazine' to mean an ammunition feeding device contained in, or permanently attached to, a firearm in such a manner that the device cannot be removed without disassembly of the firearm action. [...] This bill would require that any person who, from January 1, 2001, to December 31, 2016, inclusive, lawfully possessed an assault weapon that does not have a fixed magazine, as defined, including those weapons with an ammunition feeding device that can be removed readily from the firearm with the use of a tool, register the firearm with the Department of Justice before January 1, 2018, but not before the effective date of specified regulations."

The bill passed the Assembly 43 to 31, with 6 not voting, but, in the latest action, died on Senate inactive file. [AB 1664, passed the Assembly, 6/1/16; died on Senate inactive file, 11/30/16]

Large Capacity Magazines

Restrictions

Chávez Voted Against Prohibiting The Possession Of Large-Capacity Magazines

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Prohibit Possession Of Large-Capacity Magazines. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Mak[ing] it [the sale, gift, and loan of a large-capacity magazine] an infraction punishable by a fine not to exceed \$100 for the first offense, by a fine not to exceed \$250 for the 2nd offense, and by a fine not to exceed \$500 for the 3rd or subsequent offense, for a person to possess any large-capacity magazine, regardless of the date the magazine was acquired." The bill passed the Assembly 44 to 31, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 1446, passed the Assembly, 6/30/16; became law, 7/1/16]

Health Care Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez said that he did not want to fully dismantle ACA, but he also said he would eliminate the individual mandate, despite being fully aware that that would collapse the California health care system.
 - ✓ Chávez suggested that Republicans instead let people, "see how terrible it is and it will be a lot better for Republicans."
- ✓ Chávez voted against implementing parts of the ACA into California law.
- ✓ Chávez voted against Medicaid expansion in 2013.
- ✓ Chávez voted to improve childhood immunization rates, but allowed parents with contradictory personal beliefs to opt their children out.
- ✓ Chávez received more than \$27,000 from pharmaceutical companies and PACs over the course of his career and opposed capping drug costs.
- ✓ Chávez voted against bills that would increase health care accessibility and give people quality health insurance plans.

Affordable Care Act (ACA)

ACA Implementation

2013: Chávez Voted Against Bills Incorporating The Affordable Care Act Into California Law

Chávez Voted Against Adopting Various Reforms To Comply With The Affordable Care Act, Including Protecting People With Pre-Existing Conditions. In April 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "establish health insurance market reforms contained in the ACA specific to individual purchasers, such as prohibiting insurers from denying coverage based on preexisting conditions; and makes conforming changes to small employer health insurance laws resulting from new draft federal regulations." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-2. [ABX1 2, 4/29/13; California LegInfo, 5/9/13; California State Association of Counties, 4/2/13]

Chávez Voted Against On A Bill That Further Implemented Parts Of The Affordable Care Act. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that further implemented parts of the Affordable Care Act. "SB 138 will require health plans to honor confidential communications requests when individuals covered under another person's policy seek sensitive services like birth control, STD tests, mental health care or any service if they feel that disclosure of information to the policy holder could lead to harm. When a confidential communications request is submitted, the individual will give the health plans a way to communicate with them directly about the sensitive services they received instead of sending information to the main policy holder – often a parent or spouse." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-25-2. [SB 138, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 10/1/13; CFTC.org, 10/2/13]

Medicaid Expansion

2013: Chávez Voted Against Medicaid Expansion

Chávez Voted Against California's Medicaid Expansion. In June 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would expand the parameters that make people eligible for Medi-Cal, California's Medicaid program. "This bill would, commencing January 1, 2014, implement various provisions of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Affordable Care Act), as amended, by, among other things, modifying provisions relating to determining eligibility for certain groups. The bill would, in this regard, extend Medi-Cal eligibility to specified adults and would require that income eligibility be determined based on modified adjusted gross income (MAGI), as prescribed. The bill would prohibit the use of an asset or resources test for individuals whose financial eligibility for Medi-Cal is determined based on the application of MAGI. The bill would require that individuals who are enrolled in the Low Income Health Program as of December 31, 2013, under a specified waiver who are at or below 133% of the federal poverty level be transitioned directly to the Medi-Cal program, as prescribed. The bill would provide that the implementation of the optional expansion of Medi-Cal benefits to adults who meet specified eligibility requirements shall be contingent on the federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) payable to the state under the Affordable Care Act is not being reduced below specified percentages, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-24-1. [ABX1 1, 6/15/13; California LegInfo, 6/27/13]

ACA Repeal

2015: Chávez Said He Opposed Repealing The Affordable Care Act Completely, But Said He Would Vote To Repeal The Individual Mandate Even Though He Knew It Would Hurt Californians

Chávez Said He Opposed Repealing Obamacare And That Democrats Deserved Credit For Taking On Access To Care. "On the federal health care overhaul, Chávez said Democrats deserve credit for taking on the lack of access to medicine. He said he wouldn't join with Republicans in voting for its repeal." [Sacramento Bee, 3/1/15]

Chávez, On The Affordable Care Act: He Would "Vote To Change" It Because, "It Doesn't Work." "While the Field Poll says California voters favor the Affordable Health Care Act by a margin of 56-35%, Chávez says he would 'vote to change Obamacare because it doesn't work.' (This is not what you might call an actual fact, but it is his belief.) We're spending a lot of money processing insurance, he argues. 'It would have been cheaper to buy everybody a Blue Cross policy.'" [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Chávez Would Vote To Eliminate The Individual Mandate While Acknowledging That Doing So Would Collapse California's Current Health Care System. "Given the chance, he'd vote in the Senate to eliminate the individual mandate that requires people to have health insurance. He acknowledged that if the individual mandate is eliminated, the health care system as now constructed in California would collapse, but is willing for that to happen to eliminate what he believes is a terrible public policy." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

2013: Chávez Said He Believed Republicans Should Not Hurt Themselves By Dismantling The Affordable Care Act Through The Budget Process

Chávez: "If We Let The Affordable Care Act Play Out, People Will See How Terrible It Is." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside San Diego County, thinks the Republicans in Washington are hurting themselves by trying to derail the health care law through the budget process. 'We already had an election on this last November, already had the Supreme Court weigh in. 'My feeling is that if we let the Affordable Care Act play out, people will see how terrible it is and it will be a lot better for Republicans,' Chávez said. 'People will see how much it's going to cost them, and they're going to say, "What?"" [San Francisco Chronicle, 10/5/13]

State Health Care Bills

Omnibus Health Care Budget Bills

Chávez Voted Against The Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2015-2016 Budget, Which Gave Medi-Cal Coverage Undocumented Immigrants Younger Than 19

Chávez Voted Against An Omnibus Funding Bill For California's Health Care Programs. Chávez voted against: "Omnibus Health Trailer Bill for 2015-16. It contains necessary changes related to the Budget Act of 2015. This bill makes various statutory changes to implement the 2015-16 Budget." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 75, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

SB 97, Among Other Things, Expanded Medi-Cal To Include Undocumented Immigrants Younger Than 19. "Full-Scope Medi-Cal Coverage for Undocumented Children – The Budget includes \$188.2 million General Fund to provide full-scope benefits to 185,000 children. Chapter 18, Statues of 2015 (SB75), expands full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to undocumented children under 19 years of age." [California Budget Summary, Accessed 3/11/18]

Chávez Originally Voted Against The Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill For the 2013-14 Budget, Which Expanded Coverage For Foster Children And Undocumented Children And Improved Behavioral Health Services, But Voted For The Final Version

Chávez Voted Against The Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2013-2014 Budget. In May 2013, Chávez voted against "the Omnibus Health Trailer Bill for 2013-14. It contains necessary changes related to the Budget Act of 2013. This bill makes various statutory changes to implement the 2013-14 Budget." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-24-4. [AB 82, 5/13/13; California LegInfo, 6/27/13]

Chávez Voted Against The Senate's Version Of Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill. In June 2013, Chávez voted against the Senate's version of, "the Omnibus Health Trailer Bill for 2013-14. It contains necessary changes related to the Budget Act of 2013. This bill makes various statutory changes to implement the 2013-14 Budget." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [SB 77, 6/14/13; California LegInfo, 6/13/13; Bill Analysis, 6/13/13]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2013-2014 Budget. In June 2013, Chávez voted for the final version of the omnibus health care trailer bill for the 2013-2014 budget. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 72-3-4. [AB 82, 6/15/13; California LegInfo, 6/27/13]

AB 82, Among Other Things, Extended Medi-Cal Coverage to Foster Kids Through 26, Removed Medi-Cal Doctor's Visit Limitations, And Improve The Medi-Cal Behavioral Health Services Plan. "Section 55. This section allows all former foster care adolescents who were receiving services on or after July 1, 2013, but no later than December 31, 2013, and lost Medi-Cal coverage as a result of attaining 21 years of age to continue to receive services until January 1, 2014. This aligns the foster care coverage with the ACA which extends coverage to former foster care children until age 26 who aged out of foster at the age of 18, beginning January 1, 2014 [...] Section 61. This section repeals Welfare & Institutions (W&I) Code section 14131.07 the seven visit limit on physician office and clinic visits per beneficiary, per year, under Medi-Cal. [...] Section 72. This section requires DHCS to convene a series of stakeholder meetings to receive input from clients, family members, providers, counties, and representatives of the Legislature concerning the development of the Behavioral Health Services Plan." [California Department of Health Care Services, Legislative Summary 2013, accessed 3/11/18]

Chávez Voted Against Second Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2013-2014 Budget, Which Expanded Pregnant Women's Eligibility For Medi-Cal Benefits

Chávez Voted Against Second Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2013-2014 Budget. In June 2014, Chávez voted against "the Omnibus Health Trailer Bill for 2013-14. It contains necessary changes related to the Budget Act of 2014." The bill passed the Assembly 55-24. [SB 857, 6/15/14; California LegInfo, 6/20/14]

SB 857, Among Other Things, Expanded Pregnant Women's Eligibility For Medi-Cal. "Senate Bill (SB) 857 (Chapter 31, Statutes 2014) added Welfare and Institutions (W&I) Code §14005.22 and §14005.225 that authorizes the expansion of full scope Medi-Cal eligibility to pregnant women with incomes up to and including 138 percent of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) pending federal approval." [Department Of Health Care Services Memorandum, 7/28/14]

Medical Marijuana

Regulations

Chávez Voted To Establish A Regulatory Framework For Medical Marijuana

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing The Licensing And Regulatory Framework For Medical Marijuana Under The Medical Marijuana Regulation And Safety Act. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Enact[ing] the Medical Marijuana Regulation and Safety Act for the licensure and regulation of medical marijuana and would establish within the Department of Consumer Affairs the Bureau of Medical Marijuana Regulation, under the supervision and control of the Director of Consumer Affairs. The bill would require the director to administer and enforce the provisions of the act." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 59 to 14, with 7 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 266, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Organ Transplants

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Allowed Medical Marijuana Patients To Still Receive Organ Transplants

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Prohibiting A Person From Being Denied An Organ Transplant Based Solely Upon A Positive Test For The Use Of Medical Marijuana By A Potential Recipient. In April 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Prohibit[ing] a hospital, physician and surgeon, procurement organization, or other person from determining the ultimate recipient of an anatomical gift based solely upon a potential recipient's status as a qualified patient, as specified, or based solely upon a positive test for the use of medical marijuana by a potential recipient who is a qualified patient, except to the extent that the qualified patient's use of medical marijuana has been found by a physician and surgeon, following a case-by-case evaluation of the potential recipient, to be medically significant to the provision of the anatomical gift." The bill passed the Assembly 64 to 12, with 4 not voting, and became law. [AB 258, passed the Assembly, 4/30/15; became law, 7/6/15]

Medical Marijuana Dispensaries

Chávez Voted To Forbid Medical Marijuana Dispensaries In Oceanside, Citing Land Use Issues As The Reasoning Behind His Decision

Chávez Voted To Forbid The Establishment Of Medical Marijuana Dispensaries In Oceanside Because Of Issues Concerning Where Dispensaries Should Be Allowed. "The City Council has approved an urgency ordinance, effective immediately, forbidding the establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries in Oceanside. After hearing from 17 speakers, many lobbying passionately for or against marijuana, the council voted 4-0 for the ban at its meeting Wednesday night. [...] Councilmen Rocky Chávez and Jerry Kern said the city's role involves land use -- where to allow dispensaries, if they are allowed -- and does not involve deciding medical issues. Councilwoman Esther Sanchez was absent from the meeting." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/15/09]

Mental Health

Mental Health Stigma

Chávez Voiced Support For Each Mind Matters, A California-Based Mental Health Movement, Citing His Youngest Son's Schizophrenia As Motivation

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: "Make A Pledge To End The Stigma, Find The Words To Help A Friend In Need, Or Share Your Stories So No One Feels Alone." "Nearly 1 out of 4 Americans suffer from mental health issues. Those with mental health issues deal with higher levels of prejudice than those with physical ailments. Mental health wellness is not just another cause to support -- it's personal. My youngest son was diagnosed with schizophrenia. Through treatment and the love of his family and friends, his diagnosis is simply a part of who he is; I am proud to be his dad. Join me in supporting California's mental health movement, 'Each Mind Matters.' Make a pledge to end the stigma, find the words to help a friend in need, or share your stories so no one feels alone. To learn more, visit EachMindMatters.org. Rocky Chávez, Assemblyman, Oceanside." [San Diego Union Tribune, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 5/12/14]

Funding

Chávez Supported A Bill That Would Allow Parents To Set Up Trusts For Their Special Needs Children

Chávez Supported AB 1875, Which Assisted Parents Of Children With Special Needs. "Assemblymember Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside) announced Governor Brown has signed AB 1875 into law. 'As a parent of a disabled child, I know firsthand the challenges many families face when making sure that their child's needs are met,' said Assemblymember Chávez. 'The State has a responsibility to make sure we strive to provide assistance to those who truly need help, especially those in our disabled community. Nothing is more important to a parent than their children's future and this bill will allow parents who paid into the CalSTRS pension program to set up a trust for their special needs child." [Rocky Chávez 4 CA, Facebook, 9/27/16]

Vaccines

Chávez Voted To Improve Childhood Immunization Rates, But Allowed Parents With Contradictory Personal Beliefs To Opt Their Children Out Of Vaccinating Their Children

June 2015: Chávez Did Not Support A Bill That Would Require All Public School Students To Be Vaccinated, Regardless Of Their Parents' Personal Beliefs

Chávez Voted To Continue Allowing Parents To Exempt Their Children From Vaccines Due To Personal Beliefs. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Eliminat[ing] the exemption from existing specified immunization requirements based upon personal beliefs, but would allow exemption from future immunization requirements deemed appropriate by the State Department of Public Health for either medical reasons or personal beliefs." The bill passed the assembly 46 to 31, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 277, passed the Assembly, 6/25/15; became law, 6/30/15]

The Bill Eliminated The Personal-Belief Exemption That Allowed Parents To Opt Out Of Vaccinating Their Children. "California law requires children to receive immunizations against 10 communicable diseases before they can be admitted to schools or child-care centers. It allows an exemption for children whose doctors attest there is a medical reason not to vaccinate them, and also permits a personal-belief exemption that allows parents to choose not to vaccinate their children for any reason. California is one of 20 states that now allow such philosophical exemptions. The bill would preserve the medical exemption but eliminate the personal-belief exemption. Unvaccinated children already attending school because of a personal-belief exemption would be allowed to stay in school until graduation; the proposed law would affect only students enrolling for the first time." [Ventura County Star, 6/26/15]

Chávez: "This Is Not About Vaccines. This Is About Freedom Of Parents To Make The Best Choice For Their Children." "The state Assembly passed a closely watched bill Thursday compelling schoolchildren to be fully vaccinated, approving the measure on a 46-30 vote that blurred party lines. The legislation, which sparked furious protests from worried parents, heads next to the Senate for a vote on amendments taken in the Assembly before it can go to Gov. Jerry Brown's desk. The bill passed the Senate by a comfortable 25-10 margin in May, and while the Democratic governor has taken no official stance, he has called vaccines 'profoundly important.' [...] 'This is not about vaccines,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, who opposed the bill. 'This is about freedom of parents to make the best choice for their children.'" [Sacramento Bee, 6/25/15]

September 2015: Chávez Voted To Require All Low-Income Children To Be Vaccinated, Except Those With Medical Exemptions Or Personal Beliefs That Go Against Immunization

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Low-Income Children Receive Age-Appropriate
Immunizations. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the [California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids program] applicant or recipient to ensure that each child in the assistance unit who is not required to be enrolled in school has received all age-appropriate immunizations [...] unless it has been medically determined that an immunization for the child is not appropriate or the applicant or recipient has filed with the county welfare department an affidavit that the immunizations are contrary to the applicant's or recipient's beliefs." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 78 to 0, with 2 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 376, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/8/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

June 2015: Chávez Voted To Fund Programs To Improve Childhood Immunization Rates

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring The Department Of Health Care Services To Establish And Administer A Fund Improving Childhood Immunization Rates. In June 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the State Department of Health Care Services to establish and administer the California Childhood Immunization Quality Improvement Fund (CCIQIF) program to improve childhood immunization rates, and would require the department to submit an application to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for a waiver to implement a 5-year demonstration project to implement the program." The bill passed the Assembly 65 to 12, with 3 not voting, but, in the latest action, was held in Senate committee without further action. [AB 1117, passed the Assembly, 6/30/15]

Employee Vaccinations

September 2015: Chávez Did Not Vote To Prohibit Non-Immunized Employees From Working With Children

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Prohibiting A Person From Being Employed Or Volunteering At A Day Care Center Or Family Day Care Home Without Receiving Immunizations Against Influenza, Pertussis, And Measles. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Prohibit[ing] a person from being employed or volunteering at a day care center or a family day care home if he or she has not been immunized against influenza, pertussis, and measles." The bill passed the Assembly 60 to 16, with 4 not voting, and became law. [SB 792, passed the Assembly, 9/8/15; became law, 10/11/15]

Assisted Suicide

Opposition To Assisted Suicide

Chávez Opposed Assisted Suicide Because Of His Schizophrenic Son

Chávez Stated He Opposed Legalizing Assisted Suicide. "For the record, he [Chávez] believes the big choice vs. life issue in California is not abortion, but assisted suicide and he's absolutely opposed to allowing it. 'I'm not going to vote for anything that doesn't see the sanctity of life,' he said. It's a personal issue for him. His 37-year-old son was diagnosed and hospitalized with schizophrenia years ago and at a point of unbearable misery wanted his father to help him end his life – a plea Chávez said he refused. He son is doing well today, he added." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Prescription Drugs

Funding From The Pharmaceutical Industry

Over His Career, Chávez Received More Than \$27,000 From The Pharmaceutical Industry

2018: Chávez Received \$6,500 From Pharmaceutical Companies And PACs. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$4,000 From Pharmaceutical Companies. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$16,633.99 From Pharmaceutical Companies. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Opposed Capping Drug Costs

Chávez Opposed Capping The Out-Of-Pocket Cost Of HIV/AIDS Drugs

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting Copayments From Exceeding \$250 For Antiretroviral Drug Treatments Medically Necessary For The Treatments Of AIDS/HIV. Chávez voted against: "Provid[ing] that the copayment, coinsurance, or any other form of cost sharing for a covered outpatient prescription drug for an individual prescription shall not exceed \$250 for a supply of up to 30 days, except as specified, and would prohibit, for a nongrandfathered individual or small group plan contract or policy, the annual deductible for outpatient drugs from exceeding a specified amount. The bill would make these cost-sharing limits applicable only to covered outpatient prescription drugs that constitute essential health benefits, as defined. The bill would require a plan contract or policy to cover a single-tablet prescription drug regimen for combination antiretroviral drug treatments that are medically necessary for the treatment of AIDS/HIV, as specified." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 50 to 27, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 339, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Advocated For Letting The "Dust Settle" Instead Of Capping Prescription Drug Costs

Chávez Opposed Bill That Would Limit How Much Health Care Plans Could Charge Enrollees For Outpatient Prescriptions. "AB 339, by Assembly member Rich Gordon (D-Menlo Park), would place limits on how much health plans can charge enrollees for outpatient prescriptions. Under the bill, outpatient drug costs paid by members would be capped at 1/24th of the annual out-of-pocket limit for a 30-day supply. AB 339 also requires health plans to use specific formulary tiers. The committee approved the bill with a vote of 11-5. [...] Supporters include Consumers Union, Health Access California and patient advocacy groups. Opponents include health plans, drug manufacturers and pharmacy benefit managers. [...] Opponents said the influx of newly insured because of the Affordable Care Act is disrupting the health insurance marketplace to such a degree that more time is needed before setting further limits on drug cost-sharing. 'We need to let the dust settle before we go forward,' said Assembly member Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside)." [California Healthline, Capitol Desk, 4/29/15]

Discrimination

Infertility Treatments

Chávez Voted To Allow Discrimination Against People Receiving Infertility Treatments

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Protecting People Receiving Infertility Treatments From Discrimination. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that prohibited, "discrimination on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, domestic partner status, gender, gender expression, gender identity, genetic information, marital status, national origin, race, religion, sex, or sexual orientation." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-1. [AB 460, 8/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/8/13]

Accessibility

Community Engagement

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require Hospitals To Solicit Community Input And Create A Community Needs Assessment

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Private Hospitals To Perform Community Needs Assessments And Solicit Community Input For How To Improve Their Community Benefits Programs. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would require hospitals to, "develop, in collaboration with the community, a community benefits statement, as specified, and a description of the process for approval of the community benefits statement by the hospital's or clinic's governing board, as specified. This bill would require the hospital or clinic, prior to adopting a community benefits plan, to complete a community needs assessment, as provided. The bill would authorize the hospital or clinic to create a community benefits advisory committee for the purpose of soliciting community input," and also, "develop a community benefits plan that includes a summary of the needs assessment and a statement of the community health care needs that will be addressed by the plan, and list the services, as provided, that the hospital or clinic intends to provide in the following year to address community health needs identified in the community health needs assessments." The bill failed the Assembly, 28-38-12. [AB 975, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 5/24/13]

Consumer Protection

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibits Health Care Insurers From Offering Plans That Are Not Valuable

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting A Health Care Service Plan Or Insurer Offering Plans In The Large Group Market From Offering Plans That Provide A Minimum Value Of Less Than 60 Percent. Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a health care service plan (plan) or health insurer (insurer) offering plans or policies in the large group market from marketing, offering, amending or renewing a large group plan contract that provides a minimum value of less than 60%. [...] the bill applies to non-grandfathered plans; and, exclude policies that provide coverage of Medicare services, as well as grandfathered insurance policies that provide basic health care services, as defined in the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, without annual or lifetime benefits." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 248, passed the Assembly, 8/27/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Interest Groups

Association Of California Healthcare Districts

2015: Chávez Received "Legislator Of The Year" From The Association Of California Healthcare Districts

Chávez Received The Association Of California Healthcare Districts Legislator Of The Year Award. "I was honored to receive the Legislator of the Year award from the Association of California Healthcare Districts (ACHD). The ACHD invited me to provide the keynote speech at their annual legislative day dinner last night. I look forward to continuing our great work together to promote a healthy California. The ACHD started with one hospital district in 1946 and has grown to 78 healthcare districts currently. Keep up the great work, ACHD!" [Rocky Chávez, Official Facebook, 4/14/15]

Housing Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez voted to limit the number of unrelated people living in one home.
- ✓ Chávez voted against protecting tenants from bed bugs and mold.
- ✓ Chávez voted against giving first time homebuyers assistance.
- ✓ Chávez supported a homeless shelter network.

Discrimination

Chávez Voted To Limit The Number Of Adults Sharing A Home

Chávez Voted To Ask The City Attorney To Limit The Number Of Adults Sharing Housing, Despite Acknowledging That Adults Share Housing For Economic Reasons. "Oceanside is considering following San Diego and San Marcos in enacting laws limiting how many people can live in a home. While those two cities were concerned about the growing number of mini-dorms, or single-family homes rented out to large numbers of college students, Oceanside's interest extends beyond students to any adults sharing a home. [...] San Diego and San Marcos are charter cities with more freedoms than Oceanside, but the Oceanside council still voted unanimously Wednesday to ask the city attorney to see if it can do something about the crowding. 'The real problem is economic,' Councilman Rocky Chávez said at the meeting. 'People are having trouble making ends meet. But something has got to be done.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/16/08]

Chávez Voted To Require A Permit For Owners Renting Out More Than Two Rooms And To Cap Unrelated Renters At Six. "Homeowners who rent out bedrooms will face new rules after the Oceanside City Council limited the number of unrelated tenants in a single home. The council voted unanimously Wednesday to require any owner who rents more than two bedrooms to individuals to secure a permit from the city, and prohibit renting to more than six. A permit will probably cost \$200, and homeowners will have to prove that they have enough off-street parking for their tenants. The new law doesn't affect families living under a single roof, but is aimed at 'mini-dorms' or boardinghouses that rent rooms to many individuals. [...] In Oceanside's case, overflowing homes cropped up in various neighborhoods, attracting the attention of city officials and the council. 'We tried to craft an ordinance that would be respectful of families and property rights, and not discriminate,' Councilman Rocky Chávez said. 'If you have six day laborers, there has to be a lease agreement for each one of these individuals,' Chávez said. That also will give the city power to limit the number of tenants if the landlord can't provide off-street parking for them." [San Diego Union Tribune, 8/23/09]

Housing Conditions

Tenant Rights

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Landlords To Treat Bedbugs

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prescribing The Duty Of A Landlord To Treat And Control Bedbugs. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Prescrib[ing] the duties of landlords and tenants with regard to the treatment and control of bed bugs. The bill would require a landlord to provide a prospective tenant, on and after July 1, 2017, and to all other tenants by January 1, 2018, information about bed bugs, as specified. The bill would require that the landlord provide notice to the tenants of those units inspected by the pest control operator of the pest control

operator's findings within 2 business days, as specified. The bill would prohibit a landlord from showing, renting, or leasing a vacant dwelling unit that the landlord knows has a bed bug infestation, as specified." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 65 to 15, and the bill became law. [AB 551, passed the Assembly, <u>8/29/15</u>; became law, <u>9/25/16</u>]

Chávez Voted Against Classifying Major Mold Growth As A Substandard Housing Condition

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Specifying That Visible Mold Be Classified As A Substandard Condition. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Specify[ing] that visible mold growth, excepting mold that is minor and found on surfaces that can accumulate moisture as part of their proper and intended use, is a type of inadequate sanitation and therefore a substandard condition." The bill passed the Assembly 44 to 28, with 8 not voting, and became law. [SB 655, passed the Assembly, 9/2/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Regulations

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Lower Requirements For Affordable, Senior Citizen And Special Needs Housing Projects

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Reduced Parking Requirements For Affordable, Senior Citizen, And Special Needs Housing Projects. In June and September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing], at the request of the developer, a city, county, or city and county from imposing a vehicular parking ratio, inclusive of handicapped and guest parking, in excess of 0.5 spaces per bedroom on a development that includes the maximum percentage of low- or very low income units [...]. The bill would also prohibit, at the request of the developer, a city, county, or city and county from imposing a vehicular parking ratio, inclusive of handicapped and guest parking, [...] if the development is within 1/2 mile of a major transit stop and there is unobstructed access to the transit stop from the development, is a for-rent housing development for individuals that are 62 years of age or older that complies with specified existing laws regarding senior housing, or is a special needs housing development, as those terms are defined. [...] The bill would authorize a city, county, or city and county to impose a higher vehicular parking ratio based on substantial evidence found in an areawide or jurisdictionwide parking study, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 25, with one vote not recorded. The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 52 to 25, with one vote not recorded, and the bill became law. [AB 744, passed the Assembly, 6/4/15; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/2/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Low-Income Assistance

Home Buying

Chávez Voted Against Assisting Low-Income First-Time Homebuyers

Chávez Voted Against A Budget Bill Providing Assistance To Low And Moderate-Income First-Time Homebuyers. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Modify[ing] the program [Roberti-Green Home Purchase Assistance Program, which provides first-time homebuyers with home purchase assistance in the form of interest rate subsidies and downpayment assistance] to instead provide home purchase assistance to low- and moderate-income homebuyers to qualify for the purchase of owner-occupied homes and would revise the terms under which that assistance is provided." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 27, with 4 not voting, and became law. [SB 837, passed the Assembly, 6/16/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Affordable Housing Projects

Chávez Voted To Allow The City To Buy More Land For Affordable Housing Projects

Chávez: "We Need To [...] Do Something For Affordable Housing." "The city will quickly move forward to buy land for future affordable housing projects, as the City Council voted Wednesday to follow the recommendations of the city's affordable housing task force. The council voted 4-1 to implement the recommendation of the task force, which was created last June after the city declared an affordable housing crisis. The task force was charged with creating a policy to get more affordable housing built in the city. 'We need to get off the dime and do something for affordable housing,' said Councilman Rocky Chávez." [North County Times, 3/4/04]

Homelessness

Funding And Resources

Chávez Supported A Regional Network Of Homeless Shelters

Chávez: "Hopefully In The Future We Actually See The Homeless Population Going Down Because Of This Chávez, On The Regional Network Of Homeless Shelters: "This Is Good For Business, This Is Good For Tourism, And This Is Good For Our Soul." Oceanside on Wednesday became the first city in North County to throw its weight behind the idea of finding a 'fair and equitable' regional solution to North County's homeless problem. The city has not yet committed beds or money to the idea, but the council unanimously directed city staff to continue discussions on a proposal developed by a group of social service agencies and brought forth Wednesday by Councilman Rocky Chávez. 'We're not defining Oceanside by its homeless population, we're recognizing a respect for the people of Oceanside,' Chávez said. 'This is good for business, this is good for tourism, and this is good for our soul.' [...] Since then, the alliance has developed a plan for this winter that calls for 199 beds at winter shelters throughout North County. Chávez did not go so far as to ask the Oceanside council to agree to specifics Wednesday, but simply to commit to working on the issue. 'My thought process is, we get on board and say yes, we believe in a regional approach,' Chávez said. 'Ask our staff to work with others in North County, and hopefully -before September or October - we'll be able to commit to how many beds and money might be provided.' The goal, Chávez said, is to eventually start moving people off the streets, finding jobs for those who can work, rehabilitating or treating those with addictions and treating those who are mentally ill." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/22/07]

Labor

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez voted against protecting student employees, nurses and other hospital personnel, mental health workers, domestic workers, retail and grocery store workers, agricultural workers and other vulnerable populations.
- ✓ Chávez flip flopped and ended up voting against harsher penalties for employers that violate OSHA guidelines.
- ✓ Chávez repeatedly voted in favor of businesses that are not paying their workers the proper wages they deserve.
- ✓ Chávez repeatedly voted against bills that would increase wages for blue collar employees.

Wages

Wage Increases

Chávez Opposed Enforcing Wage Increase Provisions With Public Contractors

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Public Service Contractors To Receive Per Diem Wage Increases After The Contract Has Been Awarded. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow public service contractors to receive per diem wage increases after the contract has been awarded. "This bill would instead state that if the director determines, within a semiannual period, that there is a change in any prevailing rate of per diem wages in a locality, that determination applies to any public works contract that is awarded or for which notice to bidders is published on or after January 1, 2014. The bill would authorize any contractor, awarding body, or specified representative affected by a change in rates on a particular contract to, within 20 days, file with the director a verified petition to review the determination of that rate, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-24-1. [AB 1140, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 8/28/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Forced Contractors To Pay Cleanup Crews The Same Prevailing Wages As Construction Crews At Construction Sites. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "revise the definition of 'construction' to also include work performed during the postconstruction phases of construction, including, but not limited to, all cleanup work at the jobsite. [...] Existing law makes a willful violation of laws relating to payment of prevailing wages on public works a misdemeanor." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-22-2. [AB 26, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/30/14]

Chávez Voted Against Cutting Off State Funding To Cities That Do Not Abide By Prevailing Wage Provisions. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would rescind state funding from charter city projects, "if the city has a charter provision or ordinance that authorizes a contractor to not comply with prevailing wage provisions on any public works contract." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-22-4. [SB 7, 9/4/13; California LegInfo, 10/13/13]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Protecting Public Works Workers From Non-Union Contractors. In August 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that protected public works workers from non-union contractors. "Under the law, employer payments are a credit against the obligation to pay the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, except credit is not granted for benefits required under state or federal law. Employer payments include the rate of contribution made by the employer to a trustee or 3rd person pursuant to a plan, fund, or program, the rate of actual

costs to the employer anticipated in providing benefits to workers pursuant to a specified enforceable commitment, and payments to the California Apprenticeship Council. [...] This bill would prohibit credit from being granted for employer payments made to monitor and enforce laws related to public works if those payments are not required by a collective bargaining agreement." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-23-3. [SB 776, <u>8/8/13</u>; California LegInfo, <u>8/27/13</u>]

Chávez Voted Against Raising Middle-Management Employee Wages In Oceanside To Match Those Of Neighboring Cities

Chávez Thought A 21% Wage Increase For City Middle Management Employees Was Too High, Even Though It Made Wages In Oceanside Equal To Wages In Other Local Cities. "The city's 75 middle-management employees are getting pay raises varying from 6 percent to 21 percent over a two-year period. Wages have been adjusted to reflect those in other local cities. City Council members approved the salary increases 4-1 Wednesday night, with Rocky Chávez casting the dissenting vote, saying later that he thinks 21 percent is too high a raise." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/12/05]

Nonpayment Of Wages

Chávez Voted Against Measures That Would Allow Workers To More Easily Recoup Unpaid Wages

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Retained Funds To Pay Non-Unionized Car Wash Workers In The Event Of Nonpayment From Their Employers. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that protected non-unionized car wash workers. "Existing law also requires employers of car washes to post a \$15,000 bond for the benefit of the state to compensate employees damaged by the employer's nonpayment of wages. Existing law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2014. This bill would increase the employer's bond requirement amount to \$150,000, but would exempt an employer from that requirement if the employer has a collective bargaining agreement in place that meets specified criteria. This bill would also delete the repeal date of the provisions described above, thus extending those provisions indefinitely." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-23-2. [AB 1387, 5/29/13; California LegInfo, 10/11/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Employees To Place Liens On Their Employers For Unpaid Wages. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would "authorize an employee, with certain exceptions, to record and enforce specified employees to request that the Labor Commissioner record, on his or her behalf, a wage lien upon real and personal property of an employer, or a property owner, as specified, for unpaid wages and other compensation owed the employee, and certain other penalties, interest, and costs. The bill would prescribe requirements relating to the recording and enforcement of the wage lien and for its extinguishment and removal. The bill would require a notice of lien on real property to be executed under penalty of perjury." The bill passed, 43-27-8. [AB 2416, 5/28/14; California LegInfo, 8/30/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Employers And Labor Contractors To Share Legal Responsibility For Contracted Workers. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow employers and labor contractors to share legal responsibility for the contracted workers. "This bill would require a client employer to share with a labor contractor all civil legal responsibility and civil liability for all workers supplied by that labor contractor for the payment of wages and the failure to obtain valid workers' compensation coverage. The bill would prohibit a client employer from shifting to the labor contractor legal duties or liabilities under workplace safety provisions with respect to workers provided by the labor contractor." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-24-8. [AB 1897, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/28/14]

Salary History

Chávez Voted To Allow Employers To Seek Out A Potential Employee's Salary History

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting An Employer From Seeking Salary History Information About An Applicant For Employment. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] an employer from seeking salary history information about an applicant for employment, except as otherwise provided. The bill would specify that a violation of its provisions would not be subject to the misdemeanor provision." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 42 to 33, with 5 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 1017, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/3/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Leave

Family And Medical Leave

Chávez Voted Against Expanding Unpaid Family And Medical Leave Coverage

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Expanding Unpaid Family And Medical Leave Coverage. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Expanding the persons and purposes for which leave is required to be provided under the act [Moore-Brown-Roberti Family Rights Act, which makes it an unlawful employment practice for an employer to refuse to grant a request by an eligible employee to take up to 12 workweeks of unpaid protected family or medical leave]. The bill would redefine the term 'child' to include a biological, adopted, or foster son or daughter, a stepchild, a legal ward, a son or daughter of a domestic partner, or a person to whom the employee stands in loco parentis, and would remove the restriction on age or dependent status. The bill would expand the definition of leave with regard to caring for persons with a serious health condition to also include leave to care for a grandparent, grandchild, sibling, or domestic partner who has a serious health condition. The bill would include a parent-in-law in the definition of 'parent.'" The bill passed the Assembly 41 to 30, with 9 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [SB 406, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Paid Sick Leave

Chávez Voted Against Giving Employees At Least 3 Paid Sick Days Per Year

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Mandating That Employers Give Employees At Least 3 Paid Sick Days Per Year. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that required employers in the state of California to give their employees at least 3 paid sick days per year. "This bill would enact the Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014 to provide that an employee who, on or after July 1, 2015, works in California for 30 or more days within a year from the commencement of employment is entitled to paid sick days for prescribed purposes, to be accrued at a rate of no less than one hour for every 30 hours worked. An employee would be entitled to use accrued sick days beginning on the 90th day of employment. The bill would authorize an employer to limit an employee's use of paid sick days to 24 hours or 3 days in each year of employment. The bill would prohibit an employer from discriminating or retaliating against an employee who requests paid sick days." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-2. [AB 1522, 8/30/14; California LegInfo, 9/10/14]

Family Temporary Disability

Chávez Voted Against Giving Employees Time Off To Care For Sick Grandparents, Grandchildren, Siblings And In-Laws

Chávez Voted Against Expanding The Eligibility For Family Temporary Disability Compensation. In September 2013, Chávez voted against bill that would, "expand the scope of the family temporary disability program to include time off to care for a seriously ill grandparent, grandchild, sibling, or parent-in-law, as defined. The bill would also make conforming and clarifying changes in provisions relating to family temporary disability compensation." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-22-5. [SB 770, 9/4/13; California LegInfo, 9/24/13]

Other Benefits

Overtime And Holiday Pay

Chávez Voted Against Prohibiting Hospitals From Forcing Their Nurses To Work More Than 40-Hour Weeks

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited State Facilities From Forcing Nurses To Work More Than 40 Hours A Week. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would, commencing January 1, 2016, prohibit a nurse, defined as a registered nurse or a licensed vocational nurse, or a certified nursing assistant (CNA), employed by the State of California in a state facility, as defined, from being compelled to work in excess of the regularly scheduled workweek or work shift, except under certain circumstances, including the occurrence of a catastrophic event in a state facility. This bill would prohibit a state facility from discriminating, dismissing, discharging, or making an employment decision adverse to the nurse or CNA for his or her refusal to accept those additional hours, and would specify that a refusal to accept those additional hours does not constitute patient abandonment or neglect, as specified. The bill would require management and supervisors to consider employees in a specified order of priority in order to fulfill the additional staffing needs of a facility." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 56-22-1. [AB 2155, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14]

Chávez Voted Against Granting Mandatory Overtime Pay To Domestic And Agricultural Workers

Chávez Voted Against Regulating The Hours Of And Granting Overtime Pay To Domestic Workers. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would more stringently regulate domestic workers and mandate that they receive overtime pay. "This bill would enact the Domestic Worker Bill of Rights to, until January 1, 2017, regulate the hours of work of certain domestic work employees and provide an overtime compensation rate for those employees. The bill would define various terms for the purposes of the act, including defining domestic work to mean services related to the care of persons in private households or maintenance of private households or their premises, which would include childcare providers, caregivers of people with disabilities, sick, convalescing, or elderly persons, house cleaners, housekeepers, maids, and other household occupations. The bill would, until January 1, 2017, require the Governor to convene a committee to study and report to the Governor on the effects of this act." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-1. [AB 241, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 9/26/13]

Chávez Voted Against Regulating Agricultural Workers' Schedules And Paying Them Overtime

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Require Overtime For Agricultural Workers. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Remov[ing] the exemption for agricultural employees regarding hours, meal breaks, and other working conditions, including specified wage requirements, and would create a schedule that would phase in overtime requirements for agricultural workers, as defined, over the course of 4 years, from 2019 to 2022, inclusive. Beginning January 1, 2022, the bill would require any work performed by a person, employed in an agricultural occupation, in excess of 12 hours in one day to be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the employee's regular rate of pay." The bill failed in the Assembly 38 to 35, with 7 not voting. [AB 2757, failed in the Assembly, 6/2/16]

Chávez Voted Against Holiday Pay For Retail And Grocery Workers

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require An Employer To Pay At Least Twice The Regular Rate Of Pay To Employees At Retail And Grocery Establishments Working On A Family Holiday. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Enact[ing] the Double Pay on the Holiday Act of 2016, which would require an employer to pay at least 2 times the regular rate of pay to employees at retail and grocery store establishments, as defined, except employees in specified categories, for work on a family holiday, as defined." The Assembly did not concur with Senate amendments 31 to 37, with 12 not voting. [AB 67, Senate amendments failed in Assembly, 8/31/16]

California TANF Program

Chávez Voted Against Repealing Eligibility Limitations On Income And Assets For The CalWORKS Program

Chávez Voted Against Repealing Limitations On Income And Assets With Regard To Eligibility For The California Work Opportunity And Responsibility To Kids (CalWORKs) Program. Chávez voted against: "Repeal[ing] those limitations on assets [limitations on income and assets generally applicable to public assistance programs] with regard to eligibility for CalWORKs, thereby eliminating the consideration of an individual's or family's assets as a condition of eligibility for CalWORKs." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 28, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 1809, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16]

The CalWORKs Program Provided Cash Aid And Services To Eligible Families That Have Children At Home. "CalWORKs is a public assistance program that provides cash aid and services to eligible families that have a child(ren) in the home. The program serves all 58 counties in the state and is operated locally by county welfare departments. If a family has little or no cash and needs housing, food, utilities, clothing or medical care, they may be eligible to receive immediate short-term help. Families that apply and qualify for ongoing assistance receive money each month to help pay for housing, food and other necessary expenses." [California Department of Social Services, CalWORKs, accessed 2/20/18]

California Medicaid

Chávez Voted Against Bills That Identified And Fined Businesses For Having Employees On Medicaid

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Required The Government To Generate A Report On Employers Who Have A Sizable Amount Of Their Employees On California's Medicaid Program. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that required the government to generate a report on employers who have a large amount of employees enrolled in Medi-Cal. "The bill would require the Employment Development Department to collaborate with the State Department of Health Care Services and the State Department of Social Services to determine the total average cost of state and federally funded benefits provided to each identified employer's employees, as specified. The bill would define an employer as an individual or organization that employs 100 or more beneficiaries of the Medi-Cal program." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-24-1. [AB 1792, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/30/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Fine Large Businesses For Each Employee Enrolled In Medi-Cal. In June 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a large employer, as defined, to pay the Employment Development Department an employer responsibility penalty for each covered employee, as defined, enrolled in Medi-Cal based on the average cost of employee-only coverage provided by large employers to their employees, including both the employer's and employee's share of the premiums, as specified." The bill failed in the Assembly, 46-27-6. [AB 880, 6/27/13; California LegInfo, 6/24/13]

Disability Benefits

Chávez Wrote A Bill That Would Grant Lifeguards The Same Disability Benefits As Police Officers, But It Was Vetoed

California Governor Vetoed Chávez's Bill To Grant Enhanced Disability To Oceanside Lifeguards. "Gov. Jerry Brown vetoed legislation Wednesday that would have granted enhanced disability benefits to Oceanside lifeguards, after approving such a measure for San Diego lifeguards two years ago. The Democratic governor said in a veto message that costs related to the benefit have 'increased at an alarming rate' and that he is reluctant 'to

extend this benefit further in state law.' Assembly Bill 1451, by Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, an Oceanside Republican and candidate for U.S. Senate, would have added full-time lifeguards in Oceanside to a list of public employees who are entitled to a leave of absence at full pay if they are injured on the job. Those employees include peace officers. Brown said in his veto message that if Oceanside officials want to offer the enhanced benefit to lifeguards, they can do so through collective bargaining." [The Sacramento Bee, <u>8/12/15</u>]

Retirement Plans

Chávez At First Voted Against Transparency When Changing Public Employees' Retirement Plans, But Then He Voted For The Final Bill

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring More Transparency When Changing Public Employee Retirement Plans. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require, whenever a local ordinance or measure qualifies for the ballot that proposes to alter, replace, or eliminate the retirement benefit plan of employees of a local government entity, whether by initiative or legislative action, the governing body of the local government entity to secure the services of an independent actuary to provide a statement, or a summary of the statement, not to exceed 500 words in length, of the actuarial impact of the proposed measure upon future annual costs of the retirement benefit plan, and to have this statement printed in the voter information portion of the sample ballot." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-19-7. [AB 822, 5/23/13; California LegInfo, 9/16/13]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill Requiring More Transparency When Changing Public Employee Retirement Plans. In September 2013, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill requiring more transparency when changing public employee retirement plans. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 57-19-2 [AB 822, 9/10/13; California LegInfo, 9/16/13]

OSHA

OSHA Violations

Chávez Flip Flopped On Protections For Employees Whose Employers Are Found In Violation Of OSHA Guidelines

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Employers To Stop Work If Found In Serious Violation Of OSHA Guidelines, Even In Cases Of Appeal. In May 2013, Chávez voted for a bill that would require employers to stop work if found in serious violation of OSHA guidelines, even in cases of appeal. "This bill would provide that an appeal of a citation or notice, as specified, that is classified and cited as a serious violation, repeat serious violation, willful serious violation, or failure to abate shall not stay abatement dates and requirements." The bill passed the Assembly, 47-19-13. [AB 1165, 5/16/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against The Final Version Of The Bill That Would Require Employers To Stop Work If Found In Serious Violation Of OSHA Guidelines, Even In Cases Of Appeal. In September 2013, Chávez voted against the final version of the bill that would require employers to stop work if found in serious violation of OSHA guidelines, even in cases of appeal. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-27-4. [AB 1165, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Cracked Down On Employers Found In Violation Of OSHA Regulations. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would make OSHA tougher on employers who violate regulations. "This bill would prohibit the division from granting, for serious violations, a proposed modification to civil penalties for abatement or credit for abatement unless the employer has abated the violation, as specified, or has submitted a statement to the division in accordance with existing law, and would additionally require supporting evidence with the statement where necessary. The bill would authorize the division to grant such a modification only if the violation has been abated, as specified, or the signed statement and supporting evidence is received within 10 working days after the end of the period fixed for abatement. The bill would generally prohibit the stay or

suspension of a requirement to abate the hazards affirmed by the decision or order during the pendency before the appeals board of a petition for reconsideration of a citation for a violation that is classified as a serious violation, repeat serious violation, or willful serious violation." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-25. [AB 1634, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/20/14]

Regulations

Chávez Did Not Vote To Require Adult Film Stars To Use Protection

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Require Adult Film Stars To Use Condoms. In May 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill that would require adult film stars to use protection when having sex at work. "This bill would require an adult film employer's exposure control plan to include information that each time an employee performing in an adult film engaged in vaginal or anal intercourse, personal protective equipment was used to protect the employee from exposure to bloodborne pathogens and each employee performing in an adult film was tested for sexually transmitted infections according to specified recommendations not more than 14 days prior to filming any scene in which the employee engaged in vaginal or anal intercourse, that the employee consented to disclosing to the Division of Occupational Safety and Health that the employee was the subject of an HIV test, and that the employer paid for the test." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-13-18. [AB 1576, 5/27/14; California LegInfo, 6/18/14]

Hiring Practices

Preferential Treatment

Chávez Voted To Require State Agencies To Give Preference To Previously Incarcerated Youth And The Homeless

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring State Agencies To Give Preference To Homeless And Formerly Incarcerated Youth When Hiring For Internships And Student Assistant Positions. Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] state agencies, when hiring for internships and student assistant positions, also to give preference to homeless youth and formerly incarcerated youth, as defined." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 59 to 18, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1840, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/21/16]

Workplace Negotiations

Extending The Length Of Labor Negotiations

Chávez Voted Against Bills That Would Extend The Length Of Labor Negotiations

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Extend The Labor Commissioner's Deadlines In Prevailing Wage Disputes. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would extend the Labor Commissioner's Deadlines in prevailing wage disputes. "Existing law requires the Labor Commissioner, if the commissioner or his or her designee determines after an investigation that there has been a violation of the public works provisions, to issue a civil wage and penalty assessment to the contractor or subcontractor, or both. [...] This bill would change the deadline for service of the assessment to not later than 18 months after the filing of a valid notice of completion in the office of the county recorder in each county in which the public work or some part thereof was performed, or not later than 18 months after acceptance of the public work, whichever occurs last." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-23-2. [AB 1336, 9/6/13; California LegInfo, 10/13/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Tried To Extend The Length Of School-Teacher Negotiations Before The Implementation Of A Unilateral "Final Offer." In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that tried to extend

the length of school-teacher negotiations before the implementation of a school's "last, best and final offer." "This bill would require the public school employer, after impasse procedures have been completed and the public school employer has made the factfinding panel's recommendations and findings public, to provide written notice to the exclusive representative of the date for the implementation of each of the terms included in the last, best, and final offer of the public school employer at least 30 days before that implementation. By requiring the local public school employer to perform these additional duties, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-24-1. [AB 1550, <u>8/25/14</u>; California LegInfo, <u>8/27/14</u>]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed Either Party To Call For Mandatory Mediation In Union Negotiations. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that allowed either party to call for mandatory mediation in union negotiations. "This bill instead would permit either party to request mediation and would require the parties to agree upon a mediator, if either party has provided the other with a written notice of declaration of impasse. If the parties cannot agree upon a mediator, the bill would authorize either party to request the board to appoint a mediator. The bill would require the board to appoint a mediator within 5 days after receipt of the party's request, as prescribed." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-22-3. [AB 2126, 5/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/4/14]

Expediting Labor Negotiations

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Expedite Wage Negotiations

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Expedite Wage Negotiations. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require that, if a tentative agreement is reached by the parties, the governing body vote to accept or reject that agreement within 30 days of the date it is first considered, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-24-1. [AB 537, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 10/13/13]

Protections During Negotiations

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Child Care Businesses By Allowing Them To Form Larger Organizations For Negotiation Purposes

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed Child Care Businesses To Form Provider Organizations. In May 2013, Chávez voted against "This bill establishes the Quality Family Child Care Act, which authorizes family child care providers to form, join, and participate in 'provider organizations' for the purpose of negotiating with state agencies on reimbursements and other matters." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-25-3. [AB 641, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 7/10/13; 5/1/13]

Employee Protections

Protections From Workplace Violence Or Injury

Chávez Voted Against Establishing A Workplace Prevention Plan For Acute Psychiatric Hospitals

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Mental Health Workers From Workplace Violence. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would require OSHA to adopt standards that required, "specified types of hospitals, including a general acute care hospital or an acute psychiatric hospital, to adopt a workplace violence prevention plan as a part of the hospital's injury and illness prevention plan to protect health care workers and other facility personnel from aggressive and violent behavior. The bill would require the standards to include prescribed requirements for a plan." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-21-4. [SB 1299, 8/20/14; California LegInfo, 9/29/14]

Chávez Voted Against Compensating Hospital Workers If They Contract MRSA On The Job

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Hospital Workers To Receive Worker's Compensation If They Caught MRSA While On The Job. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would provide, with respect to hospital employees who provide direct patient care in an acute care hospital, that the term 'injury' includes a methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus skin infection (MRSA skin infection) that develops or manifests itself during the period of the person's employment with the hospital." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-24-8. [AB 2616, 8/22/14; California LegInfo, 8/26/14]

Protections From Retaliation

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Family Members From Employer Retaliation When An Employee Made A Complaint

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Protecting An Employee Who Is A Family Member Of A Person Who Engaged In Protected Conduct From Retaliation. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Extend[ing] the protections of these provisions [protecting employees or an applicant from being discharged or having adverse action, discrimination, or retaliation directed at them by an employer for making a bona fide complaint], as specified, to an employee who is a family member of a person who engaged in, or was perceived to engage in, the protected conduct or make a complaint protected by these provisions. This bill would define terms for the purpose of these provisions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 53 to 25, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 1509, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/4/15; became law, 10/11/15]

Legal Protection

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Employees From Signing Away Their Rights Regarding Employment Law Violations

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting An Employer From Requiring An Employee To Agree To Waive Any Legal Right For Employment Law Violations. In August 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] any person from requiring another person, as a condition of employment, to agree to the waiver of any legal right, penalty, forum, or procedure for any employment law violations. The bill would prohibit a person from threatening, retaliating against, or discriminating against another person based on a refusal to agree to such waiver, and would provide that any such waiver required from an employee or potential employee as a condition of employment or continued employment is unconscionable, against public policy, and unenforceable." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 46 to 31, with 3 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 465, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/27/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Student Employees

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Declared College Student Employees Were Also "Higher Education Employees" Under The Eye Of The Law. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that declared college student employees were also "higher education employees." "Under the act, an 'employee' or 'higher education employee' is defined as any employee of the Regents of the University of California, the Directors of the Hastings College of the Law, or the Trustees of the California State University. The act further authorizes the board to find that student employees whose employment is contingent on their status as students are employees only if the services they provide are unrelated to their educational objectives, or that those educational objectives are subordinate to the services they perform and that coverage under this act would further the purposes of the act. This bill would instead provide that student employees, employees whose employment is contingent upon their status as students, students are employees or and higher education employees for purposes of the act." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [AB 1834, 5/28/14; California LegInfo, 4/24/14]

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Union Members

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Established Union Agent- Represented Worker Privilege. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that established, similar to doctor-patient privilege and attorney-client privilege, that a union agent, as defined, and a represented employee or represented former employee have a privilege to refuse to disclose any confidential communication between the employee or former employee and the union agent while the union agent was acting in his or her representative capacity, except as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 51-27. [AB 729, 9/6/13; California LegInfo, 9/12/13]

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Franchise Owners

Chávez Voted Against Amending California's Franchise Relations Act To Give More Protection To The Franchisors. In August 2014, Chávez against a bill that would, "prohibit a franchisor from terminating a franchise agreement prior to the expiration of its term unless there is a substantial and material breach on the part of the franchisee of a lawful requirement of the franchise agreement" and, "require a franchisor that terminates or fails to allow the sale, transfer, or assignment of a franchise, other than in accordance with specified provisions of law, to, at the election of the franchisee, either reinstate the franchisee and pay specified damages or pay to the franchisee the fair market value of the franchise and franchise assets, as provided." The bill passed, 41-28-10. [SB 610, 8/14/14; California LegInfo, 8/25/14]

Immigration & Border Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez said he was a "big supporter of DACA," and DREAMers, for whom he has voted to allocate resources.
- ✓ Chávez was also close with controversial former Governor Pete Wilson, who advocated for cutting off all state services for undocumented immigrants.
- ✓ Chávez repeatedly said he wanted to create pathways to residency and keep families intact, while increasing border security.
- ✓ Chávez said the undocumented immigrants who are in the shadows would be economically beneficial for California if they are out of the shadows, saying "I'm willing to give them an opportunity."
- ✓ Chávez was "heartened" by the fact that Trump's travel ban was stayed in January 2017.
- ✓ Chávez voted to extend Medi-Cal benefits to undocumented children, as well as provide them with special loans for college.
- ✓ Chávez said he did not want to give undocumented immigrants too many rights, so they won't be complacent about not having U.S. citizenship.
 - ✓ As such, he voted against allowing them to get driver's licenses and voted against extending protection from workplace retaliation.
- ✓ Chávez said he believed immigrants were too culturally different from Americans, so much so that they could not adequately serve on juries.
- ✓ In 2008, Chávez received an endorsement from the Minutemen, an anti-illegal immigration group.

Conservatism & Rhetoric

Los Angeles Times: Chávez's Views On Immigration Were, "Likely To Limit His Appeal To Conservative Voters In The June 2016 Primary"

Los Angeles Times: "On Immigration, Chávez Has Split With The Party's Conservative Wing." "On immigration, Chávez has split with the party's conservative wing, backing steps to legalize the status of immigrants in the country illegally. His positioning on immigration is likely to limit his appeal to conservative voters in the June 2016 primary. Chávez said he backs driver's licenses for such immigrants, for instance, but voted against a bill that authorized them in a dispute over whether they would look different from other licenses." [Los Angeles Times, 3/6/15]

Chávez Opposed Trump's Stance On Immigration, Saying His Comments Were Mean Spirited And "Not Characteristic Of The Republican Party Or Our Nation." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, a loyal Republican, is breaking ranks with his party's presidential front-runner over immigration issues. Donald Trump's comments on immigrants are mean-spirited — 'and not characteristic of the Republican Party or our nation,' said Chávez, who represents the 76th Assembly District including Camp Pendleton, Carlsbad, Encinitas, Oceanside and Vista. 'California is a world leader in many categories, and it is crucial that we solidify our state as a leader in comprehensive immigration reform; it is clear to me that the ideologies of Mr. Trump will set our nation and our

state back many years and damage our society for many years to come,' Chávez said in a statement Monday. 'Immigrants give great value to society and lawmakers need to focus on the importance of keeping families together in order to ensure our nation continues to be the land of opportunity.'" [Times of San Diego, 8/17/15]

Chávez: Luis Bracamontes, An Undocumented Immigrant Who Was Convicted Of Killing Two Sacramento Cops, "Is A Bad Character. But He's The Aberration, Not The Norm"

OP-ED: Chávez Said He Did Not Believe Bracamontes Represented All Undocumented Immigrants In America. "President Donald Trump is using tape of Bracamontes glowering, smirking and declaring that he regretted not killing more cops. The 30-second ad is a blunt instrument intended to instill fear of illegal immigrants within Trump's hardened base, and bludgeon Democrats into agreeing to pay billions to build the ridiculous wall at the Mexican border. [...] Trump's White House is offering a supposed compromise to allow 1.8 million 'Dreamers' to remain in the country, while his campaign airs the incendiary ad, which suggests he is not seriously seeking a deal. [...] Chávez sees Trump's Bracamontes ad for what it is: 'There are bad people out there. They come in all stripes. That individual is a bad character. But he's the aberration, not the norm.'" [Sacramento Bee, Dan Morin Op-Ed, 1/26/18]

Chávez: "What We Hear From The Fringe Elements Of The Party Are Not Positive For The Latino Community"

Chávez Criticized The "Fringe" Republicans' Tone Regarding Immigration. "On immigration or any other issue, displaying genuine caring is a must, said Republican Rocky Chávez of Oceanside, who won election to the Assembly this month. 'There needs to be a conscious effort on how the message is being presented — listen and be respectful,' said Chávez, a retired Marine colonel who spent time growing up in the farm fields where his father worked. 'The tenor of what we hear from the fringe elements of the party are not positive for the Latino community.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/17/12]

Comprehensive Immigration Reform

2013: Chávez Urged Congress To Pass Bipartisan Comprehensive Immigration Reform

Chávez Urged Congress To Pass Comprehensive Immigration Reform, Saying, "Immigrants Help To Grow Our Economy And Create Opportunities." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, has joined arms with 14 other Republican state legislators to urge Congress to pass comprehensive immigration reform. Chávez said that after talking with local and state officials and representatives from business and touring border areas, he believes the time is right to pass the controversial bill. 'What we have found is that immigration is a good thing for our communities,' the freshman legislator said. 'Immigrants help to grow our economy and create opportunities.'" [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/15/13]

2013: Chávez: If Republicans Do Not Work On A Comprehensive Immigration Reform Policy, They're "Not Going To Get Anywhere With Latinos"

Chávez: "It's A Lot Easier Being A Latino Democrat Than A Latino Republican Candidate." "Chávez joined the GOP while serving with the Marines in Korea, attracted to the party's stance on education-ensuring that teachers are paid on merit-and the strong belief in a free market economy. These issues, he says, are salient with Latinos throughout the state as well. But as he campaigns against two Republicans for an open assembly seat in San Diego's 76th district, where Latinos are nearly a third of registered voters, he is increasingly frustrated by his party's failure to address the single issue of paramount importance to them-immigration reform. 'It's a lot easier being a Latino Democrat than a Latino Republican candidate,' he said during a recent interview." [La Prensa San Diego, 3/16/12]

Chávez: "I Am More Fearful Of A Higher Graduation Rate Of Engineers And Scientists In Another Country, Than I Am Fearful Of Who Is Mowing My Lawn." "If the party is serious about gaining more Latino support, he added, it would have to come up with a comprehensive immigration reform policy that includes a path to residency for immigrants in California. 'If you don't answer that, you're not going to get anywhere with Latinos,' he said. Chávez is part of a small, but increasingly vocal segment in the Republican Party calling for a moderate stance on immigrant rights. 'I am more fearful of a higher graduation rate of engineers and scientists in another country, than I am fearful of who is mowing my lawn,' he said." [La Prensa San Diego, 3/16/12]

Chávez: "I Don't Think The Republican Party Has A Very Good Message" For Latino Voters. "I don't think the Republican Party has a very good message' for Latinos, said freshman GOP Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside. When Latinos hear Republican politicians demand that the government "secure the border," Chávez continued, 'right there, you just cut off the conversation. Why invite me to dinner but let only half my family in?" [Los Angeles Times, 3/4/13]

2013: Chávez Attended An Event In Support Of Assembly Joint Resolution 3, Which Urged The President To Reform Immigration And Act Humanely

Chávez Was One Of The Republicans To Attend An Event To Support Humane Immigration Reform. "President Obama's immigration plan got plenty of attention this week, including at the state Capitol, where it was surprising to see who showed up to endorse a plan to help immigrants. Yes, there were Democrats, lots of Democrats, but also attending a news conference to support a plan that could help millions of illegal immigrants obtain legalization were a number of Republicans. Political experts have for years warned members of the state GOP that if they didn't change their tune on immigration they would become irrelevant. And that's essentially happened: Democrats have the supermajority in the Legislature and hold all statewide elected offices while registered Republicans make up less than 30 percent of the electorate. So, it appears change is afoot within the GOP. Attending the event to support Assembly Joint Resolution 3 were Assemblymen Katcho Achadjian, R-Arroyo Grande San Luis Obispo County; Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside San Diego County; Jeff Gorell, R-Camarillo

Ventura County; and Sen. Anthony Cannella, R-Ceres Stanislaus County." [San Francisco Chronicle, 2/1/13]

AJR 3: "A Just Immigration Reform Must Ensure That It Reflects One Of Our Basic Values—That We All Are Created Equal—Thus Immigration Reform Must Recognize Each Immigrant's Full Humanity." "WHEREAS, A comprehensive, as well as compassionate, approach to solve our broken immigration system should be one that works for all communities and families in America; and WHEREAS, A just immigration reform must ensure that it reflects one of our basic values—that we all are created equal—thus immigration reform must recognize each immigrant's full humanity; and WHEREAS, A proposal must be comprised of tenets that achieve all of the following: (1) establish an earned citizenship process that requires immigrants to pay back taxes and learn English; (2) enhance security in our ports of entry to secure our nation; (3) reform immigration enforcement programs that separate families to ensure that family unification systems are strengthened; (4) upgrade the current visa programs, including the creation of a guest worker program for agricultural workers, in order to have a legal workforce and a system that better enforces labor protections; and (5) uphold due process as well as the inherent rights of all immigrants [...]" [AJR 3, 8/15/13; California LegInfo, 8/15/13]

DACA, DAPA & The DREAM Act

2018: Chávez Said He Was A "Big Supporter Of DACA"

OP-ED: Chávez Said He Was A "Big Supporter Of DACA." "Chávez calls himself a 'big supporter of DACA,' the Obama-era Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals program that allows Dreamers, the children of undocumented immigrants, to gain legal status. He is all for stopping cross-border drug smuggling and human trafficking, but says a cement wall makes no sense." [Sacramento Bee, Dan Morin Op-Ed, 1/26/18]

2015: Chávez Said He Liked The Effects Of President Obama's Immigration Order, But Would Have Preferred Congressional Action Instead

Chávez Had A Problem With The "Process" Behind President Obama's Executive Order, But Saw It As A "Huge" Economic Benefit. "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside San Diego County, the only Republican declared so far to challenge Harris in next year's Senate race, said Friday that he agrees that bringing millions of undocumented immigrants out of the shadows will have a 'huge' economic benefit for California. 'The only concern I have is the process in which it was done,' he said, adding that he would have preferred congressional action to an executive order." [San Francisco Chronicle, 3/14/15]

Chávez Repeatedly Said He Supported Keeping Undocumented Families Together And Creating Pathways To Residency

Chávez: "As A Party Of Family Values, Why Would We Ever Support Policies That Would Send A Mother Or Father Away From Their Children?" "Chávez said he wouldn't curtail or lessen the process by which immigrants go about becoming U.S. citizens. But when it comes to the millions of unauthorized immigrants who are in the country illegally, Chávez said, 'as a party of family values, why would we ever support policies that would send a mother or father away from their children?' Chávez said he would call this residency, not legalization. 'Residency means that you are in the state. We know who you are. You get a license. You pay taxes. And it takes you out of the shadows,' he said." [Sacramento Bee, 1/21/16]

Calbuzz: On Immigration, Chávez Said He Supported A Pathway To Legal Residency, Which Was "Much Closer To The California Mainstream Than Most Republican Politicians." "On immigration, Chávez offers a position much closer to the California mainstream than most Republican politicians — a pathway to legal residency. It's not a pathway to citizenship, but a compromise position, that might not be as expansive as most Latino voters would prefer, but a lot less off-putting than the round-'em-up-and-send-'em-home stand so popular within the GOP." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Chávez Pointed To 3 Principles On Immigration: Keeping Families Together, Border Security, And Allowing A Path To Residency, Not Citizenship. "Chávez says he approaches the issue using three principles: 1) Family – 'The Republican Party has always valued marriage and children,' he said, 'but we're sending mothers and fathers away from their kids. That's not good.' 2) Security – He wants better security at the border, but that shouldn't be the first thing out of a Republican candidate's mouth, he said. That just causes Latino voters to shut down. 'They say, "Why would I vote for you if I felt you'd never want me over for dinner?" 3) Citizenship: No – We have laws governing how people become citizens (which he's still researching, he said) but he favors 'what I call residency,' with which immigrants could register, get a driver's license, pay taxes and follow procedures to obtain their citizenship over time." [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Chávez Said Bringing Millions Of Undocumented Immigrants Out Of The Shadows Would Have A "Huge" Economic Benefit To California. "California Gov. Jerry Brown used his visit to the White House on Friday to slam Republican governors fighting President Barack Obama's immigration order, saying their actions are 'at best troglodyte and at worst un-Christian.' [...] State Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, the only Republican declared so far to challenge Harris in next year's U.S. Senate race, said Friday that he agrees that bringing millions of undocumented immigrants out of the shadows will have a 'huge' economic benefit for California. 'The only concern I have is the process in which it was done,' he said, adding that he would have preferred congressional action to an executive order." [San Antonio Express-News, 3/13/15]

Chávez Said Immigrants In Search Of A Better Opportunity Are "Willing To Work For It" And He's "Willing To Give Them An Opportunity." "Chávez said he has built coalitions at the state level to promote immigration reform. 'You talk about me leaving my political career for this,' he said, comparing his own decision to leave his Assembly seat for the U.S. Senate race. 'There are people leaving everything in their country, walking here, just as people in the 1800s came over the mountains in covered wagons for a better opportunity. They're willing to work for it. I'm willing to give them an opportunity." [KPBS, 3/16/15]

Chávez Called Senate GOP Efforts To Defund Obama's Executive Action On Amnesty "A Travesty." "He called the recent gridlock over Republican-orchestrated attempts to defund Obama's executive actions on immigration, which nearly resulted in a shutdown of the Department of Homeland Security, a 'travesty." [Huffington Post, 3/5/15]

San Diego Union Tribute: Chávez Voted Against A Resolution In Support Of DACA "Because Of Its Combative Tone"

Chávez On California Resolution On Trump Immigration Policies: "The Tone We're Doing This In Is Not Beneficial To The State Of California." "The Senate and Assembly passed identical resolutions calling on Trump to develop humane immigration policies, to avoid mass deportation and to retain President Barack Obama's deferred action for childhood arrivals, or DACA, program [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, said in a telephone interview that while he has supported immigration reform, he couldn't support the resolution because of its combative tone. 'The tone we're doing this in is not beneficial to the state of California,' Chávez said." [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/6/16]

Chávez Voted To Create Resource Centers For DREAMers

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Require California Community Colleges And The California State University Systems To Create Dream Resources Centers On Campuses To Assist DREAMers. In June 201, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the California Community Colleges and the California State University, and would request the University of California, to create Dream Resource Centers on their campuses, as specified, to assist certain students by streamlining access to all available financial aid and academic opportunities for those students. The bill would require each campus of the California Community Colleges and the California State University that is not required to have a Dream Resource Center to ensure that it has a designated staff person who is knowledgeable in available financial aid, services, and academic opportunities for all students meeting specified requirements, including undocumented students." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 23, with 5 not voting, but, in the latest action, died on the Senate inactive file. [AB 1366, passed the Assembly, 6/31/15; died on Senate inactive file, 11/30/16]

Chávez Said That Immigration Was Caused By "Economic And Social Distress"

Chávez: "If You Want To Deal With Immigration, Deal With The Economic And Social Distress In The World." "Asked about illegal immigration overwhelming California's schools, Chávez replied that illegal immigration is happening all over the world [...] 'If you want to deal with immigration, deal with the economic and social distress in the world,' he said, adding that immigrants should learn English in order to succeed but need not abandon their native languages entirely within their own families and communities. The woman who asked the question was visibly dissatisfied with his answer." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Protections For Undocumented Children

Health Care And Medi-Cal

Chávez Supported Extending Medi-Cal Benefits To Undocumented Children

Chávez Voted For A Bill Extending Eligibility For Full-Scope Medi-Cal Benefits To All Children Under The Age Of 19 In California, Regardless Of Immigration Status. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] individuals under 19 years of age enrolled in restricted-scope Medi-Cal at the time the director makes the above-described determination to be enrolled in the full scope of Medi-Cal benefits, if otherwise eligible, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan, as specified. [...] the California Legislature has extended eligibility for full-scope

Medi-Cal benefits to all children in California, regardless of immigration status." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 23, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 4, passed the Assembly, $\frac{9/11/15}{5}$; became law, $\frac{10/9/15}{5}$]

Chávez, On Expanding Medi-Cal To Undocumented Immigrants: "The System's Broken. And Everybody's Insurance Rates Is Gonna Go Up. We Need To Solve The Problem Before We Bring More People Into The System." "There's a proposal now to expand eligibility to the undocumented for Medi-Cal, for Medicaid in the state. What do you think of that idea?" Chávez replied, [00:29:16] "I think the Medicaid issue right now I know this, I sit on the health care committee. The biggest arguments going on in Sacramento right now is between the doctors, the pharmaceuticals, the nurses, the hospitals, and the insurance agencies, cause the system's broken. And everybody's insurance rates is gonna go up. We need to solve the problem before we bring more people into the system." [National Journal Live, "The California Story: The Immigration Debate in the Golden State" Panel, 5/1/15] (VIDEO)

Civil Damages

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Allow Undocumented Children To Recover Civil Damages

Chávez Voted For A Bill Allowing Undocumented Children To Recover Civil Damages Under Any Applicable Law. In July 2015, Chávez voted for: "Provid[ing] that the immigration status of a minor child seeking recovery under any applicable law is irrelevant to the issues of liability or remedy and would prohibit discovery or other inquiry in a civil action or proceeding into a minor child's immigration status, with specified exceptions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 56 to 21, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 560, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 7/16/15; became law, 8/10/15]

Loans

2014: Chávez Supported A Bill That Would Allow Undocumented College Students To Take Out More Loans

Chávez: "A Quality College Education Has Proved To Be The Best Ladder For Social Mobility For Families." "California lawmakers and top university administrators are pushing legislation that would establish a loan fund to further help students who are in the country illegally pay for their college education. [...] The proposed loan program is designed to help fill the gap, estimated at \$3,000 for California State University students and \$6,000 for those attending a University of California campus. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside is one of those Republicans backing the loan bill. 'A quality college education has proved to be the best ladder for social mobility for families,' he said. 'Let's keep in mind that this is not free money. This is a loan with the same existing repayment requirements that all California student borrowers face.' However, criticism is likely to emerge focusing on the point that if the state and campuses have money to hand out it should go to expand assistance to needy students here legally." [San Diego Union Tribune, 4/9/14]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Establishing A Loan Program Specifically For DREAMers. In August 2014, Chávez voted for a bill that would, "establish the California DREAM Loan Program. The bill would provide that, commencing with the 2015–16 academic year, a student attending a participating campus of the University of California or California State University may receive a loan, referred to as a DREAM loan, through the program if the student satisfies specified requirements, including a requirement that the student be exempt from paying nonresident tuition or meet equivalent requirements adopted by the regents." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-20-4. [SB 1210, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 9/28/14]

Services And Rights

Incentives

Chávez Said He Did Not Want To Give Undocumented Immigrants Too Many Rights Because He Feared They Would Not Want To Become Citizens

2013: Chávez On Allowing Undocumented Immigrants More Privileges: "Once We Erase All These Distinctions, What's Next? What Is Going To Convince Someone It Is Essential To Get Citizenship?" "Rocky Chávez, a Republican assemblyman from northern San Diego County, said that allowing noncitizens to serve on a jury would make it harder to uphold American standards of law. 'What we call domestic violence is appropriate in other countries, so the question becomes, 'How do we enforce our own social norms?' Mr. Chávez said. He added that granting more privileges would weaken immigrants' desires to become citizens. 'Once we erase all these distinctions, what's next? What is going to convince someone it is essential to get citizenship?" [New York Times, 9/21/13]

Programs And Services

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Monitor Programs That Served Immigrants

2015: Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing A Statewide Director Of Immigrant Integration For The Purpose Of Developing A Comprehensive Statewide Report On Programs Serving Immigrants. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Establish[ing] the Statewide Director of Immigrant Integration in the Governor's Office of Planning and Research, appointed by the Governor, for the purpose of developing a comprehensive statewide report on programs and services that serve immigrants and programs and services currently managed by a state agency or department to support California immigrants." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 84, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Civic Duties

2013: Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Non-Citizens To Serve On Juries, Saying They "Might Not Have The Same Cultural Experience"

Chávez Said He Believed Granting Jury Duty To Non-Citizens Was Unfair To The Non-Citizens And To The Defendants On Trial. "California would allow noncitizens to serve on juries under a proposal being considered by state lawmakers, potentially expanding a fundamental obligation of American life to millions more people. The measure, which would apply only to legal residents, would make California the only state to open the jury box to noncitizens who meet all other requirements of service, according to legal experts. The proposal raises the question of what it means to be judged by peers in a state where more than one in seven residents is not a citizen. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside), who voted no, said the measure was unfair to both the prospective jurors and any defendants whose fates they could decide. Noncitizens may not want the responsibilities of American citizenship, he said, and people who are on trial should not be judged by jurors who 'might not have the same cultural experience.'" [Los Angeles Times, 4/27/13]

Chávez, Implying That Immigrants Did Not Fit With American Moral Standards: "What We Call Domestic Violence Is Appropriate In Other Countries, So...How Do We Enforce Our Own Social Norms?" "Rocky Chávez, a Republican assemblyman from northern San Diego County, said that allowing noncitizens to serve on a jury would make it harder to uphold American standards of law. 'What we call domestic violence is appropriate in other countries, so the question becomes, 'How do we enforce our own social norms?' Mr. Chávez said." [New York Times, 9/21/13]

Chávez's Argument Against The Bill: "Peers Are People Who Understand America." "I do think there is something called the jury of your peers,' countered Assemblyman Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside). 'Peers are people who understand the nuances of America.' He noted that some immigrants come from countries where suspects are guilty until proven innocent and where people are taught to obey authority, not question it. The bill, AB 1401, was authored by the Assembly Judiciary Committee, which seeks a way to expand the pool of eligible jurors in California." [Los Angeles Times, 8/22/13]

Chávez Said He Believed That People Do Not Understand America's Laws And Culture Until They Are Naturalized Citizens. "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, said during his floor comments that he does not see a shortage of potential jurors. He also said those accused of a crime have a right to a jury of peers who fully understand the country's laws and culture. 'I think that understanding only comes when an individual openly takes an oath to become a citizen of the country in which they live,' Chávez said." [Associated Press, 8/23/13]

E-Verify

Chávez Voted To Keep Allowing Employers To Use E-Verify To Check Their Employees' Immigration Status

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting Employers From Using The E-Verify System To Check The Employment Authorization Status Of An Existing Employee Or Applicant. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Expand[ing] the definition of an unlawful employment practice to prohibit an employer or any other person or entity from using the E-Verify system at a time or in a manner not required by a specified federal law or not authorized by a federal agency memorandum of understanding to check the employment authorization status of an existing employee or an applicant who has not received an offer of employment, except as required by federal law or as a condition of receiving federal funds." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 26, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 622, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/4/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Employment Protections

Chávez Did Not Vote For Bills That Protected Immigrants From Employer Retaliation

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Protecting Immigrants And Those Who Complain About Not Receiving Fair Wages From Employer-Related Retaliation. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "prohibit an employer from retaliating or taking adverse action against any employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant has engaged in protected conduct. The bill would expand the protected conduct to include a written or oral complaint by an employee that he or she is owed unpaid wages. [...] This bill would make it unlawful for an employer or any other person to engage in, or direct another person to engage in, an unfair immigration-related practice, as defined, against a person for the purpose of, or with the intent of, retaliating against any person for exercising a right protected under state labor and employment laws or under a local ordinance applicable to employees, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-19-5. [AB 263, 9/10/13; California LegInfo, 10/11/13]

2013: Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Protecting Undocumented Immigrants From Retaliation In The Workplace. In September 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that, "strengthen[s] the California Labor Code's protections for all workers, by expanding the grounds for a finding of retaliation, increasing penalties for retaliation, and broadening protections for whistleblowers." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-17-9. [SB 666, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13; National Employment Law Project, 10/13]

Driver's Licenses

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Undocumented Immigrants To Get Driver's Licenses

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Undocumented Immigrants To Get Driver's Licenses. "On immigration, Chávez has split with the party's conservative wing, backing steps to legalize the status of immigrants in the country illegally. His positioning on immigration is likely to limit his appeal to conservative voters in the June 2016 primary. Chávez said he backs driver's licenses for such immigrants, for instance, but voted against a bill

that authorized them in a dispute over whether they would look different from other licenses." [Los Angeles Times, $\frac{3}{6}$ 15]

License To Practice Law

2013: Chávez Voted To Allow Undocumented Immigrants Who Pass The California Bar Exam To Practice Law In California

Chávez: "Until We Get The Leadership Of Congress For Immigration Reform, We Are Going To Need To Provide The Leadership." "That evening, the Assembly took up a bill enabling undocumented immigrants who have passed the State Bar exam to practice law in California. The bill responded directly to a California Supreme Court case brought by a man named Sergio Garcia, who was brought to the state illegally as a child and passed California's notoriously difficult bar exam on his first attempt. Legislators sent Brown a bill clarifying the right of Garcia and others like him to work as attorneys, with only four recording 'no' votes. Ten Republicans voted yes. 'Until we get the leadership of Congress for immigration reform, we are going to need to provide the leadership,' said Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside." [Sacramento Bee, 9/13/13]

Visas

Chávez Voted Against Urging The Federal Government To Look Into H1-B Visa Fraud

Chávez Voted Against A Resolution Urging The Federal Government To Investigate The Alleged Misuse Of The H1-B Visa Program. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Urg[ing] the United States Department of Labor and the Congress of the United States to investigate alleged misuse of the H1-B Visa program." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 20, with 11 not voting, but died on the Senate inactive file. [AJR 12, passed the Assembly 6/29/15]

Proposition 187

While Chávez Said That Legislation That Would Prohibit Undocumented Immigrants From Receiving Health Care, Education And Other State Services Was Wrong, He Criticized A Colleague For Trying To Dismantle It And Was Friendly With One Of Its Biggest Supporters

2014: Chávez, On Proposition 187: "It Was Wrong"

Chávez Said He Would Vote To Strike Proposition 187 From The Legislative Record. "Two decades after California voters took a hard line on illegal immigration, affirmative action and bilingual education, an ascendant class of Latino lawmakers is seeking to rewrite the books and discard the polarizing laws. Flexing its growing clout in Sacramento, this generation of legislators is returning to the 1990s-era fights that propelled them into politics. On Monday, they will mark 20 years since Proposition 187 -- the landmark initiative withholding public services such as healthcare and education from those in the country illegally -- qualified for the ballot. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside), one of two Latino Republicans in the Legislature, said he would vote to strike Proposition 187 from the record. 'It shouldn't be there,' he said. 'It was wrong.'" [Los Angeles Times, 6/22/14]

2014: Chávez: "Prop 187 Probably Isn't At The Top Of [Constituents'] Lists"

Chávez Criticized Fellow Legislator Lorena Gonzalez's Push To Repeal Prop 187 Entirely. "[Lorena Gonzalez] is a freshman force in the California Assembly, making a name for herself as a champion of immigrants and workers, carrying more controversial measures in a relatively short tenure than some lawmakers attempt in their entire careers. [...] 'She is a very passionate advocate for the labor movement,' said Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside. But she is over-reaching on immigration issues, he said. 'Right now, if you talk to the average person, they are worried about Iraq and Afghanistan, particularly in San Diego,' Chávez said. 'We're turning the water off. The price of food is going up. People are worried about jobs; 187 probably isn't at the top of their list.' But

Proposition 187 is near the top of Gonzalez's list. She is the floor manager of a de León bill to repeal remnants of the divisive 1994 initiative pushed by then-Gov. Pete Wilson, the former San Diego mayor, as part of his reelection campaign." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/27/14]

Chávez Had A Friendly Political Relationship With Former Governor Pete Wilson, A Key Supporter Of Proposition 187

Wilson Supported Proposition 187, Which Was Considered Prejudicial And Alienating To California's Latino Population. "If Wilson is renowned for one thing, however, it is Proposition 187, the controversial ballot measure that sought to stem illegal immigration and address its costs by cutting off state services, including healthcare and public education, to those in the country illegally. Wilson didn't draft the measure, nor did he place it on the November 1994 ballot. But he became the foremost champion and central character — or villain — in a narrative that goes something like this: His reelection apparently doomed, Wilson seized on the provocative initiative and, through a racist campaign, tapped the latent bigotry of Californians to rescue his flailing candidacy, a Pyrrhic victory that has badly damaged Republicans by alienating Latinos in the state and nationwide ever since." [Los Angeles Times, 3/23/17]

2012: Pete Wilson Endorsed Chávez For California's 76th **Assembly Seat.** "As one who has had the honor to serve as a proud Assemblyman of the 76th District, I proudly endorse Rocky Chávez to represent the good people of today's 76th District with the same fighting spirit and devotion to duty that he has demonstrated throughout his distinguished career in the U.S. Marine Corps and his service to the people of Oceanside,' said Governor Wilson. [...] 'As governor, Pete Wilson championed the kinds of responsible fiscal policies that we've lost in California,' said Chávez. 'I'm deeply humbled to receive his support, and his service will be my example as I represent our communities in Sacramento." [San Diego Rostra, 10/16/12]

2013: Pete Wilson Attended A Fundraising Event For Chávez. "A cake-cutting ceremony honoring the Marine Corps' 238th birthday took place at Thursday's fundraising event for state Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside. In keeping with Marine tradition, the first piece of cake goes to the youngest veteran present, the second to the oldest. Hence, Faye Bell, CEO of Military Outreach Ministry, who delivered the invocation, got to eat cake with former California Gov. Pete Wilson. Turns out, Bell, a retired Navy commander, 53, was the youngest veteran there, while Wilson, 80, a former Marine and the key speaker, was the oldest." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/11/13]

A Local Latino Paper Criticized Chávez For Holding A Fundraiser With "The Devil Incarnate."

"[...]Oceanside Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, and statewide chairman for Hispanic Outreach for the the [sic] Republican Party, took one on the chin this week when he held a fundraiser with special guest Pete Wilson!!! Yup the same Pete Wilson who went on an anti-Hispanic vendetta and single-handily destroyed the Republican Party in Califias!!! Rocky if you are going to try and attract Hispanics to the Party you don't go and hang out with the devil incarnate and have him as your special guest!!! What an insult to the Hispanic community. Que lastima, we like Rocky but this is a huge step backwards for him..." [La Prensa San Diego, Tezozomoc Speaks blog, 11/8/13]

Refugees

Travel Bans

Chávez Voiced Disagreement With Trump's Immigration And Refugee Policies

Chávez On The Travel Ban: "That's Wrong Because That's Not What This Country's About." "Democrats in the California state Senate condemned President Donald Trump's immigration executive order on Monday, approving a resolution calling it a 'discriminatory overreach' and commending attorneys who are fighting it [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, spoke in support of the measure and criticized Trump's immigration order. 'I was very heartened by the fact that the federal judge put a stay on the action in New York,' Chávez said. 'I

believe that we have a balanced government that will speak up and we have a free press and we have members like us to speak up and say, "You know what? That's wrong because that's not what this country's about."" [Associated Press, 1/31/17]

Chávez Said He Was "Not Sure" How He Felt About Legislation Limiting Syrian And Iraqi Refugees

Chávez Said He Was "Not Sure" Of How He Felt About The Bill Limiting Syrian And Iraqi Refugees From Entering The US. "One, security is important, but two, we need to understand we are a country that has always been a home for those who are hungry and tired and oppressed,' said Chávez, who said he was not sure, pending more research, how he felt about the House bill. He recalled the internment in the 1940s of Japanese Americans who posed no threat, and of America's earlier reluctance to accept Jews escaping Nazi Germany. 'That didn't set well in history,' he said, adding that 'a measured approach is often the best approach. We should not take counsel from our fears and we should not take positions that go against our values." [LA Times, 11/22/15]

LA Times: The Republican Syrian And Iraqi Refugee Bill Received Support From California Democrats. "To be sure, the refugee issue didn't cleave cleanly on party lines. A Republican measure to sharply curtail the circumstances under which Syrian and Iraqi refugees could enter the country was supported by 47 congressional Democrats -- eight of them from California -- despite President Obama's vow to veto it. (Almost all of those California Democrats reside in hotly contested districts.)" [LA Times, 11/22/15]

Crime

Immigrant Victims Of Crime

Chávez Showed Concern For Victimized Immigrants, Framing Immigration Reform As A Law Enforcement Issue As Well

Chávez: "Public Safety At A Community Level Is Impacted Strongly By The Inability Of This Country To Deal With Immigration." "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, recounted speaking with members of the Armed Forces who are serving despite not being citizens. He also cast immigration reform as a law enforcement issue, saying many victimized immigrants are afraid to approach authorities. 'Public safety at a community level is impacted strongly by the inability of this country to deal with immigration,' Chávez, a former Marine, said." [Sacramento Bee, 1/31/13]

Gangs

Chávez: "Oceanside Does Not Have An Illegal Immigration Problem. We Have A Gang Problem."

Chávez Blamed Crime On Gangs, Not Undocumented Immigrants. "In a city where an on-duty police officer was slain because of gangs, Chávez's no-nonsense attitude should make him popular with voters: 'Oceanside does not have an illegal immigration problem. We have a gang problem." [San Diego Union Tribune, 9/20/08]

Chávez Said That Most Crown Heights Gang Members Were Undocumented Immigrants: "We Need To Crack Down Hard." "Chávez said most of the gang members in one neighborhood, Crown Heights, are undocumented immigrants from Mexico, and 'we need to crack down hard (on them)." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/13/05]

Local Law Enforcement

San Diego Union Tribune: Chávez Was "Admittedly Torn" About A Bill That Limited The Police's Ability To Report Undocumented Immigrants To ICE

Chávez Abstained From Voting On AB 4, Which Made Certain Crimes Exempt From ICE Reporting. "Assembly Bill 4, known as the 'Trust Act,' proposes a list of crimes that would be exempt from the reporting requirement, thereby preventing authorities from detaining those suspects for agents of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement. Supporters of the bill say the federal program leads to deporting unauthorized immigrants for relatively minor crimes, if any. That threatens to break up families and discourages the community from trusting authorities enough to report crimes out of fear of deportation, they say. [...] An admittedly torn Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, abstained. On one hand, Chávez said, supporters make a sound argument about the need to ensure immigrants are not afraid of the police. 'When people feel they cannot go to the police because they could be deported, that creates a public safety issue,' Chávez said. However, he said he also agrees that the state and federal governments need to be partners." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/16/13]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Prohibited Local Law Enforcement From Prolonging An ICE Hold. In September 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that, "would prohibit a law enforcement official, as defined, from detaining an individual on the basis of a United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement hold after that individual becomes eligible for release from custody, unless, at the time that the individual becomes eligible for release from custody, certain conditions are met, including, among other things, that the individual has been convicted of specified crimes." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 48-25-5. [AB 4, 9/10/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Interest Groups

San Diego Minutemen

Chávez Received An Endorsement For Mayor From Anti-Illegal Immigration Group, The San Diego Minutemen, But Said He Did Not Want Their Support

San Diego Minutemen Endorse Chávez On Their Website After Receiving Recommendations From "Illegal Immigration Foes." "The San Diego Minutemen anti-illegal immigration group withdrew an endorsement on its Web site of a mayoral candidate after learning that the candidate didn't want the organization's support. Rocky Chávez, who previously belonged to a Latino leadership and networking organization that has been a leading critic of the San Diego Minutemen, told the North County Times that he had not asked for the group's endorsement. Chávez said in a story posted Thursday on the Times' Web site that he does not support the group or its tactics, which have included patrolling the U.S.-Mexican border in search of illegal crossers. San Diego Minutemen founder Jeff Schwilk said the endorsement had been based on recommendations from politically active illegal immigration foes in Oceanside. Schwilk said after learning Chávez did not want his group's backing that the endorsement would stand. 'We're sticking with it, absolutely,' he said. But a note appearing later on the group's Web site said its support had been withdrawn 'due to ties with radical Mexican Government-backed illegal alien activist groups." [Associated Press, 10/31/08]

San Diegans For Secure Borders Coalition

2013: San Diegans For Secure Borders Coalition Chastised Chávez For Saying He Was In Favor Of Comprehensive Immigration Reform Because He Had Campaigned With The Opposite Message

The San Diegans For Secure Borders Coalition Said Chávez Reneged On His Anti-Immigration Campaign Promise. "For Jeff Schwilk -- who has spent years working on immigration issues, first as cofounder of the Minutemen group and most recently as cofounder of the San Diegans for Secure Borders Coalition -- Issa's pitch is an affront to the coalition. [...] The coalition's affiliated groups -- from tea party members to taxpayer associations -- focus on strengthening border security and toughening sanctions against employers who hire the unauthorized. They said questions about how to deal with the nation's unauthorized population should be addressed only after immigration enforcement has been maximized. The coalition closely follows elected officials on immigration topics. When it believes a leader has swayed off course, the coalition swiftly reaches out to that person. For example, when Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, signed a letter in support of comprehensive

immigration reform, the coalition protested because Chávez had said he would not do so when he ran for office." [San Diego Union Tribune, $\frac{11/2/13}{2}$]

LGBT Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez did not vote to legalize gay marriage or to make members of the LGBT community a protected class under the Civil Rights Act.
 - ✓ Chávez, 2015: "People have the right to marry who they love."
- ✓ Chávez did not vote for measures that would crack down on crimes committed against members of the LGBT community.
- ✓ Chávez voted against cultural competency requirements in the health, education and legal fields.
- ✓ Chávez voted against business practices that would benefit members of the LGBT community
- ✓ Chávez opposed allowing students to choose bathrooms and activities based on their gender identities.
- ✓ Chávez voted to accept the Log Cabin Republicans as part of the California Republican Party.

The Equality Act

Chávez Did Not Vote To Include LGBT Protections In The Civil Rights Act

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Urge The United States Congress To Amend The Civil Rights Act To Include Protections On The Basis Of Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, And Sex. In June and August 2016, Chávez did not vote on: "AJR 45, Chiu. Civil rights: the Equality Act. This act would urge the United States Congress to enact the Equality Act of 2015, which would amend the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to include protections on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity, and sex for, among other things, employment, housing, public education, and public accommodations." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 11, with 17 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 55 to 11, with 14 not voting. The bill became law by the Secretary of State. [AJR 45, passed the Assembly, 6/23/16; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/10/16]

Marriage Equality

Chávez Said That He Believed Same-Sex Marriage Was A Right, But He Did Not Vote To Recognize Same-Sex Marriage

Chávez: "People Have The Right To Marry Who They Love"

Sacramento Bee: Chávez "Touted An Upcoming Address To A Gay Republican Organization" And Said That "People Have The Right To Marry Who They Love." "He stopped off to speak with reporters and touted an upcoming address to a gay Republican organization. 'People have the right to love who they want to love,' said Chávez, a state assemblyman from the military town of Oceanside and a retired Marine Corps colonel." [Sacramento Bee, 3/1/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote To Recognize Same-Sex Marriage

Chávez Did Not Vote On Recognizing Same-Sex Marriage. In June 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill recognizing same-sex marriage. "An existing provision of the California Constitution, which has been held unenforceable, states that only marriage between a man and a woman is valid or recognized in this state. An existing statutory provision likewise provides that only marriage between a man and a woman is valid or recognized in this state. This bill would repeal that statutory provision. [...] This bill would instead provide that marriage is a personal relation arising out of a civil contract between 2 persons, and would make conforming changes with regard to the consent to, and solemnization of, marriage. The bill would also delete the limitation on the validity of marriages contracted outside this state between 2 persons of the same sex." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-16-9. [SB 1306, 6/30/14; California LegInfo, 7/7/14]

Parental Rights

Chávez Voted Against Allowing Children To Have More Than Two Legal Parents

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed Children To Have More Than Two Legal Parents. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that allowed children to have more than two legal parents, "if the court finds that recognizing only 2 parents would be detrimental to the child." This is most relevant to children with gay or lesbian parents and another biological parent. The bill passed the Assembly, 48-27-3. [SB 274, 9/3/13; California LegInfo, 10/4/13]

Hate Crimes

Penalties

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Have Imposed Harsher Penalties On People Who Kill When Members Of The LGBT Community Are Outed

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Imposed Harsher Penalties On People Who Kill Upon Finding Out Someone Was LGBT. In May 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill that, "would state that for purposes of determining sudden quarrel or heat of passion, the provocation was not objectively reasonable if it resulted from the discovery of, knowledge about, or potential disclosure of the victim's actual or perceived gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation, including under circumstances in which the victim made an unwanted nonforcible romantic or sexual advance towards the defendant, or if the defendant and victim dated or had a romantic or sexual relationship." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-18-11. [AB 2501, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/27/14]

LGBT Health Care

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Include Sexual Orientation And Gender Identity On Health Insurance Forms

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Include Sexual Orientation And Gender Identity On Health Insurance Forms. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would include sexual orientation and gender identity on health insurance forms. "This bill would authorize the form to also include questions that are voluntary for applicants to answer regarding sexual orientation and gender identity or expression. The bill would, effective January 1, 2015, require the form to include questions that are voluntary for applicants to answer regarding the demographic data categories specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 51-26-1. [AB 1208, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against Cultural Competency Requirements In The Health Field

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Updated Medical Cultural Competency To Include The LGBT

Community. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that recommended cultural competency classes for medical professionals, "include, as appropriate, information pertinent to the appropriate treatment of, and provision of care to, the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and intersex communities." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-20-5. [AB 496, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill That Updated Medical Cultural Competency To Include The LGBT Community. In August 2014, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill that updated medical cultural competency to include the LGBT community. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 60-12-7. [AB 496, 8/21/14; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Mandated Adult Residential Care Facilities Included The LGBT Community In Their Cultural Competency Trainings. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require the administrator and ombudsman training to include training in cultural competency and sensitivity in issues relating to the underserved aging lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender community." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-21-5. [AB 663, 5/23/13; California LegInfo, 10/9/13]

LGBT Business

Chávez Voted Against Bills That Would Have Afforded More Opportunities To LGBT Businesses

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require Public Utilities Companies To Make Efforts To Increase Their LGBT-Owned Business Procurement. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would require public utilities companies to seek out LGBT-owned businesses as potential contractors. "Existing law directs the commission to require every electrical, gas, water, wireless telecommunications service provider, and telephone corporation with annual gross revenues exceeding \$25,000,000, and their regulated subsidiaries and affiliates, to implement a program developed by the commission to encourage, recruit, and utilize minority-, women-, and disabled veteran-owned business enterprises, as defined, in the procurement of contracts from those corporations or from their regulated subsidiaries and affiliates, and to require the reporting of certain information. [...] This bill would extend these provisions to LGBT business enterprises, as defined." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-22-3. [AB 1678, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Discrimination

Employment Discrimination

Chávez Did Not Vote To Stop Doing Business With Discriminatory Companies

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited State Agencies From Entering Contracts For The Acquisition Of Goods Or Services Of \$100,000 Or More With Companies That Discriminate Based On Gender Identity. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a state agency from entering into contracts for the acquisition of goods or services of \$100,000 or more with a contractor that discriminates between employees on the basis of gender identity in the provision of benefits, as specified. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 53 to 24, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 703, passed the Assembly, 9/2/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Chávez Voted Against Bill That Protected Employees From Travel Discrimination

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Prohibit A State Agency From Requiring Any Of Its Employees To Travel To Any State With Any Laws Allowing Discrimination Based On Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, Or Gender Expression. In May and August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a state agency and the Legislature from requiring any of its employees, officers, or members to travel to, or approving a request

for state-funded or state-sponsored travel to, any state that, after June 26, 2015, has enacted a law that voids or repeals, or has the effect of voiding or repealing, existing state or local protections against discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression or has enacted a law that authorizes or requires discrimination against same-sex couples or their families or on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression, as specified, subject to certain exceptions." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 21, with 5 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 56 to 21, with 3 not voting. The bill became law. [AB 1887, passed the Assembly, 5/9/16; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/23/16; became law, 9/27/16]

Non-Profits & Discrimination

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Required Charities To Have Compliant Nondiscrimination Programs

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Require Charitable Organizations Seeking To Participate In The State Employees' Charitable Giving Program To Certify Their Compliance With Existing Nondiscrimination Laws. In May 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Requir[ing] a charitable organization seeking to participate in the state employees' charitable giving program (program) to provide a statement to the program administrator certifying that it complies with existing civil rights and nondiscrimination laws." The Assembly passed the bill 62 to 7, with 11 not voting. [AB 1050, passed the Assembly, 5/26/15]

Chávez Voted Against AB 1050's Final Version, Which Omitted Nondiscrimination Requirements. "This bill would, when the request for a permanent variance pertains to a conveyance covered by the elevator safety orders, require the applicant to provide the required notice regarding the hearing to the local union representing elevator workers and to those workers who will be performing the tasks pursuant to the proposed variance, or their authorized representative. The bill would grant party status at the hearing to those workers or their authorized representative upon their request to the board." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 52 to 28, but the bill was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 1050, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/30/16; vetoed by Governor, 9/27/16]

Trans Rights

Bathroom Bills

Chávez Voted For Single Bathrooms To Be Declared All-Gender

Chávez Voted For A Bill To Require Public Restrooms With Only One Toilet To Be Identified As An All-Gender Toilet. In August 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] all single-user toilet facilities in any business establishment, place of public accommodation, or government agency to be identified as all-gender toilet facilities, as specified. The bill would authorize inspectors, building officials, or other local officials responsible for code enforcement to inspect for compliance with these provisions during any inspection." The bill passed the Assembly 55 to 19, with 6 not voting, and the Assembly concurred 57 to 18, with 5 not voting. The bill became law. [AB 1732, passed the Assembly, 5/9/16; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/22/16; became law, 9/29/16

Chávez Opposed A Progressive Bathroom Bill For Trans Students

Chávez Opposed Bill Allowing Transgender Students To Use School Restrooms Based On Their Gender Identity Instead Of Biological Sex. "He opposed a successful bill that allows transgender students to use school facilities based on their gender identity, instead of biological sex." [Los Angeles Times, 3/5/15]

Education

School Activities

2013: Chávez Opposed A Bill That Allowed Students To Choose School Activities Based On Gender Identity

Chávez Opposed A Bill That Allowed Students To Choose School Activities Based On Gender Identity Because It "Imposes The Will Of One Individual Over The Rights Of Another." "In 2013, California passed a law stipulating that students must be permitted to participate in sex-segregated school activities-like bathroom use and sports-team participation-based on the gender with which they identify, regardless of the sex listed for them in official records. Lawmakers in opposition to the bill, including the Republican Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, argued that the law places an unjust expectation on students, with Chávez saying in a press release that it 'imposes the will of one individual over the rights of another' and '[alienates] many students and their families." [The Atlantic, 7/9/15]

Cultural Competency

Chávez Voted Against Cultural Competency Requirements In The Education Field

Chávez Voted Against Urging Local Educational Agencies To Train Their Classified School Employees. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a local educational agency, if it expends funds for professional development for any schoolsite staff, to consider the needs of its classified school employees, as defined, to update their skills and to learn best practices in various optional areas, including, among others, pupil learning and achievement, pupil and campus safety, and special education." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-24-3. [SB 590, 9/4/13; California LegInfo, 10/10/13]

Resources And Support

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Examined Whether Schools Served Their LGBT Pupils Well

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring The Department Of Education To Assess Whether Local Educational Agencies Have Provided Information On Existing Resources For LGBT Students And Questioning Pupils. In June and September 2015, Chávez voted for: "[A bill] requir[ing] the department [State Department of Education] to also assess whether the local educational agency has provided to certificated schoolsite employees who serve pupils in any of grades 7 to 12, inclusive, information on existing schoolsite and community resources related to the support of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and questioning pupils, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 59 to 15, with 6 not voting, and the Assembly concurred Senate amendments, 58 to 18, with 4 not voting. The bill became law. [AB 827, passed the Assembly, 6/4/15; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/3/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Interest Groups

Equality California

2013: Chávez Earned A 43% From Equality California, An LGBT Lobbying Group

2013: Chávez Earned A 43% From Equality California, An LGBT Lobbying Group. "The most recent score card was issued by Equality California, which lobbies on behalf of lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender issues. Every local Democrat was awarded a 100 percent. But the marks handed out to local Republicans varied. San Diego Assemblyman Brian Maienschein's 71 percent was the second-highest among all GOP lawmakers. Assemblyman Rocky Chávez of Oceanside earned a 43 percent, Sen. Joel Anderson of La Mesa a 25 percent and Sen. Mark Wyland of Solana Beach got 13 percent. Assembly members Marie Waldron of Escondido and Brian Jones of Santee got zeros." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/7/13]

Log Cabin Republicans

Chávez Voted To Give The Log Cabin Republicans, A Gay Republican Group, A Voice In The Greater California Republican Party

OP-ED: Chávez Voted To Charter The Log Cabin Republicans, A Gay Republican Group, As Part Of The California Republican Party. "The California Republican Party's decision to charter Log Cabin Republicans as one of its volunteer organizations won't rank near the top of the great civil rights achievements of the 21st century. But by voting 861-293, delegates attending the state party convention over the weekend in Sacramento removed one more obstacle to equality. The barrier may seem small. But the action ends an ongoing insult to people who have endured far too many indignities. Log Cabin Republicans, a club founded more than three decades ago by gay Republicans in California, had been seeking the party's recognition for 18 years. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, a San Diego County Republican who may run for the U.S. Senate in 2016, supports same-sex marriage and voted to include Log Cabin." [Sacramento Bee, Op-Ed, 3/2/15]

OP-ED: Making The Log Cabin Republicans Part Of The California Republican Party Allowed Them Representation In The Delegation And The Ability To Affect Change In The Party's Platform. "As a practical matter, the action doesn't mean a great deal. Log Cabin will be guaranteed two of the party's 1,600-plus delegates, although elected officials and candidates can select additional Log Cabin members as delegates. In the years to come, those delegates can work to remove antiquated planks from the party platform - the GOP opposes adoption by gay couples - and perhaps add other positions in favor of equality." [Sacramento Bee, Op-Ed, 3/2/15]

Chávez: "It Is Imperative That A Political Organization Has Diverse Membership, And The Log Cabin Republicans Add Depth To Our Party. "Congratulations to the California Log Cabin Republicans on achieving formal recognition by the California Republican Party, California State Assemblyman Rocky Chávez stated. 'It is imperative that a political organization has diverse membership, and the Log Cabin Republicans add depth to our party." [Log Cabin Republicans, press release, 3/2/15]

Chairman Of CA Chapter Of The Log Cabin Republicans Said Chávez Was "Particularly Helpful" In The Group's Successful Effort To Gain Recognition From The CA Republican Party. "A historic thing happened this month at the California Republican Party Spring Organizing Convention in Sacramento – the party voted to formally recognize the California Chapter of the Log Cabin Republicans. If you're not familiar with them, the Log Cabin Republicans aren't Abraham Lincoln groupies, they are a lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender organization that supports both gay rights and electing Republicans to office. [...] 'We had several legislative allies that were particularly helpful; Senate Minority Leader Bob Huff was our main champion in the Senate, and Assemblyman Rocky Chávez and Assembly Caucus Chairman Scott Wilk did the heavy lifting in the lower chamber. Thankfully, we had done tremendous work with a number of legislators in this last election cycle, so many legislators were able to speak with authority of their positive relationship with Log Cabin Republicans,' [CA Chapter of the Log Cabin Republicans Chairman Charles] Moran explained." [Orange County Register, John Phillips Column, 3/13/15]

Seniors' Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez voted against restoring funding to the Meals on Wheels program.
- ✓ Chávez voted against a social services budget that increased aid for seniors, the blind and the disabled populations.

Anti-Poverty Programs

Meals On Wheels

Chávez Voted Against Social Services Like Meals On Wheels

Chávez Voted Against A Budget That Restored \$1.9 Million To The "Meals On Wheels" Program. Chávez voted against: "Amend[ing] he 2015 Act, AB 123 (Budget Committee) of the current legislative session and SB 97, Chapter 11, Statutes of 2015, to make technical amendments and corrections to budget provisions to adequately reflect the agreement reached by the Legislature and the Governor. Corrects omissions, clarifies previously-ambiguous provisions, provides necessary statutory language for budgetary allocations, and corrects amounts that were previously cited incorrectly. Specifically, this bill: [...] Restores an unintentional reduction of \$1.9 million General Fund for the Congregate Nutrition 'Meals on Wheels' program." [SB 101, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; Assembly Floor Analysis, 9/11/15; became law, 9/22/15]

Chávez Voted Against An Omnibus Social Services Budget Bill Increased The Amount Of Aid Paid Under The State Supplementary Program For The Aged, Blind, And Disabled By 2.76 Percent. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Increas[ing] he amount of aid paid under SSP that is in effect on December 31, 2016, less the federal benefit portion received, by 2.76%. The bill would instead provide that the continuous appropriation would not be made for purposes of implementing these provisions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 54 to 24, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1603, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 6/16/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Housing

Retirement Facilities

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Protect Seniors From Being Taken Advantage Of Financially

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Prohibiting Continuing Care Retirement Facilities From Charging Residents A Monthly Fee Once A Unit Has Been Permanently Vacated By The Resident. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Mak[ing] corresponding changes to require a continuing care contract to contain a statement that a provider is prohibited from charging the resident or his or her estate a monthly fee once a unit has been permanently vacated by the resident, unless the fee is part of an equity interest contract." The bill passed the Assembly 53 to 26, with one not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [SB 475, passed the Assembly, 9/8/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Tax Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez said he would not have supported the 2017 Republican tax bill.
 - ✓ Chávez said that the Republican tax bill could threaten the renewable energy industry.
- ✓ Chávez voted against taxing tobacco products after receiving money from Philip Morris, while voting to tax the medical marijuana industry.
- ✓ Chávez opposed the gas tax increase.
- ✓ Chávez voted to raise public utilities fees.
- ✓ Chávez signed Americans for Tax Reform's Taxpayer Protection Pledge.
- ✓ Chávez voted to keep the tax deduction for punitive damages from court proceedings.

Tax Cut And Jobs Act

New York Times: "Mr. Chávez Said He Would Not Have Voted For The Tax Bill"

Chávez Said He Would Not Have Voted For The Republican Tax Bill. "Rocky Chávez, a Republican State Assembly member who jumped in to run for Mr. Issa's seat, checked off the issues on which the Trump White House was out of step with many Californians, from offshore drilling to tax reform. But, he said, he was hopeful the mood would change by the time voters went to the polls. 'If the economy continues to go well, this could change this whole discussion,' he said. 'But it could also change on a tweet, as we all know.' [...] Mr. Chávez said he would not have voted for the tax bill and opposed the tough immigration policies backed by some Republicans in Congress." [New York Times, 1/19/18]

Chávez: "The Current Tax Reform Proposals In Congress Would Reverse California's [Renewable Energy] Progress"

CHÁVEZ OP-ED: "Tax Reform Could Threaten \$95 Billion Of Private Infrastructure Investment Around The Country, And 90,000 American Jobs." "According to the California Energy Commission, renewable energy provided about 29 percent of our state's electricity in 2016. State law requires that 50 percent of the state's electricity come from renewable sources of energy, one of many policies designed to reduce statewide greenhouse gas emissions by 2030. To hit our targets, California will need more renewables; not more coal, nuclear, or natural gas. [...] In 2015, Congress struck a bipartisan deal to phase out the primary incentive of the wind industry -- the Production Tax Credit -- by 2020. [...] However, the current tax reform proposals in Congress would reverse California's progress. The House's version of tax reform goes back on the 2015 deal to extend the PTC. The Senate honored the PTC phase-out, but would render it unusable through other new taxes. Based on these versions so far, tax reform could threaten \$95 billion of private infrastructure investment around the country, and 90,000 American jobs, including investments and jobs in California. Investors relying on these credits for new projects now face uncertainty." [Orange County Register, Rocky Chávez Op-Ed, 12/15/17]

Tax Revenue

Gas Tax

2018: Chávez Said He Wanted To Appeal The California 12-Cent Gas Tax Increase

Chávez: The Gas Tax Was "A Grossly Unfair Tax That Hits Low-Income Drivers, Working Families And Seniors." "I strongly opposed a new 12-cent-a-gallon gas tax that was recently imposed on California motorists — a grossly unfair tax that hits low-income drivers, working families and seniors living on fixed retirement incomes especially hard, taking a disproportionate share of their income. In addition to this new gas tax, auto registration fees were also increased. I strongly support efforts to overturn this punitive tax. We need to fix our roads, but not at the unfair expense of hardworking Californians." [RockyChávezForCongress.com, accessed 2/11/18]

Soft Drink Tax

Chávez Rejected A Proposed Tax On Sugary Drinks After Receiving \$5,500 In Campaign Contributions From The Soft Drink Industry

Chávez: "Taxing This Industry On This Makes You Feel Good," But, "You Didn't Do A Damn Thing." "We want to congratulate lawmakers in California for once again rejecting a proposed 2-cent-per-ounce tax on sugar-sweetened beverages. We were especially happy to hear why lawmakers rejected the idea. It's what we have been saying all along about raising taxes to fight obesity: it does not work. [...] Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, took a stronger stance against the idea of attacking the beverage industry alone to address the challenge of obesity. 'Taxing this industry on this just makes you feel good, you go back and tell the people "I did something." You didn't do a damn thing,' he said. 'The reality is, you didn't change a behavior.'" [American Beverage Association, press release, 5/13/15]

2014: Chávez Received \$5,500 Combined From McDonald's, PepsiCo, And A Soft Drink PAC

2014: Chávez Received \$2,500 In Campaign Contributions From McDonald's. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$2,000 In Campaign Contributions From PepsiCo. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$1,000 In Campaign Contributions From The California/Nevada Soft Drink Association PAC. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/12/18]

Life Insurance Policy Taxes

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Raising Taxes On Life Insurance Policies

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Imposing An Additional Tax On Life Insurance Policies. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Authoriz[ing] the commissioner to impose an annual assessment on each insurance company, based on the company's gross annual life insurance premium written by the insurer in California during the immediately preceding year, thereby imposing a tax." The bill passed the Assembly 78 to 0, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 696, passed the Assembly, 9/8/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Municipal Taxes

Chávez Voted Against Raising El Cerrito City Taxes By .5%

Chávez Voted Against Raising Taxes In The City Of El Cerrito By 0.5%. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow the City of El Cerrito to raise taxes by 0.5%. "This bill would authorize the City of

El Cerrito, if certain requirements are met, to impose a transactions and use tax for general purposes at a rate of no more than 0.5% that, in combination with other specified taxes, would exceed the combined rate limit. Under the bill, this authorized tax rate would not be included in the calculation of the 2% limitation. These provisions would be repealed by their own terms on January 1, 2022, if the ordinance is not approved, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 49-28-2. [AB 1324, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/29/14]

Chávez: Oceanside Needed To "Increase Our Transient Occupancy Tax And Sales Tax Revenue For The City"

2002: Chávez Wanted To Increase Tax Revenue. "We need to re-evaluate our expenditures and increase our transient occupancy tax and sales tax revenue for the city. My experience as assistant chief of staff for logistics, a position that controlled appropriated funds for service aboard Camp Pendleton, will be critical to provide guidance to the city staff." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/13/02]

Public Utility Fees

Chávez First Voted Against Raising Public Utility Fees, But Then He Flip Flopped And Supported It

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Increasing Public Utility Filing Fees. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill increasing application filing fees for public utilities. "Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, as defined. Existing law allows the commission to charge and collect a fee of \$75 for filing each application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, or for the mortgage, lease, transfer, or assignment of a certificate. This bill would instead require the fee to not exceed the reasonable costs to the commission for filing these applications. The bill would authorize the fee in an amount not to exceed \$500 and would authorize the commission to adjust this fee based on the Consumer Price Index." The bill passed the Assembly, 50-21-8. [AB 1409, 5/16/13; California LegInfo, 9/19/13]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill Increasing Public Utility Filing Fees. In September 2013, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill increasing public utility filing fees. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 74-1-3 [AB 1409, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 9/19/13]

Vehicle Registration Fees

Chávez Voted Against Raising Vehicle Registration Fees

Chávez Voted Against Raising Vehicle Registration Fees. In August 2014, Chávez voted against raising vehicle registration fees. "This bill would additionally authorize a county, that has adopted the resolution to impose the \$1 fee, to increase that fee to \$2 in the same manner that it imposed the initial \$1 fee. The bill would alternatively authorize a county that has not adopted a \$1 fee to impose an initial \$2 fee in the same manner that it is authorized to impose a \$1 fee. If a county imposes a \$2 fee pursuant to these provisions, the bill would increase the additional \$2 fee on commercial vehicles to \$4. The bill would require the county to submit resolutions to impose or increase fees pursuant to these provisions to the Department of Motor Vehicles at least 6 months prior to the operative date of the fee." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 42-32-5. [AB 2393, 8/11/14; California LegInfo, 8/25/14]

Chávez Voted Against Raising Car Registration Fees To Collect Money For Bicycle Infrastructure. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "authorize a city, county, or regional park district to impose and collect, as a special tax, a motor vehicle registration surcharge of not more than \$5 for bicycle infrastructure purposes until January 1, 2025. The bill would require the Department of Motor Vehicles to administer the surcharge and to transmit the net revenues from the surcharge to the local agency. The bill would require the local agency to use these revenues for improvements to paved and natural surface trails and bikeways, including existing and new trails and bikeways and other bicycle facilities, and for associated maintenance purposes." The bill passed the Assembly, 46-29-4. [SB 1183, 8/20/14; California LegInfo, 9/20/14]

Bag Fees

Chávez Voted Against A 10 Cent Bag Fee

Chávez Voted Against Implementing A 10 Cent Grocery Bag Charge. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that implemented a 10 cent fee for grocery carryout bags. The bill passed the Assembly, 51-25-3. [SB 270, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/30/14]

Transparency

Lobbyists

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Property Tax Agents To Register Before Lobbying

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Property Tax Agents To Register With The Secretary Of State Before Lobbying In Regards To Assessments. In August 2014 Chávez voted against a bill that would, "prohibit a Property Tax Agent, defined as any individual who is employed, under contract, or otherwise receives compensation, from communicating directly or indirectly with any county official for the purpose of influencing official action relating to the establishment of a taxable value for any property subject to taxation, including representing a taxpayer before a county official, without first being registered and issued a registration number by the Secretary of State. The bill would provide that a violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. The bill would require a Property Tax Agent to file, under penalty of perjury, with the Secretary of State an application for registration that includes specified information and a registration fee, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-28-1. [AB 2415, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14]

Tax Deductions

Punitive Damages

Chávez Voted Against Removing The Tax Deduction For Punitive Damages From Court Cases

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Remove The Punitive Damages Tax Deduction. In June 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "disallow, under both laws, a deduction for amounts paid or incurred for punitive damages, as provided." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-25. [AB 458, 6/27/13; California LegInfo, 2/19/13]

Interest Groups

Americans For Tax Reform

Chávez Signed The Americans For Tax Reform "Taxpayer Protection Pledge"

Chávez Made A Written Commitment To Never Raise His Constituents' Taxes. "With the California, Montana, Iowa, New Mexico, and South Dakota primaries taking place tomorrow, Americans for Tax Reform has released an updated list of incumbents and challengers for state legislative office in each of these states who have signed the Taxpayer Protection Pledge. These candidates have made a written commitment to their constituents to never raise their taxes. ATR strongly encourages taxpayers to consider those who have made this commitment when they vote on Tuesday, June 5. The list of incumbents and challengers who have signed the Taxpayer Protection Pledge and will be on the ballot tomorrow is as follows [...] Rocky J. Chávez (A-76)." [ATR, press release, 6/4/12]

Trade Issues

Significant Findings

✓ Chávez said he supported TPP.

Trans Pacific Partnership

Chávez Supported The Trans-Pacific Partnership Trade Treaty

Chávez On TPP: "The Future Marketing And Trade Of Our Economy Is Going To Depend On The Pacific." "Asked about business and the economy, Chávez made a case for supporting the Trans-Pacific Partnership trade treaty – a pact opposed by many conservatives. 'The reason we're doing that is because the future marketing and trade of our economy is going to depend on the Pacific,' he said, adding California must modernize its ports and reestablish its shipyards (of which there's only one left operating in the state now)." [Contra Costa Times, Political Blotter Blog, 8/20/15]

Transportation Issues

Significant Findings

✓ Chávez did not see Oceanside infrastructure improvement as a priority, so he voted against adding a tax increase specifically for infrastructure improvement to the ballot.

Funding

Infrastructure

Chávez Opposed Plans To Improve Oceanside's Infrastructure

Chávez: "Other Things Have A Higher Priority" Than Infrastructure Improvements Near The City's Industrial Parks. "The city's Economic Development Commission doesn't like all the recent talk about delaying -- or even abandoning -- the long-proposed interchange of Rancho del Oro Drive and state Route 78. [...] They also endorsed a suggestion from Councilman Rocky Chávez that the city revisit its entire traffic-circulation plan to see if there are alternatives to the expensive Rancho del Oro interchange. Commissioner Kevin Stotmeister said the Rancho del Oro interchange and the improvements to Route 76 are 'critical for commerce, tourism and general economic development' of the city. But he said progress on the interchange remains 'painfully slow,' considering it has been in city plans since 1981. Commissioner Jim Spain said the city's industrial parks were located on hillsides, over much opposition, with a promise of better roads, and now that major companies are coming to Oceanside, access must be provided. 'Other things have a higher priority' than Rancho del Oro, Chávez said." [San Diego Union Tribune, 2/20/04]

Chávez Voted Against Sending A Tax Increase For Infrastructure Improvement To The Ballot. "Though much of the shouting over a controversial transportation tax has focused on how much money should go to mass transit and freeways, there is one aspect of the tax that seems to have been overlooked in the debate: what the revenue has done -- and would do -- for local streets. [...] Critics have said the money will only help local jurisdictions tread water at best. The majority of San Diego County supervisors have called for 50 percent of TransNet revenues to go to freeways and 33 percent for local roads. While the association board received support from all 18 city councils in the county, not all council members are backing the measure. Oceanside City Councilman Rocky Chávez said TransNet is not the be-all and end-all. He was on the losing end of his council's 4-1 vote to back the TransNet measure. 'I'm wondering how much is really going to help Oceanside,' Chávez said of the current proposal." [San Diego Union Tribune, 7/18/04]

Tolls

Chávez Voted To Allow Pedestrians And Bicyclists To Cross Toll Bridges For Free

Chávez Voted For A Bill Prohibiting A Pedestrian Or Cyclist From Being Charged On Toll Bridges. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Prohibit[ing] a toll from being imposed on the passage of a pedestrian or bicycle over these various toll bridges." The Assembly concurred with Senate Amendments 65 to 13, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 40, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Parking Tickets

Chávez Voted To Allow Private Parking Garage Owners To Issue Tickets

Chávez Voted For A Bill Authorizing The Operator Of A Privately Owned Parking Facility To Issue Tickets To Violators. Chávez voted for: "Authoriz[ing] city or county to include in that ordinance or resolution authorization for the operator of a privately owned and maintained offstreet parking facility to regulate unauthorized parking in that facility. The bill would, if a city or county has exercised that authority and unauthorized parking is regulated in a privately owned and maintained offstreet parking facility, require the owner or operator of the facility to post language, as specified, stating that violators may be subject to a parking invoice fee, and include in a parking fee invoice instructions that describe the manner in which to contest the parking fee invoice and prohibit the owner or operator from filing with, or transmitting to, the Department of Motor Vehicles a parking fee invoice, as specified. The bill would also require a city or county that authorizes private parking regulation to include, in its ordinance or resolution, specified provisions, including those related to dispute resolution." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 79 to 0, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 451, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 7/9/15; became law, 8/11/15]

Jobs

Transit Contractors

Chávez Voted Against Incentivizing Transit Contractors Who Create More Jobs

Chávez Voted Against Requiring A State Agency To Give A 10 Percent Preference To Any Bidder On A Public Transit Service Contract Who Agrees To Retain Employees For At Least 90 Days. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Expand[ing] these provisions to require a state agency to also give a 10% preference to any bidder under these provisions [to give a 10% preference to any bidder on a service contract to provide public transit services who agrees to retain employees of the prior contractor or subcontractor for a period of not less than 90 days]." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 28 but was vetoed by the Governor. [SB 599, passed the Assembly, 9/1/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/10/15]

Veterans Issues

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez criticized using general fund dollars to provide low-cost rental housing for veterans in need.
- ✓ Chávez said he admired Israel's compulsory military service requirement.
- ✓ Chávez said he believed that they should cut funding for homes for older vets.
- ✓ Chávez sponsored bills that lowered the cost of tuition for vets, aimed to assist them in starting their own businesses, and exempted active members from state taxes.

California Veterans' Administration

Position

From 2009 – 2011, Chávez Worked For The California Department Of Veterans Affairs As Undersecretary, And Then As Acting Secretary

From 2009 – 2011, Chávez Worked For The California Department Of Veterans Affairs As Undersecretary, And Then As Acting Secretary.

Jobs

Chávez Advocated For Hiring More Veterans

Chávez: California Should Use "The Strength Of Capitalism" To Hire More Vets. "Want to jump-start the economy? Hire veterans. That was the message that retired Marine Corps Col. Rocky J. Chávez, undersecretary of the state Department of Veterans Affairs, brought to members and supporters of the Veterans Transition Center in Monterey on Thursday. While finding temporary homes for veterans living on the street is necessary for the short term, Chávez said, the long-term solution is to use 'the strength of capitalism' and offer returning veterans opportunities to begin careers, buy homes and raise families. [...] Approximately 30,000 discharged veterans a year come back to California, Chávez said, 'and lead the state's unemployment rate by almost 10 points [sic] veterans who have the skills to rebuild this state.' Many have had a wide range of experience that could be applied to the civilian job market, he said, but human resource officers can't seem to appreciate that." [Monterey County Herald, 4/20/10]

Chávez Said He Admired Israel's Mandatory Military Service Because, "Veterans Are Team Leaders And Entrepreneurs"

Chávez: "Israel Figured Out That Veterans Are Team Leaders And Entrepreneurs." "He cited Dan Senor and Saul Singer's book 'Start-Up Nation: The Story of Israel's Economic Miracle,' as a guide for the future. 'Israel is one of the smallest countries,' Chávez said, 'but it's No. 4 among countries traded on the stock exchange, after the United States, China and the European Union.' A key to Israel's success, he said, has been a requirement that all of its citizens men and women serve in the nation's military. They emerge at age 20 to 22 to go to universities or into business having 'learned in the military to be accountable, responsible, to work as a team.' Veterans are highly prized as students, employees and business leaders. Singapore may lead in higher education and Finland in the number of new inventions per capita, Chávez said, but Israel's success is founded on 'a positive entrepreneurial

attitude. 'Israel,' he said, 'figured out that veterans are team leaders and entrepreneurs. If we want to solve the economic problems of this state, the counties or the cities, hire a vet.'" [Monterey County Herald, 4/20/10]

Female Veterans

While Working As Acting Secretary For The California Department Of Veterans' Affairs, Chávez Said He Wanted To Improve Services To Female Veterans

Chávez On Services For Female Veterans: "What We're Doing Here In California Is OK, But It's Not Where It Needs To Be." "State Veterans Affairs Secretary Rocky Chávez says he wants to improve services to female veterans who have children and who may be homeless. Female vets are at greater risk of being homeless than their male peers. While the VA has a goal to end homelessness among veterans by 2015 and funds about 500 homeless shelters, not many house women with children. Ward and Chávez say they also want to better coordinate the benefits and services available to female vets from government agencies and nonprofits, so they can fill in the gaps and avoid duplication. It needs to be easier to navigate the maze of programs. For that to happen, outreach to veterans is essential. Gov. Jerry Brown originally proposed to cut \$9.9 million from veterans' services, ending state support for county staffers who help veterans claim benefits and for Operation Welcome Home, started last year by Gov. Arnold Schwarzenegger to help veterans successfully transition to civilian life. [...] That will help, but Chávez says the state can do more for veterans, men and women, returning from war zones. 'What we're doing here in California is OK,' he says, 'but it's not where it needs to be.'" [Sacramento Bee, 2/27/11]

Housing

Chávez Signed A Memorandum To Give Disabled Homeless Veterans Priority Housing In State Homes, But Later Advocated For Limiting The Funds Given To Older Veterans

2011: Under Chávez, Disabled Veterans Would Get Priority Housing In State Homes. "Disabled homeless veterans will be given priority admittance into state homes, including the Barstow facility, according to the California Department of Veterans Affairs. CalVet will be signing a memorandum of understanding with Southern California service providers Thursday regarding the admittance of homeless veterans into the homes. According to department spokesman Anthony Zamarron, the veterans have to either be at least in their 60s or be unable to work due to disability to receive placement at the homes. What facility the person would be admitted to would also depend on his or her needs, Zamarron said. 'All veterans homes provide different levels of care,' he said. 'Some have round-the-clock nursing facilities and some don't.' The department's acting secretary, Rocky Chávez, has been touring homes across the state. The department has also collaborated with agencies such as the Salvation Army, Zamarron said." [US Army Garrison Presidio of Monterey, Newsletter, 2011]

2013: As Assemblyman, Chávez Advocated For Shifting Funds Away From Veterans Homes, Calling Them, "The Cadillac Of Programs." "The emerging debate centers on whether the state spends too much on its homes for veterans who are older, ill or disabled and instead should focus more resources to help younger returning veterans with their claims for federal benefits to prevent rejections and even more delays. [...] Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, was acting secretary of the state Department of Veterans Affairs under former Gov. Arnold Schwarzenegger. He called the veterans homes 'the Cadillac of programs paid by California taxpayers.' He said the \$100,000 or so the state now spends on average for each resident of veterans homes could be trimmed back through privatizing of pharmacies, food service, gardening and other tasks. Others have suggested increasing fees and tightening the mostly unlimited access to health care for residents. The state could also look into ways to keep veterans in their own homes longer, said the recently elected Chávez, a retired Marine Corps colonel and vice chair of the Assembly Veterans Affairs Committee. Those savings could help bolster claim-filing efforts, Chávez said." [San Diego Union Tribune, 2/16/13]

The Secretary For Veterans Affairs At The Time Believed That Cutting Funds To Veterans' Homes Would Hurt Older Veterans. "Peter Gravett, the current secretary of veterans affairs and a retired Army major general, said his agency is doing its best to expedite claims given funding levels and competing

priorities. 'If the governor gives us additional money, we'll take a look and see where the best place is to place those funds,' he said in an interview. 'Obviously helping veterans and assisting veterans in filing claims is one of our priorities.' But he said cuts at homes would be tantamount to the state turning its back on promises to care for those who served their country. 'Most veterans understand that when a veteran becomes older, that they have a place to go in California. We take care of our veterans,' said Gravett, whose father and eight brothers also served." [San Diego Union Tribune, 2/16/13]

Resources

Housing

Chávez Criticized Proposition 41, Which Would Allocate Funds To Veterans Who Needed Low-Cost Rentals

Chávez Called Proposition 41 "A Noble Attempt," But Disagreed With Using The General Fund As The Funding Source. "[T]here is not enough money to help those who served find an affordable place to rent even as demand surges today. To address that inequality, the Legislature placed Proposition 41 on the June 3 ballot asking voters to change the law so that \$600 million now dedicated to home loans for veterans can instead be tapped to provide lower-cost apartments.[...] concerns are centered on the decision to use state general fund money — an estimated \$50 million each year over 15 years. He said that money should be directed to county programs that help veterans secure jobs, education, benefits and other services that help prevent homelessness and other problems in the first place. Chávez said he would prefer a financing package that requires the nonprofit agency, thus the renters, to repay all of the costs instead of taking it from general tax revenues. The property would then be used to secure loans, he said. That does not mean Chávez opposes the premise of Proposition 41, which he calls 'a noble attempt." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/27/14]

Meeting Quarters

Chávez Supported Giving Veterans In Oceanside A Gathering Place

Chávez Supported A Veterans Clubhouse: "The Veterans Need A Home... Come Home To Oceanside." "After decades of hanging out at fast food joints and fellow veterans' garages, military personnel who have finished their service can look forward to a permanent gathering place, courtesy of the city. Wednesday night, the City Council appointed a committee to search for a permanent clubhouse for the city's estimated 15 veterans' groups, which have several thousand members. 'I am going to make sure it's done,' said Councilman Rocky Chávez, a retired Marine colonel who championed the veterans' cause at Wednesday night's council meeting. He and Mayor Jim Wood were appointed to the ad hoc committee. 'The veterans need a home,' Chávez said. 'Come home to Oceanside.' The decision was made after frustrated veterans, who attended the council in force, complained that Oceanside, home to the second-largest Marine base on the West Coast, has ignored their pleas for a permanent home for 50 years." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/5/06]

Education

College Accessibility

Chávez Advocated For Better College Accessibility For Vets

2013: Chávez Proposed A Bill That Would Lower In-State Tuition For Veterans. "Oceanside Assemblyman and retired Marine Col. Rocky Chávez is proposing legislation that attempts to draw more military veterans to California by providing a break on college tuition. [...] 'The only way you can fix the economy is if you have a good work force. Veterans are that good work force,' Chávez said in an interview. His Assembly Bill 13 would allow recently discharged or retired members of the armed services to qualify for lower in-state tuition. Chávez is convinced that eventually college costs will outstrip the amount veterans can receive in assistance from the GI Bill,

although Gov. Jerry Brown and lawmakers are pressing to hold the line. 'We know that fees have gone up throughout the years. This bill is preventive,' Chávez said." [San Diego Union Tribune, 1/18/13]

Chávez: "CA Community College Categorical Programs Need To Specifically Include Programs For #Veterans." "CA Community College categorical programs need to specifically include programs for #Veterans. #Budget #Education." [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 4/8/15]

Jobs

Veteran Entrepreneur Programs

Chávez Sponsored AB 413, A Bill Establishing The California Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Program

Chávez Sponsored AB 413, A Bill Establishing The California Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Program. "What a great day! My bills, AB 413 and AB 947 passed out of the Assembly Committee on Appropriations! #Veterans." [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 5/6/15]

AB 413 Gave Veterans Job Training And Business Assistance. AB-413, California Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Program, would "address the special needs of disabled veterans seeking rehabilitation and training through entrepreneurship and to recognize the sacrifices of Californians disabled during military service." AB-413 passed out of the Assembly Appropriations Committee by a 17-0 vote on May 6, 2015. [AB 413, Introduced 2/19/15]

Returning From Leave

2014: Chávez Introduced A Bill That Would Allow State Workers On Military Leave To Return With The Same Job Title And Shift Hours As Before They Left

Chávez's Bill, AB 64, Would Give California Civil Servants Who Leave For Active Duty To Return To The Same Jobs They Had Before Their Departure. "Hourly-paid state workers on military leave would receive guaranteed work when they return from duty under the terms of an an [sic] Assembly bill introduced this week. Current law gives exempt employees such as managers and supervisors the same position, tenure and civil-service rights 'as they existed immediately prior to his or her military leave.' Hourly workers in similar circumstances are reinstated, but with no guarantee that they will receive the same number of work hours - or any hours - when they return. Assembly Bill 64, introduced by Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, would close the loophole to require hourly state employees returning from active duty 'be given the same shift and number of hours worked per week as he or she worked immediately prior to going on military leave.'" [Sacramento Bee, 12/19/14]

Benefits

Tax Exemptions

Chávez Introduced Bill To Exempt California Service Members From Paying State Taxes On Basic Military Pay While Stationed In California

Chávez Introduced Bill To Exempt California Residents From Paying States Taxes On Basic Military Pay While Stationed In California. "I am proud to support our nation's military service members in presenting my bill, AB 321 today. This bill would exempt California residents from state taxes on basic military pay from the while stationed in California. Many women and men who serve in our nation's military are compensated very little when they first enlist to serve, this bill will ease part of the financial strain on military personnel and their families.

I appreciate the willingness of this group of service members for taking time out of their busy schedules to offer their support in the Assembly Committee on Revenue and Taxation today." [Rocky Chávez, Official Facebook, 5/18/15]

Benefit Eligibility

Chávez Proposed A Bill That Would Clarify The Definition Of "Veteran" On Federal Forms, Which He Said He Hoped Would Lead To More People Receiving Benefits

Chávez's Bill, AB 258, Would Make Sure Californian Coast Guard, National Guard, And Non-Combat Veterans Were Aware That They Were Eligible For Benefits. "A proposed California law would allow only these words to be used for a question the state already asks: 'Have you ever served in the military?' Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, contends that asking the question in that manner, mandated by Assembly Bill 258, would put money in more Californians' pockets. Here's the current problem: To determine whether residents are eligible for various benefits, the state asks respondents whether they are veterans or have served in the armed forces, said Anthony Zamarron, Chávez's chief of staff. Some Californians say no when they should say yes, Zamarron said, because they think 'veteran' means someone who has gone to war or they don't realize that it includes members of the Coast Guard and National Guard. Veterans disability, pension, education, housing and other public assistance is at stake, he said. To eliminate confusion among potential beneficiaries, Chávez -- a former acting secretary of the state Department of Veterans Affairs -- has wanted for years to revise state documents, Zamarron said." [Sacramento Bee, 2/8/13]

Chávez: "AB 258 Is A Small Change That Will Positively Impact Our Female Veterans And Ensure They Have Access To The Benefits They Deserve. "Assemblyman Rocky Chávez concedes his measure makes just a minor change, but it could have a major influence on how many veterans, including an estimated 18,000 women, are in line for federal benefits. [...] Chávez contends many of those who have not been in combat do not see themselves as veterans. Self-identification is an important step as the state tries to help veterans learn more about assistance programs, from education to housing to disability payments. he said. One target group is women, Chávez said. One report estimates the change could lead to another 18,000 women identifying themselves. 'It is a shame that many of our female veterans co not believe they are entitled to the same benefits as their male counterparts,' Chávez said. 'AB 258 is a small change that will positively impact our female veterans and ensure they have access to the benefits they deserve." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/1/13]

Interest Groups

California Veterans Of Foreign Wars Group

Chávez Was Named "Legislator Of The Year" By The California Veterans Of Foreign Wars

Chávez Received The William C. Manes Legislator Of The Year Award From The California Veterans Of Foreign Wars Group. "First-term Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, has been named the 2013 lawmaker of the year by the California division of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Chávez was given the VFW's 'William C. Manes Legislator of the Year Award.' 'As a retired Marine Corps colonel, Chávez is someone who completely understands military and veterans issues,' said Pete Conaty, a retired U.S. Army lieutenant colonel and veterans advocate. 'His service as Undersecretary, then Acting Secretary for the California Department of Veterans Affairs gives Chávez a unique insight into state government as it relates to veterans and active-duty military." [San Diego Union Tribune, 5/23/14]

Women

Significant Findings

- ✓ Chávez said he was "pro-life," but was okay with Roe v. Wade staying as it is.
- ✓ Chávez received a 100% from Planned Parenthood in 2017, a 75% in 2016, a 45% in 2015, a 53% in 2014 and a 0% in 2013.
- ✓ Chávez voted against a resolution supporting Planned Parenthood and a woman's right to choose.
- ✓ Chávez repeatedly voted to limit abortion accessibility.
- ✓ Chávez voted against a bill that required health insurance companies to cover female contraceptives.
- ✓ Chávez supported the establishment of "Equal Pay Day," but did not vote on the Equal Pay Equal Work Act.
 - ✓ Chávez did, however, vote for the Fair Pay Act.
- ✓ Chávez said he supported a bill to end the statute of limitations for rape and rape-related cases.
- ✓ Chávez supported a bill that required high schools to teach students about consent.

Abortion

Roe V. Wade

Chávez Said He Was "Pro-Life," But Would Not Overturn Roe V. Wade

Chávez Said He Opposed Gun Control And Abortion, But Would Support Maintaining The Status Quo On Those Issues. "Chávez is a moderate on many social issues, though he said he opposes gun control legislation and is against abortion because of his Catholic upbringing. He said he would be in favor of maintaining the status quo on those issues." [KPBS, 3/16/15]

Chávez Was "Pro-Life" But Would Not Attempt To Overturn Roe v. Wade Or Support Additional Restrictions On Abortion Rights. "As a practicing Catholic, Chávez is pro-life. Importantly, however, he says he would not support an attempt to overturn Roe v Wade's protection of a woman's right to choose because 'that's been settled in the courts.' Nor, he said, would he vote for measures to further restrict abortion rights, like requiring parental consent for minors. And it infuriates him when people from the anti-abortion right wing accuse him of being a 'weak Catholic.'" [Calbuzz, 3/16/15]

Medical Professionals And Facilities

Chávez Voted Against The Reproductive Fact Act, Which Required Facilities To Let Pregnant Women Know That Abortion Was An Option

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Licensed Covered Facilities To Provide Information About Affordable Family Planning, Programs, Abortion Services, And Prenatal Care To Clients. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "Enact[ing] the Reproductive FACT (Freedom, Accountability, Comprehensive Care, and

Transparency) Act, which would require a licensed covered facility, as defined, to disseminate a notice to all clients, as specified, stating, among other things, that California has public programs that provide immediate free or low-cost access to comprehensive family planning services, prenatal care, and abortion, for eligible women. The bill would also require an unlicensed covered facility, as defined, to disseminate a notice to all clients, as specified, stating, among other things, that the facility is not licensed as a medical facility by the State of California." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 26, with 5 not voting, and became law. [AB 775, passed the Assembly, <u>5/26/15</u>; became law, <u>10/9/15</u>]

Sacramento Bee: NARAL Pro-Choice America, Planned Parenthood, And Black Women For Wellness Sponsored AB 775 Because It Enabled Women To Be Informed And Make Their Own Decisions. "After Brown signed AB 775, [then-Attorney General Kamala] Harris released a statement expressing her pride in cosponsoring the act, 'which ensures that all women have equal access to comprehensive reproductive health care services, and that they have the facts they need to make informed decisions about their health and their lives.' [...] Los Angeles-based advocacy group Black Women for Wellness joined Harris and NARAL Pro-Choice California as sponsors of the bill, which was authored by Assemblyman David Chiu, D-San Francisco, and Assemblywoman Autumn Burke, D-Los Angeles. [...] At the same time, Ilyse Hogue, president of NARAL Pro-Choice America, said, 'Anti-choice crisis pregnancy centers are ground-zero in the fight for reproductive freedom, and Gov. Brown and the California Legislature can be proud of leading the first successful statewide effort to ensure that no woman is tricked into walking through doors of a (clinic) to be manipulated and shamed again." [Sacramento Bee, 10/11/15]

Sacramento Bee: AB 775 Would Require That "Crisis Pregnancy Centers" Run By Anti-Abortion Organizations To Inform Clients Of California Public Programs That Offer Abortions. "Under its terms, licensed reproductive health clinics must notify patients that California has programs to help them access affordable family planning, abortion services and prenatal care. The law would cover 'crisis pregnancy centers' run by anti-abortion organizations. [...] The just-enacted legislation, however, requires that they inform clients of California public programs that do offer abortions, and that they supply their clients with a telephone number for the appropriate county social services office so the clients can find out if they qualify for those programs that include abortion services. Facilities that fail to obey the new law are subject to a \$500 civil penalty for a first offense and a \$1,000 penalty for each subsequent offense." [Sacramento Bee, 10/11/15]

Sex-Selection Abortion

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Ban Sex-Selection Abortion In California

Chávez Voted For AB 2336, Which Sought To Ban People From Seeking Abortions Because The Fetus Was Female. "Sex-selection abortion in California - which has evolved into a cottage tourism industry for women wishing to hand-pick their baby's gender - will remain a protected practice after the Assembly Health Committee snubbed a proposal on May 6 to end the barbaric trend. As expected, the committee voted along party lines, 13-6, squelching Assembly Bill (AB) 2336 (Grove R-Bakersfield). In introducing her Prenatal Nondiscrimination Act at the hearing, Assemblywoman Shannon Grove offered statistics showing that entire population segments are shifting toward male majorities as experts estimate that 160 million girls have been killed either from through sex-selection abortion or infanticide at birth by parents seeking a boy. [...] Legislators voting yes on AB 2336 were Rocky Chávez (R-Carlsbad) [...]" [California Family Alliance, press release, 5/13/14]

Abortion Accessibility

2013: Chávez Voted Against Improving Abortion Access Through Allowing More Medical Professionals To Become Authorized To Perform Abortions And To Expand The Settings In Which Abortions Are Allowed To Be Performed

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed More Medical Professionals To Perform Abortions. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would authorize nurse practitioners, nurse-midwives and physicians

assistants to perform abortions. "The bill would also require a nurse practitioner, certified nurse-midwife, or physician assistant to complete training, as specified, and to comply with standardized procedures or protocols, as specified, in order to perform an abortion by aspiration techniques, and would indefinitely authorize a nurse practitioner, certified nurse-midwife, or physician assistant who completed a specified training program and achieved clinical competency to continue to perform abortions by aspiration techniques. The bill would delete the references to a nonsurgical abortion and would delete the restrictions on assisting with abortion procedures." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 49-25-4. [AB 154, 8/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/9/13]

Northern California ACLU: AB 154 Would "Improve Abortion Access." "AB 154 will improve abortion access by increasing the types of trained health professionals who can provide early abortions. The bill will authorize nurse practitioners, certified nurse midwives, and physician assistants to perform early abortions safely within the terms of their licenses. More than half of California's counties lack an accessible abortion provider. As a result, many women delay treatment because they have to travel long distances or raise money for transportation and services. Women in both rural and urban areas of the state face barriers to access. AB 154 can also helps [sic] to address barriers such as long wait times for appointments that woman in urban areas face when seeking abortion services. AB 154 removes barriers to care by allowing specially trained health professionals to provide early abortions in the communities they serve. This means that women can safely get the care they need in their own communities from health providers they already know and trust." [Northern California ACLU, accessed 3/1/18]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Abortions To Be Performed In Regular Primary Care Clinic Conditions. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would lower the sterilization standards and allow medical professionals to perform abortions, "in facilities like the 'walk-in' counseling rooms now so popular in drug stores and pharmacies." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-25-3. [AB 980, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 10/9/13; LifeNews.com, 8/27/13]

Abortion-Related Crime

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Called For Research Into Crimes Against Abortion Providers Or Seekers

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Called For Research Into Anti-Reproductive-Rights Crimes. In August 2013, Chávez voted against maintaining the Reproductive Rights Law Enforcement Act, which, "requires the Attorney General to assume specified duties relating to planning, information gathering, and analysis with respect to anti-reproductive-rights crimes, as defined, including consultation with specified subject matter experts. Existing law also requires the convening of an advisory committee that is responsible for evaluating the effectiveness of existing law. Existing law requires the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training to develop an optional course of training for law enforcement agencies regarding anti-reproductive-rights crimes, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-21-5. [SB 340, 8/26/13; California LegInfo, 9/9/13]

Anti-Reproductive-Rights Crimes Concerned Crimes Committed Against Abortion Providers Or Seekers. "(a) 'Anti-reproductive-rights crime' means a crime committed partly or wholly because the victim is a reproductive health services client, provider, or assistant, or a crime that is partly or wholly intended to intimidate the victim, any other person or entity, or any class of persons or entities from becoming or remaining a reproductive health services client, provider, or assistant." [2010 California Penal Code, accessed 3/12/18]

Health Insurance

Contraceptive Coverage

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Health Insurance Companies To Cover Female Contraceptives

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Health Insurance Companies To Cover Female Contraceptives. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a health care service plan contract or health insurance

policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2016, to provide coverage for women for all prescribed and FDA-approved female contraceptive drugs, devices, and products, as well as voluntary sterilization procedures, contraceptive education and counseling, and related followup services. The bill would prohibit a nongrandfathered plan contract or health insurance policy from imposing any cost-sharing requirements or other restrictions or delays with respect to this coverage, as specified," but also, "retain the provision authorizing a religious employer to request a contract or policy without coverage of FDA-approved contraceptive methods that are contrary to the employer's religious tenets." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-22-3. [SB 1053, 8/20/14; California LegInfo, 9/25/14]

Pregnancy Health Care

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Allowed Pregnant Women To Enroll Or Change An Individual Health Care Plan Or Policy Upon Becoming Pregnant. In June 2015, Chávez voted for a bill that: "Require[d] a health care service plan (plan) or health insurer (insurer) to allow an individual to enroll in or change an individual plan or policy as a result of pregnancy." The bill passed the Assembly 66 to 10. In the latest action, the bill remained inactive in Senate committee. [AB 1102, passed the Assembly, 6/4/15; Assembly Committee on Health, AB 1102 Summary, 4/28/15]

Equal Pay

State Statistics

Women In California Made 88.5 Cents For Every Dollar A Man Made

Women In California Made 88.5 Cents For Every Dollar A Man Made. [National Women's Law Center, accessed 3/5/18]

Equal Pay Legislation

Chávez Said He Supported Equal Pay, But Did Not Vote On The Equal Pay For Equal Work Act

Chávez Supported A Resolution That Would Proclaim April 14, 2015 As Equal Pay Day. "I support #ACR50, because it is the right thing to do. #EqualPayDay #CALeg" [Twitter, @AsmRocky, 4/13/15]

ACR 50 Established April 14 As "Equal Pay Day." "This measure would proclaim April 14, 2015, as Equal Pay Day in recognition of the need to eliminate the gender gap in earnings by women and to promote policies to ensure equal pay for all." [ACR 50, Introduced 3/19/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Enacting The Equal Pay For Equal Work Act, Which Would Require An Employer To Submit A Nondiscrimination Program To The State. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Enact[ing] the Equal Pay for Equal Work Act of 2015. The bill would require an employer with 100 or more employees in state, as specified, and a contract of 30 days or more, prior to becoming a contractor or subcontractor with the state, to submit a nondiscrimination program to the Department of Fair Employment and Housing and to submit periodic reports no more than annually of its compliance with that program. The bill would authorize the department to require approval and certification of the program. The bill would permit the department to require an employer with fewer than 100 employees in state or a contract of less than 30 days to submit a nondiscrimination report. The bill would require the department to define an employee for these purposes. The bill would require the nondiscrimination program to include policies and procedures designed to ensure equal employment opportunities for all applicants and employees, an analysis of employment selection procedures, and a workforce analysis, as specified." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 54 to 25, with one not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 1354, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/8/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Governor Brown Vetoed AB 1354 Because He Did Not Believe It Was Necessary, Given All Of The Existing Laws In Place. "I am returning Assembly Bill 1354 without my signature. [...] Currently, the department requires all state contractors to develop and implement a nondiscrimination program meeting certain requirements and also certify that they have done so, under penalty of perjury. Furthermore, the department has existing authority to require a contractor to submit this information prior to contracting with the state, if noncompliance is suspected. In light of these factors, I do not believe this bill is necessary at this time." [Letter from the Office of the Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted For The Fair Pay Act, Which Strengthened The Existing Equal Pay Legislation

Chávez Voted For A Bill Revising A Provision Prohibiting Employers From Paying Employees Wages Less Than Other Employees Of The Opposite Sex For Substantially Similar Work When Viewed As A Composite Of Skill, Effort, And Responsibility. In August 2015, Chávez voted for: "Revis[ing] that prohibition [prohibiting an employer from paying an employee at wage rates less than the rates paid to employees of the opposite sex in the same establishment for equal work on jobs the performance of which requires equal skill, effort, and responsibility, and which are performed under similar working conditions] to eliminate the requirement that the wage differential be within the same establishment, and instead would prohibit an employer from paying any of its employees at wage rates less than those paid to employees of the opposite sex for substantially similar work, when viewed as a composite of skill, effort, and responsibility, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 76 to 2, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 358, passed the Assembly, 8/27/15; became law, 10/6/15]

SB 358 Lowered The Threshold Of Closing The Equal Pay Gap To Employees Of Opposite Sexes Performing "Substantially Similar" Work. "The Fair Pay Act that went into effect on Jan. 1, 2016 bars California employers from paying workers of one sex more than the workers of the opposite sex for 'substantially similar' work unless the employer can show that any pay gap is justified by a factor other than sex, such as a system that determines pay based on quantity or quality of production or that resulted from differences in education, training or experience. The 2016 law was designed to close the asserted 16-cent pay gap between what California men and women are paid in similar jobs. Unlike some employment laws, such as the general employment anti-discrimination law and family leave law, the Fair Pay Act applies to employers of any size." [San Diego Union Tribune, 12/12/16]

Planned Parenthood

House Resolutions

Chávez Voted Against Supporting Planned Parenthood And A Woman's Right To Choose

Chávez Voted Against A Resolution That Urged The President Of The United States And Congress To Express Support For Planned Parenthood And A Woman's Fundamental Right To Control Her Own Reproductive Decisions. In January 2016, Chávez voted against: "Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the Assembly urges the President of the United States and the United States Congress to express their support for a woman's fundamental right to control her own reproductive decisions, as well as their support for access to comprehensive reproductive health care, including the services provided by Planned Parenthood." The resolution passed the Assembly 53 to 22. [HR 32, passed the Assembly, 1/19/16]

Center For Medical Progress

Chávez Voted Against Making It A Crime To Record Confidential Conversations Without Consent

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Make It A Crime To Deliberately Record A Confidential Communication Without Consent. In May 2016, Chávez voted against: "A person who, intentionally and without the consent of all parties to a confidential communication, uses an electronic amplifying or recording device to

eavesdrop upon or record the confidential communication, whether the communication is carried on among the parties in the presence of one another or by means of a telegraph, telephone, or other device, except a radio, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per violation, or imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison, or by both that fine and imprisonment." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 52 to 26, with 2 not voting. The bill became law and became law. [AB 1671, passed the Assembly, <u>5/31/16</u>; Senate amendments concurred in, <u>8/31/16</u>; became law, <u>9/30/16</u>]

Los Angeles Times: Videos Involving Planned Parenthood Employees Discussing Abortion Procedures Inspired AB 1671. "Distributing secret recordings involving healthcare conversations will become a crime in California in 2017, under a new law inspired by the high-profile case involving videos of Planned Parenthood employees discussing abortion procedures. [...] Planned Parenthood, a sponsor of AB 1671, argued that the new law is necessary in the wake of the controversial videos taped by David Daleiden and other anti-abortion activists that purport to show Planned Parenthood employees illegally trafficking in fetal tissue." [Los Angeles Times, 9/30/16]

Planned Parenthood Sponsored AB 1671. "Planned Parenthood, a sponsor of AB 1671, argued that the new law is necessary in the wake of the controversial videos taped by David Daleiden and other anti-abortion activists that purport to show Planned Parenthood employees illegally trafficking in fetal tissue." [Los Angeles Times, 9/30/16]

Ratings

Planned Parenthood Released A Yearly Scorecard For California State Legislators, Taking Note Of Their Voting Records On Pertinent Reproductive Health Issues

"Each year, Planned Parenthood Affiliates of California (PPAC) tracks and advocates on a number of legislative and regulatory issues that impact reproductive health and rights, sexual health education, access to affordable and quality health care, and the lives of millions of Californians. The PPAC Legislative Scorecard is designed to provide the public with information about how their state legislators voted on these important issues." [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 4/5/18]

2017: Chávez Received A 100% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 100% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 4/5/18]

2016: Chávez Received A 75% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 75% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 1/16/18]

2015: Chávez Received A 45% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 45% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed <u>4/5/18</u>]

2014: Chávez Received A 53% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 53% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 4/5/18]

2013: Chávez Received A 0% From Planned Parenthood

Based On His Voting Record, Chávez Received A 0% Rating From Planned Parenthood. [Planned Parenthood website, accessed 4/5/18]

Violence And Sexual Assault

Statute Of Limitations

Chávez Was Supportive Of SB 813, A Bill That Would End The Statute Of Limitations For Rape And Rape-Related Cases

Chávez Was Supportive Of SB 813, A Bill That Would End The Statute Of Limitations For Rape And Rape-Related Cases. "On the first day of the 2016 legislative session, Senator Connie M. Leyva (D-Chino) today introduced important bipartisan legislation to end the statute of limitations for rape and related crimes in California. SB 813 seeks to ensure justice for victims and survivors of felony sexual offenses by allowing the indefinite criminal prosecution of rape, sodomy, lewd or lascivious acts, continuous sexual abuse of a child, oral copulation, and sexual penetration. Existing California law presently generally limits the prosecution of a felony sexual offense to only 10 years after the offense is committed, unless DNA evidence is found which then offers a victim additional time. [...] Principal coauthors Senator Fran Pavley (D-Agoura Hills), Assemblymember Mike A. Gipson (D-Carson), Assemblymember Das Williams (D-Carpinteria) and Assemblymember Autumn R. Burke (D-Inglewood)—as well as coauthors Assemblymember Rocky J. Chávez (R-Oceanside) and Assemblymember Tom Lackey (R-Palmdale)—have already signed on in support of SB 813." [Senator Connie Leyva, press release, 1/4/16]

Sexual Violence Education And Awareness

Chávez Was Supportive Of A Bill That Would Require High Schools To Educate Students On Sexual Violence And Consent

Chávez: Students Need To Know "About The Importance Of Respect And Maintaining Health Peer And Dating Relationships." "Gov. Jerry Brown has approved legislation aimed at making California the first state in the nation to bring lessons about sexual consent required at many colleges into high schools, his office announced Thursday. [...] The legislation Brown endorsed requires that school districts include health as a graduation requirement to teach about 'yes means yes' and sexual violence prevention starting next year. It also asks state education officials to update curriculum guidelines for high school health classes with information about those topics. 'California must continue to lead the nation in educating our young people - both women and men - about the importance of respect and maintaining healthy peer and dating relationships,' Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, said after the bill cleared the Assembly in September." [OC Register, 10/1/15]

Chávez: "It Is Important That We Raise Awareness About Sexual Assault And Protect Women And Men Who Are Victims Of Sexual Violence"

Chávez: "It Is Important That We Raise Awareness About Sexual Assault And Protect Women And Men Who Are Victims Of Sexual Violence." "Today is National Denim Day at the Capitol. It is important that we raise awareness about sexual assault and protect women and men who are victims of sexual violence. My staff in both the capitol and district offices, stood in solidarity with advocates across the world in wearing denim today to honor those who have been victims of rape and sexual assault. #DenimDay2015 #NoMeansNo" [Assemblymember Rocky Chávez, Official Facebook, 4/29/15]

Sexual Violence On College Campuses

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Colleges To Produce Reports About Sexual Assault, But Did Not Want Schools To Be Able To Flag Students Accused Of Misconduct

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Expand A Community Colleges' Authorization To Deny, Permit, Or Offer Conditional Enrollment To Individuals Expelled From Other Schools For Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Or Stalking. In May 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "[A bill to] expand the authorization to either deny enrollment, permit enrollment, or permit conditional certain offenses or for a violation of a district's adopted policies concerning sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking described above. The bill would also authorize a community college district to require a student seeking admission to inform the community college district considering admitting the student if he or she has been previously expelled or is currently suspended from a community college in the state for a violation of that community college's district-adopted policies concerning sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking." The bill passed the Assembly 59 to 11, with 10 not voting. [AB 969, passed the Assembly, 5/18/15]

Chávez Voted For A Final Version Of The Bill, Which Would Exclude Enrollment Authority Granted In Previous Versions But Require State Institutions Of Higher Education To Publish Data Relating To Cases Involving Sexual Violence Online. In August 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing], until January 1, 2022, in order to receive state funds for student financial assistance, the governing board of each community college district, the Trustees of the California State University, the Regents of the University of California, and the governing board of each independent postsecondary institution to report, on or before October 1, 2018, and on an annual basis thereafter, specified data relating to cases of alleged sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. The bill would require that report to be posted on the respective institution's Internet Web site in a manner easily accessible to students." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 79 to 0, with one not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 969, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/22/16; vetoed by Governor, 9/30/16]

Sexual Harassment In The Workplace

2013: Chávez's Former Chief Of Staff Anthony Zamarron Was Sanctioned For Sexual Harassment; Chávez Gave Him A Raise Instead Of Firing Him

August – September 2013: Chávez's Former Chief Of Staff, Anthony Zamarron, Committed Sexual Harassment While Still Working For Chávez

August – September 2013: Deputy Administrative Officer For The Rules Committee Lynda Roper Wrote A Memo Regarding Zamarron's Alleged Sexually Inappropriate Comments And Pornography Use. "The conduct related to [redacted] include descriptions of Mr. Zamarron's weekend exploits and pornography on his computer. [...] When asked to describe the behaviors that made her feel this way, [redacted] cited the following. He talks about his weekends and people he's slept with. Every once in a while someone from the building who works in another office will stop by to drop something off; when she leaves Mr. Zamarron makes comments like, 'That may or may not have been awkward. She may have seen me naked.'" [Sacramento Bee, 2/2/18]

Zamarron Was Rocky Chávez's Chief of Staff When Sexual Misconduct Investigation Occurred. "Anthony Zamarron, the former chief of staff for Assemblyman Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, came under scrutiny in August 2013 after complaints were filed about his alleged inappropriate comments, according to two memos from Lynda Roper, deputy administrative officer for the Assembly Rules Committee." [Sacramento Bee, 2/2/18]

September 2013: Deputy Rules Committee Administrative Officer Lynda Roper Met With Zamarron About The Results Of Her Investigation And Sent A Memo To Chávez's Office

September 2013: Chávez Received A Memo Detailing A Rules Committee Administrative Officer Meeting With His Staffer, Anthony Zamarron, Regarding Making Inappropriate Comments In The Workplace. "This memorandum is written in follow-up to our meeting on August 28, 2013, during which I informed you about complaints brought forward [...] I reviewed with you the nature of the complaints, which have to do with inappropriate comments made in the workplace." [Sacramento Bee, 2/2/18]

In The Memo, The Deputy Administrative Officer Reported That Zamarron Denied Or Did Not Recall Some Of The Allegations. "You said you understood some of the concerns that were raised. There were some statements attributed to you that you denied making or felt were taken out of context. Some of the statements you don not recall having made were reported to me by more than one person. We discussed the Assembly's expectations for professionalism in the workplace. As a Chief of Staff, these standards are especially high, and you are expected to serve as a role model for the office. You said you understood these expectations and took the concerns brought forward seriously." [Sacramento Bee, 2/2/18]

Zamarron Remained Chávez's Chief Of Staff And Also Worked On Chávez's Subsequent Assembly Campaign

Zamarron Was Part Of Chávez's Staff From December 3, 2012 To June 30, 2014. [Assembly Rules Committee - Fiscal Office Salary Listing, <u>2/15/18</u>]

4/09/13 – 6/13/14: Chávez's Campaign Paid Anthony Zamarron For Campaign Consulting. From April 9th, 2013 until at least June 13th, 2014, Rocky Chávez's campaign employed Anthony Zamarron as a campaign consultant. [CA Secretary of State, Rocky Chávez for Assembly 2014 campaign finance, accessed 2/14/18]

Zamarron Received A Raise Between 2013 And 2014

May 2013: Zamarron's Monthly Salary Was \$6,360. [California State Assembly, accessed 2/5/18]

February 2014: Zamarron's Monthly Salary Was \$7,084. [California State Assembly, accessed 2/5/18]

Zamarron Was The Highest Paid Member Of Chávez's Staff When He Left In 2014. [Assembly Rules Committee - Fiscal Office Salary Listing, 2/15/18]

Lawsuits

2003: Chávez Voted To Settle A \$650,000 Sexual Harassment Lawsuit Filed Against The City

Chávez: Sexual Harassment Was One Of "Society's Issues, Not Just Women's Issues." "The Oceanside City Council voted Wednesday to settle a sexual harassment lawsuit with three of its female police employees for \$650,000. The 4-0 vote settled a case filed against the city in October 2002 by two police detectives and an investigative assistant. Councilman Jim Wood recused himself from the vote because he worked for the police department during time cited in the suit. Councilman Rocky Chávez said the council needed to speak loudly, strongly, and publicly against sexual harassment. 'Sexual harassment is not something that should be discussed behind closed doors,' Chávez said. 'We can see that these issues are society's issues, not just women's issues." [San Diego Union Tribune, 10/2/03]

Breastfeeding

Accommodations

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring Schools To Provide Reasonable Accommodations For Breast-Feeding. Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] a school operated by a school district or a county office of education, the California

School for the Deaf, the California School for the Blind, and a charter school to provide, only if there is at least one lactating pupil on the school campus, reasonable accommodations to a lactating pupil on a school campus to express breast milk, breast-feed an infant child, or address other needs related to breast-feeding. The bill would require that these reasonable accommodations include, but are not limited to, access to a private and secure room, other than a restroom, to express breast milk or breast-feed an infant child, permission to bring onto a school campus any equipment used to express breast milk, access to a power source for that equipment, and access to a place to safely store expressed breast milk. The bill would also require that a lactating pupil on a school campus be given a reasonable amount of time to accommodate the need to express breast milk or breast-feed an infant child." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 62 to 14, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 302, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/3/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Title IX

Commemoration

Chávez Voted For A Resolution Commemorating The Anniversary Of Title IX. Chávez voted for: "This measure would, on June 23, 2015, commemorate the 43rd anniversary of the enactment of Title IX, and would urge Californians to continue to work together to achieve the goals set by Title IX, as specified." The resolution passed the Assembly 68 to 4, with 8 not voting, and became law. [AJR 23, passed the Assembly, 6/22/15; became law, 7/21/15]

Appendix I – Personal Financial Disclosures

2018 - Federal Personal Financial Disclosure

Net Worth

2018: Chávez Had An Estimated Net Worth Between \$52,003 And \$130,000

2018: Chávez Had An Estimated Net Worth Between \$52,003 And \$130,000. [Chávez 2018 Public Financial Disclosure Report, filed 2/19/18]

Earned Income

2018: Chávez Reported \$198,514 In Earned Income

2018: Chávez Reported \$198,514 In Earned Income From His Salary And His Wife's Salary. [Chávez 2018 Public Financial Disclosure Report, filed 2/19/18]

2018 Chávez Earned Income						
Source Type Amount						
State of California	Salary	\$106,398.00				
United States Marine Corps	Spouse Salary	\$92,116.00				

[Chávez 2018 Public Financial Disclosure Report, filed 2/19/18]

Assets & Unearned Income

2018: Chávez Reported Between \$52,003 And \$130,000 In Assets And Between \$6,002 And \$17,500 In Unearned Income

2018: Chávez Reported Between \$52,003 And \$130,000 In Assets And Between \$6,002 And \$17,500 In Unearned Income. [Chávez 2018 Public Financial Disclosure Report, filed 2/19/18]

	2018 Chávez Assets & "Unearned" Income								
SP/		Year-End Value		T-m o Of	Amount (Tx. >			
DC	Asset	Min	Max	Type Of Income	Min	Max	\$1,000		
/JT	IT	Mill	Mux	iax income	Mill	Mux	φ1,000		
	DoD	\$50,001	\$100,000	Pension	\$5,001	\$15,000			
	State of California	\$1,001	\$15,000	Pension	\$1,001	\$2,500			
	Veterans Administration	\$1,001	\$15,000	Tax-Deferred					
	Total:	\$52,003	\$130,000	Total:	\$6,002	\$17,500			

[Chávez 2018 Public Financial Disclosure Report, filed 2/19/18]

Liabilities

2018: Chávez Did Not Report Any Liabilities. [Chávez 2018 Public Financial Disclosure Report, filed 2/19/18]

Positions

2018 Chávez Positions

Position	Name Of Organization		
Chairman	Governor's Military Council		

[Chávez 2018 Public Financial Disclosure Report, filed 2/19/18]

Agreements

2018: Chávez Did Not Report Any Agreements. [Chávez 2018 Public Financial Disclosure Report, filed <u>2/19/18</u>]

2017 - State Personal Financial Disclosure

Investments

2017: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments

2017: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

Interest In Real Property

Interest in Real Property (Including Rental Income)						
Assessor's Parcel Number Fair Market Value Nature of Interest Gross Income Sou						
or Address			Received (Rental)	Rental Income		
4935 Calle Arquero	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust				
650 Sumner Way Unit 1	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust				

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

	Income Received							
Source of	Address	Business	Business Position	Gross Income	Consideration For Which			
Income		Activity		Received	Income Was Received			
USMC	Regional Contracting			\$10,001 - \$100,000	Spouse's Income			
	Camp Pendleton							

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

2017: Chávez Did Not Report Any Loans Received Or Outstanding During The Reporting Period

2017: Chávez Did Not Report Any Income Received. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

Gifts

Gifts							
Name of Source	Address	Business	Date	Value	Description of Gift		
		Activity					
Barona Band of Mission	Lakeside, CA	Dinner	8/17/17	\$108.83	Meal and Beverage		
Indians		Reception					
Wine Institute	San Francisco, CA	Reception	3/13/17	\$57.99	Meal and Beverage		
MillerCoors	Milwaukee, WI	Reception	4/4/17	\$57.48	Meal and Beverage		
CalNonprofits	San Francisco, CA	Luncheon	6/28/17	\$42.99	Meal		

CA State Protocol	San Leandro, CA	AG Reception	1/24/17	\$34.53	Catering
Association			6/13/17	\$90.71	Lunch
CA Council for Environmental	San Francisco, CA	Reception	2/13/17	\$5.70	Refreshments
and Economic Balance					
California New Car Dealers	Sacramento, CA	Reception	3/14/17	\$58.61	Refreshments
Association					
			TOTAL	\$456.84	

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

Travel Payments, Advances, And Reimbursements

	Travel Payments, Advance, And Reimbursements							
Name of Source	City and State	Business	Dates	Amount	Travel			
		Activity			Destination			
CA Charter School	Sacramento, CA		11/6/17 – 11/7/17	\$959.36	The Lodge Torrey			
Association					Pines			
					La Jolla, CA			
Pattern Energy	La Jolla, CA		10/7/17 – 10/8/17	\$838.09	Lewis and Clark			
					College			
					Portland, OR			
San Diego Regional Airport	San Diego, CA		12/30/16 - 12/22/17	\$4,929	Airport parking			
Authority					for travel to/from			
					Floor Session			
ALEC	Arlington, VA		10/26/17 - 10/27/17	\$1,296.16	Hotel Belmond			
					Charleston, SC			
			TOTAL	\$8,022.61				

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

2016 - State Personal Financial Disclosure

Investments

2016: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments

2016: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

Interest In Real Property

Interest in Real Property (Including Rental Income)							
Assessor's Parcel Number							
or Address			Received (Rental)	Rental Income			
4456 Brisbane Way #4	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Santos Ruiz			
650 Sumner Way Unit 1	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust					

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

Income Received							
Source of	Address	Business	Business Position	Gross Income	Consideration For Which		
Income		Activity		Received	Income Was Received		

USMC	Regional Contracting	Contracting Officer	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Spouse's Income
	Camp Pendleton	(Spouse)		

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

2016: Chávez Did Not Report Any Loans Received Or Outstanding During The Reporting Period

2016: Chávez Did Not Report Any Income Received. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

Gifts

		Gifts			
Name of Source	Address	Business Activity	Date	Value	Description of Gift
CA Fresh Fruit Association	Fresno, CA	Fruit Delivery	2/17/16	\$14.00	Fruit Delivery
		and Reception	6/22/16	\$90.62	Reception
			8/10/16	\$14.00	Fruit Delivery
CA Citrus Mutual	Exeter, CA	Fruit Delivery +	3/29/16	\$118.29	Dinner Reception and
		Dinner			Fruit Delivery
		Reception			
Associated Builders and Contractors of CA	Anaheim, CA	Reception	6/29/16	\$53.73	Reception
Equality CA	Los Angeles, CA	Reception	3/7/16	\$75.00	Reception
Barona Band of Mission	Lakeside, CA		3/22/16	\$26.03	Reception
Indians			8/11/16	\$225.82	Meal for Asm and Wife
National Federation	Sacramento, CA		3/8/16	\$62.94	Reception
Independent Business					
CA Cattlemen's Association	Sacramento, CA	Reception	6/22/16	\$65.00	Breakfast Reception
CA State Sheriffs' Association	Sacramento, CA	Reception	5/17/16	\$88.09	Reception
Peace Officers Research	Sacramento, CA	Reception	5/3/16	\$53.75	Reception
Association					
CA Cut Flower Commission	Santa Barbara, CA	Reception	6/1/16	\$55.22	Reception
CA Association of Collectors	Sacramento, CA	Reception	10/18/16	\$62.95	Reception
NextGen Climate	San Francisco, CA	Reception	12/5/16	\$79.66	Reception
Rendon for Assembly 2016	Long Beach, CA	Reception	12/4/16	\$139.92	Reception
CA New Car Dealers		Reception	3/16/16	\$56.57	Reception
Association					
_			TOTAL	\$1,281.59	

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

Travel Payments, Advances, And Reimbursements

	Travel Payments, Advance, And Reimbursements							
Name of Source	City and State	Business	Dates	Amount	Travel			
		Activity			Destination			
CA Charter School	Sacramento, CA		12/13/16 -12/14/16	\$226.07	The Lodge Torrey			
Association					Pines			
					La Jolla, CA			
CA Foundation for the	San Francisco,	Roundtable	5/19/16 – 5/20/16	\$587.29	Meritage			
Environment and Economy	CA	Summit			Conference			
					Center			
					Napa, CA			

San Diego County Regional	San Diego, CA		12/30/15 –	\$4,929.00	Airport parking
Airport Authority			12/22/16		for travel to/from
					Floor Session
CA Foundation for the	San Francisco,	Study Travel	11/11/16 –	\$13,160.70	Germany and
Environment and Economy	CA	Project	11/21/16		Czech Republic
			TOTAL	\$18,903.06	

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

2015 - State Personal Financial Disclosure

Investments

2015: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments

2015: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2015, filed 3/1/16]

Interest In Real Property

Interest in Real Property (Including Rental Income)									
Assessor's Parcel Number	Gross Income	Source of							
or Address			Received (Rental)	Rental Income					
4456 Brisbane Way #4,	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Santos Ruiz					
Oceanside, CA									
650 Sumner Way Unit 1,	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust							
Oceanside, CA									

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2015, filed 3/1/16]

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

	Income Received								
Source	Source Address Business Business Position Gross Income Consideration								
of		Activity		Received	Which Income Was				
Income					Received				
USMC	Regional Contracting		Contracting Officer (Spouse)	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Spouse's Income				
	Camp Pendleton								

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2015, filed 3/1/16]

Gifts

	Gifts								
Name of Source	Address	Business Activity	Date	Value	Description of Gift				
CA Chamber of	Sacramento, CA	Breakfast, Luncheon and	3/17/15	\$24.20	Lunch Reception				
Commerce		Reception	5/27/15	\$36.89	Evening Reception				
			5/28/15	\$47.10	Breakfast				
CA New Car Dealers	Sacramento, CA	Reception	3/25/15	\$52.95	Evening Reception				
Association									
CA Cut Flower	Santa Barbara, CA	River Cats Game and	6/17/15	\$99.38	Ticket and Reception				
Commission		Reception	2/18/15	\$15.00	Floral Arrangement				
National Alliance on	Sacramento, CA	Speaking and Award	7/1/15	\$65.00	Appetizers/Plaque				
Mental Illness – CA		Reception							
			TOTAL	\$340.12					

Travel Payments, Advances, And Reimbursements

	Travel Payments, Advance, And Reimbursements							
Name of Source	City and State	Business Activity	Dates	Amount	Travel Destination			
CA Charter School	Sacramento,	Educational	11/9/15 – 11/10/15	\$67.76	The Lodge Torrey Pines			
Association	CA	Symposium			La Jolla, CA			
San Diego County	San Diego, CA		1/4/15 - 12/30/15	\$4,177.00	Airport parking for			
Regional Airport					travel to/from Floor			
Authority					Session			
			TOTAL	\$4,244.76				

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2015, filed 3/1/16]

2014 - State Personal Financial Disclosure

Investments

2014: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments

2014: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

Interest In Real Property

Interest in Real Property (Including Rental Income)							
Assessor's Parcel Fair Market Value Nature of Interest Gross Income Source of							
Number or Address			Received (Rental)	Rental Income			
4456 Brisbane Way #4	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Sandra Stover			

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

	Income Received							
Source	ource Address Business Position Gross Income Consideration							
of		Activity		Received	Which Income Was			
Income					Received			
USMC	Regional Contracting		Contracting Officer (Spouse)	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Spouse's Income			
	Camp Pendleton							

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

Gifts

Gifts								
Name of Source	Address	Business Activity	Date	Value	Description of Gift			
PepsiCo	Purchase, NY	District Office Open House	4/4/14	\$141.75	Beverages			
Martin Kruming	San Diego, CA	None	11/6/14	\$200.00	Rug			
State Building and	Sacramento, CA	Building Trades Reception	6/9/14	\$112.87	Leatherman Tool			
Construction Trades			6/18/14	\$45.71	Reception			
Council for CA								
Solar Turbines	San Diego, CA	San Diego Harbor Cruise Dinner	10/30/14	\$54.00	Dinner			
			TOTAL	\$554.33				

Travel Payments, Advances, And Reimbursements

	Travel Payments, Advance, And Reimbursements						
Name of Source	City and State	Business Activity	Dates	Amount	Travel Destination		
CA Charter School Association	Sacramento, CA	Symposium	12/8/14 – 12/9/14	\$677.58	Participated in Symposium		
CA Foundation on the Environment and Energy	San Francisco, CA		9/29/14 – 9/30/14	\$573.71	Participated in conference related to water and drought		
CA Foundation on the Environment and Energy	San Francisco, CA		11/7/14 – 11/19/14	\$12,552.25	Chile		
CA Foundation for Commerce and Education	Sacramento, CA		7/27/14 – 7/30/14	\$234.72	Attended Luncheon		
CA Independent System Operator	Folsom, CA	Symposium	10/22/14 – 10/23/14	\$92.00	Food/Drinks		
San Diego County Regional Airport Authority	San Diego, CA		1/6/14 – 12/28/14	\$4,723.00	Airport parking for travel to/from Floor Sessions in Sacramento		
			TOTAL	\$18,853.26			

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

2013 - State Personal Financial Disclosure

Investments

2013: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments

2013: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

Interest In Real Property

Interest in Real Property (Including Rental Income)							
Assessor's Parcel Fair Market Value Nature of Interest Gross Income Source of Rental							
Number or Address			Received (Rental)	Income			
4456 Brisbane Way	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Sandra Stover			
#4, Oceanside, CA		Trust					

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

	Income Received							
Source of	Address	Business	Business Position	Gross Income	Consideration For Which			
Income		Activity		Received	Income Was Received			
USMC	Regional Contracting		Contracting Officer	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Spouse's Income			
	Camp Pendleton		(Spouse)					

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

Gifts

		Gifts			
Name of Source	Address	Business Activity	Date	Value	Description of Gift
CA New Car Dealers Association	Sacramento, CA		3/13/13	\$70.98	Food/Drik[sic]
CTIA – The Wireless Association	Washington, DC	Wireless Industry Trade Association	4/24/13	\$64.18	Reception
Farmer's Group, Inc.	Sacramento, CA		4/9/13	\$63.95	Food/drink
Del Mar Thoroughbred Club	Del Mar, CA		7/17/13	\$440.00	Admission/Room/Parking
State Farm	Sacramento, CA		4/16/13	\$58.20	Food/drink
Tri-City Medical Center	Vista, CA	Moonlight Cultural Foundation Golf Classic	9/30/13	\$200.00	Green Fees
			TOTAL	\$897.31	

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

Travel Payments, Advances, And Reimbursements

	Trave	el Payments, Advanc	ce, And Reimbursemen	its	
Name of Source	City and State	Business Activity	Dates	Amount	Travel Destination
National Association	Los Angeles,		10/25/13 –	\$723.46	Scholarship. Latino
of Latino Elected and	CA		10/27/13		Legislative Summit on
Appointed Officials					Health
CA Federation on the	San Francisco,		10/29/13 –	\$502.35	CFEE: Roundtable
Environment and the	CA		10/30/13		Conference on Water
Economy					
CA Federation on the	San Francisco,		4/25/13 – 4/27/13	\$384.61	CFEE: Roundtable on
Environment and the	CA				Energy Conference
Economy					
EdVoice Institute	Sacramento,		8/1/13 – 8/2/13	\$515.20	Discussant/Panelist :
	CA				Ed Voice Symposium
					for Legislators
State Legislative	Centerville,	UVA: Emerging	7/8/13 – 7/11/13	\$3,942.38	Participated in
Leaders Foundation	MA	Leaders Program			Program/Class:
					Reimbursement for
					room/board;
					tuition/fees; travel and
					dinner
San Diego County	San Diego, CA		1/10/13 – 12/18/13	\$4,070.00	Airport parking for
Regional Airport					travel to/from Floor
Authority					Sessions in
					Sacramento
			TOTAL	\$10,138.00	

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

2012 - State Personal Financial Disclosure

Investments

2012: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments

2012: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2012, filed 3/13/13]

Interest In Real Property

Interest in Real Property (Including Rental Income)											
Assessor's Parcel Number	Fair Market Value	Nature of Interest	Gross Income	Source of							
or Address			Received (Rental)	Rental Income							
4985 Calle Arquero,	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust	None	None							
Oceanside, CA											
4456 Brisbane Way #4,	\$100,000 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of Trust	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Sandra Stover							
Oceanside, CA											

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2012, filed 3/13/13]

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

	Income Received									
Source of	Address	Business	Business Position	Gross Income	Consideration For Which					
Income		Activity		Received	Income Was Received					
USMC	Regional Contracting		Contracting	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Spouse's Income					
	Camp Pendleton		Officer (Spouse)							

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2012, filed 3/13/13]

Gifts

	Gifts										
Name of Source	Address	Business Activity	Date	Value	Description of Gift						
TechNet		CA Policy Conference and Tech Academy	12/12/12	\$237.83	Lodging, Food/Drinks						
John A. Perez for Assembly 2012	Los Angeles, CA		12/2/12	\$85.80	Personalized Bowl						
			TOTAL	\$323.63							

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2012, filed 3/13/13]

Travel Payments, Advances, And Reimbursements

2012: Chávez Did Not Report Any Travel Payments, Advances, Or Reimbursements. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2012, filed 3/13/13]

2011 - State Personal Financial Disclosure

Investments

2011: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments

2011: Chávez Did Not Report Any Investments. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2011, filed 3/9/12]

Interest In Real Property

Interest in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

Assessor's Parcel	Fair Market Value	Nature of Interest	Gross Income	Source of Rental
Number or Address			Received (Rental)	Income
4985 Calle Arquero,	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of	None	None
Oceanside, CA		Trust		
4456 Brisbane Way #4	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Ownership/Deed of	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Sandra Stover
		Trust		

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2011, filed 3/9/12]

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

		Inco	me Received		
Source of Income	Address	Business Activity Business Position		Gross Income Received	Consideration For Which Income Was Received
USMC		Retired Military/Colonel	Colonel	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Pension
USMC	Regional Contracting Camp Pendleton		Contracting Officer (Spouse)	\$10,001 - \$100,000	Spouse's Income

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2011, filed 3/9/12]

Gifts

2011: Chávez Did Not Report Any Gifts. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2011, filed 3/9/12]

Travel Payments, Advances, And Reimbursements

2011: Chávez Did Not Report Any Travel Payments, Advances, Or Reimbursements. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2011, filed 3/9/12]

Appendix II – Campaign Finance

Items of Interest

- ✓ Chávez's campaign committees raised more than \$1.85 million and spent more than \$1.47 million over the course of his entire career.
- ✓ Chávez received more than \$600,000 in independent expenditures during his first Assembly campaign.
- ✓ Chávez received almost 5 times as much money from companies and PACs than he did from individuals over the course of his state-level career.
- ✓ Chávez only raised \$112,000 when he ran for US Senate in 2016 and suspended his campaign after having spent more than he raised.
- ✓ Chávez received a substantial amount of contributions from the oil and gas and the pharmaceutical industries.
 - Chávez received \$71,850 from the oil and gas industry during his time in the California State Assembly.
 - Chávez received \$28,133.99 from the pharmaceutical industry during his time in the California State Assembly.

Toplines

Chávez's Campaign Committees Raised More Than \$1.85 Million And Spent More Than \$1.47 Million Over The Course Of His Entire Career

		(Chávez Camp	oaign Commi	ittee Funds T	Coplines			
		(Contributions				Disburseme	nts	
							Operating	Ref	funds
Cycle	Total	Indivs	Companies	Cmtes	Other	Total	Exps	Indiv	Cmtes
2018 -									
House	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018 -									
Assembly	\$177,900.00	\$19,350.00	\$60,700.00	\$82,700.00	\$15,150.00	\$112,875.64	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00
2016 -									
Senate	\$119,881.00	\$113,602.00	\$0.00	\$3,400.00	\$0.00	\$123,171.00	\$123,171.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
2016 –	*****	***	A=0.740.40	402 400 00	****	**************	****	40.00	40.00
Assembly	\$205,687.50	\$30,200.00	\$70,512.42	\$83,600.00	\$21,375.09	\$199,502.49	\$131,562.18	\$0.00	\$0.00
2014 –	# 42 £ 100 5 2	#22.225.00	#100 70 4 00	#1 52 <0 5 00	#20.154.72	#20 <i>5</i> < < 2.22	Фаао оаа ас	Φ2 000	#1 000
Assembly	\$436,109.52	\$32,325.00	\$189,734.00	\$173,685.80	\$39,164.73	\$295,663.23	\$320,033.36	\$2,000	\$1,000
2012 –	\$380,656.92	\$102,060.10	\$110,821.00	\$110,875.82	\$16,950.00	\$386,477.29	\$343,481.89	\$1,250	\$0.00
Assembly 2008 –	\$300,030.92	\$102,000.10	\$110,821.00	\$110,673.62	\$10,930.00	\$360,477.29	\$343,461.69	\$1,230	\$0.00
Mayor	\$211,570.36	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$103,780.15	N/A	N/A	N/A
2006 -	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Council	\$81,837.99	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$82,501.09	N/A	N/A	N/A
2004 -									
Mayor	\$180,996.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$105,241.19	N/A	N/A	N/A
2002 -						·			
Council	\$64,003.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$63,462.85	N/A	N/A	N/A
Career	1,858,642.87					1,472,674.93			

[California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18; FEC Committee Candidate and Committee Viewer, accessed 2/20/18]

NOTE: As of February 2018, Chávez had not yet been required to file any campaign finance data with the FEC for his 2018 House race.

2002 - 2018: Raised \$1,851,442.87

2002 – 2018: Chávez Raised A Total Of \$1,851,442.87. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18; FEC Committee Candidate and Committee Viewer, accessed 2/20/18]

Entire Career: Spent \$1,472,674.93

2002 – 2018: Chávez's Campaign Committee Spent \$1,472,674.93. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18; FEC Committee Candidate and Committee Viewer, accessed 2/20/18]

Federal-Level Career: Raised \$119,881

2015 – 2016: Chávez Raised A Total Of \$119,881. [FEC Committee Candidate and Committee Viewer, accessed 2/20/18]

Chávez Raised A Total Of \$113,602 From Individual Contributions To His Federal-Level Campaign Committee From 2015 To 2016. [FEC Committee Candidate and Committee Viewer, accessed 2/20/18]

Chávez Raised A Total Of \$3,400 From Committees To His Federal-Level Campaign Committee From 2015 To 2016. [FEC Committee Candidate and Committee Viewer, accessed 2/20/18]

Federal-Level Career: Spent \$123,171

2015 – 2016: Chávez's Campaign Committee Spent \$123,171. [FEC Committee Candidate and Committee Viewer, accessed 2/20/18]

State-Level Career: Raised \$1,193,153.94

2011 – **2018**: Chávez Raised A Total Of \$757,044.42. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

Chávez Raised A Total Of \$183,935.10 From Individual Contributions To His State-Level Campaign Committees From 2011 To 2018. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

Chávez Raised A Total Of \$431,767.42 From Companies To His State-Level Campaign Committee From 2011 To 2018. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

Chávez Raised A Total Of \$450,861.62 From Committees To His State-Level Campaign Committee From 2011 To 2018. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

State-Level Career: Spent \$994,518.65

2011 – 2018: Chávez's Campaign Committee Spent \$994,518.65. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

Key Overall Contributors: State-Level Campaigns

Chávez Received \$71,850 From The Oil And Gas Industry

2018: Chávez Received \$27,000 From The Oil And Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$20,800 From Oil And Gas Companies. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$20,150 From The Oil And Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From The Oil & Gas Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Chávez Received \$28,133.99 From The Pharmaceutical Industry

2018: Chávez Received \$6,500 From Pharmaceutical Companies And PACs. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$4,000 From The Pharmaceutical Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$16,633.99 From Pharmaceutical Companies. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$1,000 From The Pharmaceutical Industry. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Independent Expenditures: State-Level Campaigns

2012: Chávez Received More Than \$500,000 In Independent Expenditures From The Spirit Of Democracy PAC

2012: Chávez Received \$579,213.32 In Independent Expenditures From Spirit Of Democracy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/10/18]

2012: Chávez Received More Than \$30,000 In Independent Expenditures From The California Senior Advocates League PAC

2012: Chávez Received \$31,885.32 In Independent Expenditures From The California Senior Advocates League PAC. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/13/18]

2012: Chávez Received More Than \$6,000 In Independent Expenditures From The Hispanic 100 PAC

2012: Chávez Received \$6,172.96 In Independent Expenditures From Hispanic 100. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/13/18]

2018 - House Race

2018: Chávez's House Campaign Had Not Yet Been Required To File Any Contributions Or Expenditures With The FEC As Of February 2018

As of February 2018, Chávez Had Not Yet Been Required To File Any Contributions Or Expenditures With The FEC. [FEC Committee and Candidate Financial Summary, accessed 2/20/18]

2018 - Assembly Race

Chávez's Campaign Raised \$177,900.00 And Spent \$112,875.64

	Chávez 2018 Assembly Campaign Committee Funds											
	Total Contributions Total Disbursements						nents					
							Operating Refunds		unds			
Year	Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Other	Total	Expends	Indiv	Cmtes			
Total:	\$177,900.00	\$19,350.00	\$60,700	\$82,700	\$15,150	\$112,875.64	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00			

[California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

Chávez Campaign Key Contributors

2018: Chávez Received \$27,000 From The Oil And Gas Industry

2018: Chávez Received \$8,800 From The Chevron Corporation. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$8,800 From Sempra Energy, A Natural Gas Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$6,400 From The Pacific Gas & Electric Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$2,000 From Tesoro Companies, A Petroleum Refining Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$1,000 From The Bloom Energy Corporation, An Energy Company That Utilizes Hydrocarbons. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$6,500 From Pharmaceutical Companies And PACs

2018: Chávez Received \$2,500 From Genentech, A Pharmaceutical Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$1,500 From A Pharmaceutical PAC. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$1,500 From Gilead Sciences, A Pharmaceutical Company.

2018: Chávez Received \$1,000 From Takeda Pharmaceuticals. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$5,750 In Monetary And Non-Monetary Contributions From The California Building Industry Association

2018: Chávez Received \$2,000 In Monetary Contributions And \$3,750 In Non-Monetary Contributions From The California Building Industry's Trade Association. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2018: Chávez Received \$2,500 From Charter Schools PAC

2018: Chávez Received \$2,500 From Charter Schools PAC. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016 - Senate Race

Chávez's 2016 Senate Campaign Raised \$119,881.00 And Spent \$123,171.00

	Chávez 2016 Congressional Campaign Committee Funds									
	Total Contributions				Total Disbursements					
			Other	Party	Operating Refunds			nds		
	Total	Indivs	Cmtees	Cmtees	Total	Expenditures	Indivs	Cmtes		
2016	\$119.881.00	\$113,602.00	\$3,400.00	\$0.00	\$123,171.00	\$123,171	\$0.00	\$0.00		

[FEC Committee Candidate and Committee Viewer, accessed 2/20/18]

2016: Chávez Loaned His Campaign \$2,500. [FEC Candidate and Committee Financial Summary, accessed 2/20/18]

2016: Chávez Owed \$35,085.00 At The End Of His Campaign And As Of February 2018, He Still Owed That Money. [FEC Candidate and Committee Financial Summary, accessed 2/20/18]

2015: Chávez Accepted At Least \$3,900 From The Tobacco Industry

Sacramento Bee: Chávez Accepted "\$3,900 Or More" In Campaign Donations From The Tobacco Industry. "The American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network is disappointed, but not surprised, to learn money is pouring in from the tobacco industry to influence California politicians and fund political action committees. In most cases, the contributions were the maximum allowed by law. Our nonprofit cancer group is calling on elected officials and PACs to stop the cycle of addiction and death by returning dirty tobacco money. Philip Morris USA Inc. and its affiliates, including Altria, report making more than a dozen contributions totaling \$175,700 in just the first quarter of 2015. State Assembly members Travis Allen, Catharine Baker, Rocky Chávez and Don Wagner, and state Sens. Isadore Hall, Mike Morrell and Sharon Runner all took \$3,900 or more." [Sacramento Bee, Jim Knox, 5/18/15]

Chávez Hosted Fundraisers For His State Office While Running For U.S. Senate

Chávez Collected A "Tithing" For His State Campaign While He Was Running For U.S. Senate. "[I]t was curious to see that Chávez is headlining a fundraiser tonight for his state campaign. Chávez said the listing is no mistake. The money he raises will go to GOP colleagues facing challenges elsewhere. 'I call it my tithing,' he quipped. 'I am running for U.S. Senate,' he said. 'I am all in.' Chávez said he's informed the leadership that this would be his last state fundraiser. 'I have to focus on the Senate,' he said. 'There are only 24 hours in the day." [Sacramento Bee, 4/26/15]

Chávez Received Two RFAI Letters From The FEC For Violations

2016: Chávez Received A Request For Additional Information For Failing To Terminate His Campaign Committee. "This notice requests information essential to full public disclosure of your federal election campaign finances. [...] Based on information you provided in your Termination Report, it appears that you have not yet met the requirements for terminating your committee. According to 11 CFR § 102.3(a), a committee must satisfy the following conditions before it can terminate: (a) it can no longer receive any contributions or make any disbursements that would otherwise qualify it as a political committee; (b) it must extinguish or settle all outstanding debts and obligations (see 11 CFR §§ 116.1(a), 116.2(a) and 116.7 for debt settlement option); and (c) it must submit a statement explaining how it plans to dispose of residual funds (i.e., funds that remain in its account). (11 CFR § 102.3(a)) Please provide clarifying information regarding outstanding debts disclosed on your Termination Report. Please be advised that you must continue to file reports until your committee has fully satisfied the conditions of 11 CFR § 102.3(a) and you have received FEC's approval to terminate." [FEC Letter, 10/24/16]

2017: Chávez Received A Request For Additional Information For Failing To File His April 2017 Quarterly Report. "It has come to the attention of the Federal Election Commission that you may have failed to file the above referenced report of receipts and disbursements or failed to file a report covering the entire reporting period as required by the Federal Election Campaign Act, as amended. 52 U.S.C. §30104(a) It is important that you file this report immediately. [...] The failure to timely file a complete report may result in civil money penalties, an audit or legal enforcement action. The civil money penalty calculation for late reports does not include a grace period and begins on the day following the due date for the report." [FEC Letter, 5/1/17]

2016 – Assembly Race

Chávez's Campaign Raised \$183,112.42 And Spent \$215,390.95

	Chávez 2016 Assembly Campaign Committee Funds (#1383079)											
Total Contributions						Total Disbursements						
				Committee			Operating Refunds					
	Total	Indivs	Companies	S	Other	Total	Exps	Indivs	Cmtes			
Total:	\$198,487.50	\$29,100.00	\$65,412.42	\$78,400.00	\$25,575.09	\$199,502.49	\$131,562.18	\$0.00	\$0.00			

[California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

	Chávez 2016 Assembly Campaign Committee Funds (#1373972)										
Total Contributions						Total Disbursements					
							Operating	nds			
	Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Other	Total	Expenditures	Indivs	Cmtes		
Total:	\$7,200.00	\$1,100.00	\$5,100.00	\$1,000.00	\$0.00	\$15,888.46	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00		

[California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

Chávez Campaign Key Contributors

2016: Chávez Received \$20,800 From Oil And Gas Companies

2016: Chávez Received \$8,400 From Chevron. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$8,400 From Pacific Gas And Electric. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$1,500 From Phillips 66, An Energy Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$2,500 From Sempra Energy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$4,000 From The Pharmaceutical Industry

2016: Chávez Received \$2,500 From Genentech, A Pharmaceutical Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$1,500 From Amgen, A Pharmaceutical Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$1,000 From Big Republican Donors

2016: Chávez Received \$1,000 From Koch Industries. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$8,400 From Charles Munger, Jr. A Wealthy Republican Donor. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014 – Assembly Race

Chávez's Campaign Raised \$436,109.52 And Spent \$295,663.23

	Chávez 2014 Assembly Campaign Committee Funds									
	Total Contributions						Total Disbursements			
							Operating		Refunds	
	Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Other	Total	Expenditures	Indivs	Cmtes	Corp
Total:	\$436, 109.52	\$32,325.00	\$189,834.00	\$174,785.80	\$39,164.73	\$295,663.23	\$320,033.36	\$2,000	\$1,000	\$1,000

[California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18; California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

2014: Chávez Received Almost \$20,000 In Gifts

2014: Chávez Accepted \$19,408 In Gifts In 2014, Was The Number One Recipient Amongst San Diego's State Lawmakers. "San Diego's 11 state lawmakers accepted more than 300 gifts last year, with a combined retail value of more than \$84,000. Assemblyman Rocky Chávez topped the list of San Diego gift recipients with \$19,408 in freebies – more than all four legislative leaders." [Voice of San Diego, 3/27/15]

Chávez Took \$12,552 Trip To Chile Paid For By California Foundation On The Environment And The Economy. "Chávez's biggest gift was a \$12,552 trip to Chile paid for by the California Foundation on the Environment and the Economy, a group that 'draws money from unions and corporations,' according to the Sacramento Bee. Hey, the trip was just research. In his recent campaign announcement for U.S. Senate, the first-

term Republican cited having 'been around the world a few times' as part of his qualifications." [Voice of San Diego, <u>3/27/15</u>]

Chávez Campaign Key Contributors

2014: Chávez Received \$6,000 From A For-Profit Education Corporation Whose Subsidiary Sued By The California Attorney General For Engaging In Unlawful Marketing

2014: Chávez Received \$6,000 From Bridgepoint Education. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2017: California AG Becerra Sued Ashford University, Whose Parent Company Was Bridgepoint Education, For, "Engaging In Unlawful Marketing, Sales And Debt Collection Practices." "California Attorney General Xavier Becerra on Wednesday filed a lawsuit against Ashford University, a for-profit chain, and parent company Bridgepoint Education, accusing it of engaging in unlawful marketing, sales and debt collection practices. 'Ashford University preyed on veterans and people of modest means. This for-profit college illegally misled students about their educational prospects and unfairly saddled them with debt,' Becerra said. 'College is too pivotal and precious to let a predatory for-profit company swindle our daughters and sons out of the higher education they'll need to get ahead.'" [Washington Post, 11/29/17]

2014: Chávez Received \$20,150 From The Oil And Gas Industry.

2014: Chávez Received \$8,200 From Pacific Gas And Electric. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$4,100 From Chevron. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$7,350 From Sempra Energy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$500 From The California Independent Oil Marketers, A Trade Association. . [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$16,633.99 From Pharmaceutical Companies

2014: Chávez Received \$5,000 From Genentech, A Pharmaceutical Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$3,133.99 From AstraZeneca, A Biopharmaceutical Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$3,000 From Amgen, A Pharmaceutical Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$2,500 From Takeda Pharmaceuticals. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$2,000 From Astellas Pharma. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$1,000 From Allergan, A Pharmaceutical Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$4,100 From Philip Morris, A Tobacco Company

2014: Chávez Received \$4,100 From Philip Morris, A Tobacco Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$5,100 From Big Republican Donors

2014: Chávez Received \$4,100 From Wealthy Republican Donor Charles Munger, Jr.[California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2014: Chávez Received \$1,000 From Koch Industries. . [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012 – Assembly Race

Chávez's Campaign Raised \$380,656.92 And Spent \$386,477.29

	Chávez 2012 Assembley [Sic] Campaign Committee Funds							
Total Contributions								
	Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Loans	Other		
Total:	\$377,751.92	\$102,060.10	\$92,921.00	\$98,475.82	\$57,000.00	\$13,050.00		

[California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

	Chávez 2012 Assembly Campaign Committee Funds								
Total Contributions									
	Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Loans	Other			
Total:	\$34,200.00	\$0.00	\$19,400.00	\$9,400.00	\$0.00	\$5,400.00			

[California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Chávez 2012 Assembly Campaign Committee Funds						
Total Disbursements						
		Refunds				
Total	Operating Expenditures	Indivs	Cmtes			
\$386,477.29	\$343,481.89	\$1,250.00	\$0.00			

[California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/20/18]

2014: Chávez's Campaign Received A Warning Letter From California's Fair Political Practices Commission For Violating The Political Reform Act By Neglecting To Report Certain Large Contributions.

"The audit found that \$5,000 Reports were not filed for three contributions received totaling \$51,800 and an Election Cycle Report (ECR) was not filed for a \$1,000 contribution received. Section 85309 of the Act requires that ECRs be filed when a contribution of \$1,000 or more is received during an election cycle and also requires that \$5,000 Reports be filed when a contribution of \$5,000 or more is received at any time other than during an election cycle." [FPPC Warning Letter, 3/5/14]

The FPPC Decided To Let Chávez Off With A Warning. "Of the amount not reported on \$5,000 Reports, \$44,000 were loans from you that were reported on a semi-annual campaign statement filed within about two weeks of when the \$5,000 Reports were required to be filed. ECRs were filed for 57 contributions received totaling \$111,299. Therefore, we have decided to close this case with a warning letter." [FPPC Warning Letter, 3/5/14]

Chávez Campaign Key Contributors

2012: Chávez Received \$2,000 From A For-Profit Education Corporation Whose Subsidiary Sued By The California Attorney General For Engaging In Unlawful Marketing

2012: Chávez Received \$2,000 From Bridgepoint Education. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2017: California AG Becerra Sued Ashford University, Whose Parent Company Was Bridgepoint Education, For, "Engaging In Unlawful Marketing, Sales And Debt Collection Practices." "California Attorney General Xavier Becerra on Wednesday filed a lawsuit against Ashford University, a for-profit chain, and parent company Bridgepoint Education, accusing it of engaging in unlawful marketing, sales and debt collection practices. 'Ashford University preyed on veterans and people of modest means. This for-profit college illegally misled students about their educational prospects and unfairly saddled them with debt,' Becerra said. 'College is too pivotal and precious to let a predatory for-profit company swindle our daughters and sons out of the higher education they'll need to get ahead.'" [Washington Post, 11/29/17]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From Philip Morris, A Tobacco Company

2012: Chávez Received \$3.900 From Philip Morris. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From The Oil And Gas Industry

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From Sempra Energy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$1,000 From The Pharmaceutical Industry

2012: Chávez Received \$1,000 From AstraZeneca, A Pharmaceutical Company. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From Big Republican Donors

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From Wealthy Republican Donor Charles Munger, Jr. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

Chávez Independent Expenditures

2012: Chávez Received More Than \$500,000 In Independent Expenditures From Large California Republican Donor Charles Munger Jr.'s PAC, Spirit Of Democracy

2012: Chávez Received \$579,213.32 In Independent Expenditures From Spirit Of Democracy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/10/18]

San Diego Union Tribune: Chávez Received More Than \$500,000 In Campaign Ads And Research.

"Republican Assembly candidate Rocky Chávez has received a late cash infusion of more than \$500,000 from an independent expenditure group, Spirit of Democracy California, established with seed money from Charles Munger Jr. The \$521,000 in contributions to Chávez went to pay for radio airtime and production costs, campaign literature and mailings, polling and survey research and other expenses, according to state filings through Friday. The intraparty race was made possible by the new election system in which the top two candidates -- regardless of party -- advance to the November general election. Munger's father is a vice president at Warren Buffett's investment

firm. Munger has backed several candidates and causes. His sister, Molly Munger, is the chief financier of Proposition 38 that seeks to raise income taxes on most to pay for public schools and other programs." [San Diego Union Tribune, 11/4/12]

2012: Chávez Received \$579,213.32 In Independent Expenditures From Charles Munger, Jr.'s PAC, Spirit Of Democracy. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/10/18]

HEADLINE: Charles Munger, Jr. – Buying Elections With Daddy's Money. [Huffington Post, 10/8/12]

LA Times: Munger, 58, Son Of A Billionaire, Was "By Far The State Party's Biggest Benefactor." "A month after Charles Munger Jr. wrote his first \$100,000 check to a political campaign, he got a taste of the chronic rejection familiar to California's big Republican donors: The 2005 ballot measure he backed lost by a landslide. Yet Munger, the son of a billionaire, went on to spend almost \$78 million on scores of other campaigns. [...] 'If it weren't for Charles Munger, the California Republican Party would have been driven into the sea at this point,' said Kevin Spillane, a GOP strategist. A courtly academic who fancies bow ties and suspenders, Munger, 58, spent more than \$11 million last year to help put Republicans in Congress and the Legislature, making him by far the state party's biggest benefactor. His funding of Latino, female and moderate candidates has been crucial to the party's effort to shed its image as a league of conservative white men." [Los Angeles Times, 4/4/15]

LA Times: Munger Usually Backed Losing Candidates And Ballot Initiatives, Trying To, "Remak[e] California Republicanism In His Bow-Tied Image," According To Critics. "Munger, a former Santa Clara County Republican Party chairman, has made enemies within his own party too, in part by bankrolling moderates in primaries against conservatives. He infuriated Orange County party leaders by spending more than \$580,000 to try to bounce Republican Allan Mansoor from the state Assembly in 2012. The moderate Republican backed by Munger finished a distant third. Months later, his clash with conservatives spawned 'The Munger Games,' a blog devoted to bashing what it calls a 'one-man maelstrom of money intent on remaking California Republicanism in his bow-tied image.' [...] Much of Munger's money went to losers. But his funding of a few winners — such as Assembly members Catharine Baker in the Bay Area and David Hadley in the South Bay — was critical in denying Democrats a legislative supermajority." [Los Angeles Times, 4/4/15]

2012: Chávez Received \$3,900 From Charles Munger, Jr. In Individual Contributions [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/6/18]

2012: Chávez Received More Than \$30,000 In Independent Expenditures From The California Senior Advocates League PAC

2012: Chávez Received \$31,885.32 In Independent Expenditures From The California Senior Advocates League PAC. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/13/18]

2012: Chávez Received More Than \$6,000 In Independent Expenditures From The Hispanic 100 PAC

2012: Chávez Received \$6,172.96 In Independent Expenditures From Hispanic 100. [California Secretary of State Power Search, accessed 3/13/18]

2008 – Mayoral Race

Chávez's Campaign Raised \$211,570.36 And Spent \$103,780.15

"Friends of Rocky Chávez" City Council Campaign Committee Funds							
Total Contributions					Total Disbursements		
Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Other	Total		Refunds

							Operating Expenditures	Indivs	Cmtes
2007	\$40,492.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$3,139.07	N/A	N/A	N/A
2008	\$134,186.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$100,085.68	N/A	N/A	N/A
2009	\$36,892.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$555.40	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total:	\$211,570.36	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$103,780.15	N/A	N/A	N/A

[Chávez Campaign Disclosure Statements, 1/17/08; 4/9/09; 12/16/09]

2006 - City Council Race

Chávez's Campaign Raised \$81,837.99 And Spent \$82,501.09

	"Friends of Rocky" City Council Campaign Committee Funds								
Total Contributions				Total Disbursements					
							Operating	Ref	unds
	Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Other	Total	Expenditures	Indivs	Cmtes
2005	\$18,120.99	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$952.22	N/A	N/A	N/A
2006	\$63,717.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$81,548.87	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total:	\$81,837.99	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$82,501.09	N/A	N/A	N/A

[Chávez Campaign Disclosure Statements, 1/31/06; 1/27/07]

2004 - Mayoral Race

Chávez's Campaign Raised \$180,996.24 And Spent \$105,241.19

	"Rocky Chávez For Mayor Of Oceanside" Campaign Committee Funds								
	Total Contributions				Total Disbursements				
							Operating	Ref	unds
	Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Other	Total	Expenditures	Indivs	Cmtes
2004	\$93,917.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$99,883.21	N/A	N/A	N/A
2005	\$50,187.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$5,342.49	N/A	N/A	N/A
2006	\$36,892.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$15.49	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total:	\$180,996.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$105,241.19	N/A	N/A	N/A

[Chávez Campaign Disclosure Statements, 1/31/05; 1/31/06; 2/1/07]

2002 - City Council Race

Chávez's Campaign Raised \$64,003.34 And Spent \$63,462.85

	"Rocky 2002" City Council Campaign Committee Funds								
Total Contributions					Total Disbursements				
							Operating	Ref	unds
	Total	Indivs	Companies	Committees	Other	Total	Expenditures	Indivs	Cmtes
2002	\$64,303.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$60,426.62	N/A	N/A	N/A
2003	-300.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$3,036.23	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total:	\$64,003.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$63,462.85	N/A	N/A	N/A

[Chávez Campaign Disclosure Statements, 1/31/03]

Appendix III – Revolving Door

Top Lines

None Of Chávez's Staffers Entered The Revolving Door

None Of Chávez's Current Or Former State Assembly Staffers Were Recorded As Lobbyists

According To The Cal-Access Individual Lobbyists Database, None Of Chávez's Current Of Former Staffers Entered The Revolving Door. [California Secretary of State Cal-Access Database, accessed 2/22/18]

Appendix IV – Paid Media Summary

NOTE: Chávez does not seem to have any paid media as of March 2018.

Appendix V – Bill Sponsorships & Amendments

NOTE: There is no centralized database in which one can find California Assemblymembers' bill co-sponsorships, so that is an area for further research.

Toplines

Ch	Chávez Sponsorship Toplines								
Years	# of Sponsorships	# Became Law							
2017 - 2018	<u>28</u>	5							
2015 - 2016	<u>35</u>	<u>6</u>							
2013 - 2014	<u>31</u>	<u>9</u>							
TOTAL	94	20							

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

NOTE: Table updated as of 3/2/18. The Oceanside City Council does not keep a tally of council items.

Chávez Ca	reer Sponsorships By S	Subject
Subject	# Of Bills Sponsored	# Became Law
Education	28	3
Military/Veterans	24	9
Taxation	5	0
Crime	7	0
Labor/Jobs	7	1
Health Care	8	2
Environment	5	2
Transportation	3	0
Land/Development	2	1
Public Works	6	1
Children	5	1
Honorary	2	2

[California LegInfo, accessed <u>3/2/18</u>] *NOTE: Table updated as of 3/2/18*.

2017-2018

NOTE: Updated as of 3/2/18.

As of March 2018, Chávez Sponsored 28 Pieces Of Legislation, 5 Of Which Became Law

As of March 2018, Chávez Sponsored 28 Bills In The 2017-2018 California Legislature Regular Congressional Session, 5 Of Which Became Law. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/3/18]

Sponsored Bills By Subject

2017-2018 Sponsorships By Subject								
Subject	# Of Bills Sponsored	# Became Law						
Education	8	1						
Veterans/Military	9	5						
Crime	1	0						
Taxation	1	0						

Labor/Jobs	2	0
Health Care	2	0
Environment	1	0
Children	2	0
Public Works	4	0

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

Chávez Bills Sponsored With Floor Consideration Or More

As of March 2018, Chávez Sponsored 6 Pieces Of Legislation That Passed The House

As of March 2018, Chávez Sponsored 6 Pieces Of Legislation That Passed The House In The 2017-2018 California State Legislature Regular Congressional Session. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

	Chávez 2017-2018 Assembly Sponsorships With Floor Consideration Or More			
Date	Bill #	Title	Last Action	Last Action/ Effective Date
1/11/17	AB-153	Military fraud.	Chaptered	10/8/17
1/17/17	AB-172	Public postsecondary education: residency: dependents of armed forces members.	Chaptered	8/7/17
2/9/17	AB-376	Veterans benefits: veteran farmers or ranchers.	Chaptered	9/1/17
2/14/17	AB-547	California Prompt Payment Act: disabled veteran business enterprises.	Assembly – In Desk Process (Was Vetoed)	1/12/18
2/15/17	AB-671	Veterans: services.	Chaptered	9/1/17
5/2/17	ACR-82	Armed Forces Day.	Chaptered	6/13/17

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

In January 2017, Chávez Sponsored AB 153, Which Made Pretending To Be A Veteran A Misdemeanor Only If Done "With The Intent To Obtain Money, Property Or Other Tangible Benefit." "This bill would conform those provisions to the federal Stolen Valor Act of 2013, and impose a misdemeanor only if the prescribed actions described above are made fraudulently with the intent to obtain money, property, or other tangible benefit, as defined. The bill would expand the above-described crime related to misrepresentation to include a person who fraudulently represents himself or herself as a veteran or member of other specified armed forces with the intent to obtain money, property, or other tangible benefit. The bill would additionally make it a misdemeanor for a person to misrepresent himself or herself as a member or veteran of specified armed forces in connection with certain acts, such as, among other things, the forgery or use of falsified military documentation, or for purposes of employment or promoting a business, charity, or other endeavor, as prescribed." [AB 153, Votes, 10/8/17]

In January 2017, Chávez Sponsored AB 172, A Bill That Would Allow Military Families To Retain Residency For College Tuition, Even After Moving Out Of State. "This bill would extend that resident classification for designated dependents of transferred and retired members of the Armed Forces of the United States to those dependents who have been admitted to a public postsecondary institution before the transfer or retirement. The bill would request the Regents of the University of California to establish the same residency benefits as those established by this bill for students enrolled at the University of California." [AB 172, Votes, 8/7/17]

In February 2017, Chávez Sponsored AB 376, Which Aimed To Assist Veterans Who Wanted To Get Into The Agriculture Business. "This bill would, by July 1, 2018, require the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, the California Department of Veterans Affairs, and the California Department of Food and Agriculture, in consultation with the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Farm Service

Agency, and other federal agencies as needed, to identify and post specified information to assist veterans in entering farming or ranching careers." [AB 376, Votes, 9/1/17]

In February 2017, Chávez Sponsored AB 547, A Bill Which Sought To Facilitate Faster Payment For Disabled Veteran Small Businesses. "The California Prompt Payment Act requires a state agency that acquires property or services pursuant to a contract with a business, including any approved change order or contract amendment, to make payment to the person or business on the date required by contract and within 45 days of receipt of an undisputed invoice or be subject to a late payment penalty, as provided. The act applies to all state agencies. This bill would require state agencies to pay an undisputed invoice from a certified disabled veteran business enterprise that is also a small business, as defined, within 30 days of initial receipt." [AB 547, Votes, 9/15/17]

In February 2017, Chávez Sponsored AB 671, Which Authorized Veterans Memorial Districts To Provide Services Like Counseling, Case Management And Job Training To Vets And Their Families. "This bill would additionally authorize a veterans memorial district to provide funding to providers of supportive services that improve the quality of life for veterans and their families, including, but not limited to, counseling, case management, and employment training and placement, as provided." [AB 671, Votes, 9/1/17]

In May 2017, Chávez Sponsored ACR 82, A Measure That Would Mark May 20th As Armed Services Day. "This measure would honor and recognize the service and sacrifice made by members of the Armed Forces and their families on the occasion of Armed Forces Day on May 20, 2017." [ACR 82, Votes, 6/13/17]

Chávez Bills Sponsored With No Floor Consideration

As of March 2018, Chávez Sponsored 13 Pieces Of Legislation With No Floor Consideration

As of March 2018, Chávez Sponsored 13 Pieces Of Legislation With No Floor Consideration In The 2017-2018 California State Legislature Regular Congressional Session. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

Chávez 2017-2018 Assembly Bills Sponsored With No Floor Consideration			
Date			
Intro.	Bill #	Title	Last Action
1/18/17	AB-177	Child abuse and neglect: reporting	Assembly – Died - Public Safety
		Personal income taxes: credit:	
1/26/17	AB-230	dependent care.	Assembly - Died - Appropriations
1/26/17	AB-231	Subsidized child care: eligibility.	Assembly - Died - Human Services
2/14/17	AB-622	Library districts: report.	Assembly - Died - Local Government
		School libraries: county superintendent	
2/15/17	AB-698	of schools: report.	Assembly - Died - Education
2/15/17	AB-770	California Veterans Board.	Assembly – Died
2/16/17	AB-936	Postsecondary education.	Assembly – Died
2/16/17	AB-1051	Teacher credentialing: spouses of active duty members of the Armed Forces: expedited application process.	Assembly - Died - Education
2/16/17	AB-1169	Electricity: residential rates.	Assembly – Died
		Joint educational programs: Center for	-
2/17/17	AB-1213	International Education Synergy.	Assembly – Died
2/17/17	AB-1390	Academic employees: parental leave.	Assembly – Died
2/17/17	AB-1484	Local disaster councils.	Assembly – Died
		Director of the Department of Managed	
2/17/17	AB-1571	Health Care: seal.	Assembly – Died

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

2015-2016

Chávez Sponsored 35 Pieces Of Legislation, 6 Of Which Became Law

Chávez Sponsored 35 Bills In The 2015-2016 California State Legislature Regular Congressional Session, 6 Of Which Became Law. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

Sponsored Bills By Subject

2015-2016 Sponsorships By Subject				
Subject	# Of Bills Sponsored	# Became Law		
Education	11	1		
Veterans/Military	8	2		
Crime	5	0		
Taxation	4	0		
Labor/Jobs	4	1		
Health Care	3	1		
Environment	3	2		
Children	2	0		
Public Works	1	1		

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

Chávez Bills Sponsored With Floor Consideration Or More

Chávez Sponsored 16 Pieces Of Legislation That Passed The Assembly

Chávez Sponsored 16 Pieces Of Legislation That Passed The Assembly In The 2015-2016 California State Legislature Regular Congressional Session. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

Chávez 2015-2016 Assembly Sponsorships With Floor Consideration Or More				
Date	Bill #	Subject	Last Action	Last Action/ Effective Date
		Public postsecondary education: community	Carata Dial	
12/1/14	AB-13	colleges: exemptions from nonresident tuition.	Senate – Died – Education	11/30/16
		Public postsecondary education: exemption	Senate – Died –	
12/1/14	AB-27	from nonresident tuition.	Education	11/30/16
1/15/15	AB-149	Urban water management plans.	Chaptered	7/6/15
		California Disabled Veteran Business		
2/19/15	AB-413	Enterprise Program.	Chaptered	10/6/15
2/24/15	AB-583	Military service: employment protections.	Chaptered	8/12/15
			Senate – Died –	
2/26/15	AB-947	Controlled substances: firearms.	Appropriations	11/30/16
2/27/15	AB-1451	Workers' compensation: public employees.	Vetoed	1/15/16
			Senate – Died –	
1/25/16	AB-1706	Military fraud.	Appropriations	11/30/16
		California Victim Compensation Board:	Senate – Died –	
2/8/16	AB-1802	reorganization.	Appropriations	11/30/16

		State teachers' retirement: option		
2/10/16	AB-1875	beneficiaries: trusts	Chaptered	9/24/16
		Public postsecondary education: residency:	Senate – Died –	
2/12/16	AB-1936	dependents of armed forces members.	Appropriations	11/30/16
			Senate – Died	
2/19/16	AB-2574	Veteran farmers and ranchers.	Appropriations	11/30/16
			Senate – Died –	
2/19/16	AB-2723	Juvenile dependency: prostitution.	Appropriations	11/30/16
			Senate – Died – Human	
2/19/16	AB-2869	Dependent children: military notification.	Services	11/30/16
5/12/15	ACR-69	Health Care District Month.	Chaptered	6/26/15
		Interim Consolidated Storage Act of 2015:		
1/28/16	AJR-29	San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station.	Chaptered	8/16/16

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

In December 2014, Chávez Sponsored AB 13, A Bill That Would Allow All Vets To Attend College At The Resident Tuition Rate. The bill, "would additionally exempt nonresident students living in California and enrolled at a community college, as specified, who are covered individuals, as defined in a specified federal statute, using, or are intending to use, Federal GI Bill education benefits, as specified, to cover the costs associated with enrollment as a community college student." According to Chávez, "Offering in-state tuition will provide veterans the option of attending one of our great universities where they will contribute to both our local and state economies. Without this incentive, these men and women will likely choose schools elsewhere, taking their time, talent and skills with them." [AB 13, Votes, 5/28/15; Assemblymember Chávez, website, accessed 3/3/18]

In December 2014, Chávez Sponsored AB 27, Which Made Sure That Postsecondary Schools Were Compliant With GI Bill Requirements. The bill, "would require or request, as applicable, that the policies of each segment of public postsecondary education be updated and adopted to also ensure continued participation in GI Bill education benefits, as defined." [AB 27, Votes, 5/7/15]

In January 2015, Chávez Sponsored AB 149, Which Allowed Urban Water Suppliers To Provide Their Reports And Water Management Plans Later Than Originally Mandated. "Existing law, the Urban Water Management Planning Act, requires every public and private urban water supplier that directly or indirectly provides water for municipal purposes to prepare and adopt an urban water management plan and to update its plan once every 5 years on or before December 31 in years ending in 5 and zero, except as specified. [...] The act requires each urban water supplier to update and submit its 2015 plan to the department by July 1, 2016. This bill would require each urban water supplier to update and submit its 2020 plan to the department by July 1, 2021, and would require the department to submit the report to the Legislature for the 2015 plans by July 1, 2017, and the report for the 2020 plans by July 1, 2022." [AB 149, Votes, 7/6/15]

In February 2015, Chávez Sponsored AB 413, Which Allowed Families To Jointly Own Businesses Part Of The Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise Program. The bill would, "delete the provision that only allows a child or spouse to operate the business for purposes of the contracts entered into before death or certification of disability. The bill would clarify the scope and purpose of the provision authorizing a child or spouse to continue to operate a disabled veteran business enterprise for 3 years after the death or the certification of a permanent medical disability of a disabled veteran who was the majority owner of that enterprise." [AB 413, Votes, 10/6/15]

In February 2015, Chávez Sponsored AB 583, A Bill That Would Require Private Businesses To Allow Active Duty Members Back To Their Job Positions After Returning From Service. "Existing law provides protections for these persons during their period of military service with respect to their private employment rights upon return from service [...] This bill would reorganize these provisions, and would extend these protections to members of the National Guard of other states who are called to military service by their respective Governors or by the President of the United States, and who have left a position in private employment in California." Protections include: "the former employer shall restore the former employee to the former position or to a position of similar seniority, status, and pay without loss of retirement or other benefits, unless the employer's

circumstances have so changed as to make it impossible or unreasonable to do so, and shall not discharge the former employee from the position without cause within one year after restoring him or her to the position." [AB 583, Votes, 8/12/15]

In February 2015, Chávez Sponsored AB 947, A Bill That Made Drug Possession Felonies Punishable In County Jail Instead Of State Prison, Unless That Person Received An Enhancement. "Existing law makes it a felony, punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for 2, 3, or 4 years to unlawfully possess any amount of a substance containing cocaine base, cocaine, heroin, methamphetamine, or phencyclidine while armed with a loaded, operable firearm. This bill would instead make that felony punishable in a county jail. [...]
(2) Existing law imposes an enhancement of 3, 4, or 5 years on the sentence of a person who is personally armed with a firearm in the commission of a violation of specified controlled substance offenses. This bill would require the enhancement to be served in state prison." [AB 947, Votes, 2/26/15]

In February 2015, Chávez Sponsored AB 1451, A Bill That Extends Disability Pay, Normally Given To Peace Officers And Firefighters, To City Lifeguards. "Existing law provides that certain peace officers, firefighters, and other specified local public employees are entitled to a leave of absence without loss of salary while disabled by injury or illness arising out of and in the course of employment. The leave of absence is in lieu of temporary disability payments or maintenance allowance payments otherwise payable under the workers' compensation system. This bill would extend this leave of absence entitlement to lifeguards employed year round on a regular, full-time basis by the City of Oceanside." [AB 1451, Votes, 7/15/15]

In January 2016, Chávez Sponsored AB 1706, Which Made Pretending To Be A Veteran A Misdemeanor Only If Done "With The Intent To Obtain Money, Property Or Other Tangible Benefit." "This bill would conform those provisions to the federal Stolen Valor Act of 2013, and impose a misdemeanor only if the prescribed actions described above are made with the intent to obtain money, property, or other tangible benefit, as defined. The bill would expand the above-described crime related to misrepresentation to include a person who falsely represents himself or herself as a veteran or member of other specified armed forces with the intent to obtain money, property, or other tangible benefit. The bill would additionally make it a misdemeanor for a person to misrepresent himself or herself as a member or veteran of specified armed forces in connection with certain acts, such as, among other things, the forgery or use of falsified military documentation, or for purposes of employment or promoting a business, charity, or other endeavor, as prescribed." [AB 1706, Votes, 3/8/16]

In February 2016, Chávez Sponsored AB 1802, Which Would Appoint A Crime Rights Expert And A Medical Professional To The California Victim Compensation Board, As Well As A Special Master To Hold Hearings. "This bill would add 2 members to the board who would be appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of, the Governor. One new member would be an expert, as defined, in the rights of crime victims and the other new member would be a physician, psychiatrist, or psychologist with expertise in treating or providing services to crime victims. [...] is bill would create a Special Master who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Governor and would require the Special Master, instead of the board, to hold a hearing for specified claims and to be bound by specified factual findings and credibility determinations." [AB 1802, Votes, 8/3/16]

In February 2016, Chávez Sponsored AB 1875, A Bill That would Establish A Trust For Disabled Teachers. According to California's State Teachers' Retirement System, the bill, "Allows CalSTRS Defined Benefit (DB) Program members and Cash Balance (CB) Benefit Program participants to designate a specific type of trust established for a disabled individual (often called a 'special needs trust') to be an option beneficiary or annuity beneficiary and receive a benefit for the duration of the disabled individual's lifetime." [AB 1875, Votes, 9/24/16]

In February 2016, Chávez Sponsored AB 1936, A Bill That Would Allow Military Families To Retain Residency For College Tuition, Even After Moving Out Of State. "This bill would extend that resident classification for designated dependents of transferred and retired members of the Armed Forces of the United States to those dependents who have been admitted to a public postsecondary institution before the transfer or retirement. The bill would request the Regents of the University of California to establish the same residency benefits as those established by this bill for students enrolled at the University of California." [AB 1936, Votes, 2/12/16]

In February 2016, Chávez Sponsored AB 2574, Which Developed A New Veteran Farmer and Rancher Outreach and Assistance Plan. "This bill would require state departments, including, but not limited to, the Department of Food and Agriculture, the Labor and Workforce Development Agency, and the Department of Veterans Affairs, to develop, by July 1, 2017, a New Veteran Farmer and Rancher Outreach and Assistance Plan to disseminate information to veterans in California about, among other things, federal and state veteran agricultural education, training, and other assistance programs, as provided. The bill would authorize other public or private sector resources to be included in that dissemination. The bill would also make findings and declarations in this regard." [AB 2574, Votes, 6/15/16]

In February 2016, Chávez Sponsored AB 2723, A Bill Which Put Child Prostitutes Under The Jurisdiction Of The Juvenile Court. "Existing law establishes the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, which may adjudge certain children to be dependents of the court under certain circumstances, including when the child is abused, a parent or guardian fails to adequately supervise or protect the child, as specified, or a parent or guardian fails to provide the child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, or medical treatment. [...] This bill would additionally include a child within the dependency jurisdiction of the juvenile court if the child solicits or engages in any act of prostitution or loiters in a public place with the intent to commit prostitution, and the child's parent or guardian has failed to protect the child. The bill would state that these provisions are declaratory of existing law." [AB 2723, Votes, 3/18/16]

In February 2016, Chávez Sponsored AB 2869, Which Would Require Social Workers To Contact Military Family Advocacy Programs When Military Children Were Put Under The Jurisdiction Of The Juvenile Court. "This bill would require a social worker, when he or she is conducting that investigation, to ascertain whether the parent or guardian of the child, or that person's spouse, is a member of the Armed Forces, as specified. The bill would require the social worker to notify the applicable military Family Advocacy Program when there is an open investigation, relating to a military parent or guardian, or a military spouse of the parent or guardian, to determine if a child has been abused or neglected." [AB 2869, Votes, 3/18/16]

In May 2015, Chávez Sponsored ACR 69, Which Named May As Health Care District Month. "This measure would recognize the essential role that health care districts have in the State of California and would proclaim the month of May 2015 as Health Care District Month in California." [ACR 69, Votes, 6/26/15]

In January 2016, Chávez Sponsored AJR 29, A Measure Urging The Department Of Energy To Move Nuclear Waste Out Of San Onofre. "This measure would urge the passage of the Interim Consolidated Storage Act of 2015 and urge the United States Department of Energy to implement the prompt and safe relocation of spent nuclear fuel from the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station to a licensed and regulated interim consolidated storage facility." [AJR 29, Summary, 8/16/16]

Chávez Bills Sponsored With No Floor Consideration

Chávez Sponsored 19 Pieces Of Legislation With No Floor Consideration

Chávez Sponsored 19 Pieces Of Legislation With No Floor Consideration In The 2015-2016 California State Legislature Regular Congressional Session. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

	Chávez 2015-2016 Assembly Bills Sponsored With No Floor Consideration					
Date						
Intro.	Bill#	Subject	Last Action			
		State employees: reinstatement after				
12/15/14	AB-64	military service.	Assembly – Died – Appropriations			
		Personal income taxes: exclusion:				
2/13/15	AB-321	servicemembers.	Assembly – Died – Revenue and Taxation			
2/13/15	AB-344	Medi-Cal.	Assembly – Died – Appropriations			

2/19/15	AB-412	Special education: nonverbal pupils.	Assembly – Died – Education
2/19/15	AB-414	Office of Rural Health.	Assembly – Died
		Green Tariff Shared Renewables	
2/19/15	AB-415	Program.	Assembly – Died
		Certificated employees: evaluation and	
2/19/15	AB-416	assessment.	Assembly – Died
2/25/15	AB-733	Crimes: prostitution.	Assembly – Died – Public Safety
		School accountability: local control	
		and accountability plans: state	
		priorities: teacher professional	
2/27/15	AB-1226	development.	Assembly – Died – Appropriations
2/27/15	AB-1248	Teachers: permanent status.	Assembly – Died – Education
		Community colleges: Community	
		College Career Technical Education	
2/27/15	AB-1474	Bond Act.	Assembly – Died – Education
2/18/16	AB-2338	Income taxes: returns: due dates.	Assembly – Died – Revenue and Taxation
2/19/16	AB-2407	Workers' compensation.	Assembly – Died – Insurance
2/19/16	AB-2574	Veteran farmers and ranchers.	Assembly - Died
2/19/16	AB-2676	Income taxes: credit: dependent care.	Assembly – Died – Appropriations
		Subsidized child care: limit on	
2/19/16	AB-2677	services.	Assembly – Died – Human Services
		Public postsecondary education:	
		Donahoe Higher Education Act: 4-year	
2/19/16	AB-2786	baccalaureate degree.	Assembly – Died – Appropriations
		Student financial aid: Middle Class	
		Scholarship Program: private nonprofit	
2/19/16	AB-2787	postsecondary educational institutions.	Assembly – Died – Education
2/19/16	AB-2811	Vehicles: nuisance abatement.	Assembly – Died – Public Safety

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

2013-2014

Chávez Sponsored 31 Pieces Of Legislation, 9 Of Which Became Law

Chávez Sponsored 31 Bills In The 2013-2014 California Legislature Regular Congressional Session, 9 Of Which Became Law. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

Sponsored Bills By Subject

2013-2014 Sponsorships By Subject				
Subject	# Of Bills Sponsored	# Became Law		
Education	9	1		
Veterans/Military	7	2		
Health Care	3	1		
Transportation	3	0		
Land/Development	2	1		
Honorary	2	2		
Crime	1	0		
Labor/Jobs	1	0		
Environment	1	0		
Public Works	1	0		
Children	1	1		

Chávez Bills Sponsored With Floor Consideration Or More

Chávez Sponsored 11 Pieces Of Legislation That Passed The Assembly

Chávez Sponsored 11 Pieces Of Legislation That Passed The Assembly In The 2013-2014 California Legislature Regular Congressional Session. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

	Chávez 2013-2014 Assembly Sponsorships With Floor Consideration Or More				
Date	Bill #	Title	Last Action	Last Action/ Effective Date	
2/7/13	AB-258	State agencies: veterans.	Chaptered	9/6/13	
2/15/13	AB-413	Foster care: specialized foster care homes.	Chaptered	8/13/13	
2/19/13	AB-468	Medi-Cal: nondesignated public hospitals.	Senate – Died – Rules	11/30/14	
2/20/13	AB-498	Medi-Cal	Chaptered	10/10/13	
		Veterans' homes of California:			
2/20/13	AB-614	reimbursement rates.	Chaptered	9/27/14	
2/21/13	AB-717	Veterans.	Chaptered	10/10/13	
2/22/13	AB-1058	San Diego County Regional Airport Authority.	Chaptered	8/12/13	
		Community college employee: leaves of			
2/5/14	AB-1606	absence.	Chaptered	6/25/14	
			Senate – Died –		
2/20/14	AB-2201	Vehicles: driver's license: selective service.	Appropriate	11/30/14	
1/23/13	ACR-8	Abraham Lincoln's birthday.	Chaptered	3/1/13	
		Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial			
3/21/13	ACR-41	Bridge.	Chaptered	8/5/13	

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

In February 2013, Chávez Sponsored AB 258, A Bill That Would Further Explain The Definition Of "Veteran," So That More People Can Receive Benefits. "Updating question 'Are you a veteran?' to 'Have you ever served in the military?' It is assumed that many non-deployed veterans, particularly female veterans, are not checking the box 'Are you a veteran' when asked. This is due in part to the belief that a person is not a veteran unless they have been deployed. Many of these veterans still qualify for Federal Assistance, and are therefore being deprived of services. This bill simplifies the question with the hope of reaching more veterans." [AB 258, Votes, 8/13/13; Assemblyman Chávez's Official Website, accessed 3/6/18]

In February 2013, Chávez Sponsored AB 413, Which Would Expand A Foster Home's Eligibility For Becoming Specialized For Children With Special Health Care Needs. "Existing law permits a licensed small family home, except as specified, to accept more than 2 foster children under certain conditions, including that, if 4 or more foster children are physically present in the facility, on-call assistance is available at all times to respond in case of an emergency and that the home is sufficient in size to accommodate the needs of all children in the home. The bill would provide that the conditions described above that apply if 4 or more foster children are physically present, would apply if a licensed small family home exceeds the 2 child limit." [AB 413, Votes, 8/13/13]

In February 2013, Chávez Sponsored AB 468, A Bill That Allows Non Public Hospitals That Cover Medi-Cal To Receive Federal Funding. The bill, "[m]akes non-designated public hospitals (NDPHs are known as 'district hospitals') eligible to receive federal delivery system reform incentive pool (DSRIP) funding, subject to specified conditions (DSRIP is a capped pool of federal funds available under the state's 'Bridge to Reform' Medicaid waiver). Requires each NDPH, or governmental entity with which it is affiliated, that operates non-hospital clinics

or provides physician, non-physician practitioner, or other health care services to report and certify all of the uncompensated Medi-Cal and uninsured costs of the services furnished that are not identified as hospital services under the previous or current waiver. Requires the Department of Health Care Services to seek Medicaid federal financial participation for all expenditures reported by the NDPHs and recognized under the state's current Medicaid waiver." [AB 468, Votes, 8/4/14; Bill Analysis, 6/25/14]

In February 2013, Chávez Sponsored AB 498, A Bill That Allocates Federal Funding To Non Public Hospitals. The bill, "would revise and recast those provisions. This bill would instead authorize the department to seek necessary federal approvals or waivers to separately implement the safety net care pool payments for uncompensated care provisions for the 2013–14 and 2014–15 fiscal years. The bill would require the state, if the state receives federal safety net care pool funds for uncompensated care under these provisions, to retain 1/2 of the funds for Medi-Cal related expenditures." [AB 498, Votes, 10/9/13]

In February 2013, Chávez Sponsored AB 614, A Bill That Would Require Veterans' Homes To Give Priority To Recipients Of The Medal Of Honor Before Other Veterans. According to Chávez, "AB 614 will result in Veterans Homes giving preference of admittance first to veterans who are recipients of the Medal of Honor or who were prisoners of war. Second priority shall be given to veterans whose financial status makes them unable to pay for necessary hospital or domiciliary care. Third priority shall be given to veterans who served during a time of war over those who served in times of peace." [AB 614, Votes, 9/27/14; Assemblyman Chávez, Official Website, accessed 3/6/18]

In February 2013, Chávez Sponsored AB 717, Which Lessened The Qualifications Necessary To Be Appointed To The California Veterans Board, And Remove Its Reporting Requirement. "This bill would require the board to advise the department and the Secretary of the Department of Veterans Affairs on policies for operations of the department, and would require the department to respond to all proposed policy changes offered by the board prior to the next scheduled meeting of the board. This bill would also eliminate certain qualifications to be a member of the board, and require every board member to be a member in good standing with a congressionally chartered veteran service organization. Existing law requires the board to annually report to the Legislature regarding the activities, accomplishments, and expenditures of the board. This bill would repeal this requirement." Chávez said, "AB 717 will remove the professional requirements for appointees to the California Veterans Board and add the requirement of appointees being a member of a congressionally chartered veterans' organization. This change will increase the number of qualified applicants to the board and will ensure those appointed are veterans who are aware of the issues today's veterans face." [AB 717, Votes, 10/10/13; Assemblyman Chávez, Official website, accessed 3/6/18]

In February 2013, Chávez Sponsored AB 1058, A Bill That Would Change The Way Members Of The San Diego County Regional Airport Authority Were Chosen. "This bill would delete references to the city selection committees appointing the 4 directors, and instead would require the mayors of those cities to jointly appoint the directors in a public meeting that is publicly noticed by the authority and each of the cities, as specified. By requiring the cities to provide notice of these meetings, thereby increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would provide that there are 9 voting members of the board of directors and would delete outdated provisions relative to the initial terms of office of the various directors and the first meeting of the board. The bill would authorize the authority to issue guidance to cities concerning the appointment process." [AB 1058, Votes, 8/12/13]

In February 2014, Chávez Sponsored AB 1606, A Bill That Would Extend The Amount Of Family Leave Community College Employees Receive By A Month. The bill would, "authorize academic employees and probationary or permanent classified employees to use, in specified circumstances, up to 30 days of leave in a school year." Chávez said, "AB 1606 strikes a balance between the needs of Community Colleges and their staff. It creates a cost-neutral solution giving Community College employees access to family bonding time. AB 1606 only allows the employee or faculty member to use their own accrued sick leave, up to 30 days, as additional personal necessity leave; therefore schools will not be required to backfill additional days." [AB 1606, Votes, 6/25/14; Assemblyman Chávez, Official Website, accessed 3/6/18]

In February 2014, Chávez Sponsored AB 2201, A Bill That Would Automatically Sign Up Eligible Men For The Selective Service System When They Receive Or Renew Their Licenses. According to LegInfo, the bill would, "require a person who is required to be registered with under the federal act and who submits an application for an original or a renewal of a driver's license to be deemed to have consented to registration with the federal Selective Service System, as provided." According to Chávez, "hundreds of thousands of California men have lost access to benefits such as college assistance, Cal Grants, and scholarships because they did not register. Documented and undocumented men who aren't registered with SSS won't qualify for CalGrants, CalWorks, Federal student loans or grant programs. Men are even denied any future employment with the Federal Government, excluding them from hundreds of federal agencies and department job opportunities, and local positions with the U.S. Postal Service. [...] Automatic registration through Driver's License Legislation (DLL), which electronically registers young men when they apply for or renew a driver's license, will remove unnecessary obstacles as they strive to achieve their educational, professional, and personal aspirations." [AB 2201, Votes, 4/29/14; Assemblyman Chávez, Official Website, accessed 3/6/18]

In January 2013, Chávez Sponsored ACR 8, A Measure To Celebrate Abe Lincoln On His Birthday. Chávez said that the bill, "[h]onors February 12th as the anniversary Abraham Lincoln's birth. This Assembly Concurrent Resolution celebrates Lincoln's many contributions to our Country and for being instrumental in the creation of the 13th Amendment." [ACR 8, Votes, 3/1/13; Assemblyman Chávez, Official Website, accessed 3/6/18]

In March 2013, Chávez Sponsored ACR 41, A Measure That Would Designate A Bridge In Oceanside As The Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial Bridge. "This measure would designate the Mission Avenue bridge over Interstate 5 in the City of Oceanside as the Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial Bridge to honor the life and achievements of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr." [ACR 41, Votes, 8/5/13]

Chávez Bills Sponsored With No Floor Consideration

Chávez Sponsored 20 Pieces Of Legislation With No Floor Consideration

Chávez Sponsored 20 Pieces Of Legislation With No Floor Consideration In The 2013-2014 California Legislature Regular Congressional Session. [California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

	Chávez 2013-2014 Assembly Bills Sponsored With No Floor Consideration				
Date		-			
Intro.	Bill #	Title	Last Action		
		Public postsecondary education: tuition			
1/22/13	AB-159	and mandatory systemwide fees	Assembly – Died – Higher Education		
		Department of Veterans Affairs:			
1/24/13	AB-171	consolidation of services to veterans.	Assembly – Died – Veterans Affairs		
			Assembly – Died – Accountability and		
2/13/13	AB-338	State property: surplus.	Administrative Review		
		Charter schools: supervisorial and			
2/19/13	AB-445	oversight responsibilities.	Assembly – Died – Education		
2/21/13	AB-656	Charter schools.	Assembly – Died – Education		
2/21/13	AB-770	Education: school districts.	Assembly – Died		
2/22/13	AB-1351	Renewable energy resources.	Assembly – Died		
2/22/13	AB-1354	Public utilities: net-energy metering.	Assembly – Died		
1/23/14	AB-1546	Traffic control devices.	Assembly – Died		
1/30/14	AB-1567	Office of Rural Health.	Assembly – Died		
		Identity theft: unemployment insurance			
2/10/14	AB-1631	base wage file.	Assembly – Died – Insurance		
		Vehicles: length limitations: buses:			
2/13/14	AB-1684	bicycle transportation devices.	Assembly – Died – Transportation		

		County veteran service centers:	
2/14/14	AB-1737	interagency agreements.	Assembly – Died – Veterans Affairs
		School attendance: community schools	
2/18/14	AB-1794	and independent study.	Assembly – Died
2/19/14	AB-1844	State militia: armories.	Assembly – Died
		Community colleges: education	
2/19/14	AB-1865	programs: contract education.	Assembly – Died
		North County Transit District: flexible	
2/19/14	AB-1988	procurement process.	Assembly – Died – Local Government
		Employment: car washes: online	
2/20/14	AB-2063	registration.	Assembly – Died – Appropriations
		Postsecondary education: Donahoe	
		Higher Education Act: 4-year	
2/20/14	AB-2092	baccalaureate degree.	Assembly – Died – Appropriations
		Special education: nonpublic,	
		nonsectarian schools or agencies:	
2/20/14	AB-2133	certification.	Assembly – Died – Education

[California LegInfo, accessed 3/2/18]

Appendix VII – Office Expenditures

NOTE: Primary source documents are available on the DCCC Research drive.

Career – California State Assembly

Chávez California 76th Assembly District Office Expenditures - Career						
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	Total
Member Per Diem	\$38,796.00	\$34,848.00	\$34,608.00	\$31,948.00	\$29,648.74	\$169,848.74
Staff Salary	\$210,468.63	\$123,315.48	\$245,556.50	\$224,519.77	\$219,716.13	\$1,023,576.51
Travel & Per Diem (In State)	\$20,224.05	\$17,374.71	\$18,661.12	\$21,471.86	\$24,256.79	\$101,988.53
Travel & Per Diem (Out of State)	\$1,049.18	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,049.18
Staff Travel	\$9,689.76	\$9,642.30	\$4,939.84	\$11,252.90	\$9,532.70	\$45,057.50
Car (Lease, Maintenance, Gas & Oil)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Car Rental (Staff & Member)	\$143.98	\$423.52	\$523.33	\$698.58	\$824.15	\$2,613.56
District Office (Rent, Maintenance,						
Utilities)	\$52,245.76	\$52,111.80	\$52,938.53	\$49,266.33	\$44,306.53	\$250,868.95
Telephone	\$1,418.39	\$1,258.56	\$2,813.98	\$1,740.86	\$1,049.45	\$8,281.24
Freight	\$0.00	\$116.78	\$15.62	\$203.82	\$144.60	\$480.82
Postage	\$221.43	\$268.80	\$140.83	\$769.89	\$1,208.63	\$2,609.58
Communications	\$63,343.81	\$31,521.90	\$0.00	\$25,581.66	\$15,637.63	\$136,085.00
Furniture & Equipment	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Office Supplies	\$572.87	\$87.71	\$537.65	\$597.94	\$1,624.96	\$3,421.13
Subscriptions & Publications	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$559.56	\$559.56
Miscellaneous Services	\$1,720.10	\$1,987.43	\$1,626.98	\$3,573.14	\$2,225.02	\$11,132.67
Total	\$399,893.96	\$272,956.99	\$362,362.38	\$371,624.75	\$350,734.89	\$1,757,572.97

[California State Assembly Journal, 2/28/18]

Chávez Collected \$14,602.92 In Personal Reimbursements For Mileage, Session Travel, And Travel In And Out Of State

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez			
Year	Amount	Subject	
2017	\$2,813.32	Member Travel Out of State, Member Session Travel, Member Mileage Reimbursement	
2016	\$2,189.18	Member Travel In State, Member Session Travel, Member Mileage Reimbursement	
2015	\$2,449.63	Member Mileage Reimbursement	
2014	\$3,005.52	Member Mileage Reimbursement	
2013	\$4,145.27	Member Mileage Reimbursement	
TOTAL	\$14,602.92		

[California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

Chávez Collected A Total Of \$14,602.92 In Reimbursements For Mileage, Session Travel, And Travel In And Out Of State

During His Career As Assemblyman, Chávez Collected At Least \$14,602.92 In Reimbursements For Mileage, Session Travel, And Travel In And Out Of State. [California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2017

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 12/1/16 – 11/30/17		
Category	Expenditures	

Member Per Diem	\$38,796.00
Staff Salary	\$210,468.63
Travel & Per Diem (In State)	\$20,224.05
Travel & Per Diem (Out of State)	\$1,049.18
Staff Travel	\$9,689.76
Car (Lease, Maintenance, Gas & Oil)	\$0.00
Car Rental (Staff & Member)	\$143.98
District Office (Rent, Maintenance, Utilities)	\$52,245.76
Telephone	\$1,418.39
Freight	\$0.00
Postage	\$221.43
Communications	\$63,343.81
Furniture & Equipment	\$0.00
Office Supplies	\$572.87
Subscriptions & Publications	\$0.00
Miscellaneous Services	\$1,720.10
Total	\$399,893.96

[California State Assembly Journal, 2/28/18]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez			
Member Travel Out of State	\$42.90		
Member Session Travel	\$2.75		
Member Mileage Reimbursement	\$2,767.67		
Total:	\$2,813.32		

[California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2017: Chávez Collected \$2,813.32 In Personal Reimbursements

2017: Chávez Collected 2,813.32 In Reimbursements. In 2017, Chávez collected 2,813.32 in personal reimbursements. [California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2016

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 12/1/15 – 11/30/16		
_	Expenditures	
Member Per Diem	\$34,848.00	
Staff Salary	\$123,315.48	
Travel & Per Diem (In State)	\$17,374.71	
Travel & Per Diem (Out of State)	\$0.00	
Staff Travel	\$9,642.30	
Car (Lease, Maintenance, Gas & Oil)	\$0.00	
Car Rental (Staff & Member)	\$423.52	
District Office (Rent, Maintenance, Utilities)	\$52,111.80	
Telephone	\$1,258.56	
Freight	\$116.78	
Postage	\$268.80	
Communications	\$31,521.90	

Furniture & Equipment	\$0.00
Office Supplies	\$87.71
Subscriptions & Publications	\$0.00
Miscellaneous Services	\$1,987.43
Total	\$272,956.99

[California State Assembly Journal, 2/28/17]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez			
Member Travel In State	\$294.99		
Member Car Rental	\$103.52		
Member Mileage Reimbursement	\$1,790.67		
Total:	\$2,189.18		

[California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2016: Chávez Collected \$2,189.18 In Personal Reimbursements

2016: Chávez Collected \$2,189.18 In Reimbursements. In 2016, Chávez collected \$2,189.18 in personal reimbursements. [California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2015

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 12/1/14 – 11/30/15				
Category	Expenditures			
Member Per Diem	\$34,608.00			
Staff Salary	\$245,556.50			
Travel & Per Diem (In State)	\$18,661.12			
Travel & Per Diem (Out of State)	\$0.00			
Staff Travel	\$4,939.84			
Car (Lease, Maintenance, Gas & Oil)	\$0.00			
Car Rental (Staff & Member)	\$523.33			
District Office (Rent, Maintenance, Utilities)	\$52,938.53			
Telephone	\$2,813.98			
Freight	\$15.62			
Postage	\$140.83			
Communications	\$0.00			
Furniture & Equipment	\$0.00			
Office Supplies	\$537.65			
Subscriptions & Publications	\$0.00			
Miscellaneous Services	\$1,626.98			
Total	\$362,362.38			

[California State Assembly Journal, 2/29/16]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez			
Member Mileage Reimbursement	\$2,449.63		
Total:	\$2,449.63		

2015: Chávez Collected \$2,449.63 In Personal Reimbursements

2015: Chávez Collected \$2,449.63 In Reimbursements. In 2015, Chávez collected \$2,449.63 in personal reimbursements. [California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2014

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 12/1/13 – 11/30/14				
	Expenditures			
Member Per Diem	\$31,948.00			
Staff Salary	\$224,519.77			
Travel & Per Diem (In State)	\$21,471.86			
Travel & Per Diem (Out of State)	\$0.00			
Staff Travel	\$11,252.90			
Car (Lease, Maintenance, Gas & Oil)	\$0.00			
Car Rental (Staff & Member)	\$698.58			
District Office (Rent, Maintenance, Utilities)	\$49,266.33			
Telephone	\$1,740.86			
Freight	\$203.82			
Postage	\$769.89			
Communications	\$25,581.66			
Furniture & Equipment	\$0.00			
Office Supplies	\$597.94			
Subscriptions & Publications	\$0.00			
Miscellaneous Services	\$3,573.14			
Total	\$371,624.75			

[California State Assembly Journal, 2/26/15]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez			
Member Mileage Reimbursement	\$3,005.52		
Total:	\$3,005.52		

[California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2014: Chávez Collected \$3,005.52 In Personal Reimbursements

2014: Chávez Collected \$3,005.52 In Reimbursements. In 2014, Chávez collected \$3,005.52 in personal reimbursements. [California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2013

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 12/1/12 – 11/30/13			
Category Expenditure			
Member Per Diem	\$29,648.74		

Staff Salary	\$219,716.13
Travel & Per Diem (In State)	\$24,256.79
Travel & Per Diem (Out of State)	\$0.00
Staff Travel	\$9,532.70
Car (Lease, Maintenance, Gas & Oil)	\$0.00
Car Rental (Staff & Member)	\$824.15
District Office (Rent, Maintenance, Utilities)	\$44,306.53
Telephone	\$1,049.45
Freight	\$144.60
Postage	\$1,208.63
Communications	\$15,637.63
Furniture & Equipment	\$0.00
Office Supplies	\$1,624.96
Subscriptions & Publications	\$559.56
Miscellaneous Services	\$2,225.02
Total	\$350,734.89

[California State Assembly Journal, 2/27/14]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez			
Member Mileage Reimbursement	\$4,145.27		
Total:	\$4,145.27		

[California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

2013: Chávez Collected \$4,145.27 In Personal Reimbursements

2013: Chávez Collected \$4,145.27 In Reimbursements. In 2013, Chávez collected \$4,145.27 in personal reimbursements. [California Assembly Committee on Rules, Rocky Chávez Expenditure Listing, accessed 2/22/18]

Career – Oceanside City Council

Chávez Oceanside City Council Office Expenditures – 7/1/02-6/30/07						
	'02-'03	'03-'04	'04-'05	'05-'06	'06-'07	Total
Expense Allowance	\$2,460.28	\$4,235.00	\$4,217.50	\$4,217.50	\$4,200.00	\$19,330.28
Other Material Supplies						
and Services	\$597.18	\$1,242.63	\$392.64	\$71.53	\$771.58	\$3,075.56
Memberships and Dues	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Local Travel (Mileage						
and Tolls)	\$0.00	\$825.00	\$1,328.56	\$1,492.80	\$0.00	\$3,646.36
Travel and Conferences						
- Regular	\$0.00	\$135.00	\$395.00	\$410.00	\$1,061.50	\$2,001.50
Travel and Conferences						
- Overnight	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,016.47	\$658.67	\$0.00	\$1,675.14
Telephone	\$364.72	\$1,808.68	\$949.35	\$265.56	\$1,482.10	\$4,870.41
Office Supplies	\$0.00	\$339.23	\$190.85	\$143.83	\$0.00	\$673.91
Printed Materials	\$0.00	\$635.39	\$44.18	\$440.34	\$30.17	\$1,149.98
Books and Publications	\$0.00	\$87.32	\$106.67	\$333.80	\$0.00	\$527.79
Total	\$3,422.18	\$9,308.25	\$8,641.22	\$8,034.03	\$7,545.35	\$36,951.03

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Details, 9/5/03; 1/24/05; 1/25/06; 9/14/06; 10/10/07]

Chávez Oceanside City Council Office Expenditures – 7/1/02-6/30/07					
'07-'08 '08-'09 '09-'10 Total					

Expense Allowance	\$4,217.50	\$4,217.50	\$0.00	\$8,435.00
Auto Allowance	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,942.50	\$1,942.50
Permanent Employee Wages	\$60,102.69	\$57,710.47	\$42,342.40	\$160,155.56
Elected Official Wages	\$11,586.96	\$18,838.40	\$9,464.37	\$39,889.73
Fringe Benefit Burden	\$14,580.21	\$14,406.39	\$10,356.13	\$39,342.73
Fringe Benefit Burden – Workers Comp				
Ed	\$370.34	\$137.37	\$288.00	\$795.71
M&R- Equipment and Machinery	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Office Supplies	\$0.00	\$3.36	\$0.00	\$3.36
Postage	\$18.45	\$384.13	\$17.22	\$419.80
Printed Material and Forms	\$0.00	\$269.29	\$0.00	\$269.29
Other/Miscellaneous Materials, Supplies				
and Services	\$1,453.32	\$1,018.13	\$231.75	\$2,703.20
Books, Publications and Subscriptions	\$69.20	\$71.60	\$0.00	\$140.80
Memberships and Dues	\$0.00	\$180.00	\$190.00	\$370.00
Travel, Conferences, Training				
Registration Fee	\$3,875.40	\$3,515.47	\$1,453.88	\$8,844.75
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$0.00	\$22.00	\$0.00	\$22.00
Cellular Phone and Pagers	\$2,221.40	\$2,567.34	\$832.84	\$3,622.58
Service Charge – "Genl Ins"	\$6,648.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$6,648.00
Service Charge – Management				
Information Services (IT)	\$9,264.00	\$6,771.00	\$7,116.00	\$23,151.00
Service Charge – City Building Rent –				
M&O	\$54,156.00	\$50,506.00	\$51,528.00	\$156,190.00
Service Charge – General				
Administration	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
PERS Unfund DS	\$720.96	\$751.00	\$780.00	\$2,251.96
TBD – Cal Card Purchases	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Miscellaneous Services	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total:	\$171,284.43	\$161,369.45	\$126,543.09	\$459,196.97

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Details, 1/21/09; 2/22/18; 2/22/18]

Chávez Collected \$2,267.13 In Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez		
Year	Personal Reimbursements To Chávez	Subject
2009-10	\$364.38	Travel and Conference
2008-09	\$0.00	
2007-08	\$172.42	Other Miscellaneous Materials, Supplies and Services; Travel/Conference/Training Registration Fees
2006-07	\$100.00	Travel and Conference Registration
2005-06	\$0.00	
2004-05	\$1,501.47	Travel and Conference Registration; Travel and Conferences – Overnight Travel; Local Travel
2003-04	\$75.00	Travel and Conference Registration
2002-03	\$53.86	Other Materials, Supplies and Services
TOTAL:	\$2,267.13	

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 2/22/18; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 2/22/18; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/21/09; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 10/10/07; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 9/14/06; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/24/05; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/24/05; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 9/5/03]

Chávez Collected A Total Of \$2,267.13 In Personal Reimbursements

2002 – **2010**: Chávez Collected \$2,267.13 In Reimbursements. From 2002 to 2010, Chávez collected \$2,267.13 in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 2/22/18; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/21/09; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/21/09; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/26; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/25/06; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/24/05; City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/26/03]

2009-10

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures FY 09-10		
Category	Expenditures	
Expense Allowance	\$0.00	
Auto Allowance	\$1,942.50	
Permanent Employee Wages	\$42,342.40	
Elected Official Wages	\$9,464.37	
Fringe Benefit Burden	\$10,356.13	
Fringe Benefit Burden – Workers Comp Ed	\$288.00	
M&R- Equipment and Machinery	\$0.00	
Office Supplies	\$0.00	
Postage	\$17.22	
Printed Material and Forms	\$0.00	
Other/Miscellaneous Materials, Supplies and		
Services	\$231.75	
Books, Publications and Subscriptions	\$0.00	
Memberships and Dues	\$190.00	
Travel, Conferences, Training Registration Fee	\$1,453.88	
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$0.00	
Cellular Phone and Pagers	\$832.84	
Service Charge – "Genl Ins"	\$0.00	
Service Charge – Management Information		
Services (IT)	\$7,116.00	
Service Charge – City Building Rent – M&O	\$51,528.00	
Service Charge – General Administration	\$0.00	
PERS Unfund DS	\$780.00	
TBD – Cal Card Purchases	\$0.00	
Miscellaneous Services	\$0.00	
Total	\$126,543.09	

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 2/22/18]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez		
Travel and Conference	\$364.38	
Total:	\$364.38	

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 2/22/18]

2009-10: Chávez Collected \$364.38 In Personal Reimbursements

2009-10: Chávez Collected \$364.38 In Reimbursements. From 2009 to 2010, Chávez collected \$364.38 in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 2/22/18]

2008-09

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures FY 08-09	
Category	Expenditures
Expense Allowance	\$4,217.50
Auto Allowance	\$0.00
Permanent Employee Wages	\$57,710.47
Elected Official Wages	\$18,838.40
Fringe Benefit Burden	\$14,406.39
Fringe Benefit Burden – Workers Comp Ed	\$137.37
M&R- Equipment and Machinery	\$0.00
Office Supplies	\$3.36
Postage	\$384.13
Printed Material and Forms	\$269.29
Other/Miscellaneous Materials, Supplies and	
Services	\$1,018.13
Books, Publications and Subscriptions	\$71.60
Memberships and Dues	\$180.00
Travel, Conferences, Training Registration Fee	\$3,515.47
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$22.00
Cellular Phone and Pagers	\$2,567.34
Service Charge – "Genl Ins"	\$0.00
Service Charge – Management Information	
Services (IT)	\$6,771.00
Service Charge – City Building Rent – M&O	\$50,506.00
Service Charge – General Administration	\$0.00
PERS Unfund DS	\$751.00
TBD – Cal Card Purchases	\$0.00
Miscellaneous Services	\$0.00
Total	\$161,369.45

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 2/22/18]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

2008-09: Chávez Collected \$0 In Personal Reimbursements

2008-09: Chávez Collected **\$0** In Reimbursements. From 2008 to 2009, Chávez collected **\$0** in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 2/22/18]

2007-08

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 7/1/07 – 6/30/08

Category	Expenditures
Expense Allowance	\$4,217.50
Auto Allowance	\$0.00
Permanent Employee Wages	\$60,102.69
Elected Official Wages	\$11,586.96
Fringe Benefit Burden	\$14,580.21
Fringe Benefit Burden – Workers Comp Ed	\$370.34
M&R- Equipment and Machinery	\$0.00
Office Supplies	\$0.00
Postage	\$18.45
Printed Material and Forms	\$0.00
Other/Miscellaneous Materials, Supplies and	
Services	\$1,453.32
Books, Publications and Subscriptions	\$69.20
Memberships and Dues	\$0.00
Travel, Conferences, Training Registration Fee	\$3,875.40
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$0.00
Cellular Phone and Pagers	\$2,221.40
Service Charge – "Genl Ins"	\$6,648.00
Service Charge – Management Information	
Services (IT)	\$9,264.00
Service Charge – City Building Rent – M&O	\$54,156.00
Service Charge – General Administration	\$0.00
PERS Unfund DS	\$720.96
TBD – Cal Card Purchases	\$0.00
Miscellaneous Services	\$0.00
Total	\$171,284.43

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/21/09]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez		
Other Miscellaneous Materials, Supplies and Services	\$18.00	
Travel/Conference/Training Registration Fees	\$154.42	
Total:	\$172.42	

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/21/09]

2007-08: Chávez Collected \$172.42 In Personal Reimbursements

2007-08: Chávez Collected \$172.42 In Reimbursements. From 2007 to 2008, Chávez collected \$172.42 in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/21/09]

2006-07

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 7/1/06 – 6/30/07	
Category	Expenditures
Expense Allowance	\$4,200.00
Other Material Supplies and Services	\$771.58
Memberships and Dues	\$0.00
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$0.00

Travel and Conferences - Regular	\$1,061.50
Travel and Conferences - Overnight	\$0.00
Telephone	\$1,482.10
Office Supplies	\$0.00
Printed Materials	\$30.17
Books and Publications	\$0.00
Total	\$7,545.35

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 10/10/07]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez		
Travel and Conference Registration	\$100.00	
Total:	\$100.00	

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 10/10/07]

2006-07: Chávez Collected \$100.00 In Personal Reimbursements

2006-07: Chávez Collected \$100 In Reimbursements. From 2006 to 2007, Chávez collected \$100.00 in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 10/10/07]

2005-06

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 7/1/05 – 6/29/06	
Category	Expenditures
Expense Allowance	\$4,217.50
Other Material Supplies and Services	\$71.53
Memberships and Dues	\$0.00
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$1,492.80
Travel and Conferences - Regular	\$410.00
Travel and Conferences - Overnight	\$658.67
Telephone	\$265.56
Office Supplies	\$143.83
Printed Materials	\$440.34
Books and Publications	\$333.80
Total	\$8,034.03

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 9/14/06]

2005-06: Chávez Collected \$0 In Personal Reimbursements

2005-06: Chávez Collected **\$0** In Reimbursements. From 2005 to 2006, Chávez collected **\$0** in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 9/14/06]

2004-05

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 7/1/04 – 6/30/05	
Category	Expenditures

Expense Allowance	\$4,217.50
Other Material Supplies and Services	\$392.64
Memberships and Dues	\$0.00
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$1,328.56
Travel and Conferences - Regular	\$395.00
Travel and Conferences - Overnight	\$1,016.47
Telephone	\$949.35
Office Supplies	\$190.85
Printed Materials	\$44.18
Books and Publications	\$106.67
Total	\$8,641.22

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/25/06]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez		
Travel and Conferences – Overnight Travel	\$1,016.47	
Travel and Conference Registration	\$395.00	
Local Travel	\$90.00	
Total:	\$1,501.47	

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/25/06]

2004-05: Chávez Collected \$1,501.47 In Personal Reimbursements

2004-05: Chávez Collected \$1,501.47 In Reimbursements. From 2004 to 2005, Chávez collected \$1,501.47 in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/25/06]

2003-04

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 7/1/03 – 6/30/04			
Category	Expenditures		
Expense Allowance	\$4,235.00		
Other Material Supplies and Services	\$1,242.63		
Memberships and Dues	\$0.00		
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$825.00		
Travel and Conferences - Regular	\$135.00		
Travel and Conferences - Overnight	\$0.00		
Telephone	\$1,808.68		
Office Supplies	\$339.23		
Printed Materials	\$635.39		
Books and Publications	\$87.32		
Total	\$9,308.25		

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/24/05]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez		
Travel and Conference Registration	\$75.00	
Total:	\$75.00	

2003-04: Chávez Collected \$75.00 In Personal Reimbursements

2003-04: Chávez Collected \$75.00 In Reimbursements. From 2003 to 2004, Chávez collected \$75.00 in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 1/24/05]

2002-03

Office Expenditures

Chávez Office Expenditures 7/1/02 – 6/30/03			
Category	Expenditures		
Expense Allowance	\$2,460.28		
Other Material Supplies and Services	\$597.18		
Memberships and Dues	\$0.00		
Local Travel (Mileage and Tolls)	\$0.00		
Travel and Conferences - Regular	\$0.00		
Travel and Conferences - Overnight	\$0.00		
Telephone	\$364.72		
Office Supplies	\$0.00		
Printed Materials	\$0.00		
Books and Publications	\$0.00		
Total	\$3,422.18		

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 9/5/03]

Chávez Personal Reimbursements

Personal Reimbursements To Chávez		
Other Materials, Supplies and Services	\$53.86	
Total:	\$53.86	

[City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 9/5/03]

2002-03: Chávez Collected \$53.86 In Personal Reimbursements

2002-03: Chávez Collected \$53.86 In Reimbursements. From 2002 to 2003, Chávez collected \$53.86 in personal reimbursements. [City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail, 9/5/03]

Appendix VIII – Travel Expenditures

NOTE: Primary source documents are available on the DCCC Research drive.

Official Foreign Travel Expenditures

Chávez Spent An Unknown Amount Of Taxpayer Dollars On Travel To Mexico

July 2014: Chávez Was Reportedly Part Of A Delegation That Went To Mexico With Governor Brown, But The \$5,000 Trip Was Not Listed In His Office Expenditures Or His Gifts

Associated Press: Chávez Was Scheduled To Travel With Governor Brown To Mexico For Four Days, A \$5,000 Trip. "Gov. Jerry Brown travels to Mexico for three days of meetings starting Monday and will discuss immigration in separate sit-downs with President Enrique Pena Nieto and Central American diplomatic and religious leaders. [...] The trip, organized by the California Chamber of Commerce, includes a delegation of more than 100 state government, business, economic development, investment and policy leaders. Delegates paid \$5,000 each for the four-day trip, which is subsidizing the cost of Brown's travel. [...] About 10 members of Brown's administration will accompany the governor, along with five state senators and 10 Assembly members. All the lawmakers are Democrats except Assemblyman Rocky Chávez (R-Oceanside)." [Associated Press, 7/24/14]

The Topics Of Interest Included Energy, Education, Immigration And Trade. "The relationship with Mexico, the role of those of Mexican heritage in California, is fundamental to our schools, to our well-being, and I think this trip will be productive," Brown said ahead of the journey. 'We want to increase trade. We want to deal with some issues on the refugees that are coming across the border. And I also want to collaborate with Mexico in pushing an intelligent climate change agenda,' the governor said. [...] Business participants include Sempra Energy, BP America and other representatives of the energy, tourism and agriculture industries. Representatives of the Natural Resources Defense Council and the Environmental Defense Fund will also attend." [Associated Press, 7/24/14]

This Trip Was Not Listed On Chávez's Personal Finance Disclosure Or His Office Expenditures. [California State Assembly Journal, 2/26/15; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

Chávez Private Travel Expenditures

Chávez Received \$25,712.95 Worth Of Special Interest-Funded Foreign Travel

Chávez Received \$12,552.25 Worth Of Special Interest-Funded Travel To Chile

Chávez Took \$12,552 Trip To Chile Paid For By California Foundation On The Environment And The Economy. "Chávez's biggest gift was a \$12,552 trip to Chile paid for by the California Foundation on the Environment and the Economy, a group that 'draws money from unions and corporations,' according to the Sacramento Bee. Hey, the trip was just research. In his recent campaign announcement for U.S. Senate, the first-term Republican cited having 'been around the world a few times' as part of his qualifications." [Voice of San Diego, 3/27/15]

Representatives From Energy Companies, A Large Contingency Of Chávez's Donors, Were In Attendance. "One group of lawmakers is currently learning about infrastructure and renewable energy during a trip to Chile. The annual jaunts to study policy in other countries – last year legislators went to Scandinavia – are paid for by a group called the California Foundation on the Environment and the Economy that draws money from unions and corporations. The seven lawmakers on [sic] the trip are joined by representatives of energy companies, environmental groups and labor unions. [...] Lawmakers in Chile are Assemblymembers

Katcho Achadjian, R-San Luis Obispo, Steven Bradford, D-Gardena, Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, Henry Perea, D-Fresno, Cristina Garcia, D-Bell Gardens, Marc Levine, D-San Rafael, and Jimmy Gomez, D-Los Angeles." [Sacramento Bee, 11/14/14]

Chávez Received \$13,160.70 Worth Of Special Interest-Funded Travel To Germany And The Czech Republic

Chávez Took A Trip To Europe Paid For By California Foundation On The Environment And The Economy. "One of those other opportunities is a trip to the Czech Republic and Germany to learn about their use of renewable energy, organized by the California Foundation on the Environment and the Economy. The San Francisco-based group, which counts energy, oil and technology companies, labor unions, water agencies and environmental organizations among its members, usually sponsors a couple of these 'study travel programs' for legislators each year. Sen. Anthony Cannella, R-Ceres, is leading the delegation, which also includes Sens. Ben Hueso, D-San Diego, Ricardo Lara, D-Bell Gardens, and Bob Wieckowski, D-Fremont; Assembly members Rocky Chávez, R-Oceanside, Cristina Garcia, D-Bell Gardens, Chad Mayes, R-Yucca Valley, Rudy Salas, D-Bakersfield, and Jim Wood, D-Healdsburg; and executives from construction trades, Shell, Comcast and the Natural Resources Defense Fund. Participants left for Europe last Friday and will be there through Nov. 21, visiting energy grid infrastructure and meeting with government officials, utilities executives and business leaders." [Sacramento Bee, 11/14/16]

Chávez Travelled To Chile Using Special Interest Funds

Chávez Private Travel Expenditures				
Date	Destination	Sponsor	Description	Total Cost
11/7/14 - 11/19/14	Chile	California Foundation on the	Participated in Study	\$12,552.25
		Environment and the Economy	Travel Project	
11/11/16 - 11/21/16	Germany, The	California Foundation on the	Participated in Study	\$13,160.70
	Czech Republic	Environment and the Economy	Travel Project	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			\$25,712.95	

[California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15; California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/1/17]

The California Foundation On The Environment And The Economy (CFEE) Was An Organization Of Interest Groups That Paid To Send Lawmakers To Foreign Countries For "Study Travel Projects." "The biggest last year were 'study travel programs' organized by the California Foundation for the Environment and the Economy, a San Francisco-based organization of oil and technology companies, utilities, labor unions, water agencies and environmental groups that sent lawmakers to Australia to learn about drought response and to Germany and the Czech Republic to review their use of renewable energy. 'CFEE brings California decision makers at the highest levels together to examine the critical issues of our time,' spokesman P.J. Johnston said in an email. 'Study travel projects are an opportunity to examine best practices from around the world – to see what has worked elsewhere, and what hasn't – so that California's leaders might learn from those examples.' Transparency advocates are skeptical of the value of these trips. Kathay Fang, executive director of California Common Cause, said there are events that teach something to legislators, but others are simply an opportunity for special interests to buy face time with elected officials. 'Sometimes it is not easy to make a distinction,' she said. 'There are some lobbyists and special interests that are taking advantage of the educational exemption to cozy up to legislators outside of the public eye.'" [Sacramento Bee, 3/2/17]

The CFEE Board of Directors Include Leaders Of The Natural Resources Defense Council, Charter Communications, Comcast, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, California Cable & Telecommunications Association, AT&T California, Shell Energy North America, California Climate Initiative, Environmental Defense Fund, And Chevron Corporation. [CFEE.net, accessed 3/13/18]

Chávez Received \$XXX Worth Of Special Interest-Funded Domestic Travel

2017: Chávez Received \$8,022.61 In Privately-Funded Domestic Travel

The California Charter School Association Paid \$959.36 For Chávez's Trip To The Lodge Torrey Pines. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

Pattern Energy Paid \$838.09 For Chávez's Trip To Lewis And Clark College. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

The San Diego County Regional Airport Authority Paid \$4,929 For Chávez's Bill For Airport Parking. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

ALEC Paid \$1,296.16 For Chávez's Trip To Hotel Belmond. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2017, filed 2/26/18]

2016: Chávez Received \$18,903.06 In Privately-Funded Domestic Travel

The California Charter School Association Paid \$226.07 For Chávez's Trip To The Lodge Torrey Pines In La Jolla, CA. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

CFEE Paid \$587.29 For Chávez's Trip To A Roundtable Summit. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

The San Diego County Regional Airport Authority Paid \$4,929 For Chávez's Bill For Airport Parking. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2016, filed 3/1/17]

2015: Chávez Received \$4,244.76 In Privately-Funded Domestic Travel

The California Charter School Association Paid \$67.76 For Chávez's Trip To A Symposium. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2015, filed 3/1/16]

The San Diego Regional Airport Authority Paid \$4,177 For Chávez's Bill For Airport Parking. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2015, filed 3/1/16]

2014: Chávez Received \$18,853.26 In Privately-Funded Domestic Travel

The California Charter School Association Paid \$677.58 For Chávez's Trip To A Symposium. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

CFEE Paid \$573.71 For Chávez's Trip To A Conference "Related To Water And Drought." [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

The California Foundation For Commerce And Education Paid \$234.72 For Chávez's Trip To A Luncheon. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

The California Independent System Operator Paid \$92 For Chávez's Symposium Food And Drinks. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

The San Diego County Regional Airport Authority Paid \$4,723 For Chávez's Bill For Airport Parking. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2014, filed 3/2/15]

2013: Chávez Received \$10,138.00 In Privately-Funded Domestic Travel

The National Association Of Latino Elected And Appointed Officials Paid \$723.46 For Chávez's Trip To A Legislative Summit On Health. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

CFEE Paid \$502.35 For Chávez's Trip To A Roundtable Conference On Water. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

CFEE Paid \$384.61 For Chávez's Trip To A Roundtable Conference On Energy. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

The EdVoice Institute Paid \$515.20 For Chávez's Trip To An EdVoice Symposium For Legislators. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

The State Legislative Leaders Foundation Paid \$3,942.38 For Chávez's Trip To Virginia For An Emerging Leaders Program. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

The San Diego County Regional Airport Paid \$4,070 For Chávez's Bill For Airport Parking. [California Fair Political Practices Commission, Form 700 - 2013, filed 4/9/14]

Appendix IX Public Records Requests

Chávez Public Records Request Information				
Agency	Dept.	Date Request Sent	Status	Notes
U.S. Marine Corps	Headquarters	2/12/2018	Open	No Response
	Office of			
California Department of Veterans	Administrative			
Affairs	Services	2/12/2018	Closed	No Responsive Records
Oceanside Unified School District		2/12/2018	Closed	Responsive Records Sent 2/22/18
				Responsive City Council Office Records
				Sent 2/23/18
				Responsive Campaign Finance Records
City of Oceanside	City Clerk's Office	2/15/2018	Open	In Transit 2/23/18
	Committee on			
California State Assembly	Rules	2/12/2018	Closed	Responsive Records Sent 2/21/18
MiraCosta Community College		2/12/2018	Closed	Responsive Records Sent 2/22/18
	North County			
San Diego County Superior Court	Regional Center	2/15/2018	Open	No Response
	San Diego Register			
San Diego County Clerk	of Voters	2/12/2018	Closed	Responsive Records Sent 2/13/18

NOTE: For more detailed information, please see the Chávez FOIA Tracker on the DCCC Research drive.

Appendix X – Vote Statistics

Attendance Record

Chávez Voting Attendance Record				
Time Period	Votes Eligible	Missed Votes	Percent	
2017-2018 Legislative Session	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2015-2016 Legislative Session	4529	424	9.36%	
2013-2014 Legislative Session	4464	250	5.6%	
Total:	8993	674	7.49%	

[Chávez voting history, accessed 3/12/18]

NOTE: Full voting history for 2013-2016 is available on the DCCC Research drive. Chávez's votes for 2017-2018 were not available at the time this book was written.

Voting Record While Campaigning For US Senate

417 Of The 424 Times Chávez Did Not Vote During The 2015-2016 Legislative Session Were While He Was Running For Senate

417 Of The 424 Times Chávez Did Not Vote During The 2015-2016 Legislative Session Were While He Was Running For Senate, Between March 5, 2015 And February 8, 2016. [California Vote Database, accessed 3/12/18]

Appendix XI – State Votes

NOTE: Full voting history for 2013-2016 is available on the DCCC Research drive. The votes below were the bills deemed important to the following interest groups: California Environmental Justice Alliance; California Labor Federation; Consumer Federation of California; Equality California; Planned Parenthood; California Civil Liberties Council; American Conservative Union.

2017-2018

Note: Chávez's votes for 2017-2018 were not available at the time this book was written.

2015-2016

Budget Issues

Chávez Voted Against The Budget Act Of 2016. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "SB 826, Leno. Budget Act of 2016. This bill would make appropriations for the support of state government for the 2016–17 fiscal year. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as a Budget Bill." The bill passed the Assembly 48 to 24, with 8 not voting, and became law. [SB 826, passed the Assembly, 5/27/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Civil Rights & Liberties

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Have Required Renaming Any Public Schools Or Buildings Associated With People From The Confederate States Of America. In August 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] the use of an elected leader or senior military officer of the Confederate States of America to name state or local property. The bill would require a name associated with the Confederate States of America used to name state or local property prior to January 1, 2017, to be changed and any sign associated with the name to be removed." The bill passed the Assembly 64 to 11, with 5 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [SB 539, passed the Assembly, 8/31/15; vetoed by the Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Requiring Contractors With Over 100 Employees To Submit A Nondiscrimination Program To The State. In June 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Requir[ing] an employer with 100 or more employees in state, as specified, and a contract of 30 days or more, prior to becoming a contractor or subcontractor with the state, to submit a nondiscrimination program to the Department of Fair Employment and Housing and to submit periodic reports no more than annually of its compliance with that program." The bill passed the Assembly 55 to 23, with 2 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 1354, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15; vetoed by the Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring 5 State Institutions To Disaggregate Demographic Information For Native Hawaiian, Asian, And Pacific Islander Groups. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "[A bill] requir[ing] the California Community Colleges (CCC) Board of Governors (BOG), the California State University (CSU) Trustees, California Department of Public Health (DPH), and California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), and requests the University of California (UC) Regents, to disaggregate demographic information for Native Hawaiian, Asian, and Pacific Islander (API) groups." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 22, with 4 not voting. [AB 1726, Assembly third reading, 5/31/16; passed the Assembly, 6/2/16]

Chávez Voted To Concur With The Final Version Of The Bill, Which Required The State Department Of Public Health To Use Additional Categories For Specified Asian And Pacific Islander Groups Under Certain Circumstances. In August 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the updating of the reporting categories for future decennial censuses. The bill would require the State Department of Public Health to use the additional separate collection categories and other tabulations for specified Asian groups and Pacific Islander groups, and to take additional actions as specified above, under certain circumstances." The Assembly

concurred with Senate amendments, 75 to 1, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1726, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/29/16; became law, 9/25/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The Department Of Industrial Relations To Provide Notices In More Languages Than English And Spanish. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "Expands the obligation of the Department of Industrial Relations (DIR) and the Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) to provide certain notices in more languages than English and Spanish." The bill passed the Assembly 64 to 11, with 5 not voting. [AB 438, Assembly third reading, 4/6/15; passed the Assembly, 5/14/15]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill, Which Required The Department Of Industrial Relations To Provide Forms In Tagalog, Chinese, Vietnamese, And Korean. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the Department of Industrial Relations and the Division of Workers' Compensation to make specified forms, notices, and fact sheets available in Chinese, Tagalog, Korean, and Vietnamese." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 78 to 0, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 438, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/10/15; became law, 10/6/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting Grand Juries From Investigating Claims Of Excessive Force By Peace Officers In Cases That Led To The Death Of A Person. Chávez voted for: "Prohibit[ing] a grand jury from inquiring into an offense or misconduct that involves a shooting or use of excessive force by a peace officer, as specified, that led to the death of a person being detained or arrested by the peace officer, unless the offense was declared to the grand jury by one of its members." The bill passed the Assembly 41 to 33, with 6 not voting, and became law. [SB 227, passed the Assembly, 7/16/15; became law, 8/11/15]

Sacramento Bee: SB 227 Was Authored In Response To Distrust Of The Grand Jury Process Following The Deaths Of Unarmed Black Men In Other States. "Gov. Jerry Brown has signed legislation prohibiting the use of grand juries in California in cases where police officers use lethal force, a response to distrust of the grand jury process following the deaths of unarmed black men in other states. Proponents of Senate Bill 227 argued the grand jury process is too secretive and allowed prosecutors to avoid decision-making responsibility in politically charged cases." [Sacramento Bee, 8/11/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Requiring The Attorney General To Include A Statement On A Ballot Initiative If It Likely Violates An Individual's Constitutional Rights. In May 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Requir[ing] the Attorney General, if he or she determines during preparation of the circulating title and summary for a statewide initiative measure that the measure would likely result in a violation of an individual's constitutional rights, to include a specified statement in the title and summary." The bill passed the Assembly 50 to 26, with 4 not voting. [AB 884, passed the Assembly, 5/26/15]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Law, Which Removed Any Provisions Regarding Ballot Initiatives. In August 2016, Chávez voted to concur with Senate amendments – which completely removed provisions requiring the Attorney General to identify ballot initiatives likely resulting in a violation of one's constitutional rights and instead focused on the public use of Assembly television signals – a vote that passed unanimously. The bill became public law. [AB 884, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/30/16; became law, 9/22/16]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Law Requiring Government Entities To Obtain A Warrant Before Accessing Data On An Electronic Device. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on a bill to: "Prohibit government entity from compelling the production of or access to electronic communication information or electronic device information, as defined, without a search warrant, wiretap order, order for electronic reader records, or subpoena issued pursuant under specified conditions, except for emergency situations, as defined." The bill passed the Assembly 57 to 13, with 10 not voting, and became law. [SB 178, passed the Assembly 9/9/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Limit Police Officers' Ability To Confiscate Property From Individuals Involved In Criminal Investigations Until A Conviction Had Been Obtained. In September 2015, Chávez voted

for: "Prohibit[ing] state or local law enforcement agencies from transferring seized property to a federal agency seeking adoption by the federal agency of the seized property. The bill would further prohibit state or local agencies from receiving an equitable share from a federal agency of specified seized property if a conviction for the underlying offenses is not obtained, except as specified. The bill would require notices of a forfeiture action to contain additional details, such as the rights of an interested party at a forfeiture hearing." The bill failed in the Assembly 24 to 44, with 12 not voting. [SB 443, failed in the Assembly, 9/10/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Law Enforcement Agencies To Develop Body-Worn Camera Policy. In June 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] a law enforcement agency, department, or entity, if it employs peace officers and uses body-worn cameras for those officers, to develop a body-worn camera policy. The bill would require the policy to allow a peace officer to review his or her body-worn camera video and audio recordings before making a report, giving an internal affairs statement, or before any criminal or civil proceeding." The bill passed the Assembly 71 to 7, with 2 not voting, but failed to pass a Senate Public Safety committee vote. [AB 1940, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16; failed in Senate committee, 6/28/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Authorize A Law Enforcement Agency To Privately Review The Footage From A Body-Worn Camera When An Officer Is Involved In An Incident That Results In Great Bodily Injury Or Death Of A Person. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] the governing board of a law enforcement agency, in closed session, to review the footage from a body-worn camera when a peace officer who was wearing the camera is involved in in, or was a witness to, an incident that results in great bodily injury to, or death of, a person other than the peace officer." The bill failed the Assembly 28 to 36, with 16 not voting. [AB 1957, failed in the Assembly, 6/1/16]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require A Public Safety Officer To Be Provided 3 Days' Notice Before The Public Release Of Any Body Camera Recordings. In May 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] a public safety officer to be provided a minimum of 3 business days' notice before a public safety department or other public agency releases on the Internet any audio or video of the officer recorded by the officer." The bill passed the Assembly 71 to 1, with 8 not voting, but failed a vote in the Senate Public Safety committee. [AB 2533, passed the Assembly, 5/19/16; failed in Senate committee, 6/28/16]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill To Give Small Business Loans For Complying With The Americans With Disabilities Act. In June 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Establish[ing] the California Americans with Disabilities Act Small Business Capital Access Loan Program within the Capital Access Loan Program, to create a self-sustaining program to provide loans to assist small businesses in financing the costs of projects that alter or retrofit existing small business facilities, meeting specified criteria, to comply with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act." The bill passed the Assembly 77 to 1, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 1230, passed the Assembly, 6/2/15; became law, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Providing Statewide Resources To Students And Their Families Who Have Been Subjected To School-Based Discrimination Based On Actual Or Perceived Religious Affiliation, Nationality, Race, Or Ethnicity. In August 2016, Chávez voted for: "Provid[ing] [...] statewide resources, including community-based organizations, that provide support to youth, and their families, who have been subjected to school-based discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying on the basis of religious affiliation, nationality, race, or ethnicity, or perceived religious affiliation, nationality, race, or ethnicity." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 79 to 0, with one not voting, and the Governor approved the bill. [AB 2845, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/25/16]

Consumer Issues

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Cleaning Product Manufacturers To Disclose Ingredients. In January 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the manufacturer of cleaning products for retail sale in this state to disclose each ingredient contained in the product." The bill failed in the Assembly 33 to 28, with 18 not voting. [AB 708, failed in the Assembly, 1/28/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting An Electrical Or Gas Corporation Using Ratepayer Funds To Pay Excess Compensation To An Executive For Five Years Following A Triggering Event. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] an electrical corporation or gas corporation from recovering from ratepayers expenses for excess compensation, as defined, paid to an officer of the utility for a period of 5 years following a triggering event, as defined, unless the utility obtains the approval of the commission. The bill would provide that anytime within a 5-year period following a triggering event, and prior to paying or seeking recovery of excess compensation, the electrical corporation or gas corporation would be required to file an application with the commission containing specified information." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 48 to 30, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1266, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Crime & Public Safety

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Clarify Definition Of Sexual Assault For The Purposes Of Reporting Abuse. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "Provid[ing] that 'sexual assault' for these purposes does not include voluntary sodomy, oral copulation, or sexual penetration, if there are no indicators of abuse, unless that conduct is between a person who is 21 years of age or older and a minor who is under 16 years of age." The bill failed in the Assembly 27 to 32, with 21 not voting. [AB 832, failed in the Assembly, 5/14/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Allowing A Court To Release A Person On Probation Or Parole From Custody If That Person Was Arrested For Violating Terms Of Supervision. In June 2015, Chávez voted for: "Allow[ing] a court to order the release of a supervised person from custody under any terms and conditions the court deems appropriate whenever a supervised person is arrested, with or without a warrant or the filing of a petition for revocation of supervision, unless the supervised person is otherwise serving a period of flash incarceration." The bill passed the Assembly 76 to 0, with 4 not voting, and became law. [SB 517, passed the Assembly, 6/25/15; became law, 7/6/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Allowing Prosecuting Agencies To Petition For Forfeiture Of Assets Obtained From Suspected Criminal Profiteering Activities, If The Assets Exceed \$100,000. In May 2015, Chávez voted for: "Allow[ing] the prosecuting agency to file a petition of forfeiture prior to the commencement of the underlying criminal proceeding if the value of the assets seized exceeds \$100,000, there is a substantial probability that the prosecuting agency will file a criminal complaint, there is a substantial probability the prosecuting agency will prevail on the issue of forfeiture and failure to enter the order will result in the property being destroyed or otherwise removed from the jurisdiction of the court, the need to preserve the property outweighs the hardship on any party against whom the order is entered, and there is a substantial probability that the assets subject to forfeiture represent direct or indirect proceeds of criminal activity committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with, a transnational criminal organization, as defined." The bill passed the Assembly 71 to 5, with 4 not voting, but, in the latest action, was held in Senate committee without further action. [AB 443, passed the Assembly, 5/28/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing A Court To Inform The State Bar If A Prosecuting Attorney Deliberately Withholds Relevant Evidence In Violation Of Law. In June and September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] a court, upon receiving information that the prosecuting attorney has deliberately and intentionally withheld relevant or material exculpatory evidence or information in violation of law, to make a finding, supported by clear and convincing evidence, that a violation occurred. If the court makes such a finding, the bill would require the court to inform the State Bar of California of that violation if the prosecuting attorney acted in bad faith and the impact of the withholding contributed to a guilty verdict, guilty or nolo contendere plea, or, if identified before conclusion of trial, seriously limited the ability of a defendant to present a defense." The bill passed the Assembly 41 to 36, with 3 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 47 to 26, with 7 not voting. The bill became law. [AB 1328, passed the Assembly, 6/1/15; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/3/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Creating An Explicit Right For A Person No Longer Imprisoned To Prosecute A Motion To Vacate A Conviction Based On A Prejudicial Error. In May 2015, Chávez voted for a bill to: "Create an explicit right for a person no longer imprisoned or restrained to prosecute a motion to vacate a conviction or sentence based on a prejudicial error damaging the moving party's ability to meaningfully understand, defend against, or knowingly accept the actual or potential adverse immigration consequences of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or based on newly discovered evidence of actual innocence, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 65 to 11, with 4 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments. [AB 813, passed the Assembly, 5/18/15]

August 29, 2016: Chávez Voted Against Concurring With Senate Amendments For AB 813. On August 29, 2016, Chávez voted against concurring with Senate amendments for AB 813. The bill passed the Assembly 59 to 14, with 7 not voting. [AB 813, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, <u>8/29/16</u>]

August 31, 2016: Chávez Voted Against Concurring With Senate Amendments For AB 813. On August 31, 2016, Chávez voted against concurring with Senate amendments for AB 813. The bill passed 61 to 15, with 4 not voting, and became law. [AB 813, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/31/16; became law, 9/28/16]

Economy & Jobs

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Expanding Unpaid Family And Medical Leave Coverage. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Expanding the persons and purposes for which leave is required to be provided under the act [Moore-Brown-Roberti Family Rights Act, which makes it an unlawful employment practice for an employer to refuse to grant a request by an eligible employee to take up to 12 workweeks of unpaid protected family or medical leave]. The bill would redefine the term 'child' to include a biological, adopted, or foster son or daughter, a stepchild, a legal ward, a son or daughter of a domestic partner, or a person to whom the employee stands in loco parentis, and would remove the restriction on age or dependent status. The bill would expand the definition of leave with regard to caring for persons with a serious health condition to also include leave to care for a grandparent, grandchild, sibling, or domestic partner who has a serious health condition. The bill would include a parent-in-law in the definition of 'parent.'" The bill passed the Assembly 41 to 30, with 9 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [SB 406, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted Against Repealing Limitations On Income And Assets With Regard To Eligibility For The California Work Opportunity And Responsibility To Kids (CalWORKs) Program. Chávez voted against: "Repeal[ing] those limitations on assets [limitations on income and assets generally applicable to public assistance programs] with regard to eligibility for CalWORKs, thereby eliminating the consideration of an individual's or family's assets as a condition of eligibility for CalWORKs." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 28, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 1809, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16]

The CalWORKs Program Provided Cash Aid And Services To Eligible Families That Have Children At Home. "CalWORKs is a public assistance program that provides cash aid and services to eligible families that have a child(ren) in the home. The program serves all 58 counties in the state and is operated locally by county welfare departments. If a family has little or no cash and needs housing, food, utilities, clothing or medical care, they may be eligible to receive immediate short-term help. Families that apply and qualify for ongoing assistance receive money each month to help pay for housing, food and other necessary expenses." [California Department of Social Services, CalWORKs, accessed 2/20/18]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Increase Statewide Minimum Wage To \$15 Per Hour By 2022. In March 2016, Chávez voted against: "Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the minimum wage for all industries shall not be less than the amounts set forth in this subdivision, except when the scheduled increases in paragraphs (1) and (2) are temporarily suspended under subdivision (d). [...] (F) From January 1, 2022, and until adjusted by subdivision (c)—fifteen dollars (\$15) per hour." The bill passed the Assembly 48 to 26, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 3, passed the Assembly, 3/31/16; became law, 4/4/16]

Education Issues

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Require Would Postsecondary Educational Institutions With No Physical Presence In California To Register With The State And Participate In The Student Tuition Recovery Fund. In June 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] a private entity with no physical presence in California, that would be subject to the requirements of this act if the entity was located in this state, to register with the bureau and participate in the act's Student Tuition Recovery Fund for its California students." The bill passed the Assembly 55 to 25 but, in the latest action, was held in Senate committee without further action. [AB 2652, passed the Assembly, 6/1/16]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Children Entering First Grade To Have Completed One Year Of Kindergarten. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] a child to have completed one year of kindergarten before he or she may be admitted to the first grade, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 58 to 21, with one not voting, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriation committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 713, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Express The Legislative Intent That Schools Provide Pupils With Adequate Time To Eat Lunch During The School Day. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Express[ing] legislative intent that schools provide pupils with adequate time to eat lunch during the schoolday. The bill would require school districts, in addition to providing a nutritionally adequate free or reduced-price meal for each needy pupil each schoolday, to ensure that each of the schools in their respective jurisdictions makes available to its pupils adequate time to eat after being served lunch." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 24, with 2 not voting, but the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 292, passed the Assembly, 6/4/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Express Legislative Intent To Provide All Low-Income Children Access To A State-Funded Preschool Program. Chávez voted against: "Establish[ing] the Preschool for All Act of 2015 and requires, on or before January 1, 2017, all eligible children to have access to the state preschool program the year before they enter kindergarten, if their parents wish to enroll them, contingent upon the appropriation of sufficient funding in the annual Budget Act for this purpose. [...] Further expresses the intent of the Legislature that all low-income children have access to either a state preschool program or a transitional kindergarten program and to provide funds to expand the state preschool program to provide full day, full year preschool for all eligible low-income children." The bill passed the Assembly 56 to 22, with 2 not voting. [AB 47, Assembly Floor Analysis, 6/2/15; passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

Chávez Changed His Position And Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill, Which Excluded The Low-Income Students Access Provision. "Requir[ing], on or before June 30, 2018, all eligible children who are not enrolled in transitional kindergarten to have access to the state preschool program the year before they enter kindergarten, if their parents wish to enroll them, contingent upon the appropriation of sufficient funding in the annual Budget Act for this purpose." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 47, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill To Require A Comprehensive Sexual Health Education And HIV Prevention Education. Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] school districts to ensure that all pupils in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, receive comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education, as specified. By imposing additional requirements on school districts, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 26, with 3 not voting, and became law. [AB 329, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/1/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Establish A Grant Directed At Students Who Demonstrate Financial Need And Have High Truancy Rates. In June 2015, Chávez voted for: "Establish[ing] the Our Children's Success—The Early Intervention Attendance Pilot Grant Program under the administration of the State Department of Education. The program would provide grants to applicant public schools, school districts, and county offices of education seeking to resolve the attendance problems of pupils in kindergarten and grades 1 to 3, inclusive. [...]

The bill would require the department to give priority in awarding grants to those applicants who demonstrate financial need for the grant and that have the highest truancy rates in urban areas, rural areas, and suburban areas, respectively." The bill passed the Assembly 56 to 24. [AB 1014, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

Chávez Changed His Position And Voted Against The Final Version Of The Bill, Which Established And Implemented Grant Programs To Reduce Truancy And Support Students Who Are At Risk Of Dropping Out Of School Or Are Victims Of Crime. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Establish[ing] the Learning Communities for School Success Program for the purpose of implementing that grant program [aimed at improving outcomes for public school pupils by reducing truancy and supporting pupils who are at risk of dropping out of school or are victims of crime], subject to an appropriation to the Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Fund in the annual Budget Act or another statute for the purposes of the bill. The bill would specify the administrative duties and responsibilities of the department with respect to the program, including administering grants and coordinating assistance to local educational agencies, as defined. The bill would set forth criteria to guide the department in awarding grants under the program, and would specify the purposes for which grant funds may be used. The bill would require the department to submit a final evaluation of the program to the Legislature on or before January 31, 2020." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 62 to 16, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1014, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/21/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Oversight Into The Development Of Curricula To Ensure Quality Courses In Ethnic Studies. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the Superintendent to oversee the development of, and the state board to adopt, a model curriculum to ensure quality courses in ethnic studies." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 61 to 15, with 4 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 101, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/9/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Expansion Of Social Studies Education To Include Unlawful Deportation. Chávez did not vote on: "Encouraging the incorporation of survivor and witness testimony into the teaching of human rights, include the unconstitutional deportation to Mexico during the Great Depression of citizens and lawful permanent residents of the United States within the definition of human rights." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 62 to 10, with 8 not voting, and became law. [AB 146, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/4/15; became law, 10/1/5]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Lower The Amount Of Unmet Financial Need A Student Needs To Qualify For A Fee Waiver At California Community Colleges To At Least One Dollar. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Lower[ing] the amount of unmet financial need a student needs to demonstrate to qualify for a fee waiver to at least one dollar. To the extent the bill would impose new duties on community college districts, it would constitute a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 53 to 25, with 2 not voting, but failed a Senate Education committee vote. [AB 1583, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16; failed in Senate committee, 6/29/16]

Election Law & Campaign Finance Issues

Chávez Voted For A Bill Permitting A Vote By Mail Voter To Return Their Ballot To The Elections Official From Whom It Came At A Mail Drop-Off Location. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Permit[ing] vote by mail voter to return his or her voted vote by mail ballot to the elections official from whom it came at a vote by mail ballot drop-off location, as defined. The bill would require the Secretary of State, on or before January 1, 2017, to promulgate regulations establishing guidelines based on best practices for security measures and procedures that a county elections official may use if the county elections official establishes one or more vote by mail ballot drop-off locations and vote by mail ballot drop boxes, as defined." The bill passed the Assembly and became law. [SB 365, passed the Assembly, 9/9/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting An Election Official From Rejecting An Unsigned Vote By Mail Ballot If The Voter Signs The Identification Envelope Before The Eighth Day Following The Election. Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] [an] elections official from rejecting the vote by mail ballot if the voter signs

the identification envelope at the elections official's office before 5 p.m. on the 8th day after the election, completes and submits an unsigned ballot statement, as specified, before 5 p.m. on the 8th day after the election, or completes and submits an unsigned ballot statement to a polling place within the county or a ballot dropoff box before the close of the polls on election day." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendment, and the bill became law. [AB 477, passed the Assembly, 9/10/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring The Secretary Of State To Adopt Regulations Governing And Certifying Ballot On-Demand Systems. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the secretary to adopt regulations (A) governing ballot on demand systems, as defined, and (B) for purposes of certifying ballot on demand systems. The bill, for commercial ballot manufacturers and finishers, would require the secretary to require a biennial inspection of the certified manufacturing, finishing, and storage facilities. The bill would also require the secretary to approve each ballot on demand system before the system is deployed for use in California elections. The bill would prohibit a jurisdiction from purchasing, leasing, or contracting for, and a vendor, company, or person from selling, leasing, or contracting with a jurisdiction for, a ballot on demand system unless the ballot on demand system has been certified by the secretary." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 23, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 439, passed the Assembly, 9/3/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing The Secretary Of State To Revise The Wording Of The Voter Bill Of Rights As Necessary To Ensure Understanding. In August 2015, Chávez voted against: "Eliminat[ing] the requirement that the Voter Bill of Rights be worded as specified and would instead authorize the Secretary of State to revise the wording as necessary to ensure understanding." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 25, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 505, passed the Assembly, <u>8/17/15</u>; became law, <u>9/1/15</u>]

Chávez Voted Against A Resolution Urging SCOTUS To Uphold The Federal Constitutional Principle Of "One Person, One Vote." In August 2015, Chávez voted against: "Urg[ing] the Supreme Court of the United States to uphold the federal constitutional principle of "one person, one vote" and not deny California's children and immigrants equal protection under the law." The resolution passed the Assembly 57 to 11, with 12 not voting. [SJR 13, passed the Assembly, 8/31/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting A Political Subdivision From Holding An Election Other Than On A Statewide Election Date If Such An Election Has Led To Lower Voter Turnout. Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a political subdivision, as defined, from holding an election other than on a statewide election date if holding an election on a nonconcurrent date has previously resulted in voter turnout for a regularly scheduled election in that political subdivision being at least 25% less than the average voter turnout within the political subdivision for the previous 4 statewide general elections, except as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 45 to 30, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 415, passed the Assembly, 7/16/15; became law, 9/1/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing A Motor Voter Program That Would Automatically Register Individuals Obtaining A Driver's License To Vote. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] he Secretary of State and the Department of Motor Vehicles to establish the California New Motor Voter Program for the purpose of increasing opportunities for voter registration by any person who is qualified to be a voter. Under the program, after the Secretary of State certifies that certain enumerated conditions are satisfied, the Department of Motor Vehicles would be required to electronically provide to the Secretary of State the records of each person who is issued an original or renewal of a driver's license or state identification card or who provides the department with a change of address, as specified. The person's motor vehicle records would then constitute a completed affidavit of registration and the person would be registered to vote, unless the person affirmatively declined to be registered to vote during a transaction with the department, the department did not represent to the Secretary of State that the person attested that he or she meets all voter eligibility requirements, as specified, or the Secretary of State determines that the person is ineligible to vote." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 1461, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Chávez Voted For Requiring The California State University And California Community College Systems To Implement A Process Allowing Students To Simultaneously Enroll And Register To Vote. Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the California State University and the California Community Colleges to implement a process

and the infrastructure to allow a person who enrolls online at the institution to submit an affidavit of voter registration electronically on the Internet Web site of the Secretary of State by July 1, 2018. The bill would encourage the University of California to comply with this provision." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 55 to 24, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 2455, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/21/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The Department Of Motor Vehicles To Pilot And Evaluate A Process To Ensure Completed Voter Registration. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the Department of Motor Vehicles to pilot and evaluate a process to register voters pursuant to the program to assist persons who do not fully complete the voter registration process. The bill would require the department to report on October 15, 2016, to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee, on the outcome of the pilot, other process changes proposed to ensure the full completion of voter registration, and an evaluation of options for ensuring persons have the opportunity to fully complete the voter registration process, including adding information technology equipment or fully automating forms." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 28, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 838, passed the Assembly, 6/16/16; became law, 9/13/16]

Energy Issues

Chávez Voted Against State Retirement Boards To Cease Making Public Employee Retirement Fund Investments In Thermal Coal Companies. In April 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] the boards of the Public Employees' Retirement System and the State Teachers' Retirement System from making new investments or renewing existing investments of public employee retirement funds in a thermal coal company, as defined. This bill would require the boards to liquidate investments in thermal coal companies on or before July 1, 2017, and would require the boards, in making a determination to liquidate investments, to constructively engage with thermal coal companies to establish whether the companies are transitioning their business models to adapt to clean energy generation." The bill passed the Assembly 47 to 30, with 3 not voting, [SB 185, passed the Assembly, 9/2/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Environmental Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing Grants To Develop And Implement Neighborhood-Level Climate Community Plans To Reduce Greenhouse Gases In Disadvantaged Communities. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Creat[ing] the Transformative Climate Communities Program, to be administered by the council. The bill would require the council to award competitive grants to specified eligible entities for the development and implementation of neighborhood-level transformative climate community plans that include greenhouse gas emissions reduction projects that provide local economic, environmental, and health benefits to disadvantaged communities, as defined." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 49 to 27, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 2722, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/31/16; became law, 9/14/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring At Least 30 Percent Of The Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund Be Spent On Projects Benefiting Individuals Living In Disadvantaged Communities Or Low-Income Households. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the investment plan to allocate (1) a minimum of 25% of the available moneys in the fund to projects located within, and benefiting individuals living in, disadvantaged communities, (2) an additional minimum of 5% to projects that benefit low-income households or to projects located within, and benefiting individuals living in, low-income communities located anywhere in the state, and (3) an additional minimum of 5% either to projects that benefit low-income households that are outside of, but within a ¹/₂ mile of, disadvantaged communities, or to projects located within the boundaries of, and benefiting individuals living in, low-income communities that are outside of, but within a ¹/₂ mile of, disadvantaged communities." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 53 to 22, with 5 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1550, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/31/16; became law, 9/14/16]

2015: Chávez Voted Against The Clean Energy And Pollution Reduction Act, Which Required A 50 Percent Increase In Renewable Energy Production And Double Energy Efficiency Savings By 2030. Chávez voted

against: "Requir[ing] that the amount of electricity generated and sold to retail customers per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to 50% by December 31, 2030, as provided. The bill would make other revisions to the RPS Program and to certain other requirements on public utilities and publicly owned electric utilities. [...] This bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to establish annual targets for statewide energy efficiency savings and demand reduction that will achieve a cumulative doubling of statewide energy efficiency savings in electricity and natural gas final end uses of retail customers by January 1, 2030." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 350, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/7/15]

2015: Chávez Voted Against The California Global Warming Solutions Act, Which Required That The State Board Ensure Greenhouse Gas Emission Were Reduced To 40 Percent Below The 1990 Level By 2030. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the state board to ensure that statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to 40% below the 1990 level by 2030." The bill passed the assembly 48 to 31, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 32, passed the Assembly, 8/23/16; became law, 9/8/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The State Board To Take Specified Actions And Conduct Specified Analyses With Respect To Methane Emissions. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the state board to take specified actions and conduct specified analyses with respect to methane emissions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 57 to 22, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 1496, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/10/15; became law, 10/18/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Express The Intent Of The Legislature To Increase The Amount Of Renewable Energy Resources By 50 Percent By 2031. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Express[ing] the intent of the Legislature for the purposes of the RPS program that the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to an amount equal to at least 50% by December 31, 2030, and would require the PUC, by January 1, 2017, to establish the quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources to be procured by each retail seller for specified compliance periods sufficient to ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieves 50% of retail sales by December 31, 2030, and that retail sellers procure not less than 50% of retail sales in all subsequent years." The bill passed the Assembly 46 to 29, with 5 not voting, but the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 645, passed the Assembly, 6/3/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Adding Two Legislators To The State Air Resources Board. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Increas[ing] the membership of the [State Air Resources Board] to 14 [from 12], with the Senate Committee on Rules and the Speaker of the Assembly each appointing one member, as provided." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1288, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/12/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Bill Establishing A Program To Coordinate Regional And Local Efforts With State Climate Adaptation Strategies To Adapt To The Impacts Of Climate Change. Chávez did not vote on: "Establish[ing] the Integrated Climate Adaptation and Resiliency Program to be administered by the Office of Planning and Research to coordinate regional and local efforts with state climate adaptation strategies to adapt to the impacts of climate change, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 56 to 23, with 1 not voting, and became law. [SB 246, passed the Assembly 9/8/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The State To Consider Repeat Violations Of Noncompliance With Respect To Hazardous Waste Control As Reason To Deny, Suspend, Or Revoke A Permit. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the department [Department of Toxic Substances Control] to consider, except under specified circumstances, 3 or more violations of, or noncompliance with, specified provisions for which a person or entity has been found liable or has been convicted, with respect to a single hazardous waste facility within a 5-year period, as compelling cause to deny, suspend, or revoke a permit, registration, or certificate applied for by, or issued to, that person or entity." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 54 to 25, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 1075, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; became law, 10/2/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Expanding On Hazardous Waste Permitting Criteria. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the department [Department of Toxic Substances Control], by January 1, 2018, to establish or update criteria for use in determining whether to issue a new or modified hazardous waste facilities permit or a renewal of a hazardous waste facilities permit, and to develop and implement, by July 1, 2018, programmatic reforms designed to improve the protectiveness, timeliness, legal defensibility, and enforceability of the department's permitting program." The bill passed the Assembly 50 to 25, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 673, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring One Of The Members Of The California Coastal Commission To Reside In A Community Disproportionately Burdened By High Levels Of Pollution. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] one of the members of the commission appointed by the Governor to reside in, and work directly with, communities in the state that are disproportionately burdened by, and vulnerable to, high levels of pollution and issues of environmental justice, as defined." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 25, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 2616, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/30/16; became law, 9/24/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Fining An Individual Up To \$10,000 For Violating A Water Conservation Program Ordinance. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Provid[ing] that a court or public entity may hold a person civilly liable in an amount not to exceed \$10,000 for a violation of a water conservation program ordinance or resolution, or certain emergency regulations adopted by the state board." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 28 and became law. [SB 88, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring Urban Retail Water Suppliers To Submit A Water Loss Audit Report. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] each urban retail water supplier, on or before October 1, 2017, and on or before October 1 of each year thereafter, to submit a completed and validated water loss audit report for the previous calendar year or previous fiscal year as prescribed by rules adopted by the Department of Water Resources on or before January 1, 2017, and updated as provided. The bill would require the department to post all validated water loss audit reports on its Internet Web site in a manner that allows for comparisons across water suppliers and to make these reports available for public viewing." The bill passed the Assembly 71 to 5, with 4 not voting, and became law. [SB 555, passed the Assembly, 9/3/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Bill That Would Expand Zero-Emission Vehicle Rebate Programs To Used Cars. Chávez did not vote on: "Requir[ing] the state board [State Air Resources Board] to establish the Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project, as a part of the Air Quality Improvement Program, to provide rebates or other incentives for the acquisition of an eligible used vehicle [a vehicle eligible for a rebate under the Clean Vehicle Rebate Project], as defined; the replacement or refurbishment of a battery and related components for an eligible used vehicle or an extended warranty for the battery or related components; or an extended service warranty to cover unexpected vehicle repairs not covered by the manufacturer's warranty related to unique problems in eligible used vehicles, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 58 to 20, with 2 not voting, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 904, passed the Assembly, 6/2/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The State Water Resources Control Board To Fund A Low-Income Water Assistance Program. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the state board, no later than January 1, 2018, in collaboration with the State Board of Equalization and relevant stakeholders, to develop a plan for the funding and implementation of the Low-Income Water Rate Assistance Program, which would include specified elements. The bill would permit the board to consider existing rate assistance programs authorized by the commission in developing the plan and would authorize the plan to include recommendations for other cost-effective methods of offering assistance to low-income water customers." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 55 to 24, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 401, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring That The Amount Of Electricity Generated And Sold From Renewable Energy Resources Be Increased To 50 Percent By 2031. In September 2015, Chávez voted against:

"Requir[ing] that the amount of electricity generated and sold to retail customers per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to 50% by December 31, 2030, as provided. The bill would make other revisions to the RPS Program and to certain other requirements on public utilities and publicly owned electric utilities." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 350, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law 10/7/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing The State To Consolidate Water Systems Within Disadvantaged Communities To Provide Safe Drinking Water. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] the state board to order consolidation with a receiving water system where a public water system, or a state small water system within a disadvantaged community, consistently fails to provide an adequate supply of safe drinking water." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 28 and became law. [SB 88, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing The State To Provide Temporary Assistance For Persons Moving Out Of A House Due To Lack Of Potable Water. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] the department to provide temporary assistance for persons moving out of a housing unit due to a lack of potable water resulting from the state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor relating to drought conditions if the person has exhausted all reasonable attempts to find a potable water source and the housing unit is served by a private well or water utility with fewer than 15 connections that is running out of potable water due to drought conditions." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 84, passed the Assembly, 6/29/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Awarding Monetary Incentives For Solar Energy Systems Installed On Affordable Housing Properties. Chávez voted against: "Requir[ing] the commission to annually authorize the allocation of \$100,000,000 or 10% of available funds, whichever is less, beginning with the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2016, and ending with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, from the greenhouse gas allowance revenues received by electrical corporations set aside for clean energy and energy efficiency projects for the Multifamily Affordable Housing Solar Roofs Program, which the bill would create. [...] The bill would require the commission to authorize, by June 30, 2017, the award of monetary incentives for solar energy systems, as defined, that are installed on qualified multifamily affordable housing properties, as defined, through December 31, 2030, with the target of the program being to install a combined generating capacity of at least 300 megawatts on qualified properties." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 28, with one not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 693, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Gun Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Have Expanded A Gun Violence Restraining Order Petition Eligibility To Include Employers, Coworkers, Mental Health Workers, And School Workers. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing] an employer, a coworker, a mental health worker who has seen the person as a patient in the last 6 months, or an employee of a secondary or postsecondary school that the person has attended in the last 6 months to file a petition for an ex parte, one-year, or renewed gun violence restraining order. This bill would also specify that these provisions shall not be construed to require any of those persons to seek a gun violence restraining order." The bill passed the Assembly 41 to 37, with 2 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 2607, passed the Assembly, 6/1/16; vetoed by Governor, 8/1/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Redefine "Assault Weapons" To Require Owners To Register The Guns With The State. "Revis[ing] this definition of 'assault weapon' to mean a semiautomatic centerfire rifle or a semiautomatic pistol that does not have a fixed magazine but has any one of those specified attributes. The bill would also define 'fixed magazine' to mean an ammunition feeding device contained in, or permanently attached to, a firearm in such a manner that the device cannot be removed without disassembly of the firearm action. [...] This bill would require that any person who, from January 1, 2001, to December 31, 2016, inclusive, lawfully possessed an assault weapon that does not have a fixed magazine, as defined, including those weapons with an ammunition feeding device that can be removed readily from the firearm with the use of a tool, register the firearm with the Department of Justice before January 1, 2018, but not before the effective date of specified regulations."

The bill passed the Assembly 43 to 31, with 6 not voting, but, in the latest action, died on Senate inactive file. [AB 1664, passed the Assembly, 6/1/16; died on Senate inactive file, 11/30/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed County Sheriffs To Enter Into Agreements With Police Chiefs To Process Concealed Handgun Applications. In April and September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Provid[ing] that a sheriff is not precluded from entering into an agreement with the chief or other head of a municipal police department of a city for the chief or other head of a municipal police department to process all applications for licenses to carry a concealed handgun, renewals of those licenses, and amendments of those licenses, for that city's residents." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 49 to 30, with one not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1134, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/4/15; became law, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Budget That Allocated \$5 Million To Reduce The Backlog Of Individuals Who Are In The Armed Prohibited Persons System And Who Illegally Possess Firearms. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Mak[ing] appropriations for the support of state government for the 2016-17 fiscal year. [...] For local assistance, Department of Justice, payable from the Firearms Safety and Enforcement Special Fund...5,000,000. Provisions: 1. The funds appropriated in this item shall be expended to contract with local law enforcement agencies to reduce the backlog of individuals who are in the Armed Prohibited Persons System (APPS) and who illegally possess firearms. The focus on reducing the APPS backlog shall be on persons with mental illness and with domestic violence restraining orders who are prohibited persons in possession of firearms." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 826, passed the Assembly, 6/15/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Prohibit Possession Of Large-Capacity Magazines. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Mak[ing] it [the sale, gift, and loan of a large-capacity magazine] an infraction punishable by a fine not to exceed \$100 for the first offense, by a fine not to exceed \$250 for the 2nd offense, and by a fine not to exceed \$500 for the 3rd or subsequent offense, for a person to possess any large-capacity magazine, regardless of the date the magazine was acquired." The bill passed the Assembly 44 to 31, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 1446, passed the Assembly, 6/30/16; became law, 7/1/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Increasing A Fee For Each Firearm Transaction For The Purpose Of Supporting State Program Costs. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Author[izing] the Department of Justice to increase that fee [requiring each dealer to charge each firearm purchaser or transferee a fee not to exceed \$1 for each firearm transaction for the purpose of supporting department program costs related to the Deadly Weapons Recodification Act of 2010] at a rate not to exceed any increase in the California Consumer Price Index and not to exceed the reasonable cost of regulation to the department." The bill passed the Assembly 51 to 27, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 843, passed the Assembly, 6/16/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited More Than One Gun Of Any Type From Being Purchased In A 30-Day Period. Chávez voted against: "Mak[ing] the 30-day prohibition and the dealer delivery prohibition [prohibiting a person from making more than one application to purchase a handgun within any 30-day period, and prohibits a firearms dealer from delivering a handgun to a person whenever the dealer is notified by the Department of Justice that within the preceding 30-day period the purchaser has made another application to purchase a handgun] described above applicable to all types of firearms." The bill passed the Assembly 44 to 34, with 2 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 1674, passed the Assembly, 6/30/16; vetoed by Governor, 7/1/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Revised The Definition Of "Assault Weapon" To Include A Semiautomatic Centerfire Rifles Or Semiautomatic Pistols That Do Not Have A Fixed Magazine. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Revis[ing] this definition of 'assault weapon' to mean a semiautomatic centerfire rifle or a semiautomatic pistol that does not have a fixed magazine but has any one of those specified attributes. The bill would also define 'fixed magazine' to mean an ammunition feeding device contained in, or permanently attached to, a firearm in such a manner that the device cannot be removed without disassembly of the firearm action." The bill concurred with Senate amendments 46 to 30, with 4 not voting, and became law. [AB 1135, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 6/30/16; became law, 7/1/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Revised The Definition Of An "Assault Weapon" To Include Semiautomatic Centerfire Rifles Or Semiautomatic Pistols That Do Not Have Fixed Magazines. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Revis[ing] this definition of 'assault weapon' to mean a semiautomatic centerfire rifle, or a semiautomatic pistol that does not have a fixed magazine but has any one of those specified attributes. The bill would also define 'fixed magazine' to mean an ammunition feeding device contained in, or permanently attached to, a firearm in such a manner that the device cannot be removed without disassembly of the firearm action." The bill passed the Assembly 44 to 30, with 6 not voting, and became law. [SB 880, passed the Assembly, 6/30/16; became law, 7/1/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Made False Reports About Lost Or Stolen Firearms, Making It A Misdemeanor And Prohibiting Violators From Owning A Firearms Within 10 Years Of Conviction. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Mak[ing] that prohibition applicable to a person who reports to certain individuals and peace officers that a firearm has been lost or stolen, knowing the report to be false. By changing the definition of an existing crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would also make it a misdemeanor for a person convicted of violating this provision to own a firearm within 10 years of the conviction." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 52 to 25, with 3 not voting, and became law. [AB 1695, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 6/30/16; became law, 7/1/16]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Adding The Petty Theft Of A Firearms, Carrying Ammunition Onto School Grounds, And Receiving Stolen Property Consisting Of A Firearm To A List Of Misdemeanors And Prohibiting Violators From Owning A Firearm Within 10 Years Of Conviction. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Add[ing] to the list of misdemeanors, the conviction for which is subject to the above prohibition on possessing a firearm within 10 years of the conviction, the petty theft of a firearm, and convictions on or after January 1, 2016, for the misdemeanor offenses of carrying ammunition onto school grounds and receiving stolen property consisting of a firearm. The bill would make other technical, nonsubstantive changes. Because a violation of these provisions would be a crime, and because this bill would expand the application of the crime to a larger class of potential offenders, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 46 to 30, with 4 not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [SB 347, passed the Assembly, 9/8/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/3/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited Concealing Weapons On School Grounds. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Recast[ing] the provisions relating to a person holding a valid license to carry a concealed firearm to allow that person to carry a firearm in an area that is within 1,000 feet of, but not on the grounds of, a public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive. The bill would also delete the exemption that allows a person holding a valid license to carry a concealed firearm to bring or possess a firearm on the campus of a university or college. The bill would create an additional exemption from those prohibitions for certain appointed peace officers who are authorized to carry a firearm by their appointing agency, and an exemption for certain retired reserve peace officers who are authorized to carry a concealed or loaded firearm." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 24, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 707, passed the Assembly, 9/1/15; became law, 10/10/15]

Health Care

Chávez Voted Against An Omnibus Funding Bill For California's Health Care Programs. Chávez voted against: "Omnibus Health Trailer Bill for 2015-16. It contains necessary changes related to the Budget Act of 2015. This bill makes various statutory changes to implement the 2015-16 Budget." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 75, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting Copayments From Exceeding \$250 For Antiretroviral Drug Treatments Medically Necessary For The Treatments Of AIDS/HIV. Chávez voted against: "Provid[ing] that the copayment, coinsurance, or any other form of cost sharing for a covered outpatient prescription drug for an individual prescription shall not exceed \$250 for a supply of up to 30 days, except as specified, and would prohibit, for a nongrandfathered individual or small group plan contract or policy, the annual deductible for outpatient drugs from exceeding a specified amount. The bill would make these cost-sharing limits applicable only to covered

outpatient prescription drugs that constitute essential health benefits, as defined. The bill would require a plan contract or policy to cover a single-tablet prescription drug regimen for combination antiretroviral drug treatments that are medically necessary for the treatment of AIDS/HIV, as specified." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 50 to 27, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 339, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting A Health Care Service Plan Or Insurer Offering Plans In The Large Group Market From Offering Plans That Provide A Minimum Value Of Less Than 60 Percent. Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a health care service plan (plan) or health insurer (insurer) offering plans or policies in the large group market from marketing, offering, amending or renewing a large group plan contract that provides a minimum value of less than 60%. [...] the bill applies to non-grandfathered plans; and, exclude policies that provide coverage of Medicare services, as well as grandfathered insurance policies that provide basic health care services, as defined in the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, without annual or lifetime benefits." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 52 to 27, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 248, passed the Assembly, 8/27/15; became law, 10/8/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing The Licensing And Regulatory Framework For Medical Marijuana Under The Medical Marijuana Regulation And Safety Act. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Enact[ing] the Medical Marijuana Regulation and Safety Act for the licensure and regulation of medical marijuana and would establish within the Department of Consumer Affairs the Bureau of Medical Marijuana Regulation, under the supervision and control of the Director of Consumer Affairs. The bill would require the director to administer and enforce the provisions of the act." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 59 to 14, with 7 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 266, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Prohibiting A Person From Being Denied An Organ Transplant Based Solely Upon A Positive Test For The Use Of Medical Marijuana By A Potential Recipient. In April 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Prohibit[ing] a hospital, physician and surgeon, procurement organization, or other person from determining the ultimate recipient of an anatomical gift based solely upon a potential recipient's status as a qualified patient, as specified, or based solely upon a positive test for the use of medical marijuana by a potential recipient who is a qualified patient, except to the extent that the qualified patient's use of medical marijuana has been found by a physician and surgeon, following a case-by-case evaluation of the potential recipient, to be medically significant to the provision of the anatomical gift." The bill passed the Assembly 64 to 12, with 4 not voting, and became law. [AB 258, passed the Assembly, 4/30/15; became law, 7/6/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Eliminating An Exemption That Allowed Parents To Not Vaccinate Their Children Due To Personal Beliefs. In June 2015, Chávez voted for: "Elimat[ing] the exemption from existing specified immunization requirements based upon personal beliefs, but would allow exemption from future immunization requirements deemed appropriate by the State Department of Public Health for either medical reasons or personal beliefs." The bill passed the assembly 46 to 31, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 277, passed the Assembly, 6/25/15; became law, 6/30/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Low-Income Children Receive Age-Appropriate Immunizations. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the [California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids program] applicant or recipient to ensure that each child in the assistance unit who is not required to be enrolled in school has received all age-appropriate immunizations." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 78 to 0, with 2 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 376, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/8/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Prohibiting A Person From Being Employed Or Volunteering At A Day Care Center Or Family Day Care Home Without Receiving Immunizations Against Influenza, Pertussis, And Measles. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Prohibit[ing] a person from being employed or volunteering at a day care center or a family day care home if he or she has not been immunized against influenza,

pertussis, and measles." The bill passed the Assembly 60 to 16, with 4 not voting, and became law. [SB 792, passed the Assembly, 9/8/15; became law, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring The Department Of Health Care Services To Establish And Administer A Fund Improving Childhood Immunization Rates. In June 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the State Department of Health Care Services to establish and administer the California Childhood Immunization Quality Improvement Fund (CCIQIF) program to improve childhood immunization rates, and would require the department to submit an application to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for a waiver to implement a 5-year demonstration project to implement the program." The bill passed the Assembly 65 to 12, with 3 not voting, but, in the latest action, was held in Senate committee without further action. [AB 1117, passed the Assembly, 6/30/15]

Housing

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Reduced Parking Requirements For Affordable, Senior Citizen, And Special Needs Housing Projects. In June and September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing], at the request of the developer, a city, county, or city and county from imposing a vehicular parking ratio, inclusive of handicapped and guest parking, in excess of 0.5 spaces per bedroom on a development that includes the maximum percentage of low- or very low income units [...]. The bill would also prohibit, at the request of the developer, a city, county, or city and county from imposing a vehicular parking ratio, inclusive of handicapped and guest parking, [...] if the development is within 1/2 mile of a major transit stop and there is unobstructed access to the transit stop from the development, is a for-rent housing development for individuals that are 62 years of age or older that complies with specified existing laws regarding senior housing, or is a special needs housing development, as those terms are defined. [...] The bill would authorize a city, county, or city and county to impose a higher vehicular parking ratio based on substantial evidence found in an areawide or jurisdictionwide parking study, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 25, with one vote not recorded. The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 52 to 25, with one vote not recorded, and the bill became law. [AB 744, passed the Assembly, 6/4/15; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/2/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Specifying That Visible Mold Be Classified As A Substandard Condition. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Specify[ing] that visible mold growth, excepting mold that is minor and found on surfaces that can accumulate moisture as part of their proper and intended use, is a type of inadequate sanitation and therefore a substandard condition." The bill passed the Assembly 44 to 28, with 8 not voting, and became law. [SB 655, passed the Assembly, 9/2/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prescribing The Duty Of A Landlord To Treat And Control Bedbugs. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Prescrib[ing] the duties of landlords and tenants with regard to the treatment and control of bed bugs. The bill would require a landlord to provide a prospective tenant, on and after July 1, 2017, and to all other tenants by January 1, 2018, information about bed bugs, as specified. The bill would require that the landlord provide notice to the tenants of those units inspected by the pest control operator of the pest control operator's findings within 2 business days, as specified. The bill would prohibit a landlord from showing, renting, or leasing a vacant dwelling unit that the landlord knows has a bed bug infestation, as specified." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 65 to 15, and the bill became law. [AB 551, passed the Assembly, 8/29/15; became law, 9/25/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Budget Bill Providing Assistance To Low And Moderate-Income First-Time Homebuyers. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Modify[ing] the program [Roberti-Green Home Purchase Assistance Program, which provides first-time homebuyers with home purchase assistance in the form of interest rate subsidies and downpayment assistance] to instead provide home purchase assistance to low- and moderate-income homebuyers to qualify for the purchase of owner-occupied homes and would revise the terms under which that assistance is provided." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 27, with 4 not voting, and became law. [SB 837, passed the Assembly, 6/16/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Immigration

Chávez Voted For A Bill Extending Eligibility For Full-Scope Medi-Cal Benefits To All Children Under The Age Of 19 In California, Regardless Of Immigration Status. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] individuals under 19 years of age enrolled in restricted-scope Medi-Cal at the time the director makes the above-described determination to be enrolled in the full scope of Medi-Cal benefits, if otherwise eligible, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan, as specified. [...] the California Legislature has extended eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to all children in California, regardless of immigration status." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 23, with 5 not voting, and became law. [SB 4, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Resolution Urging The Federal Government To Investigate The Alleged Misuse Of The H1-B Visa Program. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Urg[ing] the United States Department of Labor and the Congress of the United States to investigate alleged misuse of the H1-B Visa program." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 20, with 11 not voting, but died on the Senate inactive file. [AJR 12, passed the Assembly 6/29/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting Employers From Using The E-Verify System To Check The Employment Authorization Status Of An Existing Employee Or Applicant. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Expand[ing] the definition of an unlawful employment practice to prohibit an employer or any other person or entity from using the E-Verify system at a time or in a manner not required by a specified federal law or not authorized by a federal agency memorandum of understanding to check the employment authorization status of an existing employee or an applicant who has not received an offer of employment, except as required by federal law or as a condition of receiving federal funds." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 51 to 26, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 622, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/4/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Allowing Undocumented Children To Recover Civil Damages Under Any Applicable Law. In July 2015, Chávez voted for: "Provid[ing] that the immigration status of a minor child seeking recovery under any applicable law is irrelevant to the issues of liability or remedy and would prohibit discovery or other inquiry in a civil action or proceeding into a minor child's immigration status, with specified exceptions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 56 to 21, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 560, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 7/16/15; became law, 8/10/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing A Statewide Director Of Immigrant Integration For The Purpose Of Developing A Comprehensive Statewide Report On Programs Serving Immigrants. In June 2015, Chávez voted against: "Establish[ing] the Statewide Director of Immigrant Integration in the Governor's Office of Planning and Research, appointed by the Governor, for the purpose of developing a comprehensive statewide report on programs and services that serve immigrants and programs and services currently managed by a state agency or department to support California immigrants." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 84, passed the Assembly, 6/19/15; became law, 6/24/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Require California Community Colleges And The California State University Systems To Create Dream Resources Centers On Campuses To Assist DREAMers. In June 201, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] the California Community Colleges and the California State University, and would request the University of California, to create Dream Resource Centers on their campuses, as specified, to assist certain students by streamlining access to all available financial aid and academic opportunities for those students. The bill would require each campus of the California Community Colleges and the California State University that is not required to have a Dream Resource Center to ensure that it has a designated staff person who is knowledgeable in available financial aid, services, and academic opportunities for all students meeting specified requirements, including undocumented students." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 23, with 5 not voting, but, in the latest action, died on the Senate inactive file. [AB 1366, passed the Assembly, 6/31/15; died on Senate inactive file, 11/30/16]

Labor

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require An Employer To Pay At Least Twice The Regular Rate Of Pay To Employees At Retail And Grocery Establishments Working On A Family Holiday. In August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Enact[ing] the Double Pay on the Holiday Act of 2016, which would require an employer to pay at least 2 times the regular rate of pay to employees at retail and grocery store establishments, as defined, except employees in specified categories, for work on a family holiday, as defined." The Assembly did not concur with Senate amendments 31 to 37, with 12 not voting. [AB 67, Senate amendments failed in Assembly, 8/31/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Require Overtime For Agricultural Workers. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Remov[ing] he exemption for agricultural employees regarding hours, meal breaks, and other working conditions, including specified wage requirements, and would create a schedule that would phase in overtime requirements for agricultural workers, as defined, over the course of 4 years, from 2019 to 2022, inclusive. Beginning January 1, 2022, the bill would require any work performed by a person, employed in an agricultural occupation, in excess of 12 hours in one day to be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the employee's regular rate of pay." The bill failed in the Assembly 38 to 35, with 7 not voting. [AB 2757, failed in the Assembly, 6/2/16]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring State Agencies To Give Preference To Homeless And Formerly Incarcerated Youth When Hiring For Internships And Student Assistant Positions. Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] state agencies, when hiring for internships and student assistant positions, also to give preference to homeless youth and formerly incarcerated youth, as defined." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 59 to 18, with 3 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1840, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/21/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Protecting An Employee Who Is A Family Member Of A Person Who Engaged In Protected Conduct From Retaliation. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Extend[ing] the protections of these provisions [protecting employees or an applicant from being discharged or having adverse action, discrimination, or retaliation directed at them by an employer for making a bona fide complaint], as specified, to an employee who is a family member of a person who engaged in, or was perceived to engage in, the protected conduct or make a complaint protected by these provisions. This bill would define terms for the purpose of these provisions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 53 to 25, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 1509, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/4/15; became law, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting An Employer From Requiring An Employee To Agree To Waive Any Legal Right For Employment Law Violations. In August 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] any person from requiring another person, as a condition of employment, to agree to the waiver of any legal right, penalty, forum, or procedure for any employment law violations. The bill would prohibit a person from threatening, retaliating against, or discriminating against another person based on a refusal to agree to such waiver, and would provide that any such waiver required from an employee or potential employee as a condition of employment or continued employment is unconscionable, against public policy, and unenforceable." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 46 to 31, with 3 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 465, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/27/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting An Employer From Seeking Salary History Information About An Applicant For Employment. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] an employer from seeking salary history information about an applicant for employment, except as otherwise provided. The bill would specify that a violation of its provisions would not be subject to the misdemeanor provision." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 42 to 33, with 5 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 1017, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/3/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

LGBT Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited State Agencies From Entering Contracts For The Acquisition Of Goods Or Services Of \$100,000 Or More With Companies That Discriminate Based On Gender Identity. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a state agency from entering into contracts for the acquisition of goods or services of \$100,000 or more with a contractor that discriminates between employees on the basis of gender identity in the provision of benefits, as specified. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly 53 to 24, with 3 not voting, and became law. [SB 703, passed the Assembly, 9/2/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring The Department Of Education To Assess Whether Local Educational Agencies Have Provided Information On Existing Resources For LGBT Students And Questioning Pupils. In June and September 2015, Chávez voted for: "[A bill] requir[ing] the department [State Department of Education] to also assess whether the local educational agency has provided to certificated schoolsite employees who serve pupils in any of grades 7 to 12, inclusive, information on existing schoolsite and community resources related to the support of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and questioning pupils, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 59 to 15, with 6 not voting, and the Assembly concurred Senate amendments, 58 to 18, with 4 not voting. The bill became law. [AB 827, passed the Assembly, 6/4/15; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/3/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Require Charitable Organizations Seeking To Participate In The State Employees' Charitable Giving Program To Certify Their Compliance With Existing Nondiscrimination Laws. In May 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Requir[ing] a charitable organization seeking to participate in the state employees' charitable giving program (program) to provide a statement to the program administrator certifying that it complies with existing civil rights and nondiscrimination laws." The Assembly passed the bill 62 to 7, with 11 not voting. [AB 1050, passed the Assembly, 5/26/15]

Chávez Voted Against AB 1050's Final Version, Which Omitted Nondiscrimination Requirements. "This bill would, when the request for a permanent variance pertains to a conveyance covered by the elevator safety orders, require the applicant to provide the required notice regarding the hearing to the local union representing elevator workers and to those workers who will be performing the tasks pursuant to the proposed variance, or their authorized representative. The bill would grant party status at the hearing to those workers or their authorized representative upon their request to the board." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 52 to 28, but the bill was vetoed by the Governor. [AB 1050, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/30/16; vetoed by Governor, 9/27/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Prohibit A State Agency From Requiring Any Of Its Employees To Travel To Any State With Any Laws Allowing Discrimination Based On Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, Or Gender Expression. In May and August 2016, Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing] a state agency and the Legislature from requiring any of its employees, officers, or members to travel to, or approving a request for state-funded or state-sponsored travel to, any state that, after June 26, 2015, has enacted a law that voids or repeals, or has the effect of voiding or repealing, existing state or local protections against discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression or has enacted a law that authorizes or requires discrimination against same-sex couples or their families or on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression, as specified, subject to certain exceptions." The bill passed the Assembly 54 to 21, with 5 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 56 to 21, with 3 not voting. The bill became law. [AB 1887, passed the Assembly, 5/9/16; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/23/16; became law, 9/27/16]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Urge The United States Congress To Amend The Civil Rights Act To Include Protections On The Basis Of Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, And Sex. In June and August 2016, Chávez did not vote on: "AJR 45, Chiu. Civil rights: the Equality Act. This act would urge the United States Congress to enact the Equality Act of 2015, which would amend the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to include protections on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity, and sex for, among other things, employment,

housing, public education, and public accommodations." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 11, with 17 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 55 to 11, with 14 not voting. The bill became law by the Secretary of State. [AJR 45, passed the Assembly, 6/23/16; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/24/16; became law, 9/10/16]

Chávez Voted For A Bill To Require Public Restrooms With Only One Toilet To Be Identified As An All-Gender Toilet. In August 2016, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] all single-user toilet facilities in any business establishment, place of public accommodation, or government agency to be identified as all-gender toilet facilities, as specified. The bill would authorize inspectors, building officials, or other local officials responsible for code enforcement to inspect for compliance with these provisions during any inspection." The bill passed the Assembly 55 to 19, with 6 not voting, and the Assembly concurred 57 to 18, with 5 not voting. The bill became law. [AB 1732, passed the Assembly, 5/9/16; Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/22/16; became law, 9/29/16]

Seniors Issues

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Prohibiting Continuing Care Retirement Facilities From Charging Residents A Monthly Fee Once A Unit Has Been Permanently Vacated By The Resident. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Mak[ing] corresponding changes to require a continuing care contract to contain a statement that a provider is prohibited from charging the resident or his or her estate a monthly fee once a unit has been permanently vacated by the resident, unless the fee is part of an equity interest contract." The bill passed the Assembly 53 to 26, with one not voting, but was vetoed by the Governor. [SB 475, passed the Assembly, 9/8/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Budget That Restored \$1.9 Million To The "Meals On Wheels" Program. Chávez voted against: "Amend[ing] he 2015 Act, AB 123 (Budget Committee) of the current legislative session and SB 97, Chapter 11, Statutes of 2015, to make technical amendments and corrections to budget provisions to adequately reflect the agreement reached by the Legislature and the Governor. Corrects omissions, clarifies previously-ambiguous provisions, provides necessary statutory language for budgetary allocations, and corrects amounts that were previously cited incorrectly. Specifically, this bill: [...] Restores an unintentional reduction of \$1.9 million General Fund for the Congregate Nutrition 'Meals on Wheels' program." [SB 101, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; Assembly Floor Analysis, 9/11/15; became law, 9/22/15]

Chávez Voted Against An Omnibus Social Services Budget Bill Increased The Amount Of Aid Paid Under The State Supplementary Program For The Aged, Blind, And Disabled By 2.76 Percent. In June 2016, Chávez voted against: "Increas[ing] he amount of aid paid under SSP that is in effect on December 31, 2016, less the federal benefit portion received, by 2.76%. The bill would instead provide that the continuous appropriation would not be made for purposes of implementing these provisions." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 54 to 24, with 2 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 1603, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 6/16/16; became law, 6/27/16]

Tax Issues

Chávez Voted For A Bill Permitting Local Agencies Conducting Proceedings For The Disincorporation Of A City To Propose The Adoption Of A Special Tax On Behalf Of The Affected City. In August 2015, Chávez voted for: "Authoriz[ing] a local agency conducting proceedings for the disincorporation of a city to propose the adoption of a special tax on behalf of an affected city in accordance with the above-described procedure." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, and the bill became law. [AB 851, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/31/15; became law, 9/21/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Imposing An Additional Tax On Life Insurance Policies. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Authoriz[ing] the commissioner to impose an annual assessment on each insurance company, based on the company's gross annual life insurance premium written by the insurer in California during

the immediately preceding year, thereby imposing a tax." The bill passed the Assembly 78 to 0, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 696, passed the Assembly, $\frac{9/8/15}{5}$; became law, $\frac{10/8/15}{5}$]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Authorizing Counties To Impose A Tax Upon Specified Cannabis-Related Activity. In September 2015, Chávez voted did not vote on: "Authoriz[ing] counties to impose a tax upon specified cannabis-related activity." The bill passed the Assembly 58 to 13, with 9 not voting, and became law. [SB 643, passed the Assembly, 9/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Impose A Tax On Every Distributor Of Medical Marijuana. In June 2016, Chávez voted for: "Impos[ing] a tax in specified amounts on every distributor upon all medical cannabis and medical cannabis products distributed to a dispensary in this state, as specified. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization to administer and collect the tax pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Fee Collection Procedures Law." The bill passed the Assembly 60 to 12, with 8 not voting, but in the latest action, the Senate Appropriations committee placed the bill on suspense file. [AB 2243, passed the Assembly, 6/2/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Authorizing A Local Governments To Impose A Tax On Cigarettes And Tobacco Products. In March 2016, Chávez voted against: "Authoriz[ing], on and after January 1, 2017, the board of supervisors of a county or city and county to impose a tax on the privilege of distributing cigarettes and tobacco products in the county or city and county, including within an incorporated city within the county, and would make conforming changes." The bill passed the Assembly 46 to 27, with 6 not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 10, passed the Assembly, 3/3/16; vetoed by Governor, 5/4/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Raising License Application Fees For Businesses Selling Cigarettes Or Tobacco Products. In March 2016, Chávez voted against: "Rais[ing] the fees described [requiring a wholesaler or distributor that commences business selling or distributing cigarettes or tobacco products, or that commences doing so at a new or different place of business in the state, to apply for a license accompanied by a required fee of \$1,000 for each location] to \$1,200." The bill passed the Assembly 48 to 26, with 5 not voting, and became law. [AB 11, passed the Assembly, 3/3/16; became law, 5/4/16]

Transportation Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Prohibiting The Operation Of A Freight Train Without At Least Two Crewmembers. Chávez voted against: "Prohibit[ing], on and after February 1, 2016, a train or light engine used in connection with the movement of freight, as specified, from being operated unless it has a crew consisting of at least 2 individuals. The bill would authorize the Public Utilities Commission to assess civil penalties against any person who willfully violates this provision, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 51 to 28, with one not voting, and became law. [SB 730, passed the Assembly, 8/20/15; became law, 9/8/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Prohibiting A Pedestrian Or Cyclist From Being Charged On Toll Bridges. In September 2015, Chávez voted for: "Prohibit[ing] a toll from being imposed on the passage of a pedestrian or bicycle over these various toll bridges." The Assembly concurred with Senate Amendments 65 to 13, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 40, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/9/15; became law, 10/7/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Authorizing Toll And HOT Lanes On I-10 And I-15 In San Bernardino County. Chávez voted for: "Authoriz[ing] the San Bernardino County Transportation Commission to conduct, administer, and operate a value-pricing program, that may include HOT lanes or other toll facilities in the Interstate Highway Routes 10 and 15 in the County of San Bernardino and, with the agreement of affected transportation agencies, specified extensions and connections into the Counties of Los Angeles and Riverside." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 73 to 5, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 914, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Expanding The California Transportation Commission's Authority To Review And Approve Toll Lane Applications Submitted By Regional Transportation Agencies. Chávez voted against: "Delet[ing] the requirement that the facilities be consistent with the established standards, requirements, and

limitations that apply to specified facilities and would instead require the commission to establish eligibility criteria set forth in guidelines for the development and operation of the facilities and provide for the review and approval by the commission [California Transportation Commission] of each proposed toll facility pursuant to those eligibility criteria. The bill would require toll facilities approved by the commission on or after January 1, 2016, to be subject to specified minimum requirements, including those relating to toll facility revenues. The bill would authorize a regional transportation agency or the state, as applicable, to issue bonds, refunding bonds, or bond anticipation notes backed by revenues generated from the facilities. The bill would delete the requirement that the commission conduct at least one public hearing in northern California and one in southern California for each eligible application and would instead require the commission to conduct at least one public hearing at or near the proposed toll facility." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 58 to 20, with 2 not voting, and became law. [AB 194, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Authorizing The Operator Of A Privately Owned Parking Facility To Issue Tickets To Violators. Chávez voted for: "Authoriz[ing] city or county to include in that ordinance or resolution authorization for the operator of a privately owned and maintained offstreet parking facility to regulate unauthorized parking in that facility. The bill would, if a city or county has exercised that authority and unauthorized parking is regulated in a privately owned and maintained offstreet parking facility, require the owner or operator of the facility to post language, as specified, stating that violators may be subject to a parking invoice fee, and include in a parking fee invoice instructions that describe the manner in which to contest the parking fee invoice and prohibit the owner or operator from filing with, or transmitting to, the Department of Motor Vehicles a parking fee invoice, as specified. The bill would also require a city or county that authorizes private parking regulation to include, in its ordinance or resolution, specified provisions, including those related to dispute resolution." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 79 to 0, with one not voting, and became law. [AB 451, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 7/9/15; became law, 8/11/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Authorizing Two-Wheeled Motorcycles To Drive Between Rows Of Stopped Or Moving Vehicles In The Same Lane. In August 2016, Chávez did not vote on: "Defin[ing] 'lane splitting' as driving a motorcycle, that has 2 wheels in contact with the ground, between rows of stopped or moving vehicles in the same lane, as specified." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 74 to 0, with six not voting, and became law. [AB 51, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/4/16; became law, 8/19/16]

Chávez Voted Against Requiring A State Agency To Give A 10 Percent Preference To Any Bidder On A Public Transit Service Contract Who Agrees To Retain Employees For At Least 90 Days. In September 2015, Chávez voted against: "Expand[ing] these provisions to require a state agency to also give a 10% preference to any bidder under these provisions [to give a 10% preference to any bidder on a service contract to provide public transit services who agrees to retain employees of the prior contractor or subcontractor for a period of not less than 90 days]." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 28 but was vetoed by the Governor. [SB 599, passed the Assembly, 9/1/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/10/15]

Women's Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Resolution That Urged The President Of The United States And Congress To Express Support For Planned Parenthood And A Woman's Fundamental Right To Control Her Own Reproductive Decisions. In January 2016, Chávez voted against: "Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the Assembly urges the President of the United States and the United States Congress to express their support for a woman's fundamental right to control her own reproductive decisions, as well as their support for access to comprehensive reproductive health care, including the services provided by Planned Parenthood." The resolution passed the Assembly 53 to 22. [HR 32, passed the Assembly, 1/19/16]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Make It A Crime To Deliberately Record A Confidential Communication Without Consent. In May 2016, Chávez voted against: "A person who, intentionally and without the consent of all parties to a confidential communication, uses an electronic amplifying or recording device to eavesdrop upon or record the confidential communication, whether the communication is carried on among the

parties in the presence of one another or by means of a telegraph, telephone, or other device, except a radio, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per violation, or imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison, or by both that fine and imprisonment." The bill passed the Assembly 52 to 26, with 2 not voting, and the Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 52 to 26, with 2 not voting. The bill became law and became law. [AB 1671, passed the Assembly, <u>5/31/16</u>; Senate amendments concurred in, <u>8/31/16</u>; became law, <u>9/30/16</u>]

Los Angeles Times: Videos Involving Planned Parenthood Employees Discussing Abortion Procedures Inspired AB 1671. "Distributing secret recordings involving healthcare conversations will become a crime in California in 2017, under a new law inspired by the high-profile case involving videos of Planned Parenthood employees discussing abortion procedures. [...] Planned Parenthood, a sponsor of AB 1671, argued that the new law is necessary in the wake of the controversial videos taped by David Daleiden and other anti-abortion activists that purport to show Planned Parenthood employees illegally trafficking in fetal tissue." [Los Angeles Times, 9/30/16]

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Chávez Voted For A Bill That Allowed Pregnant Women To Enroll Or Change An Individual Health Care Plan Or Policy. In June 2015, Chávez voted for a bill that: "Require[d] a health care service plan (plan) or health insurer (insurer) to allow an individual to enroll in or change an individual plan or policy as a result of pregnancy." The bill passed the Assembly 66 to 10. In the latest action, the bill remained inactive in Senate committee. [AB 1102, passed the Assembly, 6/4/15; Assembly Committee on Health, AB 1102 Summary, 4/28/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Licensed Covered Facilities To Provide Information About Affordable Family Planning, Programs, Abortion Services, And Prenatal Care To Clients. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "Enact[ing] the Reproductive FACT (Freedom, Accountability, Comprehensive Care, and Transparency) Act, which would require a licensed covered facility, as defined, to disseminate a notice to all clients, as specified, stating, among other things, that California has public programs that provide immediate free or low-cost access to comprehensive family planning services, prenatal care, and abortion, for eligible women. The bill would also require an unlicensed covered facility, as defined, to disseminate a notice to all clients, as specified, stating, among other things, that the facility is not licensed as a medical facility by the State of California." The bill passed the Assembly 49 to 26, with 5 not voting, and became law. [AB 775, passed the Assembly, 5/26/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Sacramento Bee: NARAL Pro-Choice America, Planned Parenthood, And Black Women For Wellness Sponsored AB 775. "Los Angeles-based advocacy group Black Women for Wellness joined Harris and NARAL Pro-Choice California as sponsors of the bill, which was authored by Assemblyman David Chiu, D-San Francisco, and Assemblywoman Autumn Burke, D-Los Angeles." [Sacramento Bee, 10/11/15]

Sacramento Bee: AB 775 Would Require That "Crisis Pregnancy Centers" Run By Anti-Abortion Organizations To Inform Clients Of California Public Programs That Offer Abortions. "The law would cover 'crisis pregnancy centers' run by anti-abortion organizations. [...] The just-enacted legislation, however, requires that they inform clients of California public programs that do offer abortions, and that they supply their clients with a telephone number for the appropriate county social services office so the clients can find out if they qualify for those programs that include abortion services. Facilities that fail to obey the new law are subject to a \$500 civil penalty for a first offense and a \$1,000 penalty for each subsequent offense." [Sacramento Bee, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill To Prohibit A Requirement For Primary Care Clinics To Enter A Written Transfer Agreement With A Nearby Hospital. In May 2015, Chávez voted against: "A licensed primary care clinic is not required to enter into a written transfer agreement pursuant to those provisions as a condition of

licensure, except as provided for a primary care clinic that provides services as an alternative birth center, as specified. The bill would require a primary care clinic, except as specified, to send with each patient at the time of transfer, or in the case of an emergency, as promptly as possible, copies of all medical records related to the patient's transfer, and would require the medical records to include, among other things, current medical findings and a brief summary of the course of treatment provided prior to the patient's transfer. The bill would require the department to repeal related regulations." The bill passed the Assembly 51 to 28, with one vote not recorded, and became public law. [AB 1177, passed the Assembly, 5/11/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Enacting The Equal Pay For Equal Work Act, Which Would Require An Employer To Submit A Nondiscrimination Program To The State. In September 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "Enact[ing] the Equal Pay for Equal Work Act of 2015. The bill would require an employer with 100 or more employees in state, as specified, and a contract of 30 days or more, prior to becoming a contractor or subcontractor with the state, to submit a nondiscrimination program to the Department of Fair Employment and Housing and to submit periodic reports no more than annually of its compliance with that program. The bill would authorize the department to require approval and certification of the program. The bill would permit the department to require an employer with fewer than 100 employees in state or a contract of less than 30 days to submit a nondiscrimination report. The bill would require the department to define an employee for these purposes. The bill would require the nondiscrimination program to include policies and procedures designed to ensure equal employment opportunities for all applicants and employees, an analysis of employment selection procedures, and a workforce analysis, as specified." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 54 to 25, with one not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 1354, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/8/15; vetoed by Governor, 10/11/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Revising A Provision Prohibiting Employers From Paying Employees Wages Less That Other Employees Of The Opposite Sex For Substantially Similar Work When Viewed As A Composite Of Skill, Effort, And Responsibility. In August 2015, Chávez voted for: "Revis[ing] that prohibition [prohibiting an employer from paying an employee at wage rates less than the rates paid to employees of the opposite sex in the same establishment for equal work on jobs the performance of which requires equal skill, effort, and responsibility, and which are performed under similar working conditions] to eliminate the requirement that the wage differential be within the same establishment, and instead would prohibit an employer from paying any of its employees at wage rates less than those paid to employees of the opposite sex for substantially similar work, when viewed as a composite of skill, effort, and responsibility, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly 76 to 2, with 2 not voting, and became law. [SB 358, passed the Assembly, 8/27/15; became law, 10/6/15]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Requiring Schools To Provide Reasonable Accommodations For Breast-Feeding. Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing] a school operated by a school district or a county office of education, the California School for the Deaf, the California School for the Blind, and a charter school to provide, only if there is at least one lactating pupil on the school campus, reasonable accommodations to a lactating pupil on a school campus to express breast milk, breast-feed an infant child, or address other needs related to breast-feeding. The bill would require that these reasonable accommodations include, but are not limited to, access to a private and secure room, other than a restroom, to express breast milk or breast-feed an infant child, permission to bring onto a school campus any equipment used to express breast milk, access to a power source for that equipment, and access to a place to safely store expressed breast milk. The bill would also require that a lactating pupil on a school campus be given a reasonable amount of time to accommodate the need to express breast milk or breast-feed an infant child." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 62 to 14, with 4 not voting, and the bill became law. [AB 302, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 9/3/15; became law, 10/9/15]

Chávez Voted For A Resolution Commemorating The Anniversary Of Title IX. Chávez voted for: "This measure would, on June 23, 2015, commemorate the 43rd anniversary of the enactment of Title IX, and would urge Californians to continue to work together to achieve the goals set by Title IX, as specified." The resolution passed the Assembly 68 to 4, with 8 not voting, and became law. [AJR 23, passed the Assembly, 6/22/15; became law, 7/21/15]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Expand A Community Colleges' Authorization To Deny, Permit, Or Offer Conditional Enrollment To Individuals Expelled From Other Schools For Sexual Assault,

Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Or Stalking. In May 2015, Chávez did not vote on: "[A bill to] expand the authorization to either deny enrollment, permit enrollment, or permit conditional the authorization to either deny enrollment, permit enrollment, or permit conditional certain offenses or for a violation of a district's adopted policies concerning sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking described above. The bill would also authorize a community college district to require a student seeking admission to inform the community college district considering admitting the student if he or she has been previously expelled or is currently suspended from a community college in the state for a violation of that community college's district-adopted policies concerning sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking." The bill passed the Assembly 59 to 11, with 10 not voting. [AB 969, passed the Assembly, 5/18/15]

Chávez Voted For A Final Version Of The Bill, Which Would Exclude Enrollment Authority Granted In Previous Versions But Require State Institutions Of Higher Education To Publish Data Relating To Cases Involving Sexual Violence Online. In August 2015, Chávez voted for: "Requir[ing], until January 1, 2022, in order to receive state funds for student financial assistance, the governing board of each community college district, the Trustees of the California State University, the Regents of the University of California, and the governing board of each independent postsecondary institution to report, on or before October 1, 2018, and on an annual basis thereafter, specified data relating to cases of alleged sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. The bill would require that report to be posted on the respective institution's Internet Web site in a manner easily accessible to students." The Assembly concurred with Senate amendments 79 to 0, with one not voting, but the Governor vetoed. [AB 969, Assembly concurred with Senate amendments, 8/22/16; vetoed by Governor, 9/30/16]

Civil Rights & Liberties Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Various Medical Boards To Report The Demographics Of Their Licensees To The Government. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill requiring various medical boards to report the demographics of their licensees to the government, with race being optional. "This bill would require these boards to collect and report specific demographic data relating to its licensees, subject to a licensee's discretion to report his or her race or ethnicity, to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development. The bill would require these boards to collect this data at least biennially, at the times of both issuing an initial license and issuing a renewal license." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-21-4. [AB 2102, 8/21/14; California LegInfo, 9/18/14]

Consumer Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Consumers To Receive Their Credit Report If They Have Been Rejected Due To Poor Credit. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow consumers to receive their credit report if they have been rejected due to poor credit. "This bill would make it unlawful for a consumer credit reporting agency to prohibit, or to dissuade or attempt to dissuade, a user of a consumer credit report furnished by the credit reporting agency from providing a copy of the consumer's credit report to the consumer, upon the consumer's request, if the user has taken adverse action against the consumer based upon the report." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-21-3. [AB 1220, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 9/30/13]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Extended Consumer Protections For Public Utilities Users. In May 2014, Chávez voted for a bill that extended consumer protections for public utilities users. "This bill would require solicitations of customers by a community choice aggregator contain, and communication by the community choice aggregator to the public or prospective and existing customers to be consistent with, specified information and would require that the implementation plan filed by a community choice aggregator completely describe certain matter required to be disclosed under existing law. The bill would authorize the commission to require that a community choice aggregator, when registering with the commission, provide additional information to ensure compliance with basic consumer protection and other rules and other procedural matters." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-15-13. [AB 2145, 5/28/14; California LegInfo, 8/19/14]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Lowered The Threshold For Something To Be "Made In The USA." In May 2013, Chávez voted for a bill that, "would eliminate the requirement that any article, unit, or part of the merchandise be substantially manufactured in the United States in order for the merchandise to advertise that it is made in the United States. The bill would deem any merchandise to be substantially made, manufactured, or produced within the United States if specified requirements are met, including that United States manufacturing costs constitute at least 90% of the total manufacturing costs for the merchandise and that the merchandise was last substantially transformed or assembled in the United States." The bill passed the Assembly, 50-18-11. [AB 890, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 6/14/13]

Crime & Public Safety Issues

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Remove Adults Who Had Consensual Sexual Relationships With Minors From The Sex Offender Registry. In May 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill that would remove adults who had consensual relationships with minors from the sex offender registry. "This bill would conform statutory law to those court decisions by deleting from the list of offenses requiring registration, sodomy, oral copulation, and sexual penetration, if in each case the offender participates in the offense with another person who is under 18 years of age or when the offender is over 21 years of age and participates in the offense with another person who is under 16 years of age." The bill failed in the Assembly, 29-37-13. [AB 1640, 5/29/14; California LegInfo, 4/2/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require The State Fire Marshal To Review Building Fire Safety Standards And Raise Them If Necessary. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would require the State Fire Marshal to review building fire safety standards and allow him to raise the standards if necessary. "The bill would require, if deemed appropriate by the State Fire Marshal based on this review, the State Fire Marshal to, by July 1, 2015, propose for consideration by the commission updated insulation flammability standards that accomplish certain things, including maintaining overall building fire safety." The bill passed the Assembly, 49-26-4. [AB 127, 5/13/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Chávez Changed His Mind And Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill That Would Require The State Fire Marshal To Review Building Fire Safety Standards And Raise Them If Necessary. In September 2013, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill that would require the state fire marshal to review building fire safety standards and raise them if necessary. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 76-2. [AB 127, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Prosecutors To Disclose To Juries When They Have Not Disclosed Exculpatory Evidence. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "authorize a court in any criminal trial or proceeding in which the court has determined that the prosecuting attorney has intentionally or knowingly failed to disclose certain materials and information, as specified, to instruct the jury that the failure to disclose has occurred and that the jury shall consider the failure to disclose in determining whether reasonable doubt of the defendant's guilt exists." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-28-4. [AB 885, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/4/14]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Lessened The Penalties For Cocaine-Related Offenses. In August 2014, Chávez voted for a bill that increased the threshold and lessened the penalties for cocaine-related offenses. "Existing law generally provides that the interest of any registered owner of a boat, airplane, or any vehicle, except as specified, that has been used to facilitate the manufacture of, or possession for sale or sale of, 14.25 grams or more of cocaine base or 28.5 grams or more of cocaine is subject to forfeiture, as specified. This bill would revise that provision to instead make property that has been used to facilitate the manufacture of, or possession for sale or sale of, 28.5 grams or more of cocaine base or cocaine subject to forfeiture." "This bill [...] would instead prohibit, except in unusual cases, granting probation or suspending a sentence for persons convicted of possessing for sale or selling a substance containing 28.5 grams or more of cocaine base or 57 grams or more of a substance containing at least 5 grams of cocaine or cocaine base." The bill passed the Assembly, 50-19-10. [SB 1010, 8/14/14; California LegInfo, 9/28/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Nongovernmental Workers To Properly Identify Themselves In Matters Of "Public Health And Safety." In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would prohibit a person, firm, corporation, or association that is a nongovernmental entity and contracts to perform, on or after January 1, 2015, public health and safety labor or services for a public agency from displaying on a vehicle or uniform a logo, as defined, that reasonably could be interpreted as implying that the labor or services are being provided by employees of the public agency, unless the vehicle or uniform conspicuously displays specific disclosures." The bill passed the Assembly, 43-24-12. [SB 556, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 9/29/14]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Delayed Job Applicants Revealing Prior Convictions Until After Employers Have Seen Their Qualifications. In May 2013, Chávez voted for a bill that would prohibit employers from asking about an applicant's prior convictions, "until the agency has determined the applicant meets the minimum employment qualifications for the position." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-29-2. [AB 218, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/10/13]

Economy & Jobs

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Mandating That Employers Give Employees At Least 3 Paid Sick Days Per Year. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that required employers in the state of California to give their employees at least 3 paid sick days per year. "This bill would enact the Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014 to provide that an employee who, on or after July 1, 2015, works in California for 30 or more days within a

year from the commencement of employment is entitled to paid sick days for prescribed purposes, to be accrued at a rate of no less than one hour for every 30 hours worked. An employee would be entitled to use accrued sick days beginning on the 90th day of employment. The bill would authorize an employer to limit an employee's use of paid sick days to 24 hours or 3 days in each year of employment. The bill would prohibit an employer from discriminating or retaliating against an employee who requests paid sick days." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-2. [AB 1522, 8/30/14; California LegInfo, 9/10/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Gradually Raise The Minimum Wage From \$8.00 To \$10.00. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would raise the minimum wage to \$10.00 an hour by 2016. "Existing law requires that, on and after January 1, 2008, the minimum wage for all industries be not less than \$8.00 per hour. This bill would increase the minimum wage, on and after July 1, 2014, to not less than \$9 per hour. The bill would further increase the minimum wage, on and after January 1, 2016, to not less than \$10 per hour." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-1. [AB 10, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 9/25/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Required The Government To Generate A Report On Employers Who Have A Sizable Amount Of Their Employees On California's Medicaid Program. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that required the government to generate a report on employers who have a large amount of employees enrolled in Medi-Cal. "The bill would require the Employment Development Department to collaborate with the State Department of Health Care Services and the State Department of Social Services to determine the total average cost of state and federally funded benefits provided to each identified employer's employees, as specified. The bill would define an employer as an individual or organization that employs 100 or more beneficiaries of the Medi-Cal program." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-24-1. [AB 1792, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/30/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Fine Large Businesses For Each Employee Enrolled In Medi-Cal. In June 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a large employer, as defined, to pay the Employment Development Department an employer responsibility penalty for each covered employee, as defined, enrolled in Medi-Cal based on the average cost of employee-only coverage provided by large employers to their employees, including both the employer's and employee's share of the premiums, as specified." The bill failed in the Assembly, 46-27-6. [AB 880, 6/27/13; California LegInfo, 6/24/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Increased Transparency When It Came To Economic Development Subsidies. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require each local agency, as defined, to provide specified information to the public before approving an economic development subsidy, as defined, within its jurisdiction, and to review, hold hearings, and report on those subsidies at specified intervals." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-23-5. [AB 562, 8/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/11/13]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Remove Incentives From Various Economic Development Areas. In June 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that would eliminate tax credits and provisions for, "enterprise zones, manufacturing enhancement areas, targeted tax areas, and local agency military base recovery areas, or LAMBRAs." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-16-9. [AB 93, 6/27/13; California LegInfo, 7/11/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Establishing The Sustainable Communities Investment Authority, Which Aimed To Foster Economic Development. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would authorize certain public entities of a Sustainable Communities Investment Area, as described, to form a Sustainable Communities Investment Authority (authority) to carry out the Community Redevelopment Law in a specified manner. The bill would require the authority to adopt a Sustainable Communities Investment Plan for a Sustainable Communities Investment Area and authorize the authority to include in that plan a provision for the receipt of tax increment funds provided that certain economic development and planning requirements are met. The bill would authorize the legislative body of a city or county forming an authority to dedicate any portion of its net available revenue, as defined, to the authority through its Sustainable Communities Investment Plan." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-28-2. [SB 1, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 9/3/13]

Chávez Voted Against Expanding The Eligibility For Family Temporary Disability Compensation. In September 2013, Chávez voted against bill that would, "expand the scope of the family temporary disability program to include time off to care for a seriously ill grandparent, grandchild, sibling, or parent-in-law, as defined. The bill would also make conforming and clarifying changes in provisions relating to family temporary disability compensation." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-22-5. [SB 770, 9/4/13; California LegInfo, 9/24/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring An Economic Impact Report Before Building A Superstore In A Neighborhood. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a city, county, or city and county, including a charter city, prior to approving or disapproving a proposed development project that would permit the construction of a superstore retailer, or where a superstore would be the recipient of over \$100,000 in financial assistance, to cause an economic impact report to be prepared, as specified, to be paid for by the project applicant, and that includes specified assessments and projections, including, among other things, an assessment of the effect that the proposed superstore will have on designated economic assistance areas, and an assessment of the effect that the proposed superstore will have on retail operations and employment in the same market area." The bill passed the Assembly, 41-31-6. [AB 667, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 5/20/13]

Education

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Make Kindergarten Compulsory. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would make kindergarten compulsory. "This bill, beginning with the 2016–17 school year, would require a child to have completed one year of kindergarten before he or she may be admitted to the first grade, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-24-1. [AB 1444, 5/28/14; California LegInfo, 8/22/14]

Election Law & Campaign Finance Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Impose More Restrictions On Gathering Signatures For Petitions. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require at least 10% of the signatures that are required to qualify an initiative measure to be solicited by a person who does not receive money or other valuable consideration for the specific purpose of soliciting signatures of electors, and would require that the declaration of such a person include additional content, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 51-25-2. [AB 857, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Resolution Calling For A Constitutional Amendment Against The Citizens United Decision. In January 2014, Chávez voted against a resolution that, "would constitute an application to the United States Congress to call a constitutional convention pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution for the sole purpose of proposing an amendment to the United States Constitution that would limit corporate personhood for purposes of campaign finance and political speech and would further declare that money does not constitute speech and may be legislatively limited." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-20-9. [AJR 1, 1/30/14; California LegInfo, 6/27/14]

Chávez Voted Against Putting Overturning Citizens United On The Ballot In The November 2014 Election. In June 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would put on the ballot, "an advisory question asking whether the Congress of the United States should propose, and the California Legislature should ratify, an amendment or amendments to the United States Constitution to overturn Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission (2010) 558 U.S. 310, and other applicable judicial precedents, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-23-4. [SB 1272, 6/30/14; California LegInfo, 7/22/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Protect Voters' Privacy When Registering To Vote Online And Allow Students To Register Online. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would protect voters' privacy when registering to vote online and allow students to register online. "This bill would require an individual or organization that distributes voter registration cards, a person entrusted with an affidavit of registration from an elector, or an individual or organization that assists with the submission of an affidavit of registration electronically on the Internet Web site of the Secretary of State to comply with specified requirements relating to the voter

registration information. [...] This bill would require each community college and California State University campus that operates an automated class registration system, as specified, to permit students, during the class registration process, to apply to register to vote online by submitting an affidavit of voter registration electronically on the Internet Web site of the Secretary of State. This bill would encourage the University of California to comply with these provisions. This bill would state that it is the intent of the Legislature that every eligible high school and college student receive a meaningful opportunity to apply to register to vote." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-18-6. [AB 1446, 5/1/14; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Energy Issues

Chávez Voted Against Fracking. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow fracking, but, "require oil and gas companies to apply for a permit to conduct fracking, publicly disclose the fracking chemicals they use, notify neighbors before drilling, and monitor ground water and air quality, among other requirement." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-20-4. [SB 4, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/20/13; UC Berkeley, Berkeley Blog, 11/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Consumers From Fuel Manipulation. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, or the commission, upon appropriation by the Legislature of moneys generated by the collection of royalty payments from the oil and gas leases, to identify data currently collected or developed by the commission and to establish a methodology to analyze whether fuel price manipulation has occurred or is occurring. The bill would require the commission to establish a Motor Vehicle Fuel Market Advisory Committee, as specified, to review specific data and provide ongoing comments, insight, and recommendations about fuel market behavior and transactions related to potential market manipulation and methods to deter those activities." The bill passed the Assembly, 41-30-7. [SB 448, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Environmental Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Prioritize "Most Impacted Environmental Justice Communities" And Make The Transport Of Hazardous Waste Illegal. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would prioritize "most impacted environmental justice communities" and make the transport of hazardous waste illegal. "This bill would require the department to prioritize an enforcement action affecting communities that have been identified by the California Environmental Protection Agency as being the most impacted environmental justice communities. [...] This bill would instead prohibit a person from transporting hazardous waste, as specified, if the final destination of the transported hazardous waste is a domestic facility outside the jurisdiction of the state unless certain conditions apply to the facility, including whether the facility is subject to a cooperative agreement, as specified. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-25. [AB 1329, 9/6/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Have Improved Oversight For California's Drinking Water Program. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would have improved oversight for California's Drinking Water Program. "This bill would transfer to the State Water Resources Control Board the various duties and responsibilities imposed on the department [California's Department of Public Health] by the state act. The bill would require these provisions to be implemented during the 2014–15 fiscal year." The bill passed the Assembly, 45-24-10. [AB 145, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 6/18/13]

Many Low Income Californians Were Not Given Access To Clean Drinking Water Due To The Misallocation Of Federal Grant Funds. "[T]he Department of Public Health was not effectively addressing the safe-drinking-water needs of the state's most at-risk communities. Many Californians (estimates generally range from 200,000 to 2.1 million) lack access to an affordable source of clean drinking water. Those hit hardest reside in small, low-income communities that are solely dependent upon groundwater supplies containing potentially hazardous levels of arsenic, nitrate, or other contaminants. The people least able to

absorb extra costs often end up paying twice: once for the questionable water that flows from their faucets and again when they purchase bottled water for drinking and cooking." [LegalPlanet, 1/21/14]

AB 145 Was Aimed At Revamping The Drinking Water Program That Was Struggling Under The Supervision Of California's Department Of Public Health. "The California Department of Public Health, which administers the Fund as part of its Drinking Water Program (DWP), had received a Notice of Noncompliance from the U.S. EPA regarding the Department's failure 'to make timely loans or grants using all available drinking water funds to eligible water systems for necessary projects.' The notice identified the lack of 'dedicated accounting and financial staff to track commitments, calculate balances, and plan expenditures' (leading, for example, to failure to take into account 'at least \$260 million in loan capacity' from loan repayment revenues) as one source of problem. Although the DWP submitted, and the EPA accepted, a Corrective Action Plan, many doubt the plan has the power to address ongoing institutional shortcomings. [...] First, in January 2013, California Assembly Members Perea (D-Fresno) and Rendon (D-Lakewood) introduced AB 145. Had the bill become law, it would have transferred implementation of the California Safe Drinking Water Act, enforcement of its federal counterpart, and administration of the SDW SRF from the Department of Public Health to the State Board." [LegalPlanet, 1/21/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Repurpose Old Unissued Bonds To Create, "A Water Quality, Supply, And Infrastructure Improvement Program." In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would repurpose old unissued bonds to create, "a water quality, supply and infrastructure improvement program." "This bill would enact the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$7,120,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a water quality, supply, and infrastructure improvement program. This bill, upon voter approval, would reallocate \$425,000,000 of the unissued bonds authorized for the purposes of Propositions 1E, 13, 44, 50, 84, and 204 to finance the purposes of a water quality, supply, and infrastructure improvement program." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-21-5. [AB 1471, 5/23/14; California LegInfo, 8/13/14]

Chávez Changed His Mind And Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill. In August 2014, Chávez voted for the final version of the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 77-2. [AB 1471, <u>8/13/14</u>; California LegInfo, <u>8/13/14</u>]

Chávez Voted Against A Project Aimed At Improving California's Water Storage Supply. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a project, aimed at improving California's water storage supply, which would connect two lakes in the area. "This bill would authorize the agency to award a design-build contract for the combined design and construction of a project to connect Lake San Antonio, located in the County of Monterey, and Lake Nacimiento, located in the County of San Luis Obispo, with an underground tunnel or pipeline for the purpose of maximizing water storage, supply, and groundwater recharge." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-23-1. [AB 155, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/30/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Gave Authority And Funds To The Groundwater Sustainability Agency, Whose Goal Was To Promote Water Conservation And Protect Groundwater. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that gave authority and funds to the groundwater sustainability agency, whose goal was to promote water conservation and protect groundwater. "This bill would provide specific authority to a groundwater sustainability agency, as defined in SB 1168 of the 2013–14 Regular Session, to impose certain fees. The bill would authorize the department or a groundwater sustainability agency to provide technical assistance to entities that extract or use groundwater to promote water conservation and protect groundwater resources. [...] This bill would provide that the moneys in the Water Rights Fund are available for expenditure, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purpose of state board enforcement of the provisions of this bill. This bill would require the board to adopt a schedule of fees in an amount sufficient to recover all costs incurred and expended from the Water Rights Fund by the board for this bill." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-28-4. [AB 1739, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/16/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed State Employees To Clean Up Or Investigate Water Waste On Private Property. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "prohibit the state board, regional

board, or an employee of the state board or regional board from being held liable in a civil proceeding for trespass or any other act that is necessary to carry out an investigation, cleanup, abatement, or other remedial work. This bill would also prohibit the state board, regional board, or any authorized person from incurring any obligation to undertake additional investigation, cleanup, abatement, or other remedial work solely because of its decision to undertake that work." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-24-1. [AB 2442, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/28/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Mandated Landlords Allow Tenants To Request Electric Car Charging Stations. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a lessor of a dwelling to approve a written request of a lessee to install an electric vehicle charging station at a parking space allotted for the lessee in accordance with specified requirements and that complies with the lessor's approval process for modification to the property." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-2. [AB 2565, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 9/21/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require The Natural Resources Agency To Translate Their Environmental Warning Notices Into Languages Other Than English. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "establish criteria for a lead agency to assess the need for translating those notices into non-English languages, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-24-3. [AB 543, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 8/27/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Local Agencies To Create Groundwater Management Plans. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would require local agencies to create groundwater management plans. "This bill would state the policy of the state that groundwater resources be managed sustainably for long-term reliability and multiple economic, social, and environmental benefits for current and future beneficial uses. This bill would state that sustainable groundwater management is best achieved locally through the development, implementation, and updating of plans and programs based on the best available science. [...] This bill would authorize any local agency, as defined, or combination of local agencies to elect to be a groundwater sustainability agency and would require, within 30 days of electing to be or forming a groundwater sustainability agency, the groundwater sustainability agency to inform the department of its election or formation and its intent to undertake sustainable groundwater management." The bill passed the Assembly, 47-27-5. [SB 1168, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/16/14]

Chávez Voted Against Establishing The Charge Ahead California Initiative, Which Aimed To Put 1 Million Near-Zero Emission Cards On The Road By 2023. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would establish the Charge Ahead California Initiative to be administered by the state board, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, air pollution control and air quality management districts, and the public. The bill would state that the goals of the initiative are to, among other things, place in service at least 1,000,000 zero-emission and near-zero-emission vehicles by January 1, 2023, and to increase access for disadvantaged, low-income, and moderate-income communities and consumers to zero-emission and near-zero-emission vehicles." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [SB 1275, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/21/14]

Chávez Voted Against The Green Tariff Shared Renewables Program. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would enact the Green Tariff Shared Renewables Program. The program would require a participating utility, defined as being an electrical corporation with 100,000 or more customers in California, to file with the commission an application requesting approval of a green tariff shared renewables program to implement a program enabling ratepayers to participate directly in offsite electrical generation facilities that use eligible renewable energy resources, consistent with certain legislative findings and statements of intent. The bill would require the commission, by July 1, 2014, to issue a decision concerning the participating utility's application, determining whether to approve or disapprove the application, with or without modifications." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-22-3. [SB 43, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/28/13]

Chávez Voted Against Requiring An Environmental Review Study Of The Impact Of Expanding Highway I-710. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require the lead agency, in consultation with all interested community organizations, to include, within the environmental review process for the project, alternatives to address the air quality, public health, and mobility impacts the project will have on neighboring

communities, including, in its entirety, Community Alternative 7, as defined, as a complete project alternative. The bill would require the final environmental document approved by the lead agency to include an investment in identified mitigation measures and community benefits for the affected communities and the Los Angeles River. The bill would require the lead agency to submit a report in that regard to the I-710 EIR/EIS Project Committee at least 90 days prior to approving the final environmental document for the project." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-20-3. [SB 811, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 9/12/13]

Chávez Voted Against Increasing Regulations On Hazardous Waste Facilities. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "set deadlines to shut down hazardous waste facilities that continue to violate health and safety laws while operating on expired permits," and, "strengthen the hazardous waste regulatory system, beginning with addressing when final permit decisions must be made by the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC)." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-23-7. [SB 812, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14; Senator Kevin De Leon, press release, 1/28/14]

Chávez Voted Against Allocating Funds From The Cap And Trade Program To Transportation, Housing And Sustainable Community Programs. In June 2014, Chávez voted against the budget trailer bill that allocates money from the cap and trade program. "The budget trailer bill SB 862 outlines the key details: 35% of future cap and trade proceeds are allocated to transit, housing and other sustainable communities programs and projects: 10% for a transit and intercity rail capital program – administered by the California Transportation Commission (CTC) and Caltrans; 5% for transit operations – administered by Caltrans and the Air Resources Board; and, 20% for housing and sustainable communities (including planning, active transportation, transit and other supportive infrastructure, and not less than half for housing) – administered by the Strategic Growth Council and ARB." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-26. [SB 862, 6/15/14; California LegInfo, 6/20/14; National Resources Defense Council, 6/16/14]

Chávez Voted Against Reducing Emissions Of "Short-Lived Climate Pollutants." In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require the state board to complete a comprehensive strategy to reduce emissions of short-lived climate pollutants, as defined, in the state." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [SB 605, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/21/14]

Gun Issues

Chávez Voted Against Requiring Gun Manufacturers To Register With The DOJ And Complete A Firearms Eligibility Check Beforehand. In August 2014, Chávez voted a bill that would, "require a person who manufactures or assembles a firearm to first apply to the department for a unique serial number or other identifying mark, as provided. The bill would, by January 1, 2017, require any person who, as of July 1, 2016, owns a firearm that does not bear a serial number to likewise apply to the department for a unique serial number or other mark of identification. The bill would prohibit the sale or transfer of ownership of a firearm manufactured or assembled pursuant to these provisions. The bill would prohibit a person from aiding in the manufacture or Assembly of a firearm by a person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm. The bill would make a violation of these provisions a misdemeanor." Also, it would, "require a person to complete a firearms eligibility check before the department may grant an application for the assignment of a serial number or mark of identification. The bill would exempt this provision from the above prohibition on requiring or requesting an individual to obtain a firearms eligibility check." The bill passed the Assembly, 46-30-3. [SB 808, 8/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14]

Health Care Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Protecting People Receiving Infertility Treatments From Discrimination. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that prohibited, "discrimination on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, domestic partner status, gender, gender expression, gender identity, genetic information, marital status, national origin, race, religion, sex, or sexual orientation." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-1. [AB 460, 8/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/8/13]

Chávez Voted Against The Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2013-2014 Budget. In May 2013, Chávez voted against "the Omnibus Health Trailer Bill for 2013-14. It contains necessary changes related to the Budget Act of 2013. This bill makes various statutory changes to implement the 2013-14 Budget." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-24-4. [AB 82, 5/13/13; California LegInfo, 6/27/13]

Chávez Changed His Mind And Voted For The Final Version Of The Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2013-2014 Budget. In June 2013, Chávez voted for the final version of the omnibus health care trailer bill for the 2013-2014 budget. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 72-3-4. [AB 82, 6/15/13; California LegInfo, 6/27/13]

Chávez Voted Against California's Medicaid Expansion. In June 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would expand the parameters that make people eligible for Medi-Cal, California's Medicaid program. "This bill would, commencing January 1, 2014, implement various provisions of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Affordable Care Act), as amended, by, among other things, modifying provisions relating to determining eligibility for certain groups. The bill would, in this regard, extend Medi-Cal eligibility to specified adults and would require that income eligibility be determined based on modified adjusted gross income (MAGI), as prescribed. The bill would prohibit the use of an asset or resources test for individuals whose financial eligibility for Medi-Cal is determined based on the application of MAGI. The bill would require that individuals who are enrolled in the Low Income Health Program as of December 31, 2013, under a specified waiver who are at or below 133% of the federal poverty level be transitioned directly to the Medi-Cal program, as prescribed. The bill would provide that the implementation of the optional expansion of Medi-Cal benefits to adults who meet specified eligibility requirements shall be contingent on the federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) payable to the state under the Affordable Care Act is not being reduced below specified percentages, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-24-1. [ABX1 1, 6/15/13; California LegInfo, 6/27/13]

Chávez Voted Against Adopting Various Reforms To Comply With The Affordable Care Act, Including Protecting People With Pre-Existing Conditions. In April 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "establish health insurance market reforms contained in the ACA specific to individual purchasers, such as prohibiting insurers from denying coverage based on preexisting conditions; and makes conforming changes to small employer health insurance laws resulting from new draft federal regulations." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-2. [ABX1 2, 4/29/13; California LegInfo, 5/9/13; California State Association of Counties, 4/2/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Private Hospitals To Perform Community Needs Assessments And Solicit Community Input For How To Improve Their Community Benefits Programs. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would require hospitals to, "develop, in collaboration with the community, a community benefits statement, as specified, and a description of the process for approval of the community benefits statement by the hospital's or clinic's governing board, as specified. This bill would require the hospital or clinic, prior to adopting a community benefits plan, to complete a community needs assessment, as provided. The bill would authorize the hospital or clinic to create a community benefits advisory committee for the purpose of soliciting community input," and also, "develop a community benefits plan that includes a summary of the needs assessment and a statement of the community health care needs that will be addressed by the plan, and list the services, as provided, that the hospital or clinic intends to provide in the following year to address community health needs identified in the community health needs assessments." The bill failed the Assembly, 28-38-12. [AB 975, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 5/24/13]

Chávez Voted Against On A Bill That Further Implemented Parts Of The Affordable Care Act. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that further implemented parts of the Affordable Care Act. "SB 138 will require health plans to honor confidential communications requests when individuals covered under another person's policy seek sensitive services like birth control, STD tests, mental health care or any service if they feel that disclosure of information to the policy holder could lead to harm. When a confidential communications request is submitted, the individual will give the health plans a way to communicate with them directly about the sensitive services they received instead of sending information to the main policy holder – often a parent or spouse." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-25-2. [SB 138, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 10/1/13; CFTC.org, 10/2/13]

Chávez Voted Against The Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2013-2014 Budget. In June 2014, Chávez voted against "the Omnibus Health Trailer Bill for 2013-14. It contains necessary changes related to the Budget Act of 2014." The bill passed the Assembly 55-24. [SB 857, 6/15/14; California LegInfo, 6/20/14]

Chávez Voted Against The Senate's Version Of The Omnibus Health Care Trailer Bill For The 2013-14 Budget. In June 2013, Chávez voted against the Senate's version of, "the Omnibus Health Trailer Bill for 2013-14. It contains necessary changes related to the Budget Act of 2013. This bill makes various statutory changes to implement the 2013-14 Budget." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [SB 77, 6/14/13; California LegInfo, 6/13/13]

Immigration Issues

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Prohibited Local Law Enforcement From Prolonging An ICE Hold. In September 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that, "would prohibit a law enforcement official, as defined, from detaining an individual on the basis of a United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement hold after that individual becomes eligible for release from custody, unless, at the time that the individual becomes eligible for release from custody, certain conditions are met, including, among other things, that the individual has been convicted of specified crimes." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 48-25-5. [AB 4, 9/10/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13]

Chávez Voted For A Bill Establishing A Loan Program Specifically For DREAMers. In August 2014, Chávez voted for a bill that would, "establish the California DREAM Loan Program. The bill would provide that, commencing with the 2015–16 academic year, a student attending a participating campus of the University of California or California State University may receive a loan, referred to as a DREAM loan, through the program if the student satisfies specified requirements, including a requirement that the student be exempt from paying nonresident tuition or meet equivalent requirements adopted by the regents." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-20-4. [SB 1210, <u>8/25/14</u>; California LegInfo, <u>9/28/14</u>]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill Protecting Undocumented Immigrants From Retaliation In The Workplace. In September 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that, "strengthen[s] the California Labor Code's protections for all workers, by expanding the grounds for a finding of retaliation, increasing penalties for retaliation, and broadening protections for whistleblowers." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-17-9. [SB 666, 9/9/13; California LegInfo, 10/5/13; National Employment Law Project, 10/13]

Labor Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Public Service Contractors To Receive Per Diem Wage Increases After The Contract Has Been Awarded. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow public service contractors to receive per diem wage increases after the contract has been awarded. "This bill would instead state that if the director determines, within a semiannual period, that there is a change in any prevailing rate of per diem wages in a locality, that determination applies to any public works contract that is awarded or for which notice to bidders is published on or after January 1, 2014. The bill would authorize any contractor, awarding body, or specified representative affected by a change in rates on a particular contract to, within 20 days, file with the director a verified petition to review the determination of that rate, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-24-1. [AB 1140, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 8/28/13]

Chávez Voted For A Bill That Would Require Employers To Stop Work If Found In Serious Violation Of OSHA Guidelines, Even In Cases Of Appeal. In May 2013, Chávez voted for a bill that would require employers to stop work if found in serious violation of OSHA guidelines, even in cases of appeal. "This bill would provide that an appeal of a citation or notice, as specified, that is classified and cited as a serious violation, repeat serious violation, willful serious violation, or failure to abate shall not stay abatement dates and requirements." The bill passed the Assembly, 47-19-13. [AB 1165, 5/16/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against The Final Version Of The Bill That Would Require Employers To Stop Work If Found In Serious Violation Of OSHA Guidelines, Even In Cases Of Appeal. In September 2013, Chávez voted against the final version of the bill that would require employers to stop work if found in serious violation of OSHA guidelines, even in cases of appeal. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-27-4. [AB 1165, 9/11/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Extend The Labor Commissioner's Deadlines In Prevailing Wage Disputes. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would extend the Labor Commissioner's Deadlines in prevailing wage disputes. "Existing law requires the Labor Commissioner, if the commissioner or his or her designee determines after an investigation that there has been a violation of the public works provisions, to issue a civil wage and penalty assessment to the contractor or subcontractor, or both. [...] This bill would change the deadline for service of the assessment to not later than 18 months after the filing of a valid notice of completion in the office of the county recorder in each county in which the public work or some part thereof was performed, or not later than 18 months after acceptance of the public work, whichever occurs last." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-23-2. [AB 1336, 9/6/13; California LegInfo, 10/13/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Protected Non-Unionized Car Wash Workers. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that protected non-unionized car wash workers. "Existing law also requires employers of car washes to post a \$15,000 bond for the benefit of the state to compensate employees damaged by the employer's nonpayment of wages. Existing law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2014. This bill would increase the employer's bond requirement amount to \$150,000, but would exempt an employer from that requirement if the employer has a collective bargaining agreement in place that meets specified criteria. This bill would also delete the repeal date of the provisions described above, thus extending those provisions indefinitely." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-23-2. [AB 1387, 5/29/13; California LegInfo, 10/11/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Tried To Extend The Length Of School-Teacher Negotiations Before The Implementation Of A Unilateral "Final Offer." In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that tried to extend the length of school-teacher negotiations before the implementation of a school's "last, best and final offer." "This bill would require the public school employer, after impasse procedures have been completed and the public school employer has made the factfinding panel's recommendations and findings public, to provide written notice to the exclusive representative of the date for the implementation of each of the terms included in the last, best, and final offer of the public school employer at least 30 days before that implementation. By requiring the local public school employer to perform these additional duties, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-24-1. [AB 1550, 8/25/14; California LegInfo, 8/27/14]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Would Require Adult Film Stars To Use Condoms. In May 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill that would require adult film stars to use protection when having sex at work. "This bill would require an adult film employer's exposure control plan to include information that each time an employee performing in an adult film engaged in vaginal or anal intercourse, personal protective equipment was used to protect the employee from exposure to bloodborne pathogens and each employee performing in an adult film was tested for sexually transmitted infections according to specified recommendations not more than 14 days prior to filming any scene in which the employee engaged in vaginal or anal intercourse, that the employee consented to disclosing to the Division of Occupational Safety and Health that the employee was the subject of an HIV test, and that the employer paid for the test." The bill passed the Assembly, 48-13-18. [AB 1576, 5/27/14; California LegInfo, 6/18/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Cracked Down On Employers Found In Violation Of OSHA Regulations. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would make OSHA tougher on employers who violate regulations. "This bill would prohibit the division from granting, for serious violations, a proposed modification to civil penalties for abatement or credit for abatement unless the employer has abated the violation, as specified, or has submitted a statement to the division in accordance with existing law, and would additionally require supporting evidence with the statement where necessary. The bill would authorize the division to grant such a modification only if the violation has been abated, as specified, or the signed statement and supporting evidence is received

within 10 working days after the end of the period fixed for abatement. The bill would generally prohibit the stay or suspension of a requirement to abate the hazards affirmed by the decision or order during the pendency before the appeals board of a petition for reconsideration of a citation for a violation that is classified as a serious violation, repeat serious violation, or willful serious violation." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-25. [AB 1634, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/20/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Declared College Student Employees Were Also "Higher Education Employees" Under The Eye Of The Law. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that declared college student employees were also "higher education employees." "Under the act, an 'employee' or 'higher education employee' is defined as any employee of the Regents of the University of California, the Directors of the Hastings College of the Law, or the Trustees of the California State University. The act further authorizes the board to find that student employees whose employment is contingent on their status as students are employees only if the services they provide are unrelated to their educational objectives, or that those educational objectives are subordinate to the services they perform and that coverage under this act would further the purposes of the act. This bill would instead provide that student employees, employees whose employment is contingent upon their status as students, students are employees or and higher education employees for purposes of the act." The bill passed the Assembly, 53-24-2. [AB 1834, 5/28/14; California LegInfo, 4/24/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Employers And Labor Contractors To Share Legal Responsibility For Contracted Workers. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow employers and labor contractors to share legal responsibility for the contracted workers. "This bill would require a client employer to share with a labor contractor all civil legal responsibility and civil liability for all workers supplied by that labor contractor for the payment of wages and the failure to obtain valid workers' compensation coverage. The bill would prohibit a client employer from shifting to the labor contractor legal duties or liabilities under workplace safety provisions with respect to workers provided by the labor contractor." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-24-8. [AB 1897, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/28/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed Either Party To Call For Mandatory Mediation In Union Negotiations. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that allowed either party to call for mandatory mediation in union negotiations. "This bill instead would permit either party to request mediation and would require the parties to agree upon a mediator, if either party has provided the other with a written notice of declaration of impasse. If the parties cannot agree upon a mediator, the bill would authorize either party to request the board to appoint a mediator. The bill would require the board to appoint a mediator within 5 days after receipt of the party's request, as prescribed." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-22-3. [AB 2126, 5/29/14; California LegInfo, 9/4/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Prohibited State Facilities From Forcing Nurses To Work More Than 40 Hours A Week. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would, commencing January 1, 2016, prohibit a nurse, defined as a registered nurse or a licensed vocational nurse, or a certified nursing assistant (CNA), employed by the State of California in a state facility, as defined, from being compelled to work in excess of the regularly scheduled workweek or work shift, except under certain circumstances, including the occurrence of a catastrophic event in a state facility. This bill would prohibit a state facility from discriminating, dismissing, discharging, or making an employment decision adverse to the nurse or CNA for his or her refusal to accept those additional hours, and would specify that a refusal to accept those additional hours does not constitute patient abandonment or neglect, as specified. The bill would require management and supervisors to consider employees in a specified order of priority in order to fulfill the additional staffing needs of a facility." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 56-22-1. [AB 2155, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14]

Chávez Voted Against Regulating The Hours Of And Granting Overtime Pay To Domestic Workers. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would more stringently regulate domestic workers and mandate that they receive overtime pay. "This bill would enact the Domestic Worker Bill of Rights to, until January 1, 2017, regulate the hours of work of certain domestic work employees and provide an overtime compensation rate for those employees. The bill would define various terms for the purposes of the act, including defining domestic work to mean services related to the care of persons in private households or maintenance of private households or their premises, which would include childcare providers, caregivers of people with disabilities, sick, convalescing, or

elderly persons, house cleaners, housekeepers, maids, and other household occupations. The bill would, until January 1, 2017, require the Governor to convene a committee to study and report to the Governor on the effects of this act." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 52-25-1. [AB 241, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 9/26/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Employees To Place Liens On Their Employers For Unpaid Wages. In May 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would "authorize an employee, with certain exceptions, to record and enforce specified employees to request that the Labor Commissioner record, on his or her behalf, a wage lien upon real and personal property of an employer, or a property owner, as specified, for unpaid wages and other compensation owed the employee, and certain other penalties, interest, and costs. The bill would prescribe requirements relating to the recording and enforcement of the wage lien and for its extinguishment and removal. The bill would require a notice of lien on real property to be executed under penalty of perjury." The bill passed, 43-27-8. [AB 2416, 5/28/14; California LegInfo, 8/30/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Further Protected The Wages Of Workers At Construction Sites. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "revise the definition of "construction" to also include work performed during the postconstruction phases of construction, including, but not limited to, all cleanup work at the jobsite. [...] Existing law makes a willful violation of laws relating to payment of prevailing wages on public works a misdemeanor." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-22-2. [AB 26, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/30/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Hospital Workers To Receive Worker's Compensation If They Caught MRSA While On The Job. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would provide, with respect to hospital employees who provide direct patient care in an acute care hospital, that the term 'injury' includes a methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus skin infection (MRSA skin infection) that develops or manifests itself during the period of the person's employment with the hospital." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 47-24-8. [AB 2616, 8/22/14; California LegInfo, 8/26/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Protecting Immigrants And Those Who Complain About Not Receiving Fair Wages From Employer-Related Retaliation. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "prohibit an employer from retaliating or taking adverse action against any employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant has engaged in protected conduct. The bill would expand the protected conduct to include a written or oral complaint by an employee that he or she is owed unpaid wages. [...] This bill would make it unlawful for an employer or any other person to engage in, or direct another person to engage in, an unfair immigration-related practice, as defined, against a person for the purpose of, or with the intent of, retaliating against any person for exercising a right protected under state labor and employment laws or under a local ordinance applicable to employees, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-19-5. [AB 263, 9/10/13; California LegInfo, 10/11/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Expedite Wage Negotiations. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require that, if a tentative agreement is reached by the parties, the governing body vote to accept or reject that agreement within 30 days of the date it is first considered, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 53-24-1. [AB 537, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 10/13/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Established Union Agent- Represented Worker Privilege. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that established, similar to doctor-patient privilege and attorney-client privilege, that a union agent, as defined, and a represented employee or represented former employee have a privilege to refuse to disclose any confidential communication between the employee or former employee and the union agent while the union agent was acting in his or her representative capacity, except as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 51-27. [AB 729, 9/6/13; California LegInfo, 9/12/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring More Transparency When Changing Public Employee Retirement Plans. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require, whenever a local ordinance or measure qualifies for the ballot that proposes to alter, replace, or eliminate the retirement benefit plan of employees of a local government entity, whether by initiative or legislative action, the governing body of the local government entity to secure the services of an independent actuary to provide a statement, or a summary of the statement, not to

exceed 500 words in length, of the actuarial impact of the proposed measure upon future annual costs of the retirement benefit plan, and to have this statement printed in the voter information portion of the sample ballot." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-19-7. [AB 822, 5/23/13; California LegInfo, 9/16/13]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill Requiring More Transparency When Changing Public Employee Retirement Plans. In September 2013, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill requiring more transparency when changing public employee retirement plans. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 57-19-2 [AB 822, 9/10/13; California LegInfo, 9/16/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed Child Care Businesses To Form Provider Organizations. In May 2013, Chávez voted against "This bill establishes the Quality Family Child Care Act, which authorizes family child care providers to form, join, and participate in 'provider organizations' for the purpose of negotiating with state agencies on reimbursements and other matters." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-25-3. [AB 641, 5/30/13; California LegInfo, 7/10/13; 5/1/13]

Chávez Voted Against Protecting Mental Health Workers From Workplace Violence. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would require OSHA to adopt standards that required, "specified types of hospitals, including a general acute care hospital or an acute psychiatric hospital, to adopt a workplace violence prevention plan as a part of the hospital's injury and illness prevention plan to protect health care workers and other facility personnel from aggressive and violent behavior. The bill would require the standards to include prescribed requirements for a plan." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-21-4. [SB 1299, 8/20/14; California LegInfo, 9/29/14]

Chávez Voted Against Amending California's Franchise Relations Act To Give More Protection To The Franchisors. In August 2014, Chávez against a bill that would, "would require the state board to complete a comprehensive strategy to reduce emissions of short-lived climate pollutants, as defined, in the state, "and, "require a franchisor that terminates or fails to allow the sale, transfer, or assignment of a franchise, other than in accordance with specified provisions of law, to, at the election of the franchisee, either reinstate the franchisee and pay specified damages or pay to the franchisee the fair market value of the franchise and franchise assets, as provided." The bill passed, 41-28-10. [SB 610, 8/14/14; California LegInfo, 8/25/14]

Chávez Voted Against Cutting Off State Funding To Cities That Do Not Abide By Prevailing Wage Provisions. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would rescind state funding from charter city projects, "if the city has a charter provision or ordinance that authorizes a contractor to not comply with prevailing wage provisions on any public works contract." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-22-4. [SB 7, 9/4/13; California LegInfo, 10/13/13]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Protecting Public Works Workers From Non-Union Contractors. In August 2013, Chávez did not vote on a bill that protected public works workers from non-union contractors. "Under the law, employer payments are a credit against the obligation to pay the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, except credit is not granted for benefits required under state or federal law. Employer payments include the rate of contribution made by the employer to a trustee or 3rd person pursuant to a plan, fund, or program, the rate of actual costs to the employer anticipated in providing benefits to workers pursuant to a specified enforceable commitment, and payments to the California Apprenticeship Council. [...] This bill would prohibit credit from being granted for employer payments made to monitor and enforce laws related to public works if those payments are not required by a collective bargaining agreement." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-23-3. [SB 776, 8/8/13; California LegInfo, 8/27/13]

LGBT Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Include Sexual Orientation And Gender Identity On Health Insurance Forms. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would include sexual orientation and gender identity on health insurance forms. "This bill would authorize the form to also include questions that are voluntary for applicants to answer regarding sexual orientation and gender identity or expression. The bill would, effective January 1, 2015, require the form to include questions that are voluntary for applicants to answer

regarding the demographic data categories specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 51-26-1. [AB 1208, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 9/18/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Require Public Utilities Companies To Make Efforts To Increase Their LGBT-Owned Business Procurement. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would require public utilities companies to seek out LGBT-owned businesses as potential contractors. "Existing law directs the commission to require every electrical, gas, water, wireless telecommunications service provider, and telephone corporation with annual gross revenues exceeding \$25,000,000, and their regulated subsidiaries and affiliates, to implement a program developed by the commission to encourage, recruit, and utilize minority-, women-, and disabled veteran-owned business enterprises, as defined, in the procurement of contracts from those corporations or from their regulated subsidiaries and affiliates, and to require the reporting of certain information. [...] This bill would extend these provisions to LGBT business enterprises, as defined." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-22-3. [AB 1678, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Chávez Did Not Vote On A Bill That Imposed Harsher Penalties On People Who Kill Upon Finding Out Someone Was LGBT. In May 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill that, "would state that for purposes of determining sudden quarrel or heat of passion, the provocation was not objectively reasonable if it resulted from the discovery of, knowledge about, or potential disclosure of the victim's actual or perceived gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation, including under circumstances in which the victim made an unwanted nonforcible romantic or sexual advance towards the defendant, or if the defendant and victim dated or had a romantic or sexual relationship." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-18-11. [AB 2501, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/27/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Updated Medical Cultural Competency To Include The LGBT Community. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that recommended cultural competency classes for medical professionals, "include, as appropriate, information pertinent to the appropriate treatment of, and provision of care to, the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and intersex communities." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-20-5. [AB 496, 5/28/13; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Chávez Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill That Updated Medical Cultural Competency To Include The LGBT Community. In August 2014, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill that updated medical cultural competency to include the LGBT community. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 60-12-7. [AB 496, 8/21/14; California LegInfo, 9/26/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Mandated Adult Residential Care Facilities Included The LGBT Community In Their Cultural Competency Trainings. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that, "would require the administrator and ombudsman training to include training in cultural competency and sensitivity in issues relating to the underserved aging lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender community." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-21-5. [AB 663, 5/23/13; California LegInfo, 10/9/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring The LGBT Community Be Included In Cultural Competency Trainings In The Judicial System. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would require juvenile court, judicial council and family court, "include instruction on cultural competency and sensitivity relating to, and best practices for, providing adequate care to lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender youth." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 54-23-1. [AB 868, 8/22/13; California LegInfo, 9/9/13]

Chávez Voted For A Resolution Establishing June As LGBT Pride Month. In June 2013, Chávez voted for a resolution establishing June as LGBT Pride Month. "[T]he Assembly proclaims June 2013 as Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Transgender (LGBT) Pride Month, urges all residents to join in celebrating the culture, accomplishments, and contributions of lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people, and encourages the people of California to work to help advance the cause of equality for lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people and their families." The bill passed the Assembly, 55-0-24. [HR 20, 6/24/13; California LegInfo, 6/24/13]

Chávez Did Not Vote On Recognizing Same-Sex Marriage. In June 2014, Chávez did not vote on a bill recognizing same-sex marriage. "An existing provision of the California Constitution, which has been held unenforceable, states that only marriage between a man and a woman is valid or recognized in this state. An existing statutory provision likewise provides that only marriage between a man and a woman is valid or recognized in this state. This bill would repeal that statutory provision. [...] This bill would instead provide that marriage is a personal relation arising out of a civil contract between 2 persons, and would make conforming changes with regard to the consent to, and solemnization of, marriage. The bill would also delete the limitation on the validity of marriages contracted outside this state between 2 persons of the same sex." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-16-9. [SB 1306, 6/30/14; California LegInfo, 7/7/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed Children To Have More Than Two Legal Parents. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that allowed children to have more than two legal parents, "if the court finds that recognizing only 2 parents would be detrimental to the child." This is most relevant to children with gay or lesbian parents and another biological parent. The bill passed the Assembly, 48-27-3. [SB 274, 9/3/13; California LegInfo, 10/4/13]

Chávez Voted Against Urging Local Educational Agencies To Train Their Classified School Employees. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a local educational agency, if it expends funds for professional development for any schoolsite staff, to consider the needs of its classified school employees, as defined, to update their skills and to learn best practices in various optional areas, including, among others, pupil learning and achievement, pupil and campus safety, and special education." The bill passed the Assembly, 51-24-3. [SB 590, 9/4/13; California LegInfo, 10/10/13]

Tax Issues

Chávez Voted Against Raising Taxes In The City Of El Cerrito By 0.5%. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would allow the City of El Cerrito to raise taxes by 0.5%. "This bill would authorize the City of El Cerrito, if certain requirements are met, to impose a transactions and use tax for general purposes at a rate of no more than 0.5% that, in combination with other specified taxes, would exceed the combined rate limit. Under the bill, this authorized tax rate would not be included in the calculation of the 2% limitation.

These provisions would be repealed by their own terms on January 1, 2022, if the ordinance is not approved, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 49-28-2. [AB 1324, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/29/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Increasing Public Utility Filing Fees. In May 2013, Chávez voted against a bill increasing application filing fees for public utilities. "Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, as defined. Existing law allows the commission to charge and collect a fee of \$75 for filing each application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, or for the mortgage, lease, transfer, or assignment of a certificate. This bill would instead require the fee to not exceed the reasonable costs to the commission for filing these applications. The bill would authorize the fee in an amount not to exceed \$500 and would authorize the commission to adjust this fee based on the Consumer Price Index." The bill passed the Assembly, 50-21-8. [AB 1409, 5/16/13; California LegInfo, 9/19/13]

Chávez Changed His Mind And Voted For The Final Version Of The Bill Increasing Public Utility Filing Fees. In September 2013, Chávez voted for the final version of the bill increasing public utility filing fees. The bill passed Senate concurrence, 74-1-3 [AB 1409, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 9/19/13]

Chávez Voted Against Raising Vehicle Registration Fees. In August 2014, Chávez voted against raising vehicle registration fees. "This bill would additionally authorize a county, that has adopted the resolution to impose the \$1 fee, to increase that fee to \$2 in the same manner that it imposed the initial \$1 fee. The bill would alternatively authorize a county that has not adopted a \$1 fee to impose an initial \$2 fee in the same manner that it is authorized to impose a \$1 fee. If a county imposes a \$2 fee pursuant to these provisions, the bill would increase the additional \$2 fee on commercial vehicles to \$4. The bill would require the county to submit resolutions to impose or increase fees pursuant to these provisions to the Department of Motor Vehicles at least 6 months prior to the operative date of the fee." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 42-32-5. [AB 2393, 8/11/14; California LegInfo, 8/25/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Property Tax Agents To Register With The Secretary Of State Before Lobbying In Regards To Assessments. In August 2014 Chávez voted against a bill that would, "prohibit a Property Tax Agent, defined as any individual who is employed, under contract, or otherwise receives compensation, from communicating directly or indirectly with any county official for the purpose of influencing official action relating to the establishment of a taxable value for any property subject to taxation, including representing a taxpayer before a county official, without first being registered and issued a registration number by the Secretary of State. The bill would provide that a violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. The bill would require a Property Tax Agent to file, under penalty of perjury, with the Secretary of State an application for registration that includes specified information and a registration fee, as specified." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-28-1. [AB 2415, 8/27/14; California LegInfo, 9/3/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Remove The Punitive Damages Tax Deduction. In June 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "disallow, under both laws, a deduction for amounts paid or incurred for punitive damages, as provided." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-25. [AB 458, <u>6/27/13</u>; California LegInfo, <u>2/19/13</u>]

Chávez Voted Against Raising Car Registration Fees To Collect Money For Bicycle Infrastructure. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "authorize a city, county, or regional park district to impose and collect, as a special tax, a motor vehicle registration surcharge of not more than \$5 for bicycle infrastructure purposes until January 1, 2025. The bill would require the Department of Motor Vehicles to administer the surcharge and to transmit the net revenues from the surcharge to the local agency. The bill would require the local agency to use these revenues for improvements to paved and natural surface trails and bikeways, including existing and new trails and bikeways and other bicycle facilities, and for associated maintenance purposes." The bill passed the Assembly, 46-29-4. [SB 1183, 8/20/14; California LegInfo, 9/20/14]

Chávez Voted Against Implementing A 10 Cent Grocery Bag Charge. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that implemented a 10 cent fee for grocery carryout bags. The bill passed the Assembly, 51-25-3. [SB 270, 8/28/14; California LegInfo, 9/30/14]

Women's Issues

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Allowed More Medical Professionals To Perform Abortions. In August 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would authorize nurse practitioners, nurse-midwives and physicians assistants to perform abortions. "The bill would also require a nurse practitioner, certified nurse-midwife, or physician assistant to complete training, as specified, and to comply with standardized procedures or protocols, as specified, in order to perform an abortion by aspiration techniques, and would indefinitely authorize a nurse practitioner, certified nurse-midwife, or physician assistant who completed a specified training program and achieved clinical competency to continue to perform abortions by aspiration techniques. The bill would delete the references to a nonsurgical abortion and would delete the restrictions on assisting with abortion procedures." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 49-25-4. [AB 154, 8/30/13; California LegInfo, 10/9/13]

Northern California ACLU: AB 154 Would "Improve Abortion Access." "AB 154 will improve abortion access by increasing the types of trained health professionals who can provide early abortions. The bill will authorize nurse practitioners, certified nurse midwives, and physician assistants to perform early abortions safely within the terms of their licenses. More than half of California's counties lack an accessible abortion provider. As a result, many women delay treatment because they have to travel long distances or raise money for transportation and services. Women in both rural and urban areas of the state face barriers to access. AB 154 can also helps [sic] to address barriers such as long wait times for appointments that woman in urban areas face when seeking abortion services. AB 154 removes barriers to care by allowing specially trained health professionals to provide early abortions in the communities they serve. This means that women can safely get the care they need in their own communities from health providers they already know and trust." [Northern California ACLU, accessed 3/1/18]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Would Allow Abortions To Be Performed In Regular Primary Care Clinic Conditions. In September 2013, Chávez voted against a bill that would lower the sterilization standards and allow medical professionals to perform abortions, "in facilities like the 'walk-in' counseling rooms now so popular in drug stores and pharmacies." The bill passed Senate concurrence, 50-25-3. [AB 980, 9/12/13; California LegInfo, 10/9/13; LifeNews.com, 8/27/13]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill Requiring Health Insurance Companies To Cover Female Contraceptives. In August 2014, Chávez voted against a bill that would, "require a health care service plan contract or health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2016, to provide coverage for women for all prescribed and FDA-approved female contraceptive drugs, devices, and products, as well as voluntary sterilization procedures, contraceptive education and counseling, and related followup services. The bill would prohibit a nongrandfathered plan contract or health insurance policy from imposing any cost-sharing requirements or other restrictions or delays with respect to this coverage, as specified," but also, "retain the provision authorizing a religious employer to request a contract or policy without coverage of FDA-approved contraceptive methods that are contrary to the employer's religious tenets." The bill passed the Assembly, 54-22-3. [SB 1053, 8/20/14; California LegInfo, 9/25/14]

Chávez Voted Against A Bill That Called For Research Into Anti-Reproductive-Rights Crimes. In August 2013, Chávez voted against maintaining the Reproductive Rights Law Enforcement Act, which, "requires the Attorney General to assume specified duties relating to planning, information gathering, and analysis with respect to anti-reproductive-rights crimes, as defined, including consultation with specified subject matter experts. Existing law also requires the convening of an advisory committee that is responsible for evaluating the effectiveness of existing law. Existing law requires the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training to develop an optional course of training for law enforcement agencies regarding anti-reproductive-rights crimes, as specified." The bill passed the Assembly, 52-21-5. [SB 340, 8/26/13; California LegInfo, 9/9/13]



City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/02 - 6/30/03

				Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
104	1100	City Council						
101	104	100.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez					
Budget	Resos	and Council Adj	Corr Sub Accouts for new Cnc	11/30/02	2,450.00		2,450.0	0
Labor D	Distrib	utionPPE 12/07/02	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/07/	12/13/02		130.28	2,319.7	2
Payroll	Disbu	rsement Entries		12/27/02		150.00	2,169.7	2
		utionPPE 01/04/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 1/04/0	01/04/03		150.00	2,019.7	
		ution PPE 1-18-03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 1-18-0	01/24/03		175.00	1,844.7	
		ution PPE 2-01-03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 2-1-03	02/07/03		175.00	1,669.7	
		ution PPE 2/15/03	Gross Wages PPE 2/15/03	02/21/03		175.00	1,494.7	
		ution PPE 3/1/03	Gross Wages PPE 3/1/03	03/07/03		175.00	1,319.7	
		ution PPE 3/15/03	Gross Wages paid PPE 3/15/0	03/21/03		175.00	1,144.7	
		ution PPE 3/29/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 3/29/0	04/04/03		175.00	969.7	
		ution PPE 4/12/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 4/12/0	04/18/03		175.00	794.7	
		ution PPE 4/26/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 4/26/0	04/26/03		175.00	619.7	
		ution PPE 5/10/03	Gross Wages PPE 5/10/03	05/16/03		175.00	444.7	
		ution PPE 6/7/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 6/7/03	06/13/03		175.00	269.7	
		ution PPE 6/21/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 6/21/0	06/27/03		175.00	94.7	
Labor L)ıstrıb	ution PPE 7/5	Labor Dist 6/22-6/30 2003	06/28/03	i	105.00	-10.2	8
101	104	100.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez		2,450.00	2,460.28	-10.2	8 100.42%
101	104	100.5229.58957	OtherMS&S-Cmbr Chavez					
Budget	Resos	and Council Adj	Corr Sub Accouts for new Cnc	11/30/02	263.00		263.0	0
TOPS (The Other Print Shop)		1 /	RC-Letterhead	12/17/02		27.37	235.6	
TOPS (The Other Print Shop)		• /	RC-Business Cards	12/17/02		50.91	184.7	
Office Depot Inc.			CC-RC-Acct#89043745	12/19/02		21.27	163.4	
Office I	•		CC-RC-Acct# 89043745	01/02/03		42.67	120.7	
Chavez,		ty J.	HotSync Cradle	01/09/03		53.86	66.9	
P J Grap			RC-Badges	01/16/03		26.94	39.9	
		ther Print Shop)	RC-Gold Foil Business Cards	05/27/03		34.48	5.5	
TDT Pr	oducti	ions	CARDS FOR OFFICE	06/12/03	;	339.68	-334.1	8
101	104	100.5229.58957	OtherMS&S-Cmbr Chavez		263.00	597.18	-334.1	8 227.06%
101	104	100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez					
Budget	Resos	and Council Adj	Corr Sub Accouts for new Cnc	11/30/02	117.00		117.0	0
101	104	100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez		117.00	0.00	117.0	0.00%
101	104	100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez					
Budget	Resos	and Council Adj	Corr Sub Accouts for new Cnc	11/30/02	3,546.00		3,546.0	0
101	104	100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez		3,546.00	0.00	3,546.0	0.00%
101		100.5354.58957	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez					

9/5/2003

City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/02 - 6/30/03

Report Number: E-1a

			Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
Nextel Communications		City Council - Chavez	05/05/03	3	110.88	-110.88	
Nextel	Communications	City Council-Chavez	06/06/03		130.78	-241.66	
Nextel Communications			06/19/03	3	123.06	-364.72	
101	104100.5354.58957	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	364.72	-364.72	•
				6,376.00	3,422.18	2,953.82	53.67%

1/24/2005

City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/03 - 6/30/04

Report Number: E-1a

		Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
104100 City Council						
101 104100.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez					
Labor Distribution PPE 7/5/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 7/5/03	07/05/03		175.00	-175.0	00
Labor Distribution PPE 7/5/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 7/5/03	07/05/03		-105.00	-70.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 7/19/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 7/19/03	07/25/03		175.00	-245.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 08/2/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 08/02/0	08/08/03		175.00	-420.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 8/16/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 8/16/03	08/22/03		175.00	-595.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 8/30/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 8/30/03	09/05/03		175.00	-770.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 9/13/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 9/13/03	09/19/03		175.00	-945.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 9/27/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 9/27/03	10/03/03		175.00	-1,120.0	00
abor Distr. PPE 10/11/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/11/0	10/17/03		175.00	-1,295.0	00
abor Distr. PPE 11/08/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/08/0	11/14/03		175.00	-1,470.0	00
abor Distr. PPE 11/22/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/22/0	11/26/03		175.00	-1,645.0	00
abor Distr. PPE 12/06/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/06/0	12/12/03		175.00	-1,820.0	00
abor Distr PPE 12/26/03	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/26/0	12/26/03		175.00	-1,995.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 1/03/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/03/0	01/09/04		175.00	-2,170.0	00
Labor Distribution PPE 1/17/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 1/17/04	01/23/04		175.00	-2,345.0	00
Record Budget Adjustments	FY 03-04 Adopted Budget	01/31/04	4,200.00		1,855.0	
abor Distribution PPE 1/31/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 1/31/04	02/06/04	ŕ	175.00	1,680.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 2/14/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 2/14/04	02/20/04		175.00	1,505.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 2/28/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 2/28/04	03/05/04		175.00	1,330.0	
abor Distribution PPE 3/13/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 3/13/04	03/19/04		175.00	1,155.0	
abor Distribution PPE 3/27/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE3/27/04	04/02/04		175.00	980.0	
Labor Distribution PPE 4/10/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 4/10/04	04/16/04		175.00	805.0	
abor Distribution PPE 5/8/04	Gross Wages PPE 5/8/04	05/14/04		175.00	630.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 5/22/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 5/22/04	05/28/04		175.00	455.0	00
abor Distribution PPE 6/5/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 6/5/04	06/11/04		175.00	280.0	
Labor Distribution PPE 6/19/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 6/19/04	06/25/04		175.00	105.0	
Labor Distribution PPE 7/3/04	Labor Dist 6/20 - 6/30	06/28/04		140.00	-35.0	
101 104100.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez		4,200.00	4,235.00	-35.0	00 100.83%
101 104100.5221.58957	Off Suppl-Cmbr Chavez					
Rels CalCard chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5221:Aug '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		16.50	-16.5	50
Rels CalCard chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5221:Sep '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		39.74	-56.2	24
4 Mar Cal Card Expdr	Topzand, J.	05/07/04		49.50	-105.7	74
4 April Cal Card Recon	Regalado, J.	06/21/04		3.01	-108.7	75
4 June Cal Card Recon	Topzand, J.	06/28/04		230.48	-339.2	23
101 104100.5221.58957	Off Suppl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	339.23	-339.2	23
101 104100.5226.58957	PrMatl-Cmbr Chavez					
Fast Action Printing	RC-GoldFoilLetterhead&BusCa	12/22/03		74.89	-74.8	39

City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/03 - 6/30/04

	CORATE		Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance %	% Used
101	104100.5226.58957	PrMatl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	635.39	-635.39	
101	104100.5229.58957	OtherMS&S-Cmbr Chavez					
Office I	Depot Inc.	Acct#89043745-CC-RC	07/21/03		43.42	-43.42	
	Budget Adjustments	FY 03-04 Adopted Budget	01/31/04	450.00		406.58	
	Card chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5229:Jul '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		191.04	215.54	
	Card chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5229:Sep '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		26.94	188.60	
Rcls Cal	Card chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5229:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		74.19	114.41	
Rcls Cal	Card chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5229:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		64.62	49.79	
Rcls Cal	Card chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5229:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		32.30	17.49	
Rcls Cal	Card chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5229:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		87.23	-69.74	
Rcls Cal	Card chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5229:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		1,050.02	-1,119.76	
Rcls Cal	Card chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5229:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		-64.62	-1,055.14	
Rcls Cal	Card chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5229:Jan '04 Cal Card	03/12/04		787.51	-1,842.65	
Rcls Cal	Card chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5229:Jan '04 Cal Card	03/12/04		-10.50	-1,832.15	
Rcls CalCard chges to sub-acct		Rels fr 5229:Jan '04 Cal Card	03/12/04		-1,039.52	-792.63	
101	104100.5229.58957	OtherMS&S-Cmbr Chavez		450.00	1,242.63	-792.63 276.14%	
101	104100.5271.58957	Bks&Pubs-Cmbr Chavez					
Rcls CalCard chges to sub-acct		Rcls fr 5271:Aug '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		87.32	-87.32	
101	104100.5271.58957	Bks&Pubs-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	87.32	-87.32	
101	104100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez					
Record	Budget Adjustments	FY 03-04 Adopted Budget	01/31/04	200.00		200.00	
101	104100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez		200.00	0.00	200.00	0.00%
101	104100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez					
Tonzano	l, Jennifer M.	NCEDC AnnualMembershipLu	08/19/03		60.00	-60.00	
_	Rocky J.	COC Installation Dinner	08/19/03		75.00	-135.00	
	Budget Adjustments	FY 03-04 Adopted Budget	01/31/04		75.00	5,943.00	
101	104100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez		6,078.00	135.00	5,943.00	2.22%
101	104100.5293.58957	Local Tvl-Cmbr Chavez					
a- D.	N. wh. EDC	E C CM C	10/20/02		100.00	100.00	
	go North EDC	Econ Summit -CM Chavez	10/20/03		100.00	-100.00	
	Cal Card Expdrs	Chavez, R.	01/29/04		120.00	-220.00	
Oceans Eleven Casino		DinnerCityAttyA.Willis1/31/04			25.00	-245.00	
04 Jan Cal Card Expdr		Chavez, R.	02/23/04		-60.00	-185.00	
	Card chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5293:Nov '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		120.00	-305.00	
	Card chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5293:Aug '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		200.00	-505.00	
	Card chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5293:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		60.00	-565.00	
Kcis Ca	Card chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5293:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		-60.00	-505.00	

1/24/2005

City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/03 - 6/30/04

Report Number: E-1a

		Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance 0	% Used
Rcls CalCard chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5293:Dec '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		-60.00	-445.00	
Rcls CalCard chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5293:Jan '04 Cal Card	03/12/04		75.00	-520.00	
Rcls CalCard chges to sub-acct	Rels fr 5293:Jul '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		150.00	-670.00	
Rcls CalCard chges to sub-acct	Rcls fr 5293:Sep '03 Cal Card	03/12/04		45.00	-715.00	
UploadedSIICashReceipt03.18.0	Repayment cell phone charges	03/18/04		-25.00	-690.00	
04 Jan Cal Card Expdr	Chavez, R.	03/19/04		75.00	-765.00	
04 Mar Cal Card Expdr	Chavez, R.	05/07/04		35.00	-800.00	
04 April Cal Card Recon	Chavez, R.	06/21/04		25.00	-825.00	
101 104100.5293.58957	Local Tvl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	825.00	-825.00	
101 104100.5354.58957	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez					
UploadedSIICashReceipt08.01.0	repayment cell ph chgs	08/01/03		-85.80	85.80	
Nextel Communications	City Council-Chavez	08/19/03		183.72	-97.92	
Nextel Communications	City Council-Chavez	09/02/03		187.21	-285.13	
Nextel Communications	City Council-Chavez	09/08/03		96.91	-382.04	
UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0	Repay cell ph charges	09/23/03		-91.20	-290.84	
Nextel Communications	City Council-Chavez	09/23/03		169.67	-460.51	
Nextel Communications	City Council-Chavez	10/22/03		148.16	-608.67	
Oct 03 Nextel Charges	03 Oct Nextel Billing	01/13/04		141.98	-750.65	
03 Nov Nextel Billing	Inv# 631494310-24	01/29/04		150.37	-901.02	
03 Dec Nextel Billing	Inv #631494310-025	02/12/04		125.44	-1,026.46	
04 Jan Nextel Billing	Inv #631494310-026	02/28/04		116.14	-1,142.60	
Upload SIICashReceipt-3/04/04	Repymt cell ph charges	03/04/04		-93.00	-1,049.60	
March 04 Nextel Billing	Nextel Communication	05/14/04		152.25	-1,201.85	
Feb 04 Nextel Billing	Nextel Communication	05/14/04		153.86	-1,355.71	
Nextel April 04 Billing	Invoice # 631494310-029	06/22/04		170.62	-1,526.33	
Nextel May 04 Billing	Inv. #631494310-030	06/28/04		172.73	-1,699.06	
04 June Nextel Billing	Inv #631494310-031	06/29/04		109.62	-1,808.68	
101 104100.5354.58957	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	1,808.68	-1,808.68	
			10,928.00	9,308.25	1,619.75	85.18%

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City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/04 - 6/30/05

				Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
104	100	City Council						
101	104	1100.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 2004	4-200	5 Adopted Budget	FY 2004-2005 Adopted Budget	07/01/04	4,200.00		4,200	.00
		oution PPE 7/3/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 7/3/04	07/09/04		-140.00	4,340	.00
Labor D	Distrib	oution PPE 7/3/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 7/3/04	07/09/04	-	175.00	4,165	.00
Labor D	Distrib	oution PPE 7/17/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 7/17/04	07/23/04	-	175.00	3,990	.00
		oution PPE 7/31/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 7/31/04	08/06/04		175.00	3,815	
		oution PPE 8/14/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 8/14/04	08/20/04		175.00	3,640	
Labor D	Distrib	oution PPE 8/28/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 8/28/04	09/03/04		175.00	3,465	
Labor D)istrib	oution PPE 9/11/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 9/11/04	09/17/04		175.00	3,290	.00
		oution PPE 9/25/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 9/25/04	10/01/04	-	175.00	3,115	
Labor D)istrib	oution PPE 10/9/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/9/04	10/15/04	-	175.00	2,940	
Labor D)istrib	o. PPE 11/12/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/6/04	11/12/04		175.00	2,765	
Labor D)istrib	o. PPE 11/20/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/20/0	11/24/04		175.00	2,590	
Labor D)istrib	o. PPE 12/04/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/4/04	12/10/04		175.00	2,415	
Labor D	Distrib	o. PPE 12/18/04	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/18/0	12/23/04	-	175.00	2,240	
Labor D)istrib	oution PPE 1/1/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE1/1/05	01/07/05		175.00	2,065	
Labor D)istrib	oution PPE 1/15/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 1/15/05	01/21/05		175.00	1,890	.00
Labor D)istrib	oution PPE 1/29/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 1/29/05	02/04/05		175.00	1,715	.00
Labor di	istrib	ution PPE 2/12/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 2/12/05	02/18/05		175.00	1,540	.00
Labor di	istrib	ution PPE 2/26/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE2/26/05	03/04/05		175.00	1,365	.00
Labor di	istrib	ution PPE 3/12/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE3/12/05	03/18/05		175.00	1,190	.00
Labor D	Distrib	oution PPE 3/26/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 3/26/05	04/01/05		175.00	1,015	.00
Labor I	Distri	bution PPE 4/9/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 04/09/0	04/15/05		175.00	840	.00
Labor D	Distrib	oution PPE 5/7/05	Gross Wages PPE 5/7/05	05/13/05		175.00	665	.00
Labor D	Distrib	oution PPE 5/21/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 05/21/0	05/27/05		175.00	490	.00
Labor D	Distrib	oution PPE 6/04/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 06/04/0	06/10/05		175.00	315	.00
Labor D	Distrib	oution PPE 6/18/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 06/18/0	06/24/05		175.00	140	.00
LABOR	R DIS	TB PPE 07/02/05 JI	Labor Distb 06/19 - 06/30	06/28/05		157.50	-17	.50
101	104	100.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez		4,200.00	4,217.50	-17	.50 100.42%
101	104	1100.5221.58957	Off Suppl-Cmbr Chavez					
)4 July	Cal C	Card Expenditures	Topzand, J.	08/31/04		32.29	-32	.29
North C	ount	y Printers	RC Business Cards	10/12/04	-	44.18	-76	.47
)4 Nov	Cal C	Card Expenditures	Topzand, J.	01/31/05		20.02	-96	.49
May 05	Cal C	Card Expenses	TOPZAND, JOFFICE DEPOT	06/28/05	i	64.64	-161	.13
Jun05 C	Cal Ca	ard Expenses	CHAVEZ,ROFFICE DEPOT	06/28/05	i	29.72	-190	.85
101	104	100.5221.58957	Off Suppl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	190.85	-190	.85
101	104	1100.5226.58957	PrMatl-Cmbr Chavez					
North C	ount	y Printers	BC-R.CHAVEZ	04/21/05		44.18	-44	.18
101	104	1100.5226.58957	PrMatl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	44.18	-44	.18

7/1/04 - 6/30/05

	PRORATEU						
			Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
101	104100.5229.58957	OthMS&S-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 2004	4-2005 Adopted Budget	FY 2004-2005 Adopted Budget	07/01/04	450.00		450.00	
	Office Products	CC-RC-Acct#2202032	11/01/04		2.14	447.86	
04 Nov	Cal Card Expenditures	Topzand, J.	01/31/05		51.70	396.16	
	Cal Card Expdrs	MORAN M- OFFICE DEPOT	04/12/05		323.20	72.96	
	Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-HILTON HTL G.			15.60	57.36	
101	104100.5229.58957	OthMS&S-Cmbr Chavez		450.00	392.64	57.36	87.25%
101	104100.5271.58957	Bks&Pubs-Cmbr Chavez					
05 April	Cal Card Expdrs	CHAVEZ R - D J*WALL STR	05/31/05	5	106.67	-106.67	
101	104100.5271.58957	Bks&Pubs-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	106.67	-106.67	
101	104100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 2004	4-2005 Adopted Budget	FY 2004-2005 Adopted Budget	07/01/04	200.00		200.00	
101	104100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez		200.00	0.00	200.00	0.00%
101	104100.5291.58957	T&C O'night Tvl-CmbrChave	ez				
Chavez,	Rocky J.	Hotel Accomodations	09/14/04	1	548.07	-548.07	
Chavez,	Rocky J.	Parking	09/14/04	1	45.00	-593.07	
	Rocky J.	Business Communications	09/14/04		19.90	-612.97	
	Rocky J.	Personal Vehicle Reimburseme	09/14/04		319.50	-932.47	
Chavez,	Rocky J.	Per Diem MealsLeagueConfere	09/14/04	1	84.00	-1,016.47	
101	104100.5291.58957	T&C O'night Tvl-CmbrChave	ez	0.00	1,016.47	-1,016.47	
101	104100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 2004	4-2005 Adopted Budget	FY 2004-2005 Adopted Budget	07/01/04	4,560.00		4,560.00	
	Rocky J.	League of CA Cities Conf. Reg		,	395.00	4,165.00	
101	104100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez		4,560.00	395.00	4,165.00	8.66%
101	104100.5293.58957	Local Tvl-Cmbr Chavez					
04 July	Cal Card Expenditures	Chavez, R.	08/31/04	1	40.00	-40.00	
	ıst Cal Card Expdr	Chavez, R.	10/20/04	1	200.00	-240.00	
_	ıst Cal Card Expdr	Topzand, J.	10/20/04		27.56	-267.56	
	Cal Card Recon	Chavez, R.	12/08/04		15.00	-282.56	
	Cal Card Expenditures	Chavez, ROCEANSIDE CHA	02/09/05		34.00	-316.56	
	Cal Card Expenditures	Chavez, ROCEANSIDE CHA	02/09/05		40.00	-356.56	
	Cal Card Expenditures	CHAVEZ ROCEANSIDE CH	02/28/05		150.00	-506.56	
	Rocky J.	GEN DONOVAN'S FAREWE	04/19/05		40.00	-546.56	
Chavez,	Rocky J.	ANNUAL UNITY LUNCH CF	05/16/05)	50.00	-596.56	

1/25/2006

City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/04 - 6/30/05

O5 Feb Cal Card Recon- Late Oceanside Chamber of Commerc Jun05 Cal Card Expenses 101 104100.5293.58957 UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 O4 Aug Nextel Charges O4 July Nextel Charges O4 Nov Nextel Charges	CHAVEZ, R CSU SAN MA CHAVEZ, R OCEANSIDE (Chamber Retreat - CM Chavez CHAVEZ,RLINCOLN CLUE CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU	05/19/05 05/31/05 06/28/05 06/28/05		30.00 34.00 75.00	-626.56 -660.56	
Oceanside Chamber of Commerc Gun05 Cal Card Expenses Gun05 Card Expens	Chamber Retreat - CM Chavez CHAVEZ,RLINCOLN CLUE CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU	05/31/05 06/28/05 06/28/05		75.00		
Jun05 Cal Card Expenses 101 104100.5293.58957 UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 R04 Aug Nextel Charges 04 July Nextel Charges 04 Nov Nextel Charges 66	CHAVEZ,RLINCOLN CLUF CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU	06/28/05 06/28/05				
Jun05 Cal Card Expenses C 101 104100.5293.58957 L 101 104100.5354.58957 T UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 R 04 Aug Nextel Charges 6 04 July Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6	CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LUCHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU	06/28/05			-735.56	
Jun05 Cal Card Expenses C 101 104100.5293.58957 L 101 104100.5354.58957 T UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 R 04 Aug Nextel Charges 6 04 July Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6	CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU			90.00	-825.56	
Jun05 Cal Card Expenses C Jun05 Cal Card Expenses C Jun05 Cal Card Expenses C 101 104100.5293.58957 L 101 104100.5354.58957 T UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 R 04 Aug Nextel Charges 6 04 July Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6				-398.00	-427.56	
Jun05 Cal Card Expenses Compose Jun05 Cal Card Expenses Compose 101 104100.5293.58957 Long 101 104100.5354.58957 Tomage: Toma	CHAMEZ D. LIMAACODE/LI.	06/28/05		398.00	-825.56	
Jun05 Cal Card Expenses C 101 104100.5293.58957 L 101 104100.5354.58957 T UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 R 04 Aug Nextel Charges 6 04 July Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6	CHAVEZ,RLUMACORE/LU	06/28/05		398.00	-1,223.56	
101 104100.5293.58957 L 101 104100.5354.58957 T UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 R 04 Aug Nextel Charges 6 04 July Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6	CHAVEZ,RSOROPTIMIST I	06/28/05		40.00	-1,263.56	
101 104100.5354.58957 T UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 R 04 Aug Nextel Charges 6 04 July Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6	CHAVEZ,RYMCA MOTTIN	06/28/05		65.00	-1,328.56	
UploadedSIICashReceipt09.23.0 R 04 Aug Nextel Charges 6 04 July Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6	Local Tvl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	1,328.56	-1,328.56	
04 Aug Nextel Charges604 July Nextel Charges604 Nov Nextel Charges6	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez					
04 July Nextel Charges 6 04 Nov Nextel Charges 6	Repay cell ph charges	09/23/04		-104.70	104.70	
04 Nov Nextel Charges 6	631494310-33	10/27/04		126.45	-21.75	
•	631494310-032	01/26/05		117.13	-138.88	
04 Dec Nextel Charges 6	631494310-036	01/26/05		211.63	-350.51	
0	631494310-037	01/31/05		157.32	-507.83	
\mathcal{C}	631494310-035	02/28/05		199.34	-707.17	
04 Sept Nextel Charges 6	631494310-034	02/28/05		145.56	-852.73	
UploadedSIICashReceipt03.31.0 R	Repayment Cell Ph Chgs	03/31/05		-144.90	-707.83	
05 Jan Nextel 6	631494310-038	04/29/05		2.39	-710.22	
05 Dec Nextell 6	631494310-037	04/29/05		157.32	-867.54	
05 Feb Nextel Charges 6	631494310-039	06/09/05		0.58	-868.12	
05 March Nextel Billing 6	631494310-040	06/21/05		2.02	-870.14	
05 April Nextel Billing 6	631494310-041	06/28/05		72.74	-942.88	
05 May Nextel Billing 6	631494310-042	06/28/05		2.26	-945.14	
05 June Nextel Billing 6	631494310-043	06/28/05		4.21	-949.35	
101 104100.5354.58957 T	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	949.35	-949.35	
			9,410.00	8,641.22	768.78	91.83%



7/1/05 -6/29/06

				Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
104	100	City Council						
101	1041	00.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez					
Y 2005	5-2006	GF Adopted Bud	FY 2005-2006 Adopted Budget	07/01/05	4,200.00		4,200	0.00
		B PPE 07/02/05 JI	Gross Wages Paid PPE 07/02/0			175.00	4,025	
		B PPE 07/02/05 JI	Gross Wages Paid PPE 07/02/0			-157.50	4,182	
abor D	istribu	tion PPE 7/16/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 07/16/0	07/22/05		175.00	4,007	7.50
abor D	istribu	tion PPE 7/30/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 7/30/05	08/05/05		175.00	3,832	2.50
abor D	istribu	tion PPE 8/13/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 8/13/05	08/19/05	;	175.00	3,657	
abor D	istribu	tion PPE 8/27/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 08/27/0	09/02/05	;	175.00	3,482	2.50
abor D	istribu	tion PPE 9/10/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 9/10/05	09/16/05	i	175.00	3,307	
abor D	istribu	tion PPE 10/8/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 08/05/0	10/14/05	í	175.00	3,132	
		tion PPE10/22/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/22/0	10/28/05		175.00	2,957	
		tion PPE 11/5/05	Gross Wages PPE 11/5/05	11/10/05		175.00	2,782	
		PPE 11/19/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/19/0	11/23/05		175.00	2,607	
		tion PPE 12/3/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/3/05	12/09/05		175.00	2,432	
		PPE 12/17/05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/17/0			175.00	2,257	
		PPE 12-31-05	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/31/0			175.00	2,082	
		PPE 1/14/ 06	Gross Wages Paid PPE 1/14/06	01/20/06		175.00	1,907	
		tion PPE 1/28/06	Gross Wages Paid PPE 1/28/06	02/03/06		175.00	1,732	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid PPE 2/11/06	02/11/06		175.00	1,557	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid PPE 2/25/06	02/25/06		175.00	1,382	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid 3/11/06	03/11/06		175.00	1,207	
		tion PPE 4/8/06	3/11/00	04/08/06		175.00	1,032	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid PPE 4/22/06	04/22/06		175.00		7.50
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid 5/06/06	05/06/06		175.00		2.50
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid 5/20/06	05/20/06		175.00		7.50
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/03/06	06/03/06		175.00		2.50
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/17/06	06/03/06		175.00		7.50
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/01/06	06/28/06		175.00		7.50
101	1041	00.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez		4,200.00	4,217.50	-17	7.50 100.42%
101	1041	00.5221.58957	Off Suppl-Cmbr Chavez					
Adtl Julí	05 Cal	Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-AMZ*Amazon Pa	11/21/05	i	59.82	_50	0.82
		ard Expenses	TOPZAND, JOFFICE DEPO'	11/30/05		28.00		7.82
		ard Expenses	TOPZAND, JSPRINT STORI			37.70	-125	
		ard Expenses	TOPZAND J -OFFICE DEPO1			18.31	-143	
101	1041	00.5221.58957	Off Suppl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	143.83	-143	3.83
101	1041	00.5226.58957	PrMatl-Cmbr Chavez					
Jorth C	Olinty l	Printers	Business Cards-J. Topzand (RC	12/08/05		30.17	-30	0.17
	-	Printers	BUS. CARDS-J. TOPZAND (F			30.17).17).34
	-	rd Expenses	TOPZAND J -ABBOTT CARI			380.00	-00 -44(
たいひろ し	ai Car	u Expenses	TOTZAND J -ADDULL CARL	03/22/00)	380.00	-44(1.34



7/1/05 -6/29/06

	PORATE						
			Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
101	104100.5226.58957	PrMatl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	440.34	-440.34	
101	104100.5229.58957	OthMS&S-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 2005	-2006 GF Adopted Bud	FY 2005-2006 Adopted Budget	07/01/05	450.00		450.00	
	5 Cal Card Expenses	TOPZAND, J-WAL-MART #2	11/21/05		4.93	445.07	
	5 Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-LONGS DRUG S	11/21/05		10.76	434.31	
Nov2005	5 Cal Card Expenses	TOPZAND J-BARNES & NOI	03/22/06		48.75	385.56	
Mar06 C	al Card Purchases	TOPZAND J - MICHAELS ST	05/26/06		7.09	378.47	
101	104100.5229.58957	OthMS&S-Cmbr Chavez		450.00	71.53	378.47	15.90%
101	104100.5271.58957	Bks&Pubs-Cmbr Chavez					
Sep26, 20	005 Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ,RD J*WALL STRI	10/25/05		279.07	-279.07	
Feb06 Ca	al Card Purchases	CHAVEZ, R - BARNES & NO	05/26/06		16.43	-295.50	
Feb06 Ca	al Card Purchases	CHAVEZ, R - BARNES & NO	05/26/06		17.02	-312.52	
May2006	6 Cal Card Expenses	TOPZAND J - BARNES & NC	06/28/06		21.28	-333.80	
101	104100.5271.58957	Bks&Pubs-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	333.80	-333.80	
101	104100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 2005	-2006 GF Adopted Bud	FY 2005-2006 Adopted Budget	07/01/05	200.00		200.00	
101	104100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez		200.00	0.00	200.00	0.00%
101	104100.5291.58957	T&C O'night Tvl-CmbrChav	ez				
Aug05 C	Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-MARRIOTT 337.	10/25/05		360.23	-360.23	
_	Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-AMERWESTAIF	10/25/05		100.00	-460.23	
_	Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-NORTH COUNT			5.25	-465.48	
	05 Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-AMERWESTAIF			5.00	-470.48	
Adtl Jul0	5 Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-MARRIOTT 337	11/21/05		188.19	-658.67	
101	104100.5291.58957	T&C O'night Tvl-CmbrChav	ez	0.00	658.67	-658.67	
101	104100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 2005	-2006 GF Adopted Bud	FY 2005-2006 Adopted Budget	07/01/05	4,560.00		4,560.00	
	05 Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-LEAGUE OF CA	11/21/05		410.00	4,150.00	
101	104100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez		4,560.00	410.00	4,150.00	8.99%
101	104100.5293.58957	Local Tvl-Cmbr Chavez					
			10/25/05		34.00	-34.00	
Aug05 C	104100.5293.58957 Cal Card Expenses Cal Card Expenses	Local Tvl-Cmbr Chavez CHAVEZ, R-OCEANSIDE CHAVEZ, R-OLD MISSION S			34.00 200.00	-34.00 -234.00	

9/14/2006

City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/05 -6/29/06

			Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance 9	6 Used
Adtl Jul05 C	Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-OCEANSIDE CF	11/21/05		15.00	-647.80	
Adtl Jul05 C	Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-OCEANSIDE CH	11/21/05		75.00	-722.80	
Adtl Jul05 C	Cal Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, R-OCEANSIDE MI	11/21/05		175.00	-897.80	
Oct2005 Cal	l Card Expenses	CHAVEZ, RIVEY RANCH F	11/30/05		40.00	-937.80	
Nov2005 Ca	al Card Expenses	TOPZAND J-LEAGUE OF CA	03/22/06		140.00	-1,077.80	
Nov2005 Ca	al Card Expenses	TOPZAND J-LEAGUE OF CA	03/22/06		140.00	-1,217.80	
Intra-City X	fer OPD Recognitio	OPD Recognition Lunch -Chav	05/02/06		25.00	-1,242.80	
Intra-City X	fer OPD Recognitio	OPD Recognition Lunch -Topz	05/02/06		25.00	-1,267.80	
Feb06 Cal C	Card Purchases	CHAVEZ, R - OCEANSIDE N	05/26/06		45.00	-1,312.80	
Feb2006 Ca	l Card Expenses	TOPZAND, J - SAN DIEGO V	05/30/06		20.00	-1,332.80	
Feb2006 Ca	1 Card Expenses	TOPZAND, J - OCEANSIDE (05/30/06		160.00	-1,492.80	
101 10	4100.5293.58957	Local Tvl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	1,492.80	-1,492.80	
101 10	4100.5354.58957	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez					
05 July Next	tel Billing	631494310-044	08/11/05		2.26	-2.26	
05 August N	Vextel Billing	631494310-045	11/29/05		2.26	-4.52	
05 Nov Nex	tel Billing	631494310-048	01/20/06		3.98	-8.50	
05 Sept Nex	tel Billing	631494310-046	01/25/06		43.40	-51.90	
05 Oct Next	el Billing	631494310-047	01/25/06		4.08	-55.98	
Jan 06 Nexte	el Billing	631494310-050	04/19/06		5.08	-61.06	
06 Feb Next	tel Billing	631494310-051	04/28/06		73.24	-134.30	
06 Mar Next	tel Billing	631494310-052	04/28/06		3.61	-137.91	
05 Dec Next	tel Billing	631494310-049	06/29/06		4.34	-142.25	
05 April Nex	xtel Billing	631494310-053	06/29/06		117.59	-259.84	
05 May Nex	tel Billing	631494310-054	06/29/06		5.72	-265.56	
101 10	4100.5354.58957	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	265.56	-265.56	
				9,410.00	8,034.03	1,375.97	0.5.2007

7/1/06 - 6/30/07

				Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
104	4100	City Council						
101	1041	00.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 200	6-2007	Adopted Budget	FY 2006-2007 Adopted Budget	07/01/06	4,200.00		4,200	0.00
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/15/06	07/15/06		175.00	4,025	.00
Actual	Burden	Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/29/06	07/29/06		175.00	3,850	0.00
Actual	Burden	Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/12/06	08/12/06		175.00	3,675	
Actual	Burden	Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/26/06	08/26/06		175.00	3,500	0.00
Actual	Burden	Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/09/06	09/09/06		175.00	3,325	.00
Actual	Burden	Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/07/06	10/07/06		175.00	3,150	0.00
Actual	Burden	Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/21/06	10/21/06		175.00	2,975	
Actual	Burden	Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/04/06	11/04/06		175.00	2,800	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/18/06	11/18/06		175.00	2,625	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/02/0	12/02/06		175.00	2,450	
		Journal Entries	GROSS WAGES PPE 12/16/06	12/16/06		175.00	2,275	
		Journal Entries	GROSS WAGES PPE 12/30/06	12/30/06		175.00	2,100	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/13/07	01/13/07		175.00	1,925	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/27/07	01/27/07		175.00	1,750	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/10/07	02/10/07		175.00	1,575	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/24/07	02/24/07		175.00	1,400	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/10/07	03/10/07		175.00	1,225	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/07/07	04/07/07		175.00	1,050	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/21/07	04/21/07		175.00	875	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/05/07	05/05/07		175.00	700	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/19/07	05/05/07		175.00	525	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/19/07 Gross Wages PPE 06/02/07	06/02/07		175.00	350	
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/16/07	06/02/07		175.00	175	
			_			175.00		
		Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/30/07	06/28/07				0.00
101	1041	00.5105.58957	Expense Allow-Cmbr Chavez		4,200.00	4,200.00	0	.00 100.00%
101	1041	00.5226.58957	PrMatl-Cmbr Chavez					
North C	County 1	Printers	BUSINESS CARDS	07/24/06		30.17	-30	0.17
101	1041	00.5226.58957	PrMatl-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	30.17	-30	.17
101	1041	00.5229.58957	OthMS&S-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 200	6-2007	Adopted Budget	FY 2006-2007 Adopted Budget	07/01/06	450.00		450	0.00
	Expen		Name Plate Janene Shepherd	10/31/06		46.33	403	.67
P J Gra			Badge for Janene Shephard	11/27/06		19.93	383	
	-	Printers	Business Cards-Janene (RC)	01/25/07		30.17	353	
J Gra	•		Badge for Janene Shephard/DN	01/25/07		20.42	333	
		Printers	Letterhead-RC	03/29/07		44.18	288	3.97
North C		Card Expdrs	CHAVEZ R-SCHOOL OUTFI	05/07/07		475.83	-186	5.86
	07 CalC							
March (07 CalC rd, Jane	_	Reimbursement-Supplies	05/10/07		78.84	-265	.70



7/1/06 - 6/30/07

			Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
101	104100.5229.58957	OthMS&S-Cmbr Chavez		450.00	771.58	-321.58	171.46%
101	104100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez					
FY 2006	6-2007 Adopted Budget	FY 2006-2007 Adopted Budget	07/01/06	200.00		200.00	
101	104100.5281.58957	Mbr&Dues-Cmbr Chavez		200.00	0.00	200.00	0.00%
101	104100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez					
	6-2007 Adopted Budget	FY 2006-2007 Adopted Budget				4,560.00	
	al Card Exp Disburse	CHAVEZ R -OCEANSIDE CH	08/31/06		85.00	4,475.00	
	al Card Exp Disburse	CHAVEZ R -OCEANSIDE MI			175.00	4,300.00	
	d Dist Aug 06 # 1	CHAVEZ R - OLD MISSION :			200.00	4,100.00	
	d Dist Sept 06 # 1	CHAVEZ R - IVEY RANCH F	10/01/06		50.00	4,050.00	
	d Dist Sept 06 # 1	CHAVEZ R - IVEY RANCH F			50.00	4,000.00	
	Cal Card Dist # 1	CHAVEZ, R-IVEY RANCH P.	11/01/06		-50.00	4,050.00	
	Rocky J.	SD NO ECONO.DEV. COUNC			47.00	4,003.00	
-	d, Janene P.	Reimb-SD N.EconDevCouncill	01/11/07		47.00	3,956.00	
	Rocky J.	O'SIDE ATHLETIC BOOSTEL	03/06/07		35.00	3,921.00	
DirecTV		RWF LUNCHEON	03/06/07		18.00	3,903.00	
	Rocky J.	O'SIDE ATHLETIC BOOSTEL	03/08/07		-35.00	3,938.00	
DirecTV	Rocky J.	RWF LUNCHEON O'SIDE ATHLETIC BOOSTEI	03/08/07 03/08/07		-18.00 35.00	3,956.00 3,921.00	
	Rocky J.	RWF LUNCHEON	03/08/07		18.00	3,903.00	
	Cal Card Expdrs	CHAVEZ, R -OCEANSIDE CI	03/03/07		17.00	3,886.00	
	Cal Card Expurs Cal Card Expurs	CHAVEZ, R -OCEANSIDE M	03/31/07		50.00	3,836.00	
	Cal Card Expdrs	CHAVEZ, R -WOMENS RESC			20.00	3,816.00	
Brother		AUXILLARY EVENT-ROCK	06/18/07		20.00	3,796.00	
	07 Cal Card Expndrs	CHAVEZ R - ANGEL'S DEPC	06/28/07		37.50	3,758.50	
•	07 Cal Card Expandrs	CHAVEZ, R-OCEANSIDE CH	06/28/07		85.00	3,673.50	
	07 Cal Card Expndrs	CHAVEZ, R-OCEANSIDE MI			175.00	3,498.50	
101	104100.5292.58957	T&C Reg-Cmbr Chavez		4,560.00	1,061.50	3,498.50	23.28%
101	104100.5354.58957	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez					
June 06	Nextel Billing	631494310-055	08/31/06		28.45	-28.45	
	Nextel Billing	631494310-056	10/17/06		11.73	-40.18	
Nextel C	Communications	NextelBill9/20-10/25/06Chavea	10/26/06		11.08	-51.26	
Nextel C	Communications	Nextel Bill9/20-10/25/06Chave	12/14/06		8.96	-60.22	
Nextel C	Communications	Nextel Billing 11/06 Chavez	12/14/06	I	8.96	-69.18	
06 Sept	Nextel Billing	631494310-058	01/08/07		-0.55	-68.63	
_	Communications	Nextel Billing 9/06 Chavez	02/15/07		200.96	-269.59	
Nextel C	Communications	Nextel Billing 12/06 Chavez	02/15/07		182.92	-452.51	
Nextel C	Communications	Nextel Billing 1/07-Chavez	02/16/07		182.80	-635.31	
Nextel C	Communications	Nextel Billing-2/07-Chavez	03/06/07		182.70	-818.01	
Nextel C	Communications	Nextel Billing 3/07-Chavez	04/02/07		113.65	-931.66	
Nextel C	Communications	Nextel Billing 4/07-Chavez	05/24/07		182.99	-1,114.65	
	Communications	Nextel Billing 5/07-Chavez	06/12/07		182.56	-1,297.21	

10/10/2007

City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

7/1/06 - 6/30/07

		Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	% Used
06 Aug Nextel Billing	631494310-057	06/14/07	7	2.43	-1,299.64	
Nextel Communications	Nextel Billing 6/07-Chavez	06/28/07	7	182.46	-1,482.10	
101 104100.5354.58957	Tphne-Cmbr Chavez		0.00	1,482.10	-1,482.10	
			9,410.00	7,545.35	1,864.65	80.18%



Report Number: E1

7/1/07 - 6/30/08

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
104104	Cmbr-Chavez						
101	104104.5101	Perm Emplees					
A	dopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	56,281.00		56,281.00
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/14/07	50079	07/14/07		2,736.85	53,544.15
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/28/07	50300	07/28/07		2,337.49	51,206.66
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 08/11/07	50525	08/11/07		2,673.25	48,533.41
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 08/25/07	50717	08/25/07		2,673.25	45,860.16
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 09/08/07	50889	09/08/07		3,350.85	42,509.31
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 09/22/07	51054	09/22/07		2,761.64	39,747.67
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 10/06/07	51234	10/06/07		2,761.64	36,986.03
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 10/20/07	51385	10/20/07		2,761.81	34,224.22
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 11/03/07	51559	11/03/07		2,761.64	31,462.58
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 11/17/07	51658	11/17/07		2,084.20	29,378.38
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/01/07	51851	12/01/07		2,084.19	27,294.19
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/15/07	51991	12/15/07		2,084.04	25,210.15
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/29/07	52129	12/29/07		2,084.04	23,126.11
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 01/12/08	52294	01/12/08		2,084.04	21,042.07
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 01/26/08	52421	01/26/08		2,084.21	18,957.86
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 02/09/08	52584	02/09/08		2,084.04	16,873.82
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 02/22/08	52739	02/23/08		2,084.04	14,789.78
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 03/08/08	52909	03/08/08		2,084.21	12,705.57
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 03/22/08	53039	03/22/08		2,084.04	10,621.53
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 04/05/08	53211	04/05/08		2,084.04	8,537.49
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 04/19/08	53322	04/19/08		2,084.04	6,453.45
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 05/03/08	53493	05/03/08		2,084.04	4,369.41
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 05/17/08	53614	05/17/08		2,084.04	2,285.37
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 05/31/08	53761	05/31/08		2,084.20	201.17



Report Number: E1

7/1/07 - 6/30/08

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 06/14/08	53888	06/14/08		2,084.03	-1,882.86
Pa	ayroll YE Accruals 06/30/08	6/30/08 Year end accrual	54220	06/28/08		208.40	-2,091.26
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 06/28/08	54046	06/28/08		2,084.21	-4,175.47
101	104104.5101	Perm Emplees			56,281.00	60,456.47	-4,175.47
101	104104.5101.24313	PermEmp-Float HolidayLv					
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/14/07	50079	07/14/07		24.95	-24.95
101	104104.5101.24313	PermEmp-Float HolidayLv			0.00	24.95	-24.95
101	104104.5101.24318	PermEmp-ExecLv					
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/28/07	50300	07/28/07		424.15	-424.15
101	104104.5101.24318	PermEmp-ExecLv			0.00	424.15	-424.15
101	104104.5101.24345	PermEmp-SkLv Cashout					
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/01/07	51851	12/01/07		1,197.12	-1,197.12
101	104104.5101.24345	PermEmp-SkLv Cashout			0.00	1,197.12	-1,197.12
101	104104.5104	Elected Officials					
A	dopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	18,668.00		18,668.00
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 11/17/07	51658	11/17/07		677.60	17,990.40
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/01/07	51851	12/01/07		677.60	17,312.80
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/15/07	51991	12/15/07		677.60	16,635.20
Pa	ayroll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/29/07	52129	12/29/07		677.60	15,957.60



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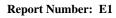
			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 01/12/08	52294	01/12/08		677.60	15,280.00
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 01/26/08	52421	01/26/08		677.60	14,602.40
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 02/09/08	52584	02/09/08		677.60	13,924.80
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 02/22/08	52739	02/23/08		677.60	13,247.20
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 03/08/08	52909	03/08/08		677.60	12,569.60
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 03/22/08	53039	03/22/08		677.60	11,892.00
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 04/05/08	53211	04/05/08		677.60	11,214.40
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 04/19/08	53322	04/19/08		677.60	10,536.80
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 05/03/08	53493	05/03/08		677.60	9,859.20
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 05/17/08	53614	05/17/08		677.60	9,181.60
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 05/31/08	53761	05/31/08		677.60	8,504.00
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 06/14/08	53888	06/14/08		677.60	7,826.40
Pay	roll YE Accruals 06/30/08	6/30/08 Year end accrual	54220	06/28/08		67.76	7,758.64
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 06/28/08	54046	06/28/08		677.60	7,081.04
101	104104.5104	Elected Officials			18,668.00	11,586.96	7,081.04
101	104104.5105	Expense Allowance					
Ado	opted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	4,200.00		4,200.00
A of	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/14/07	50079	07/14/07		175.00	4,025.00
Act	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/28/07	50300	07/28/07		175.00	3,850.00
		Gross Wages PPE 08/11/07	50525	08/11/07		175.00	3,675.00
Act	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gloss wages PPE 08/11/07	30323				
Act Act	ual Burden Journal Entries ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/08/07	50889	09/08/07		175.00	3,500.00
Act Act Act		· ·		09/08/07 09/22/07		175.00 175.00	3,500.00 3,325.00
Act Act Act	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/08/07	50889				•
Act Act Act Act	tual Burden Journal Entries tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/08/07 Gross Wages PPE 09/22/07	50889 51054	09/22/07		175.00	3,325.00



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		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/17/07	51658	11/17/07		175.00	2,625.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/01/07	51851	12/01/07		175.00	2,450.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/15/07	51991	12/15/07		175.00	2,275.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/29/07	52129	12/29/07		175.00	2,100.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/12/08	52294	01/12/08		175.00	1,925.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/26/08	52421	01/26/08		175.00	1,750.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/09/08	52584	02/09/08		175.00	1,575.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/08/08	52909	03/08/08		175.00	1,400.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/22/08	53039	03/22/08		175.00	1,225.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/05/08	53211	04/05/08		175.00	1,050.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/19/08	53322	04/19/08		175.00	875.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/03/08	53493	05/03/08		175.00	700.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/17/08	53614	05/17/08		175.00	525.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/31/08	53761	05/31/08		175.00	350.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/14/08	53888	06/14/08		175.00	175.00
Payroll YE Accruals 06/30/08	6/30/08 Year end accrual	54220	06/28/08		17.50	157.50
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/28/08	54046	06/28/08		175.00	-17.50
01 104104.5105	Expense Allowance			4,200.00	4,217.50	-17.50
.01 104104.5108	FrBnfBrdn					
Adopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	29,326.00		29,326.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/14/07	50079	07/14/07		572.10	28,753.90
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/14/07	50079	07/14/07		42.09	28,711.81
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/28/07	50300	07/28/07		529.32	28,182.49
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/28/07	50300	07/28/07		42.10	28,140.39
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/11/07	50525	08/11/07		501.53	27,638.86
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/11/07	50525	08/11/07		40.80	27,598.06





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		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/25/07	50717	08/25/07		419.45	27,178.61
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/25/07	50717	08/25/07		38.77	27,139.84
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/08/07	50889	09/08/07		573.26	26,566.58
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/08/07	50889	09/08/07		51.12	26,515.46
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/22/07	51054	09/22/07		529.32	25,986.14
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/22/07	51054	09/22/07		42.09	25,944.05
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/06/07	51234	10/06/07		533.01	25,411.04
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/06/07	51234	10/06/07		42.09	25,368.95
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/20/07	51385	10/20/07		527.82	24,841.13
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/20/07	51385	10/20/07		42.10	24,799.03
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/03/07	51559	11/03/07		533.00	24,266.03
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/03/07	51559	11/03/07		42.09	24,223.94
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/17/07	51658	11/17/07		533.06	23,690.88
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/17/07	51658	11/17/07		42.10	23,648.78
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/01/07	51851	12/01/07		553.26	23,095.52
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/01/07	51851	12/01/07		59.29	23,036.23
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/15/07	51991	12/15/07		499.22	22,537.01
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/15/07	51991	12/15/07		41.94	22,495.07
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/29/07	52129	12/29/07		509.98	21,985.09
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/29/07	52129	12/29/07		41.91	21,943.18
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/12/08	52294	01/12/08		510.99	21,432.19
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/12/08	52294	01/12/08		41.89	21,390.30
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/26/08	52421	01/26/08		506.09	20,884.21
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/26/08	52421	01/26/08		41.91	20,842.30
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/09/08	52584	02/09/08		510.95	20,331.35
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/09/08	52584	02/09/08		41.90	20,289.45
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/22/08	52739	02/23/08		435.71	19,853.74
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/22/08	52739	02/23/08		40.04	19,813.70
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/08/08	52909	03/08/08		511.01	19,302.69



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			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/08/08	52909	03/08/08		41.92	19,260.77
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/22/08	53039	03/22/08		506.02	18,754.75
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/22/08	53039	03/22/08		41.91	18,712.84
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/05/08	53211	04/05/08		495.01	18,217.83
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/05/08	53211	04/05/08		41.93	18,175.90
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/19/08	53322	04/19/08		490.08	17,685.82
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/19/08	53322	04/19/08		41.95	17,643.87
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/03/08	53493	05/03/08		495.01	17,148.86
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/03/08	53493	05/03/08		41.95	17,106.91
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/17/08	53614	05/17/08		495.02	16,611.89
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/17/08	53614	05/17/08		41.93	16,569.96
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/31/08	53761	05/31/08		490.15	16,079.81
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/31/08	53761	05/31/08		41.98	16,037.83
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/14/08	53888	06/14/08		495.04	15,542.79
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/14/08	53888	06/14/08		41.93	15,500.86
Pa	yroll YE Accruals 06/30/08	6/30/08 Year end accrual	54220	06/28/08		52.05	15,448.81
Pa	yroll YE Accruals 06/30/08	6/30/08 Year end accrual	54220	06/28/08		4.16	15,444.65
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/28/08	54046	06/28/08		491.62	14,953.03
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/28/08	54046	06/28/08		41.97	14,911.06
Al	locate Fringe Cost		54653	06/29/08		165.27	14,745.79
101	104104.5108	FrBnfBrdn			29,326.00	14,580.21	14,745.79
101	104104.5108.00818	FrBnfBrdn-Workers Comp Fd					
Ad	lopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	776.00		776.00
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/14/07	50079	07/14/07		30.33	745.67
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/28/07	50300	07/28/07		13.20	732.47
Ac	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/11/07	50525	08/11/07		12.96	719.51
٨٥	tual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/25/07	50717	08/25/07		12.96	706.55



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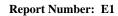
		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/08/07	50889	09/08/07		20.59	685.96
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/22/07	51054	09/22/07		13.20	672.76
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/06/07	51234	10/06/07		13.20	659.56
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/20/07	51385	10/20/07		13.20	646.36
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/03/07	51559	11/03/07		13.20	633.16
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/17/07	51658	11/17/07		13.19	619.97
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/01/07	51851	12/01/07		13.19	606.78
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/15/07	51991	12/15/07		13.20	593.58
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/29/07	52129	12/29/07		13.19	580.39
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/12/08	52294	01/12/08		13.19	567.20
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 01/26/08	52421	01/26/08		14.78	552.42
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/09/08	52584	02/09/08		14.78	537.64
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/22/08	52739	02/23/08		13.20	524.44
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/08/08	52909	03/08/08		13.20	511.24
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/22/08	53039	03/22/08		13.20	498.04
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/05/08	53211	04/05/08		13.20	484.84
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 04/19/08	53322	04/19/08		13.20	471.64
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/03/08	53493	05/03/08		13.19	458.45
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/17/08	53614	05/17/08		13.20	445.25
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/31/08	53761	05/31/08		13.19	432.06
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/14/08	53888	06/14/08		13.20	418.86
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/28/08	54046	06/28/08		13.20	405.66
101 104104.5108.00818	FrBnfBrdn-Workers Comp Fd			776.00	370.34	405.66
101 104104.5214	M&R-Equip&Machry					
Adopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	200.00		200.00



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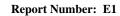
07/01/07 07/01/07 07/31/07 08/31/07 11/30/07 01/31/08 02/29/08 05/31/08	320.00 320.00 520.00	0.00 5.31 0.42 5.09 1.24 3.31	320.00 320.00 320.00 520.00 514.69 514.27 509.18 507.94 504.63
07/01/07 07/31/07 08/31/07 11/30/07 01/31/08 02/29/08	320.00	5.31 0.42 5.09 1.24 3.31	520.00 514.69 514.27 509.18 507.94
07/01/07 07/31/07 08/31/07 11/30/07 01/31/08 02/29/08	320.00	5.31 0.42 5.09 1.24 3.31	520.00 514.69 514.27 509.18 507.94
07/31/07 08/31/07 11/30/07 01/31/08 02/29/08		5.31 0.42 5.09 1.24 3.31	520.00 514.69 514.27 509.18 507.94
07/31/07 08/31/07 11/30/07 01/31/08 02/29/08	520.00	0.42 5.09 1.24 3.31	514.69 514.27 509.18 507.94
07/31/07 08/31/07 11/30/07 01/31/08 02/29/08	520.00	0.42 5.09 1.24 3.31	514.69 514.27 509.18 507.94
08/31/07 11/30/07 01/31/08 02/29/08		0.42 5.09 1.24 3.31	514.27 509.18 507.94
11/30/07 01/31/08 02/29/08		5.09 1.24 3.31	509.18 507.94
01/31/08 02/29/08		1.24 3.31	507.94
02/29/08		3.31	
			504.63
05/31/08		1.20	
03/31/00		1.20	503.43
06/28/08		1.88	501.55
	520.00	18.45	501.55
07/01/07	400.00		400.00
	400.00	0.00	400.00
4	4 07/01/07		





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		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
A local E	A L	50214	07/01/07	1,000,00		1,000,00
Adopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	1,690.00	40.66	1,690.00
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	Water For City Council	49957	07/05/07		40.66	1,649.34
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT.#2202032-RC	50140	07/23/07		5.99	1,643.35
Office Depot	RC-Acct#89043745	50148	07/23/07		4.00	1,639.35
Pure Flo	COFFEE SERVICE	50308	08/02/07		5.41	1,633.94
Pin Center, The	City Logo Pins	50559	08/17/07		189.18	1,444.76
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	50559	08/17/07		2.65	1,442.11
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLED WTR-CITY COUNCIL	50636	08/22/07		40.66	1,401.45
Office Depot	Acct#89043745-RC	50716	08/29/07		0.78	1,400.67
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT.#2202032-RC	50720	08/29/07		1.18	1,399.49
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT.#2202032-RC	50720	08/29/07		5.99	1,393.50
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT.#2202032-RC	50984	09/20/07		5.99	1,387.51
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT.#2202032-RC	50984	09/20/07		1.35	1,386.16
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	51006	09/24/07		3.37	1,382.79
Office Depot	RC-Acct#89043745	51024	09/24/07		0.66	1,382.13
Office Depot	RC-Acct#89043745	51024	09/24/07		0.31	1,381.82
Pure Flo	Coffee Service	51024	09/24/07		2.12	1,379.70
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLE WTR CITY COUNCIL	51210	10/09/07		40.66	1,339.04
PaperDirect Inc	RCCertifictPaperAcct0037840055	51289	10/15/07		14.49	1,324.55
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT. #2202032-RC	51296	10/15/07		5.99	1,318.56
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	51325	10/17/07		3.36	1,315.20
Pure Flo	Coffee Service	51325	10/17/07		3.72	1,311.48
Oceanside Historical Society	OsideWhereLifeIsWorthLivingPub	51363	10/23/07		188.25	1,123.23
Office Depot	RC-Acct#89043745	51423	10/29/07		8.83	1,114.40
Office Depot	RC-Acct#89043745	51423	10/29/07		1.07	1,113.33
Office Depot	RC-Acct#89043745	51423	10/29/07		8.82	1,104.51
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT. 2202032-RC	51444	10/30/07		5.99	1,098.52
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	51649	11/15/07		2.75	1,095.77





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Del Mar Office Products Del Mar Office Products Del Mar Office Products Office Depot Office Depot Office Depot Award Source Pin Center, The	ACCT.2202032-RC ACCT.2202032-RC ACCT,#2202032-RC RC Acct#89043745 RC Acct#89043745 RC Acct#89043745 RET PLAQUE -SERGE DUARTE City Coin	51859 51859 52031 52051 52051 52051 52229	12/06/07 12/06/07 12/21/07 12/24/07 12/24/07 12/24/07	1.08 6.85 6.42 4.43 2.70	1,094.69 1,087.84 1,081.42 1,076.99
Del Mar Office Products Office Depot Office Depot Office Depot Award Source	ACCT,#2202032-RC RC Acct#89043745 RC Acct#89043745 RC Acct#89043745 RET PLAQUE -SERGE DUARTE City Coin	52031 52051 52051 52051	12/21/07 12/24/07 12/24/07	6.42 4.43	1,081.42 1,076.99
Office Depot Office Depot Office Depot Award Source	RC Acct#89043745 RC Acct#89043745 RC Acct#89043745 RET PLAQUE -SERGE DUARTE City Coin	52051 52051 52051	12/24/07 12/24/07	4.43	1,076.99
Office Depot Office Depot Award Source	RC Acct#89043745 RC Acct#89043745 RET PLAQUE -SERGE DUARTE City Coin	52051 52051	12/24/07		<i>,</i>
Office Depot Award Source	RC Acct#89043745 RET PLAQUE -SERGE DUARTE City Coin	52051		2 70	
Award Source	RET PLAQUE -SERGE DUARTE City Coin		12/24/07	2.70	1,074.29
	City Coin	52229		0.90	1,073.39
Pin Center, The	•		01/10/08	10.77	1,062.62
,		52354	01/24/08	73.50	989.12
Pure Flo	Drinking Water Rental	52354	01/24/08	3.74	985.38
Pure Flo	Coffee Service	52354	01/24/08	13.54	971.84
Chavez, Rocky J.	VETERANS ASSOC. OF N.COUN'	52353	01/29/08	18.00	953.84
Shepherd, Janene P.	Gift/Retiring Art Comm Chair	52609	02/14/08	48.49	905.35
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLE WTR CITY COUNCIL	52603	02/15/08	36.72	868.63
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLE WTR CITY COUNCIL	52603	02/15/08	32.10	836.53
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	52640	02/18/08	3.47	833.06
Pure Flo	Coffee Service	52644	02/18/08	6.83	826.23
Office Depot	RC, Acct#89043745	52657	02/19/08	8.83	817.40
Office Depot	RC, Acct#89043745	52657	02/19/08	1.55	815.85
Office Depot	RC, Acct#89043745	52657	02/19/08	21.27	794.58
PaperDirect Inc	RC, Acct#37840055	52657	02/19/08	14.64	779.94
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT.#2202032-RC	52682	02/21/08	5.99	773.95
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT.#2202032-RC	52682	02/21/08	1.73	772.22
Del Mar Office Products	ACCT.#2202032-RC	52682	02/21/08	6.80	765.42
Office Depot	Acct#89043745, RC	52786	03/03/08	8.83	756.59
PaperDirect Inc	Cert Paper Acct37840055, RC	52786	03/03/08	13.39	743.20
Complete Office of California	ACCT.# 2202032-RC	52923	03/14/08	5.99	737.21
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	52941	03/17/08	3.37	733.84
Pure Flo	Coffee	52941	03/17/08	6.54	727.30
North County Printers	RC Business Cards	53074	03/28/08	44.18	683.12



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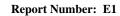
			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Off	fice Depot	Acct #89043745 RC	53074	03/28/08		0.97	682.15
Off	fice Depot	Acct #89043745 RC	53074	03/28/08		277.11	405.04
Pap	perDirect Inc	Certificate Paper - RC	53074	03/28/08		6.59	398.45
Cor	mplete Office of California	ACCT.#2202032-RC	53246	04/14/08		1.50	396.95
Off	fice Depot	ACCT.#89043745-RC	53252	04/15/08		6.82	390.13
Off	fice Depot	ACCT.#89043745-RC	53252	04/15/08		9.97	380.16
Pap	perDirect Inc	ACCT.#0037840055 CERT.PAPER	53252	04/15/08		12.42	367.74
She	epherd, Janene P.	Book/S02153R005/Class	53530	05/09/08		14.49	353.25
Cod	ca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLE WTRCITY COUNCIL	53539	05/13/08		36.72	316.53
Off	fice Depot	RC-Acct #89043745	53567	05/15/08		10.47	306.06
Pur	re Flo	Acct #2000698 - Coffee	53567	05/15/08		7.48	298.58
Pur	re Flo	Coffee Cust# 2000698	53868	06/16/08		2.74	295.84
Off	fice Depot	Acct#89043745-RC	53953	06/23/08		6.82	289.02
Cor	mplete Office of California	Acct#2202032-RC	53953	06/23/08		1.53	287.49
Cor	mplete Office of California	Acct#2202032-RC	53953	06/23/08		2.31	285.18
Cod	ca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLE WTR -CITY COUNCIL	54306	06/28/08		36.72	248.46
Off	fice Depot	Acct#89043745-RC	54327	06/28/08		7.54	240.92
Off	fice Depot	Acct#89043745-RC	54327	06/28/08		1.49	239.43
Pur	re Flo	Cust#2000698-Coffee	54327	06/28/08		2.75	236.68
101	104104.5229	Oth/Misc Matls,Supp&Svcs			1,690.00	1,453.32	236.68
101	104104.5230	TBD-Cal Card Purchases					
US	Bank	Chavez, R.	50551	08/17/07		1,324.74	-1,324.74
Au	g 6/07 Calcard Expndrs	Chavez, R.	51197	09/28/07		-1,324.74	0.00
US	Bank	Chavez, R.	51105	09/28/07		52.78	-52.78
Sep	ot 07 Calcard Expndrs	Chavez, R.	51585	10/31/07		-52.78	0.00
LIS	Bank	Chavez, R.	51494	10/31/07		75.00	-75.00



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			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Oct	t 07 Calcard Expndrs	Chavez, R.	51767	11/29/07		-75.00	0.00
US	Bank	Chavez, R.	52210	01/08/08		583.66	-583.66
Dec	e 07 Calcard Expdrs	Chavez, R.	52513	01/31/08		-583.66	0.00
US	Bank	Chavez, R.	52804	02/29/08		100.00	-100.00
Feb	08 Calcard Expenditures	Chavez, R.	53137	03/31/08		-100.00	0.00
US	Bank	Chavez, R.	53399	04/30/08		871.50	-871.50
US	Bank	Chavez, R.	53659	05/27/08		190.00	-1,061.50
Apr	r 08 Calcard Expeditures	Chavez, R.	53725	05/30/08		-871.50	-190.00
May	y 08 Calcard Expeditures	Chavez, R.	54345	06/28/08		-190.00	0.00
101	104104.5230	TBD-Cal Card Purchases			0.00	0.00	0.00
101	104104.5271	Books,Pubs&Subs					
Ado	opted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	129.00		129.00
Nor	rth County Times	12MOS. SUBSCRIPTION	50894	09/13/07		30.00	99.00
Uni	ion Tribune Publishing Co	1-yr Subscription to SDUT	52640	02/18/08		39.20	59.80
101	104104.5271	Books,Pubs&Subs			129.00	69.20	59.80
101	104104.5281	Mbrshps&Dues					
Ado	opted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	200.00		200.00
101	104104.5281	Mbrshps&Dues			200.00	0.00	200.00
101	104104.5292	Trvl/Conf/Trng Reg Fee					
Ado	opted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	5,972.00		5,972.00





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		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Chavez, Rocky J.	SHARED TAXI FROM AIRPORT-	50984	09/20/07		20.00	5,952.00
Oceanside Boys & Girls Club	1-TICKET BOYS & GIRLS NITE (50991	09/20/07		295.00	5,657.00
Chavez, Rocky J.	TAXI TO AIRPORT	50984	09/20/07		40.00	5,617.00
Aug 6/07 Calcard Expndrs	CHAVEZ R-HOTELS.COM	51197	09/28/07		449.94	5,167.06
Aug 6/07 Calcard Expndrs	CHAVEZ R-LEAGUE OF CALIFO	51197	09/28/07		450.00	4,717.06
Aug 6/07 Calcard Expndrs	CHAVEZ R-OLD MISSION SAN I	51197	09/28/07		200.00	4,517.06
Aug 6/07 Calcard Expndrs	CHAVEZ R-SOUTHWESTAIR526	51197	09/28/07		224.80	4,292.26
Sept 07 Calcard Expndrs	CHAVEZ R-BUSINESS EXPRESS	51585	10/31/07		2.39	4,289.87
Sept 07 Calcard Expndrs	CHAVEZ R-BUSINESS EXPRESS	51585	10/31/07		2.39	4,287.48
Sept 07 Calcard Expndrs	CHAVEZ R-LINDBERGH PARK9:	51585	10/31/07		48.00	4,239.48
Reclass Expndr	Xfer t 104103-5292 ES	51632	11/14/07		-295.00	4,534.48
Chavez, Rocky J.	BrotherBenno's 12/1/07 Fundraisr	51649	11/15/07		40.00	4,494.48
Oct 07 Calcard Expndrs	CHAVEZ R-OCEANSIDE MUSEU	51767	11/29/07		75.00	4,419.48
Chavez, Rocky J.	MIRA COSTA SPOTLIGHT THEA	51959	12/18/07		30.00	4,389.48
Womens Resource Center	Ticket	52365	01/28/08		75.00	4,314.48
Chavez, Rocky J.	DAVE'S RESTURANT-SAN.FRAN	52353	01/29/08		19.42	4,295.06
Dec 07 Calcard Expdrs	CHAVEZ, R BART CONCOURS	52513	01/31/08		20.00	4,275.06
Dec 07 Calcard Expdrs	CHAVEZ, R LINDBERGH PARI	52513	01/31/08		24.00	4,251.06
Dec 07 Calcard Expdrs	CHAVEZ, R MARINES MEMOR	52513	01/31/08		226.86	4,024.20
Dec 07 Calcard Expdrs	CHAVEZ, R SOUTHWESTAIR5	52513	01/31/08		312.80	3,711.40
IntraCity Transfer	Annual OPD Recog Event	52748	02/28/08		25.00	3,686.40
Reverse IntraCity Transfer	Cancel Annual OPD Recog Event	52978	03/18/08		-25.00	3,711.40
Feb 08 Calcard Expenditures	CHAVEZ R-CARLSBAD CHAMB	53137	03/31/08		100.00	3,611.40
Chavez, Rocky J.	WOMEN RES.CTR TICKET-FUNI	53505	05/08/08		20.00	3,591.40
Shepherd, Janene P.	Leadership North County B-fast	53530	05/09/08		30.00	3,561.40
Apr 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-CSU SAN MARCOS T	53725	05/30/08		30.00	3,531.40
Apr 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-EXPRESSJET 477000	53725	05/30/08		197.50	3,333.90
Apr 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-LEAGUE OF CALIFO	53725	05/30/08		470.00	2,863.90
Apr 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-RESORT AT SQUAW	53725	05/30/08		174.00	2,689.90



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			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Ma	y 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-CALIF SURF MUSEU	54345	06/28/08		65.00	2,624.90
Ma	y 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-NORTH COUNTY HU	54345	06/28/08		125.00	2,499.90
Jun	ne 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-AMPCO PARKING LO	54446	06/28/08		30.00	2,469.90
Jun	ne 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-CSU SAN MARCOS T	54446	06/28/08		20.00	2,449.90
Jun	ne 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-EXPRESSJET 477000	54446	06/28/08		66.50	2,383.40
Jun	ne 08 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-RESORT AT SQUAW	54446	06/28/08		241.80	2,141.60
Cha	avez, Rocky J.	ANNUAL WOMAN OF DISTINCT	54306	06/28/08		45.00	2,096.60
101	104104.5292	Trvl/Conf/Trng Reg Fee			5,972.00	3,875.40	2,096.60
101	104104.5354	Cellular Phone & Pagers					
Ad	opted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	820.00		820.00
Ne	xtel Communications	Nextel Billing 7/07-Chavez	50596	08/21/07		180.92	639.08
AT	C&T Mobility	CELL SERVICE-08/07-CHEVAZ	50684	08/27/07		95.60	543.48
Ne	xtel Communications	EARL TERMINATION FEE	50825	09/10/07		290.67	252.81
AT	C&T Mobility	CELLULAR SVCS.9-07-CHAVEZ	51071	09/27/07		184.97	67.84
Ne	xtel Communications	Cellular Svc Sept 07-Shepard	51166	10/08/07		90.52	-22.68
Ne	xtel Communications	Cellular Svc-Oct 07-Shepard	51519	11/06/07		91.84	-114.52
AT	C&T Mobility	CELL SVC.11/07-CHAVEZ	51797	12/03/07		117.11	-231.63
Ne	xtel Communications	Cell Service 11-07 Shepard	51899	12/10/07		92.78	-324.41
AT	C&T Mobility	CELL-DEC.07-CHAVEZ	52061	12/27/07		122.03	-446.44
Ne	xtel Communications	CELL SVC 11 to 12-07, Shepard	52205	01/08/08		92.78	-539.22
AT	C&T Mobility	CELL SVC 1/08- CHAVEZ	52536	02/06/08		98.91	-638.13
Ne	xtel Communications	Cell Svc 11-07, Shepard	52708	02/25/08		91.75	-729.88
AT	C&T Mobility	CELL SVC 2/08 -CHAVEZ	52783	03/03/08		100.69	-830.57
Ne	xtel Communications	Cell Svc 2-08, Shepard	53026	03/25/08		91.64	-922.21
	C&T Mobility	CELL SVC.3/.08 CHAVEZ	53046	03/26/08		98.43	-1,020.64
AT	66 1 1.13611111)						



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104104.5508

City of Oceanside Year to Date Expenditure Detail

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			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
	&T Mobility	CELL SVC MAR.08 -CHAVEZ	53384	04/28/08		101.70	-1,213.88
	ktel Communications	April 08 Cell Svc - Shepard	53511	05/08/08		91.63	-1,305.51
ATo	&T Mobility	May08CellularSvc-Chavez	53653	05/27/08		95.27	-1,400.78
ATo	&T Mobility	June 08 Cell Svc-Chavez	54004	06/28/08		0.62	-1,401.40
101	104104.5354	Cellular Phone & Pagers			820.00	2,221.40	-1,401.40
101	104104.5506	SvcChrg-Genl Ins					
Ado	opted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	6,645.00		6,645.00
July	SvcChg-Rdv&HsgAdmCost	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50395	07/31/07		554.00	6,091.00
07 A	Aug Interfund SvcCharges	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50356	08/06/07		554.00	5,537.00
Sep	t 07 Interfund Service Chgs	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50875	09/12/07		554.00	4,983.00
FY	07/08 SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51322	10/17/07		554.00	4,429.00
FY	07/08 SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51546	11/07/07		554.00	3,875.00
FY	07/08 SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51736	11/28/07		554.00	3,321.00
FY	07/08 SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51736	11/28/07		-554.00	3,875.00
FY	07/08 SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51747	12/01/07		554.00	3,321.00
08 J	Jan SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52236	01/01/08		554.00	2,767.00
08 I	Feb SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52547	02/01/08		554.00	2,213.00
08 1	Mar SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52895	03/01/08		554.00	1,659.00
08 /	Apr SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53196	04/01/08		554.00	1,105.00
08 1	May SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53510	05/01/08		554.00	551.00
08 J	June SvcChg-Gen Insurance	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53820	06/01/08		554.00	-3.00
101	104104.5506	SvcChrg-Genl Ins			6,645.00	6,648.00	-3.00

1/21/2009

SvcChrg-Mgmt Info Svcs



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		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Adopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	9,265.00		9,265.00
July SvcChg-Rdv&HsgAdmCost	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50395	07/31/07		772.00	8,493.00
07 Aug Interfund SvcCharges	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50356	08/06/07		772.00	7,721.00
Sept 07 Interfund Service Chgs	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50875	09/12/07		772.00	6,949.00
FY 07/08 SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51322	10/17/07		772.00	6,177.00
FY 07/08 SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51546	11/07/07		772.00	5,405.00
FY 07/08 SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51736	11/28/07		772.00	4,633.00
FY 07/08 SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51736	11/28/07		-772.00	5,405.00
FY 07/08 SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51747	12/01/07		772.00	4,633.00
08 Jan SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52236	01/01/08		772.00	3,861.00
08 Feb SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52547	02/01/08		772.00	3,089.00
08 Mar SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52895	03/01/08		772.00	2,317.00
08 Apr SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53196	04/01/08		772.00	1,545.00
08 May SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53510	05/01/08		772.00	773.00
08 June SvcChg-Mgt Info Serv	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53820	06/01/08		772.00	1.00
101 104104.5508	SvcChrg-Mgmt Info Svcs			9,265.00	9,264.00	1.00
101 104104.5510	SvcChrg-City Bldg Rnt-M&O					
Adopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	54,155.00		54,155.00
July SvcChg-Rdv&HsgAdmCost	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50395	07/31/07		4,513.00	49,642.00
07 Aug Interfund SvcCharges	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50356	08/06/07		4,513.00	45,129.00
Sept 07 Interfund Service Chgs	1/12 2007/08 Budget	50875	09/12/07		4,513.00	40,616.00
FY 07/08SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-N	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51322	10/17/07		4,513.00	36,103.00
FY 07/08SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-N	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51546	11/07/07		4,513.00	31,590.00
FY 07/08SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-N	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51736	11/28/07		4,513.00	27,077.00
FY 07/08SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-N	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51736	11/28/07		-4,513.00	31,590.00
FY 07/08SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-N	1/12 2007/08 Budget	51747	12/01/07		4,513.00	27,077.00



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		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
08 Jan SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-M&	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52236	01/01/08		4,513.00	22,564.00
08 Feb SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-M&	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52547	02/01/08		4,513.00	18,051.00
08 Mar SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-Ma	1/12 2007/08 Budget	52895	03/01/08		4,513.00	13,538.00
08 Apr SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-M∂	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53196	04/01/08		4,513.00	9,025.00
08 May SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-M	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53510	05/01/08		4,513.00	4,512.00
08 June SvcChg-CityBldgRnt-M	1/12 2007/08 Budget	53820	06/01/08		4,513.00	-1.00
101 104104.5510	SvcChrg-City Bldg Rnt-M&O			54,155.00	54,156.00	-1.00
101 104104.5525	PERS Unfund DS					
Adopted Expenditure FY 07-08	Adopted Mid Cycle FY 2007-2008	50214	07/01/07	721.00		721.00
July 07 PERS Monthly Debt	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	50853	08/31/07		60.08	660.92
Aug 07 PERS Monthly Debt	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	50854	08/31/07		60.08	600.84
Sept Monthly PERS Debt	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	50855	09/11/07		60.08	540.76
Oct Monthly PERS Debt	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	51574	10/31/07		60.08	480.68
Nov. Pers Debt Service	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	51777	11/30/07		60.08	420.60
Pers DS December	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	52011	12/21/07		60.08	360.52
Jan 08 PERS Debt Service	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	52349	01/24/08		60.08	300.44
PERS Monthly DS Feb 08	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	52699	02/25/08		60.08	240.36
PERS Monthly DS March 08	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	53006	03/24/08		60.08	180.28
PERS Monthly DS April 08	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	53193	04/08/08		60.08	120.20
PERS Monthly DS May 08	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	53520	05/09/08		60.08	60.12
June 08 PERS Debt Service	07-08 PERs 1/12 budget	54111	06/28/08		60.08	0.04
101 104104.5525	PERS Unfund DS			721.00	720.96	0.04
104 Cmbr-Chavez				190,288.00	171,284.43	19,003.57



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FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
04104 Cm	br-Chavez						
101	104104.5101	Perm Emplees					
FY 08-0	9 Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	74,614.00		74,614.00
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/12/08	54204	07/12/08		2,084.04	72,529.96
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/26/08	54417	07/26/08		2,166.23	70,363.73
Reverse	Payroll YE accrual	Reverse 06/30/08 year end accr	54329	07/28/08		-208.40	70,572.13
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 08/09/08	54628	08/09/08		2,166.23	68,405.90
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 08/23/08	54808	08/23/08		2,166.23	66,239.67
Labor D	istrib PPE 09/06/08	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08	54937	09/06/08		116.98	66,122.69
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08	54940	09/06/08		2,049.26	64,073.43
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08	55072	09/20/08		2,166.23	61,907.20
Budget A	Adjs & Amendments	Reclass to 5104 Councilperson	55334	10/01/08	-18,131.00		43,776.20
Budget A	Adjs & Amendments	Councilperson 12% Inc Eff12/08	55334	10/01/08	716.00		44,492.20
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08	55248	10/04/08		2,166.22	42,325.98
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08	55380	10/18/08		2,166.23	40,159.75
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08	55515	11/01/08		2,166.23	37,993.52
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08	55658	11/15/08		2,166.23	35,827.29
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/29/08	55797	11/29/08		2,166.22	33,661.07
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/13/08	55953	12/13/08		2,166.23	31,494.84
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/27/08	56037	12/27/08		2,166.23	29,328.61
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/10/09	56223	01/10/09		2,166.41	27,162.20
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/24/09	56340	01/24/09		2,166.41	24,995.79
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 02/07/09	56500	02/07/09		2,166.23	22,829.56
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 02/21/09	56635	02/21/09		2,166.23	20,663.33
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 03/07/09	56918	03/07/09		2,166.40	18,496.93
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 03/21/09	57145	03/21/09		2,166.23	16,330.70
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 4/4/09	57324	04/04/09		2,166.23	14,164.47
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 04/18/09	57507	04/18/09		2,166.23	11,998.24
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 05/02/09	57700	05/02/09		2,166.23	9,832.01
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 05/16/09	57880	05/16/09		2,166.23	7,665.78
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 05/30/09	58062	05/30/09		2,166.24	5,499.54
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 06/13/09	58281	06/13/09		2,166.41	3,333.13
Payroll I	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 06/27/09	58435	06/27/09		2,166.23	1,166.90
0809 La	bor accrual 06/29-6/30	6/29-6/30 Payroll	58697	06/28/09		433.25	733.65



FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
101	104104.5101	Perm Emplees			57,199.00	56,465.35	733.65
101	104104.5101.24322	PermEmp-SkLv Payo	off				
FY 08-	09 Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	833.00		833.00
Reclass	s SickLeave Payoff		56475	02/09/09		1,245.12	-412.12
101	104104.5101.24322	PermEmp-SkLv Payoff			833.00	1,245.12	-412.12
101	104104.5101.24345	PermEmp-SkLv Casl	nout				
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/13/08	55953	12/13/08		1,245.12	-1,245.12
-	s SickLeave Payoff		56475	02/09/09		-1,245.12	0.00
101	104104.5101.24345	PermEmp-SkLv Cashout			0.00	0.00	0.00
101	104104.5104	Elected Officials					
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/12/08	54204	07/12/08		677.60	-677.60
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/26/08	54417	07/26/08		677.60	-1,355.20
Reverse	e Payroll YE accrual	Reverse 06/30/08 year end accr	54329	07/28/08		-67.76	-1,287.44
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 08/09/08	54628	08/09/08		677.60	-1,965.04
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 08/23/08	54808	08/23/08		677.60	-2,642.64
	Distrib PPE 09/06/08	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08	54937	09/06/08		677.60	-3,320.24
	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08	55072	09/20/08		677.60	-3,997.84
-	t Adjs & Amendments	Reclass Fm 5101 Councilperson	55334	10/01/08	18,131.00		14,133.16
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08	55248	10/04/08		677.60	13,455.56
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08	55380	10/18/08		677.60	12,777.96
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08	55515	11/01/08		677.60	12,100.36
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08	55658	11/15/08		677.60	11,422.76
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/29/08	55797	11/29/08		677.60	10,745.16
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/13/08	55953	12/13/08		677.60	10,067.56
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/27/08	56037	12/27/08		758.80	9,308.76
-	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/10/09	56223	01/10/09		758.80	8,549.96
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/24/09	56340	01/24/09		758.80	7,791.16



FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross Wages Paid PPE 02/07/09	56500	02/07/09		758.80	7,032.36
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 02/21/09	56635	02/21/09		758.80	6,273.56
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 03/07/09	56918	03/07/09		758.80	5,514.76
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 03/21/09	57145	03/21/09		758.80	4,755.96
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 4/4/09	57324	04/04/09		758.80	3,997.16
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 04/18/09	57507	04/18/09		758.80	3,238.36
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 05/02/09	57700	05/02/09		758.80	2,479.56
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 05/16/09	57880	05/16/09		758.80	1,720.76
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 05/30/09	58062	05/30/09		758.80	961.96
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 06/13/09	58281	06/13/09		758.80	203.16
Payroll La	abor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 06/27/09	58435	06/27/09		758.80	-555.64
0809 Labo	or accrual 06/29-6/30	6/29-6/30 Payroll	58697	06/28/09		151.76	-707.40
101	104104.5104	Elected Officials			18,131.00	18,838.40	-707.40
101	104104.5105	Expense Allowance					
FY 08-09	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	4,200.00		4,200.00
Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/12/08	54204	07/12/08		175.00	4,025.00
Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/26/08	54417	07/26/08		175.00	3,850.00
Reverse P	ayroll YE accrual	Reverse 06/30/08 year end accr	54329	07/28/08		-17.50	3,867.50
Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries	C W DDE 00/00/00	54628				
	ruch Journal Littles	Gross Wages PPE 08/09/08	34028	08/09/08		175.00	3,692.50
	rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/09/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08	54940	08/09/08 09/06/08		175.00 175.00	3,692.50 3,517.50
Actual Bu							•
Actual Bu Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08	54940	09/06/08		175.00	3,517.50
Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08	54940 55072	09/06/08 09/20/08		175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50
Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08 Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08	54940 55072 55248	09/06/08 09/20/08 10/04/08		175.00 175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50 3,167.50
Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08 Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08	54940 55072 55248 55380	09/06/08 09/20/08 10/04/08 10/18/08		175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50 3,167.50 2,992.50
Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08 Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08	54940 55072 55248 55380 55515	09/06/08 09/20/08 10/04/08 10/18/08 11/01/08		175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50 3,167.50 2,992.50 2,817.50
Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08 Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08	54940 55072 55248 55380 55515 55658	09/06/08 09/20/08 10/04/08 10/18/08 11/01/08 11/15/08		175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50 3,167.50 2,992.50 2,817.50 2,642.50
Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08 Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/29/08	54940 55072 55248 55380 55515 55658 55797	09/06/08 09/20/08 10/04/08 10/18/08 11/01/08 11/15/08 11/29/08		175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50 3,167.50 2,992.50 2,817.50 2,642.50 2,467.50
Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08 Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/29/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/13/08	54940 55072 55248 55380 55515 55658 55797 55953	09/06/08 09/20/08 10/04/08 10/18/08 11/01/08 11/15/08 11/29/08 12/13/08		175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50 3,167.50 2,992.50 2,817.50 2,642.50 2,467.50 2,292.50
Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08 Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/29/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/13/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/27/08	54940 55072 55248 55380 55515 55658 55797 55953 56037	09/06/08 09/20/08 10/04/08 10/18/08 11/01/08 11/15/08 11/29/08 12/13/08 12/27/08		175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50 3,167.50 2,992.50 2,817.50 2,642.50 2,467.50 2,292.50 2,117.50
Actual Bu	rden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08 Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08 Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/29/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/13/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/27/08 Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/10/09	54940 55072 55248 55380 55515 55658 55797 55953 56037 56223	09/06/08 09/20/08 10/04/08 10/18/08 11/01/08 11/15/08 11/29/08 12/13/08 12/27/08 01/10/09		175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00 175.00	3,517.50 3,342.50 3,167.50 2,992.50 2,817.50 2,642.50 2,467.50 2,292.50 2,117.50 1,942.50



FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/21/09	57145	03/21/09		175.00	1,242.50
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 4/4/09	57324	04/04/09		175.00	1,067.50
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 04/18/09	57507	04/18/09		175.00	892.50
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 05/02/09	57700	05/02/09		175.00	717.50
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 05/16/09	57880	05/16/09		175.00	542.50
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 05/30/09	58062	05/30/09		175.00	367.50
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 06/13/09	58281	06/13/09		175.00	192.50
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 06/27/09	58435	06/27/09		175.00	17.50
0809 Lab	oor accrual 06/29-6/30	6/29-6/30 Payroll	58697	06/28/09		35.00	-17.50
101	104104.5105	Expense Allowance			4,200.00	4,217.50	-17.50
101	104104.5108	FrBnfBrdn					
FY 08-09	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	28,831.00		28,831.00
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/12/08	54204	07/12/08		520.50	28,310.50
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/12/08	54204	07/12/08		41.60	28,268.90
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/26/08	54417	07/26/08		498.27	27,770.63
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/26/08	54417	07/26/08		43.11	27,727.52
Reverse l	Payroll YE accrual	Reverse 06/30/08 year end accr	54329	07/28/08		-52.05	27,779.57
Reverse l	Payroll YE accrual	Reverse 06/30/08 year end accr	54329	07/28/08		-4.16	27,783.73
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/09/08	54628	08/09/08		503.20	27,280.53
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/09/08	54628	08/09/08		43.10	27,237.43
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/23/08	54808	08/23/08		427.96	26,809.47
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 08/23/08	54808	08/23/08		41.23	26,768.24
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08	54940	09/06/08		503.20	26,265.04
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/06/08	54940	09/06/08		43.11	26,221.93
	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08	55072	09/20/08		498.27	25,723.66
	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/20/08	55072	09/20/08		43.11	25,680.55
Budget A	Adjs & Amendments	Councilperson 12% Inc Eff12/08	55334	10/01/08	147.00		25,827.55
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08	55248	10/04/08		503.19	25,324.36
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/04/08	55248	10/04/08		43.09	25,281.27
	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08	55380	10/18/08		498.27	24,783.00
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid PPE 10/18/08	55380	10/18/08		43.10	24,739.90
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08	55515	11/01/08		503.20	24,236.70
Actual B	urden Journal Entries	Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/01/08	55515	11/01/08		43.10	24,193.60

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Gross wages PPE 04/18/09

Gross wages PPE 05/02/09

Gross wages PPE 05/02/09

Gross wages PPE 05/16/09

Gross wages PPE 05/16/09

Gross Wages PPE 05/30/09

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City	of Oceanside				Report Number: E1	
	09 Mayor/Council enditure Report	I				
	Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08	55658	11/15/08		43.08	24,150.52	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/15/08	55658	11/15/08		511.63	23,638.89	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/29/08	55797	11/29/08		510.32	23,128.57	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 11/29/08	55797	11/29/08		43.16	23,085.41	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/13/08	55953	12/13/08		529.12	22,556.29	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/13/08	55953	12/13/08		61.13	22,495.16	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/27/08	56037	12/27/08		519.16	21,976.00	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 12/27/08	56037	12/27/08		44.31	21,931.69	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/10/09	56223	01/10/09		522.87	21,408.82	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/10/09	56223	01/10/09		44.31	21,364.51	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/24/09	56340	01/24/09		435.84	20,928.67	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 01/24/09	56340	01/24/09		42.41	20,886.26	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 02/07/09	56500	02/07/09		44.31	20,841.95	
Gross Wages Paid PPE 02/07/09	56500	02/07/09		522.83	20,319.12	
Gross wages PPE 02/21/09	56635	02/21/09		517.60	19,801.52	
Gross wages PPE 02/21/09	56635	02/21/09		44.30	19,757.22	
Gross Wages PPE 03/07/09	56918	03/07/09		513.80	19,243.42	
Gross Wages PPE 03/07/09	56918	03/07/09		44.30	19,199.12	
Gross Wages PPE 03/21/09	57145	03/21/09		508.49	18,690.63	
Gross Wages PPE 03/21/09	57145	03/21/09		44.30	18,646.33	
Gross wages PPE 4/4/09	57324	04/04/09		514.41	18,131.92	
Gross wages PPE 4/4/09	57324	04/04/09		44.31	18,087.61	
Gross wages PPE 04/18/09	57507	04/18/09		509.17	17,578.44	
C PRE 04/10/00	57507	0.4/1.0/00		11.20	17.524.14	

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14,723.82

14,580.49

14,571.61



Report Number: E1

FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
101	104104.5108	FrBnfBrdn			28,978.00	14,406.39	14,571.61
101	104104.5108.00818	FrBnfBrdn-Workers	Comp Fd				
FY 08	3-09 Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	270.00		270.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	54453	07/01/08		23.00	247.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	54639	08/01/08		23.00	224.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	54962	09/01/08		23.00	201.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	55170	10/01/08		23.00	178.00
Budge	et Adjs & Amendments	Councilperson 12% Inc Eff12/08	55334	10/01/08	6.00		184.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	55583	11/01/08		23.00	161.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	55734	12/01/08		23.00	138.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	56126	01/01/09		23.00	115.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	56618	02/01/09		23.00	92.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	57108	03/01/09		23.00	69.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	57528	04/01/09		23.00	46.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	57809	05/01/09		23.00	23.00
08/09	SvcChg-Work Comp	1/12 2008/09 Workers Comp Fd B	58086	06/01/09		23.00	0.00
FY 08	3-09 Adj to Workers Comp	FY 08-09 Adj. to Workers Comp	59102	06/29/09		-138.63	138.63
101	104104.5108.00818	FrBnfBrdn-Workers Comp Fd			276.00	137.37	138.63
101	104104.5221	Ofc Supp					
FY 08	3-09 Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	600.00		600.00
Corpo	orate Express - Southwest	OFFICE SUPPLIES	58245	06/15/09		1.60	598.40
Accru	e AP payments	Staples	58987	06/29/09		1.76	596.64
101	104104.5221	Ofc Supp			600.00	3.36	596.64
101	104104.5222	Postage					
E\$7.00	0.00 4.1 (1.15 1)	EV 00 00 A L I D . L .	54121	07/01/00	520.00		520.00
	8-09 Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	520.00	0.42	520.00
Jul Po	stage Usage	Jul Usage	54486	07/31/08		0.43	519.57



FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Aug Post	age Usage	Aug Usage	54854	08/31/08		1.02	518.55
Sep Posta	ige Usage	Sep Usage	55169	09/30/08		1.89	516.66
Oct Posta	ge Usage	Oct Usage	55506	10/31/08		1.20	515.46
Feb Posta	ige Usage	Postage Usage	56705	02/28/09		0.43	515.03
Mar Posta	age Usage	Mar Usage	57224	03/31/09		0.86	514.17
Apr Posta	ige Usage	Apr Usage	57649	04/30/09		45.29	468.88
Apr 09 C	alcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-ANGEL PRINTING,	58064	05/29/09		322.00	146.88
May Post	age Usage	May Usage	57980	05/31/09		0.43	146.45
Jun Posta	ge Usage	Jun Usage	58496	06/28/09		10.58	135.87
101	104104.5222	Postage			520.00	384.13	135.87
101	104104.5226	PrMatl&Forms					
FY 08-09	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	500.00		500.00
Apr 09 C	alcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-ANGEL PRINTING,	58064	05/29/09		140.29	359.71
Apr 09 C	alcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-ANGEL PRINTING,	58064	05/29/09		129.00	230.71
101	104104.5226	PrMatl&Forms			500.00	269.29	230.71
101	104104.5229	Oth/Misc Matls,Supp&	&Svcs				
FY 08-09	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	1,700.00		1,700.00
	unty Printers	RC Name Badge	54338	07/28/08	•	7.81	1,692.19
North Co	unty Printers	RC Name Badge	54338	07/28/08		15.62	1,676.57
Office De	epot	Acct#89043745-RC	54505	08/04/08		4.60	1,671.97
Office De	epot	Acct #89043745-RC	54524	08/05/08		7.20	1,664.77
Office De	epot	Acct #89043745 RC	54818	08/27/08		3.71	1,661.06
Office De	epot	Acct #89043745 RC	54818	08/27/08		1.41	1,659.65
Complete	Office of California	ACCT#2202032-RC	54827	08/28/08		1.39	1,658.26
July 08 C	alcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R - ONLINESTORES.C	54906	08/29/08		56.59	1,601.67
Pure Flo		Drinking Water/Rental	54857	09/02/08		10.16	1,591.51
D E1.		Coffee	54857	09/02/08		4.68	1,586.83
Pure Flo		G : !!! 4.4.4.4.2.4.777 : 0.75 : 1	5.4005	00/15/00		8.67	1,578.16
Pure Flo		Cust#1214334 Water&Rental	54985	09/15/08		8.07	1,575.06

FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

		Batch #	Date Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Office Depot	Acct #89043745 RC	54985	09/15/08	7.20	1,567.86
Office Depot	Acct#89043745 RC	55106	09/29/08	7.20	1,560.66
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	55303	10/13/08	3.61	1,557.05
Pure Flo	Coffee	55303	10/13/08	6.26	1,550.79
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLED WTR-CITY COUNCII	55315	10/14/08	36.72	1,514.07
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLED WTR-CITY COUNCII	55315	10/14/08	72.72	1,441.35
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	CREDIT/ ON RETURN	55315	10/14/08	-66.72	1,508.07
Office Depot	Acct #89043745-RC	55429	10/27/08	3.84	1,504.23
Office Depot	Acct #89043745-RC	55429	10/27/08	7.20	1,497.03
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	55701	11/21/08	3.57	1,493.46
Pure Flo	Drinking Water/Rental	55918	12/15/08	3.57	1,489.89
Office Depot	Acct #89043745 - RC	55931	12/16/08	9.62	1,480.27
Office Depot	Acct #89043745 - RC	55931	12/16/08	7.20	1,473.07
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLE WTR-CITY COUNCIL	56098	01/05/09	19.95	1,453.12
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLE WTR-CITY COUNCIL	56098	01/22/09	-19.95	1,473.07
Office Depot	Acct#89043745-RC	56287	01/22/09	7.20	1,465.87
Lawrence, Michelle L.	DONUTS FOR GOAL SETTING	56284	01/26/09	4.66	1,461.21
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLED WTR -CITY COUNCIL	56320	01/27/09	19.95	1,441.26
Pure Flo	DrinkingWater/Rental	56386	02/02/09	2.12	1,439.14
Pure Flo	Coffee	56399	02/03/09	13.12	1,426.02
Pure Flo	Water/Mgr Office	56550	02/16/09	4.23	1,421.79
Pure Flo	Coffee	56550	02/16/09	4.86	1,416.93
North County Printers	Rocky Business Cards	56619	02/24/09	44.18	1,372.75
Office Depot	Acct #89043745-RC	56619	02/24/09	8.57	1,364.18
Shepherd, Janene P.	Supplies - Art Talk Mtg	56933	03/11/09	40.85	1,323.33
Shepherd, Janene P.	Supplies - Art Talk Mtg	56933	03/11/09	25.85	1,297.48
Pure Flo	Carol Gould/Coffee	56977	03/16/09	4.59	1,292.89
Pure Flo	Mgr's Office/Water	56977	03/16/09	3.57	1,289.32
Complete Office of California	Acct #2202032 RC	57174	03/27/09	1.82	1,287.50
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLED WTR CITY COUNCIL	57177	03/27/09	20.12	1,267.38
Office Depot	Acct #89043745-RC	57174	03/27/09	1.66	1,265.72
Office Depot	Acct #89043745-RC	57174	03/27/09	7.20	1,258.52
Office Depot	Acct #89043745-RC	57174	03/27/09	8.63	1,249.89
Office Depot	Acct #89043745-RC	57174	03/27/09	1.77	1,248.12
Feb 09 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-ANGEL PRINTING,	57275	03/31/09	107.75	1,140.37
Intra City Xfer - LoCC Dinner	LoCC Dinner 4/23/09	57278	04/06/09	35.00	1,105.37
Intra City Xfer - LoCC Dinner	Reverse - Chavez	57553	04/24/09	-35.00	1,140.37

FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date Ap	ppropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Intra City	Xfer - LoCC Dinner	Chavez	57553	04/24/09		25.00	1,115.37
Office Dep	pot	Acct #89043745-ES	57612	04/30/09		10.53	1,104.84
Office Dep	pot	Acct #89043745-RC	57612	04/30/09		1.84	1,103.00
Pure Flo		Manager's Office/Water/Rntl	57619	05/04/09		2.84	1,100.16
Pure Flo		C. Gould/Coffee	57619	05/04/09		6.46	1,093.70
Pure Flo		Cofee/City Mgr's Office	57824	05/18/09		6.04	1,087.66
Pure Flo		H2O & Rntl/City Mgr's Office	57824	05/18/09		3.67	1,083.99
Coca-Cola	a Btlg of San Diego	BOTTLE WTR CITY COUNCIL	57913	05/21/09		20.12	1,063.87
Office Dep	pot	Acct #89043745-RC	57932	05/22/09		8.57	1,055.30
Corporate	Express - Southwest	OFFICE SUPPLIES	58040	06/02/09		1.41	1,053.89
Pure Flo	-	Coffee	58313	06/18/09		3.10	1,050.79
Pure Flo		Drinking Water/Rental	58313	06/18/09		2.03	1,048.76
Shepherd,	Janene P.	PME SMALL BUS. GOVT. CONT	58373	06/23/09		59.81	988.95
-	inty Printers	RC-Gold foil blanks	58406	06/25/09		215.32	773.63
	P payments	Office Depot	58807	06/29/09		1.45	772.18
	P payments	Office Depot	58807	06/29/09		7.27	764.91
	P payments	Office Depot	58807	06/29/09		1.48	763.43
	alcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ RANGEL PRINTING	58858	06/29/09		81.56	681.87
01	104104.5229	Oth/Misc Matls,Supp&Svcs			1,700.00	1,018.13	681.87
0.4	104104.5230	TBD-Cal Card Purcha	ses				
01							
		Chavez, R.	54408	07/22/08		1,962.80	-1,962.80
US Bank	llcard Expeditures	Chavez, R. Chavez, R.		07/22/08 08/29/08		1,962.80 -613.80	-1,962.80 -1,349.00
US Bank	alcard Expeditures	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. Chavez, R.	54408 54906 54919			1,962.80 -613.80 95.00	-1,349.00
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank	-	Chavez, R.	54906 54919	08/29/08 08/31/08		-613.80 95.00	-1,349.00 -1,444.00
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank SII Cash R	Receipt 9/2/08	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. reimburse cal card tuition	54906 54919 54878	08/29/08		-613.80 95.00 -1,349.00	-1,349.00 -1,444.00 -95.00
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank SII Cash R	-	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. reimburse cal card tuition Chavez, R.	54906 54919	08/29/08 08/31/08 09/02/08		-613.80 95.00	-1,349.00 -1,444.00
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank SII Cash R Aug 08 Ca US Bank	Receipt 9/2/08 alcard Expeditures	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. reimburse cal card tuition Chavez, R. Chavez, R.	54906 54919 54878 55219 55150	08/29/08 08/31/08 09/02/08 09/30/08		-613.80 95.00 -1,349.00 -95.00 525.00	-1,349.00 -1,444.00 -95.00 0.00 -525.00
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank SII Cash R Aug 08 Ca US Bank	Receipt 9/2/08	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. reimburse cal card tuition Chavez, R. Chavez, R. Chavez, R.	54906 54919 54878 55219	08/29/08 08/31/08 09/02/08 09/30/08 09/30/08		-613.80 95.00 -1,349.00 -95.00	-1,349.00 -1,444.00 -95.00 0.00
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank SII Cash R Aug 08 Ca US Bank Sept 08 Ca US Bank	Receipt 9/2/08 alcard Expeditures alcard Expeditures	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. reimburse cal card tuition Chavez, R. Chavez, R. Chavez, R. Chavez, R. Chavez, R.	54906 54919 54878 55219 55150 55539 55546	08/29/08 08/31/08 09/02/08 09/30/08 09/30/08 10/31/08 10/31/08		-613.80 95.00 -1,349.00 -95.00 525.00 -525.00 381.47	-1,349.00 -1,444.00 -95.00 0.00 -525.00 0.00
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank SII Cash R Aug 08 Ca US Bank Sept 08 Ca US Bank	Receipt 9/2/08 alcard Expeditures	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. reimburse cal card tuition Chavez, R.	54906 54919 54878 55219 55150 55539	08/29/08 08/31/08 09/02/08 09/30/08 09/30/08 10/31/08		-613.80 95.00 -1,349.00 -95.00 525.00 -525.00	-1,349.00 -1,444.00 -95.00 0.00 -525.00 0.00 -381.47
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank SII Cash R Aug 08 Ca US Bank Sept 08 Ca US Bank Oct 08 Ca US Bank	Receipt 9/2/08 alcard Expeditures alcard Expeditures lcard Expeditures	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. reimburse cal card tuition Chavez, R.	54906 54919 54878 55219 55150 55539 55546 55830 56378	08/29/08 08/31/08 09/02/08 09/30/08 09/30/08 10/31/08 10/31/08 11/30/08 01/31/09		-613.80 95.00 -1,349.00 -95.00 525.00 -525.00 381.47 -381.47 50.00	-1,349.00 -1,444.00 -95.00 0.00 -525.00 0.00 -381.47 0.00 -50.00
US Bank July 08 Ca US Bank SII Cash R Aug 08 Ca US Bank Sept 08 Ca US Bank Oct 08 Ca US Bank	Receipt 9/2/08 alcard Expeditures alcard Expeditures	Chavez, R. Chavez, R. reimburse cal card tuition Chavez, R.	54906 54919 54878 55219 55150 55539 55546 55830	08/29/08 08/31/08 09/02/08 09/30/08 09/30/08 10/31/08 10/31/08 11/30/08		-613.80 95.00 -1,349.00 -95.00 525.00 -525.00 381.47 -381.47	-1,349.00 -1,444.00 -95.00 0.00 -525.00 0.00 -381.47 0.00



FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
US Bank		Chavez, R.	57670	04/30/09		591.29	-591.29
Apr 09 C	alcard Expeditures	Chavez, R.	58064	05/29/09		-591.29	0.00
01	104104.5230	TBD-Cal Card Purchases			0.00	0.00	0.00
01	104104.5271	Books,Pubs&Subs					
FY 08-09	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	130.00		130.00
	ounty Times	1	54420	07/31/08		32.40	97.60
Union Tr	-	1-yr Subscription/City Manager	56550	02/16/09		39.20	58.40
01	104104.5271	Books,Pubs&Subs			130.00	71.60	58.40
01	104104.5281	Mbrshps&Dues					
FY 08-09	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	200.00		200.00
Oceansid		7/08-6/09 - Rocky Chavez	54285	07/23/08	200.00	180.00	20.00
.01	104104.5281	Mbrshps&Dues			200.00	180.00	20.00
. • •	10110 110201				20000	20000	20.00
01	104104.5292	Trvl/Conf/Trng Reg F	ee				
FY 08-09	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	6,000.00		6,000.00
Soccer C	lub of Oceanside	7/16/08 Soccer Club Lunch	54206	07/17/08		15.00	5,985.00
Shiloh Cl	hurch of God in Christ	7/18/08 ShilohChurch-Chavez	54206	07/17/08		55.00	5,930.00
Shiloh Cl	hurch of God in Christ	7/18/08 ShilohChurch-Chavez	54206	07/22/08		-55.00	5,985.00
	Benno Auxiliary	FASHION SHOW LUNCH-CHAV	54311	07/24/08		40.00	5,945.00
	Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R - CSU SAN MARCOS	54906	08/29/08		30.00	5,915.00
	Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R - MISSION SAN LUI	54906	08/29/08		200.00	5,715.00
-	Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R - OCEANSIDE CHA!	54906	08/29/08		80.00	5,635.00
	Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R - OCEANSIDE MUSI	54906	08/29/08		250.00	5,385.00
	Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R -OCEANSIDE CHAN	55219	09/30/08		20.00	5,365.00
•		CHAVEZ R -PAYPAL *CWLA	55219	09/30/08		75.00	5,290.00
Aug 08 C	Calcard Expeditures						
Aug 08 C Sept 08 C	Calcard Expeditures Calcard Expeditures Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R - CSU SAN MARCO!	55539	10/31/08		30.00	5,260.00 4,785.00

Report Number: E1

FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Sept 08 Ca	alcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R - OCEANSIDE CHAI	55539	10/31/08		-20.00	4,805.00
Sept 08 Ca	alcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R - SAN DIEGO WORI	55539	10/31/08		40.00	4,765.00
Oct 08 Ca	lcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R -SPECIAL OLYMPIC	55830	11/30/08		150.00	4,615.00
Oct 08 Ca	lcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R -WESTIN LONG BEA	55830	11/30/08		231.47	4,383.53
Jan 09 Cal	lcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-CSU SAN MARCOS	56671	02/27/09		25.00	4,358.53
Jan 09 Cal	lcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-OCEANSIDE MUSE	56671	02/27/09		25.00	4,333.53
Shepherd,	Janene P.	LNC Water Crisis Mtg	56933	03/11/09		25.00	4,308.53
Feb 09 Ca	lcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-CSU SAN MARCOS	57275	03/31/09		30.00	4,278.53
Feb 09 Ca	lcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-OCEANSIDE MUSE	57275	03/31/09		20.00	4,258.53
Feb 09 Ca	lcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-SAN DIEGO WORLI	57275	03/31/09		45.00	4,213.53
Feb 09 Ca	lcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-SAN DIEGO WORLI	57275	03/31/09		75.00	4,138.53
Brother Be	enno's Foundation	FUNDRAISER @ OUTBACK	58269	06/16/09		20.00	4,118.53
Shepherd,	Janene P.	CAL STATE SM LEADERSHIP	58373	06/23/09		1,499.00	2,619.53
Accrue AI	P payments	Chavez, Rocky	58764	06/29/09		135.00	2,484.53
101	104104.5292	Trvl/Conf/Trng Reg Fee			6,000.00	3,515.47	2,484.53
	104104.5293	Local Tvl (mileage/toll					
	104104.5293 P payments	Local Tvl (mileage/toll Chavez, Rocky	s) 58764	06/29/09		22.00	-22.00
101 Accrue AI 101		, g		06/29/09	0.00	22.00	-22.00 -22.00
Accrue AI	P payments	Chavez, Rocky	58764	06/29/09	0.00		
Accrue AI 101 101	P payments 104104.5293	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls)	58764	06/29/09 07/01/08	2,225.00		
Accrue AI 101 101	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page	58764 ers				-22.00
Accrue AI 101 101 FY 08-09	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget obility	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	58764 ers 54131	07/01/08		22.00	-22.00 2,225.00
Accrue AI 101 101 FY 08-09 AT&T Mo	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget obility	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page FY 08-09 Adopted Budget CELL SVC-7/08- CHAVEZ	58764 ers 54131 54323	07/01/08 07/28/08		22.00 95.24	-22.00 2,225.00 2,129.76
Accrue AI 101 FY 08-09 AT&T Mo AT&T Mo July 08 Ca	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget obility obility	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page FY 08-09 Adopted Budget CELL SVC-7/ 08- CHAVEZ CELL SVC-CHAVEZ- 0608	58764 58764 54131 54323 54828	07/01/08 07/28/08 08/28/08		95.24 95.14	-22.00 2,225.00 2,129.76 2,034.62
Accrue Al 101 FY 08-09 AT&T Mo AT&T Mo July 08 Ca July 08 Ca	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget obility obility alcard Expeditures	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page FY 08-09 Adopted Budget CELL SVC-7/ 08- CHAVEZ CELL SVC-CHAVEZ- 0608 WALKER C - BUY.COM	58764 54131 54323 54828 54906	07/01/08 07/28/08 08/28/08 08/29/08		95.24 95.14 79.19	-22.00 2,225.00 2,129.76 2,034.62 1,955.43
Accrue AI 101 FY 08-09 AT&T Mo AT&T Mo July 08 Ca July 08 Ca Nextel Co	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget obility obility alcard Expeditures alcard Expeditures	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page FY 08-09 Adopted Budget CELL SVC-7/ 08- CHAVEZ CELL SVC-CHAVEZ- 0608 WALKER C - BUY.COM WALKER C - SMARTPHONE EX	58764 58764 54131 54323 54828 54906 54906	07/01/08 07/28/08 08/28/08 08/29/08 08/29/08		95.24 95.14 79.19 38.23	-22.00 2,225.00 2,129.76 2,034.62 1,955.43 1,917.20
Accrue AI 101 FY 08-09 AT&T Mc AT&T Mc July 08 Ca July 08 Ca Nextel Co Nextel Co	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget obility obility alcard Expeditures alcard Expeditures ommunications	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page FY 08-09 Adopted Budget CELL SVC-7/08- CHAVEZ CELL SVC-CHAVEZ- 0608 WALKER C - BUY.COM WALKER C - SMARTPHONE EX May08 Cell Svc-Shephard Aug 08 Cell Svc-Shephard	58764 58764 54131 54323 54828 54906 54906 55097	07/01/08 07/28/08 08/28/08 08/29/08 08/29/08 09/26/08		95.24 95.14 79.19 38.23 95.64	-22.00 2,225.00 2,129.76 2,034.62 1,955.43 1,917.20 1,821.56
Accrue AI 101 FY 08-09 AT&T Mo AT&T Mo July 08 Ca July 08 Ca July 08 Ca Nextel Co Nextel Co Nextel Co	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget obility obility alcard Expeditures alcard Expeditures ommunications ommunications	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page FY 08-09 Adopted Budget CELL SVC-7/08- CHAVEZ CELL SVC-CHAVEZ- 0608 WALKER C - BUY.COM WALKER C - SMARTPHONE EX May08 Cell Svc-Shephard	58764 58764 54131 54323 54828 54906 54906 55097 55097	07/01/08 07/28/08 08/28/08 08/29/08 08/29/08 09/26/08		95.24 95.14 79.19 38.23 95.64 95.73	-22.00 2,225.00 2,129.76 2,034.62 1,955.43 1,917.20 1,821.56 1,725.83
Accrue AI 101 FY 08-09 AT&T Mo AT&T Mo July 08 Ca July 08 Ca July 08 Ca Nextel Co Nextel Co Nextel Co	P payments 104104.5293 104104.5354 Adopted Budget obility obility alcard Expeditures alcard Expeditures ommunications ommunications ommunications ommunications ommunications ommunications	Chavez, Rocky Local Tvl (mileage/tolls) Cellular Phone & Page FY 08-09 Adopted Budget CELL SVC-7/ 08- CHAVEZ CELL SVC-CHAVEZ- 0608 WALKER C - BUY.COM WALKER C - BUY.COM WALKER C - SMARTPHONE EX May08 Cell Svc-Shephard Aug 08 Cell Svc-Shephard June08 Cell Svc-Shephard	58764 58764 54131 54323 54828 54906 54906 55097 55097	07/01/08 07/28/08 08/28/08 08/29/08 08/29/08 09/26/08 09/26/08		95.24 95.14 79.19 38.23 95.64 95.73 95.29	-22.00 2,225.00 2,129.76 2,034.62 1,955.43 1,917.20 1,821.56 1,725.83 1,630.54

FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC OCT. 08 CHAVEZ	55391	10/23/08		95.23	1,251.17
Nextel Com	munications	Cell Svc Credit 10/08 Shephard	55608	11/12/08		93.02	1,158.15
Nextel Com	munications	11/08 Cell Svc - Shephard	55876	12/09/08		92.82	1,065.33
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC-CHAVEZ 11/08	55909	12/15/08		95.23	970.10
Nextel Com	munications	11/08 Cell Svc-Shepard	56094	01/05/09		121.53	848.57
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC -DEC.08 CHAVEZ	56127	01/06/09		95.23	753.34
Nextel Com	munications	12/08 Cell Svc-Shepard	56213	01/13/09		92.74	660.60
AT&T Mob	oility	01/09 Cell Svc-Kern & Sullivan	56396	02/02/09		94.91	565.69
Nextel Com	munications	01/09 Cell Svc-Shephard	56454	02/05/09		93.06	472.63
AT&T Mob	oility	CEL 02/09-CHAVEZ	56742	03/02/09		94.91	377.72
Nextel Com	munications	02/09 Cell Svc-Shephard	56945	03/12/09		92.86	284.86
AT&T Mob	ility	CELL SVC CHAVEZ	57175	03/27/09		94.91	189.95
Nextel Com	munications	02/09 Cell Svc - Shephard	57276	04/06/09		93.17	96.78
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC-KERN & SULLIVAN	57424	04/14/09		-94.91	191.69
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC-KERN & SULLIVAN	57424	04/14/09		94.91	96.78
AT&T Mob	oility	1/09 CELL SVC- CHAVEZ	57424	04/14/09		94.91	1.87
AT&T Mob	oility	1/09 CELL SVC- CHAVEZ	57424	04/14/09		-94.91	96.78
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC 4/09-CHAVEZ	57516	04/22/09		96.64	0.14
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC-KERN & SULLIVAN	57707	04/30/09		-94.91	95.05
AT&T Mob	oility	1/09 CELL SVC-CHAVEZ	57707	04/30/09		94.91	0.14
04/09 Nexte	el Billing	631494310-089	58108	05/29/09		56.10	-55.96
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC-5/09 CHAVEZ	58106	06/04/09		97.06	-153.02
05/09 Nexte	el Billing	631494310-090	58247	06/15/09		45.75	-198.77
AT&T Mob	oility	CELL SVC-CHAVEZ	58429	06/25/09		96.90	-295.67
09 June Nex	ktel Billing	631494310-091	58897	06/29/09		46.67	-342.34
101	104104.5354	Cellular Phone & Pagers			2,225.00	2,567.34	-342.34
101	104104.5508	SvcChrg-Mgmt Info S	vcs				
08/09 SvcC	hg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	54453	07/01/08		564.00	-564.00
	dopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	6,771.00	504.00	6,207.00
	hg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	54639	08/01/08	0,771.00	564.00	5,643.00
	hg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget 1/12 2008/09 Budget	54962	09/01/08		564.00	5,079.00
	hg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget 1/12 2008/09 Budget	55170	10/01/08		564.00	4,515.00
08/00 \$556						.ハサ.ハハ	7



FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
08/09 Svc	Chg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	55734	12/01/08		564.00	3,387.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	56126	01/01/09		564.00	2,823.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	56618	02/01/09		564.00	2,259.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57108	03/01/09		564.00	1,695.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57528	04/01/09		564.00	1,131.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57809	05/01/09		564.00	567.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-Mgmt Info Svcs	1/12 2008/09 Budget	58086	06/01/09		564.00	3.00
Adj 5508	Interfund Svc Charges	Adj Actual to Budget	58416	06/25/09		3.00	0.00
101	104104.5508	SvcChrg-Mgmt Info Svcs			6,771.00	6,771.00	0.00
101	104104.5510	SvcChrg-City Bldş	g Rnt-M&O				
FY 08-09	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	50,506.00		50,506.00
	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	54453	07/01/08	,	4,209.00	46,297.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	54639	08/01/08		4,209.00	42,088.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	54962	09/01/08		4,209.00	37,879.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	55170	10/01/08		4,209.00	33,670.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	55583	11/01/08		4,209.00	29,461.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	55734	12/01/08		4,209.00	25,252.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	56126	01/01/09		4,209.00	21,043.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	56618	02/01/09		4,209.00	16,834.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57108	03/01/09		4,209.00	12,625.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57528	04/01/09		4,209.00	8,416.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57809	05/01/09		4,209.00	4,207.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-City Bldg Rent	1/12 2008/09 Budget	58086	06/01/09		4,209.00	-2.00
Adj 5510 l	Interfund Svc Charges	Adj Actual to Budget	58403	06/25/09		-2.00	0.00
101	104104.5510	SvcChrg-City Bldg Rnt-M&O			50,506.00	50,506.00	0.00
101	104104.5525	PERS Unfund DS					
	Adopted Budget	FY 08-09 Adopted Budget	54131	07/01/08	751.00		751.00
	Chg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	54453	07/01/08		63.00	688.00
08/09 Svc	Chg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	54639	08/01/08		63.00	625.00



FY 08/09 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	54962	09/01/08		63.00	562.00	_
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	55170	10/01/08		63.00	499.00	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	55583	11/01/08		63.00	436.00	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	55734	12/01/08		63.00	373.00	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	56126	01/01/09		63.00	310.00	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	56618	02/01/09		63.00	247.00	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57108	03/01/09		63.00	184.00	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57528	04/01/09		63.00	121.00	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	57809	05/01/09		63.00	58.00	
08/09 S	vcChg-PERS Unfund DS	1/12 2008/09 Budget	58086	06/01/09		63.00	-5.00	
Adj 552	5 Interfund Svc Charges	Adj Actual to Budget	58394	06/24/09		-5.00	0.00	
101	104104.5525	PERS Unfund DS		_	751.00	751.00	0.00	
104104	Cmbr-Chavez			_	179,520.00	161,369.45	18,150.55	

FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
110103101	Council Member-Chavez						
101	110103101.5105	Regular Employees					
FY	09-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	76,700.00		76,700.00
	09-10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58879	07/01/09	25.00		76,725.00
FY	09-10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58879	07/01/09	540.00		77,265.00
FY	2009/10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58861	07/01/09	-18,498.00		58,767.00
FY	09-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	833.00		59,600.00
Lab	oor accrual 06/29-6/30	Reclass 6/28-6/29 Payroll to F	58839	07/02/09		-433.25	60,033.25
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 07/11/09	58694	07/11/09		2,166.23	57,867.02
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/25/09	58895	07/25/09		2,212.39	55,654.63
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 08/08/09	59199	08/08/09		2,212.21	53,442.42
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 08/22/09	59366	08/22/09		2,212.21	51,230.21
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 09/05/09	59563	09/05/09		2,212.21	49,018.00
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 09/19/09	59793	09/19/09		2,212.20	46,805.80
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 10/03/09	60039	10/03/09		2,212.21	44,593.59
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 10/17/09	60336	10/17/09		2,212.21	42,381.38
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 10/31/09	60647	10/31/09		2,212.21	40,169.17
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 11/14/09	60907	11/14/09		2,212.20	37,956.97
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 11/28/09	61182	11/28/09		2,212.21	35,744.76
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/12/09	61424	12/12/09		3,363.22	32,381.54
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/26/09	61562	12/26/09		13,754.24	18,627.30
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 1/9/10	61739	01/09/10		95.60	18,531.70
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 1/23/10	61902	01/23/10		95.59	18,436.11
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 02/06/10	62098	02/06/10		95.41	18,340.70
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 2/20/10	62264	02/20/10		95.41	18,245.29
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 03/06/10	62465	03/06/10		95.41	18,149.88
Pay	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 03/20/10	62596	03/20/10		95.41	18,054.47
-	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 4/03/10	62743	04/03/10		11.20	18,043.27
-	roll Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 4/17/10	62890	04/17/10		95.41	17,947.86
-	roll Labor Distribution	P/R Expense Distr PPE 05/01/10	63034	05/01/10		95.41	17,852.45
-	roll Labor Distribution	P/R Expense Distr PPE 05/15/10	63221	05/15/10		95.41	17,757.04
-	roll Labor Distribution	P/R Expense PPE 05/29/10	63460	05/29/10		95.41	17,661.63
	roll Labor Distribution	P/R Expense PPE 06/12/10	64082	06/12/10		95.41	17,566.22
	roll Labor Distribution	P/R Expense PPE 06/26/10	64638	06/26/10		95.41	17,470.81
	roll Labor Distribution	Payroll accrual 6/27-30	64847	06/28/10		213.21	17,257.60



FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
101	110103101.5105	Regular Employees			59,600.00	42,342.40	17,257.60
101	110103101.5115	Elected Officials					
FY 200	9/10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58861	07/01/09	19,728.00		19,728.00
Labor a	accrual 06/29-6/30	Reclass 6/28-6/29 Payroll to F	58839	07/02/09		-151.76	19,879.76
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 07/11/09	58694	07/11/09		758.80	19,120.96
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 07/25/09	58895	07/25/09		758.80	18,362.16
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 08/08/09	59199	08/08/09		758.80	17,603.36
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 08/22/09	59366	08/22/09		758.80	16,844.56
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 09/05/09	59563	09/05/09		758.80	16,085.76
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 09/19/09	59793	09/19/09		758.80	15,326.96
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross wages PPE 10/03/09	60039	10/03/09		758.80	14,568.16
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 10/17/09	60336	10/17/09		758.80	13,809.36
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 10/31/09	60647	10/31/09		758.80	13,050.56
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 11/14/09	60907	11/14/09		758.80	12,291.76
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 11/28/09	61182	11/28/09		758.80	11,532.96
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/12/09	61424	12/12/09		758.80	10,774.16
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Gross Wages PPE 12/26/09	61562	12/26/09		417.34	10,356.82
Payroll	Labor Distribution	Payroll accrual 6/27-30	64847	06/28/10		93.19	10,263.63
101	110103101.5115	Elected Officials			19,728.00	9,464.37	10,263.63
101	110103101.5205.0001	Fringe Benefit Burden	-WComp				
Work C	Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	59203	07/01/09		24.00	-24.00
	10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	276.00		252.00
	9/10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58861	07/01/09	11.00		263.00
	10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58879	07/01/09	1.00		264.00
	Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	59387	08/01/09		24.00	240.00
	Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	59921	09/01/09		24.00	216.00
	Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	60618	10/01/09		24.00	192.00
	Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	61153	11/01/09		24.00	168.00
Work C	Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	61656	12/31/09		24.00	144.00

FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Wor	k Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	62086	01/31/10		24.00	120.00
Wor	k Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	62205	02/28/10		24.00	96.00
Wor	k Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	62722	03/31/10		24.00	72.00
Wor	k Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	62724	04/30/10		24.00	48.00
Wor	k Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	63250	05/31/10		24.00	24.00
Wor	rk Comp Charges	1/12 2009/10 Workers Comp Fd B	63255	06/28/10		24.00	0.00
101	110103101.5205.0001	Fringe Benefit Burden-WComp			288.00	288.00	0.00
101	110103101.5205.0002	Fringe Benefit Burden	ı				
FY 0	09-10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58879	07/01/09	6.00		6.00
	09-10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58879	07/01/09	130.00		136.00
	2009/10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58861	07/01/09	345.00		481.00
FY 2	2009/10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58861	07/01/09	39.00		520.00
FY 2	2009/10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58861	07/01/09	787.00		1,307.00
FY 0	09-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	35,260.00		36,567.00
Labo	or accrual 06/29-6/30	Reclass 6/28-6/29 Payroll to F	58839	07/02/09		-143.33	36,710.33
Labo	or accrual 06/29-6/30	Reclass 6/28-6/29 Payroll to F	58839	07/02/09		-8.88	36,719.21
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 07/11/09	58694	07/11/09		44.40	36,674.81
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 07/11/09	58694	07/11/09		716.63	35,958.18
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/25/09	58895	07/25/09		43.08	35,915.10
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 07/25/09	58895	07/25/09		623.63	35,291.47
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/08/09	59199	08/08/09		45.00	35,246.47
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/08/09	59199	08/08/09		711.75	34,534.72
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/22/09	59366	08/22/09		44.97	34,489.75
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/22/09	59366	08/22/09		708.07	33,781.68
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/05/09	59563	09/05/09		45.00	33,736.68
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/05/09	59563	09/05/09		711.74	33,024.94
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 09/19/09	59793	09/19/09		44.97	32,979.97
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 09/19/09	59793	09/19/09		708.05	32,271.92
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 10/03/09	60039	10/03/09		45.00	32,226.92
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 10/03/09	60039	10/03/09		713.38	31,513.54
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/17/09	60336	10/17/09		727.56	30,785.98
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/17/09	60336	10/17/09		44.96	30,741.02
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/31/09	60647	10/31/09		641.71	30,099.31
Actu	ual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/31/09	60647	10/31/09		44.96	30,054.35

FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

Report Number:	E1
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		Batch #	Date Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/14/09	60907	11/14/09	45.08	30,009.27
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/14/09	60907	11/14/09	622.28	29,386.99
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/28/09	61182	11/28/09	45.06	29,341.93
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/28/09	61182	11/28/09	609.34	28,732.59
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/12/09	61424	12/12/09	637.86	28,094.73
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/12/09	61424	12/12/09	61.67	28,033.06
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/26/09	61562	12/26/09	452.99	27,580.07
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/26/09	61562	12/26/09	205.69	27,374.38
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 1/9/10	61739	01/09/10	1.37	27,373.01
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 1/9/10	61739	01/09/10	36.45	27,336.56
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 1/23/10	61902	01/23/10	1.37	27,335.19
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 1/23/10	61902	01/23/10	37.11	27,298.08
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/06/10	62098	02/06/10	1.36	27,296.72
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/06/10	62098	02/06/10	35.93	27,260.79
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/20/10	62264	02/20/10	1.36	27,259.43
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 02/20/10	62264	02/20/10	36.61	27,222.82
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/06/10	62465	03/06/10	1.36	27,221.46
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/06/10	62465	03/06/10	35.93	27,185.53
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/20/10	62596	03/20/10	1.36	27,184.17
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 03/20/10	62596	03/20/10	36.61	27,147.56
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 4/03/10	62743	04/03/10	0.16	27,147.40
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 4/03/10	62743	04/03/10	4.22	27,143.18
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 4/17/10	62890	04/17/10	36.59	27,106.59
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 4/17/10	62890	04/17/10	1.36	27,105.23
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burden PPE 05/01/10	63034	05/01/10	1.36	27,103.87
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burden PPE 05/01/10	63034	05/01/10	35.93	27,067.94
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burden PPE 05/15/10	63221	05/15/10	36.58	27,031.36
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burden PPE 05/15/10	63221	05/15/10	1.36	27,030.00
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burder PPE 05/29/10	63460	05/29/10	35.91	26,994.09
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burder PPE 05/29/10	63460	05/29/10	1.36	26,992.73
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burden PPE 06/12/10	64082	06/12/10	36.56	26,956.17
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burden PPE 06/12/10	64082	06/12/10	1.37	26,954.80
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burden PPE 06/26/1	64638	06/26/10	1.36	26,953.44
Actual Burden Journal Entries	P/R Fringe Burden PPE 06/26/1	64638	06/26/10	35.93	26,917.51
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Payroll accrual 6/27-30	64847	06/28/10	209.97	26,707.54
Actual Burden Journal Entries	Payroll accrual 6/27-30	64847	06/28/10	4.64	26,702.90
EE Benefits Fund True-up contr	Internal Svc Fund contribution	65905	06/29/10	436.03	26,266.87



FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
Final T	rue-up Fund 817	6/30/10 Fund 817 True-up	68243	06/30/10		56.00	26,210.87
101	110103101.5205.0002	Fringe Benefit Burden			36,567.00	10,356.13	26,210.87
101	110103101.5230	Auto Allowance					
FY 09-	-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	4,200.00		4,200.00
Labor	accrual 06/29-6/30	Reclass 6/28-6/29 Payroll to F	58839	07/02/09		-35.00	4,235.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 07/11/09	58694	07/11/09		175.00	4,060.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/08/09	59199	08/08/09		175.00	3,885.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 08/22/09	59366	08/22/09		175.00	3,710.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 09/05/09	59563	09/05/09		175.00	3,535.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 09/19/09	59793	09/19/09		175.00	3,360.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross wages PPE 10/03/09	60039	10/03/09		175.00	3,185.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/17/09	60336	10/17/09		175.00	3,010.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 10/31/09	60647	10/31/09		175.00	2,835.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/14/09	60907	11/14/09		175.00	2,660.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 11/28/09	61182	11/28/09		175.00	2,485.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Gross Wages PPE 12/12/09	61424	12/12/09		175.00	2,310.00
Actual	Burden Journal Entries	Payroll accrual 6/27-30	64847	06/28/10		52.50	2,257.50
101	110103101.5230	Auto Allowance			4,200.00	1,942.50	2,257.50
101	110103101.5345	Travel & Conference					
FY 09-	-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	6,000.00		6,000.00
	Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ ROCEANSIDE MUSE	59477	08/31/09	0,000.00	200.00	5,800.00
-	Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ.R-LEAGUE OF CALIF	60048	09/30/09		250.00	5,550.00
•	Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ.R-MISSION SAN LUIS	60048	09/30/09		200.00	5,350.00
-	z, Rocky J.	662.50 MILEAGE @ .55	60128	10/12/09		364.38	4,985.62
	09 Budget Reduction Plan	CA102109SR15 Attachment B-1	60706	10/21/09	-1,200.00	2050	3,785.62
	9 Calcard Expeditures	CHAVEZ R-THE FAIRMONT HI	60657	10/30/09	1,200.00	439.50	3,346.12
2000							

FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
01 110103101.5355	Matl Supplies&Servi	ces				
FY 09-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	600.00		600.00
FY 09-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	500.00		1,100.00
FY 09-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	1,700.00		2,800.00
Coca-Cola Btlg of San Diego	WATER	58754	07/20/09		40.24	2,759.76
Pure Flo	coffee	58774	07/21/09		4.87	2,754.89
Pure Flo	Water	58774	07/21/09		4.39	2,750.50
Complete Office of California	ACCT.2202032-RC	58866	07/28/09		4.57	2,745.93
Office Depot	RC-Acct# 89043745	58920	07/30/09		9.28	2,736.65
Pin Center, The	city logo pins	58957	07/31/09		99.00	2,637.65
Office Depot	RC Acct #89043745	59002	08/03/09		7.27	2,630.38
Office Depot	RC-ACCT#89043745	59330	08/24/09		3.22	2,627.16
Pure Flo	WATER	59330	08/24/09		7.15	2,620.01
Pure Flo	COFFEE	59330	08/24/09		6.20	2,613.81
Complete Office of California	ACCT.#2202032-RC	59425	08/31/09		0.80	2,613.01
Pure Flo	COFFEE	59687	09/17/09		4.42	2,608.59
Pure Flo	WATER	59687	09/17/09		2.85	2,605.74
Office Depot	RC-ACCT# 89043745	59687	09/17/09		7.73	2,598.01
Rcls Expenditures	Rcls Water-Coastal Comm	59695	09/21/09		-15.88	2,613.89
Staples Contract & Commercial,	OFFICE SUPPLIES	60194	10/13/09		6.52	2,607.37
Staples Contract & Commercial,	OFFICE SUPPLIES	60194	10/13/09		3.26	2,604.11
Pure Flo	Cust #2000698/Coffee	60234	10/15/09		3.10	2,601.01
Pure Flo	Cust #1214334/Water	60234	10/15/09		2.85	2,598.16
10/21/09 Budget Reduction Plan	CA102109SR15 Attachment B-1	60706	10/21/09	-610.00		1,988.16
Pure Flo	Mgr's Office	60846	11/16/09		2.85	1,985.31
Pure Flo	Cust#2000698/Carol Gould	60846	11/16/09		4.43	1,980.88
Office Depot	Acct #89043745 RC	61212	12/03/09		0.94	1,979.94
Complete Office of California	ACCT-2202032-RC	61464	12/21/09		0.74	1,979.20
Pure Flo	Coffee	61473	12/22/09		3.10	1,976.10
Pure Flo	Water	61473	12/22/09		2.85	1,973.25
Staples Contract & Commercial,	OFFICE SUPLLIES	61833	01/21/10		6.56	1,966.69
Staples Contract & Commercial,	OFFICE SUPPLIES	62133	02/12/10		8.44	1,958.25
01 110103101.5355	Matl Supplies&Services			2,190.00	231.75	1,958.25



Report Number: E1

FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
101	110103101.5370	Postage					
FY 09-	-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	520.00		520.00
	stage Usage	Jul Usage	59109	07/31/09		13.44	506.56
	ostage Usage	Aug Usage	59499	08/31/09		2.87	503.69
Sep Po	stage Usage	Postage Usage	59970	09/30/09		0.45	503.24
10/21/0	99 Budget Reduction Plan	CA102109SR15 Attachment B-1	60706	10/21/09	-260.00		243.24
Dec Po	ostage Usage	Dec Usage	61653	12/31/09		0.46	242.78
101	110103101.5370	Postage			260.00	17.22	242.78
101	110103101.5375	Dues,Subscrptn&Mn	nbship				
FY 09-	·10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	130.00		130.00
	10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	200.00		330.00
	s AP prepaid & accruals	Oceanside Rotary	58997	07/30/09	200.00	190.00	140.00
	09 Budget Reduction Plan	CA102109SR15 Attachment B-1	60706	10/21/09	-233.00		-93.00
101	110103101.5375	Dues,Subscrptn&Mmbship			97.00	190.00	-93.00
		,					
101	110103101.5385	Telephone					
FY 09-	10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	2,225.00		2,225.00
AT&T	Mobility	CHAVEZ-CELL 7/09	58845	07/27/09		97.30	2,127.70
AT&T	Mobility	CHAVEZ-CELL 08/09	59430	08/31/09		97.30	2,030.40
09 July	Nextel Billing	Inv #631494310-092	59675	09/16/09		47.05	1,983.35
09 Aug	gust Nextel Billing	631494310-093	59675	09/16/09		45.68	1,937.67
AT&T	Mobility	CHAVEZ CELL 0909	59844	09/25/09		97.30	1,840.37
	Mobility	CHAVEZ CELL PHONE 10/09	60467	10/27/09		97.17	1,743.20
_	t Nextel Billing	Inv #631494310-094	61181	11/30/09		46.44	1,696.76
	Mobility	CHAVEZ CELL 11/09	61271	12/04/09		97.17	1,599.59
AT&T	Mobility	CHAVEZ CELL 12/09	61669	01/07/10		97.36	1,502.23
	Mobility	CHAVEZ CELL 1/2010	61857	01/26/10		19.37	1,482.86
AT&T						4-0-	1 427 51
09 Oct	Nextel Billing Nextel Billing	631494310-095	62220 62220	02/22/10 02/22/10		45.35 45.35	1,437.51 1,392.16



Report Number: E1

FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
101	110103101.5385	Telephone			2,225.00	832.84	1,392.16
101	110103101.5410	TBD - Cal Card	Purchases				
US Ba	ank	Chavez, R.	58932	07/30/09		200.00	-200.00
	9 Calcard Expeditures	Chavez, R.	59477	08/31/09		-200.00	0.00
US Ba	•	Chavez, R.	59610	09/11/09		450.00	-450.00
	9 Calcard Expeditures	Chavez, R.	60048	09/30/09		-450.00	0.00
US Ba	-	Ramirez, G.	60066	09/30/09		84.17	-84.17
	9 Calcard Expeditures	Ramirez, G.	60657	10/30/09		-84.17	0.00
101	110103101.5410	TBD - Cal Card Purchases			0.00	0.00	0.00
101	110103101.5415.0004	Internal Svc-IT					
FY 09	-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	7,119.00		7,119.00
	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	59203	07/01/09	,	593.00	6,526.00
Mana	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	59387	08/01/09		593.00	5,933.00
Mana	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	59921	09/01/09		593.00	5,340.00
Mana	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	60618	10/01/09		593.00	4,747.00
Mana	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	61153	11/01/09		593.00	4,154.00
Mana	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	61656	12/31/09		593.00	3,561.00
Mana	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	62086	01/31/10		593.00	2,968.00
Mana	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	62205	02/28/10		593.00	2,375.00
	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	62722	03/31/10		593.00	1,782.00
	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	62724	04/30/10		593.00	1,189.00
	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	63250	05/31/10		593.00	596.00
Mana	gement Information Svcs	1/12 2009/10 Budget	63255	06/28/10		593.00	3.00
101	110103101.5415.0004	Internal Svc-IT			7,119.00	7,116.00	3.00
101	110103101.5415.0006	Internal Svc-Cit	y Bldg Rent				
City E	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	59203	07/01/09		4,294.00	-4,294.00



FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

			Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance
FY 0	9-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	51,743.00		47,449.00
	Cycle Adjustments FY 09/10		58840	07/01/09	-210.00		47,239.00
City l	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	59387	08/01/09		4,294.00	42,945.00
City 1	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	59921	09/01/09		4,294.00	38,651.00
City l	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	60618	10/01/09		4,294.00	34,357.00
City l	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	61153	11/01/09		4,294.00	30,063.00
City l	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	61656	12/31/09		4,294.00	25,769.00
City 1	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	62086	01/31/10		4,294.00	21,475.00
City l	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	62205	02/28/10		4,294.00	17,181.00
City l	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	62722	03/31/10		4,294.00	12,887.00
City l	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	62724	04/30/10		4,294.00	8,593.00
City 1	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	63250	05/31/10		4,294.00	4,299.00
City 1	Bldg Rent M&O/Debt Svc	1/12 2009/10 Budget	63255	06/28/10		4,294.00	5.00
101	110103101.5415.0006	Internal Svc-City Bldg Rent			51,533.00	51,528.00	5.00
101	110103101.5415.0014	Internal Svc-PERS	Unfund Debt				
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	59203	07/01/09		65.00	-65.00
FY 09	9-10 Adopted Budget		58566	07/01/09	782.00		717.00
	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	59387	08/01/09		65.00	652.00
	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	59921	09/01/09		65.00	587.00
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	60618	10/01/09		65.00	522.00
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	61153	11/01/09		65.00	457.00
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	61656	12/31/09		65.00	392.00
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	62086	01/31/10		65.00	327.00
	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	62205	02/28/10		65.00	262.00
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	62722	03/31/10		65.00	197.00
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	62724	04/30/10		65.00	132.00
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	63250	05/31/10		65.00	67.00
PERS	S Unfund DS	09-10 PERS 1/12 Budget	63255	06/28/10		65.00	2.00
101	110103101.5415.0014	Internal Svc-PERS Unfund Debt			782.00	780.00	2.00
101	110103101.5415.0015	Internal Svc-Gen Ad	dmin Alloc				
EV 0	9-10 Midcycle Budget Adj		58879	07/01/09	3.00		3.00



FY 09/10 Mayor/Council Expenditure Report

		Batch #	Date	Appropriation	Expenditure	Balance	
FY 09-	-10 Midcycle Budget Adj	58879	07/01/09	67.00		70.00	
101	110103101.5415.0015 Internal Svc-Gen Admin Alloc			70.00	0.00	70.00	
110103101	Council Member-Chavez			189,459.00	126,543.09	62,915.91	



FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

428 J Street • Suite 620 • Sacramento, CA 95814-2329 (916) 322-5660 • Fax (916) 322-0886

March 5, 2014

Assembly Member Rocky Chavez Rocky Chavez for Assembly 2012 (1339550)

REDACTED

Warning Letter Re: FPPC Case No. 140101; Rocky Chavez / Rocky Chavez for Assembly 2012

Dear Assembly Member Chavez:

The Fair Political Practices Commission (the "FPPC") enforces the provisions of the Political Reform Act (the "Act"), ¹ found in Government Code section 81000, et seq. This letter is in response to an audit report referred to us by the Franchise Tax Board. The audit covered the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2012. A copy of the audit report is enclosed for your information.

The audit found that \$5,000 Reports were not filed for three contributions received totaling \$51.800 and an Election Cycle Report (ECR) was not filed for a \$1,000 contribution received. Section 85309 of the Act requires that ECRs be filed when a contribution of \$1,000 or more is received during an election cycle and also requires that \$5,000 Reports be filed when a contribution of \$5,000 or more is received at any time other than during an election cycle.

Of the amount not reported on \$5,000 Reports, \$44,000 were loans from you that were reported on a semi-annual campaign statement filed within about two weeks of when the \$5,000 Reports were required to be filed. ECRs were filed for 57 contributions received totaling \$111,299. Therefore, we have decided to close this case with a warning letter.

This letter serves as a written warning. The information in this matter will be retained and may be considered should an enforcement action become necessary based on newly discovered information or future conduct. Failure to comply with the provisions of the Act in the future will result in monetary penalties of up to \$5,000 for each violation.

¹ The Political Reform Act is contained in Government Code Sections 81000 through 91014. All statutory references are to the Government Code, unless otherwise indicated. The regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission are contained in Sections 18110 through 18997 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations. All regulatory references are to Title 2. Division 6 of the California Code of Regulations, unless otherwise indicated.

Rocky Chavez / Rocky Chavez for Assembly 2012 LPPC Case No. 1 10101 Page 2

A warning letter is an FPPC case resolution without administrative prosecution or fine. However, the warning letter resolution does not provide you with the opportunity for a probable cause hearing or hearing before an Administrative Law Judge or the FPPC. If you wish to avail yourself of these proceedings by requesting that your case proceed with prosecution rather than a warning, please notify us within ten (10) days from the date of this letter. Upon this notification, the FPPC will rescind this warning letter and proceed with administrative prosecution of this case. If we do not receive such notification, this warning letter will be posted on the FPPC's website ten (10) days from the date of this letter.

Please feel free to contact Program Specialist Robert Perna with any questions you may have regarding this letter.

Sincercly,

REDACTED

Gary S. Winuk Chief, Enforcement Division

Enclosure



FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

428 J. Street • Some 620 • Sucramento, CA - 95814-2329 (916) 322-5660 • Fax (916) 322-0886

March 4, 2010

✓ Mr. Rocky Chavez

REDACTED

Barrett Garcia, Treasurer Friends of Rocky Chavez

REDACTED

Re: Warning Letter FPPC No. 08/0713; Rocky Chavez and Friends of Rocky Chavez

Dear Mr. Chavez:

The Fair Political Practices Commission (the "FPPC") enforces the provisions of the Political Reform Act (the "Act"). This letter is in response to a referral from your filing officer, the City Clerk of the City of Oceanside, alleging you violated the Act during your campaign for Mayor of Oceanside in the 2008 election. Specifically, the referral alleged you improperly redesignated and used your candidate controlled committee formed for your 2004 campaign for Mayor of Oceanside for your 2008 campaign for Mayor of Oceanside.

The FPPC has completed its investigation of the facts in this case. Section 89519 provides that funds under the control of a defeated candidate become surplus at the end of the postelection reporting period following the election. Specifically, we found that the committee and campaign bank account you used for your 2008 campaign for Mayor was formed for your 2004 campaign for Mayor, and that the funds held by the committee became "surplus campaign funds" on December 31, 2004.

The Act provides in Section 85201 and Regulation 18521, subdivision (a) that a candidate shall establish a separate controlled committee and bank account for each specific

The Political Reform Act is contained in Government Code sections 81000 through 91014. All statutory references are to the Government Code, unless otherwise indicated. The regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission are contained in sections 18110 through 18997 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations. All regulatory references are to Title 2, Division 6 of the California Code of Regulations, unless otherwise indicated.

office. Regulation 18521, subdivision (b) provides that under certain conditions, a candidate² controlled committee and campaign bank account established for a specific office may be redesignated for a future office. One of the conditions that must be met to be able to redesignate a committee and bank account is that the funds held by the committee are not considered "surplus campaign funds." Because the funds held by your 2004 Mayor committee were "surplus campaign funds," the committee was not eligible to be re-designated and used for a future election.

Your actions violated the Act because you did not form a new committee and open a new campaign bank account for your campaign for Mayor in the 2008 election as required by Section 85201 and Regulation 18521. Though your actions violated the Act, we have decided to close this case with a warning letter, because the amount of the funds considered surplus was minimal, and had you re-designated the 2004 Mayor committee before December 31, 2004, you would have been able to use the committee and the campaign bank account for your 2008 campaign.

This letter serves as a written warning. The information in this matter will be retained and may be considered should an enforcement action become necessary based on newly discovered information or future conduct. Failure to comply with the provisions of the Act in the future will result in monetary penalties of up to \$5,000 for each violation.

A warning letter is an FPPC case resolution without administrative prosecution or fine. However, the warning letter resolution does not provide you with the opportunity for a probable cause hearing or hearing before an Administrative Law Judge or the Fair Political Practices Commission. If you wish to avail yourself of these proceedings by requesting that your case proceed with prosecution rather than a warning, please notify us within ten (10) days from the Date of this letter. Upon this notification, the FPPC will rescind this warning letter and proceed with administrative prosecution of this case. If we do not receive such notification, this warning letter will be posted on the FPPC's website ten (10) days from the date of this letter.

Please feel free to contact me with any questions you may have regarding this letter.

Sincerely,

REDACTED

Grant Beauchamp
Program Specialist
Enforcement Division

¹ A candidate other than a candidate for elective state office

STATEMENT OF ASSEMBLY EXPENDITURES PRINTED IN JOURNAL

The following Statement of Assembly Expenditures was ordered printed in the Journal:

The Honorable Toni G. Atkins Speaker of the Assembly State Capitol, Room 219 Sacramento, California

Dear Mme. Speaker: Transmitted herewith is the annual report of Assembly expenses. It includes the total expenditures by Member, committee, leadership office, service operation, and overhead according to various categories for the 12-month period ending November 30, 2014. Every expenditure made from the Assembly Operating Fund during this period is accounted for. Additionally, the report includes an itemization, by Member, of per diem expenditures from the General Fund during the same period of time.

It is important to note that this report is compiled on a cash basis. Therefore, the cost of goods and services incurred by a Member during the preceding reporting period, but paid for during the current period, is included. Furthermore, some goods and services which were received toward the end of this reporting period were not paid for until the beginning of the December 2014—November 2015 reporting period and are, therefore, not included in this expenditure report.

The following indicates the types of expenditures which are included within each classification:

Staff Salary: This includes the salaries paid to all employees in the Member's district office as well as those employees who work in the Member's Capitol office, provided they are not committee or leadership office personnel. The salaries of the latter group of employees are included in the specific detail report for each of the respective committee and leadership offices.

All Assembly personnel are classified according to job descriptions approved by the Assembly Rules Committee. The committee has established specific salary ranges for each of the classifications. The salary within a range for a specific employee reflects a combination of years of service in his or her position and his or her own job performance since the amount of annual merit salary increases is based on evaluations of each employee's work. Thus, a Member whose office staff includes employees with substantial Assembly seniority, and/or outstanding records of service, will have a higher total expenditure for salaries than will a Member who employs more junior personnel.

Member Travel and Per Diem: Separate totals are shown for in-state travel and out-of-state travel. Most in-state travel expenditures are for attendance at interim committee hearings. Out-of-state travel expenditures are generally for participation in conferences dealing with an issue area pertinent to the legislative specialty of the Member or are for investigative trips.

Staff Travel: This category includes the expenditures incurred for the Capitol and district staff traveling for legislative business. It also includes mileage reimbursements to district office personnel. The staff travel expenditures reported by committee are generally costs incurred in connection with interim committee hearings which are generally held away from Sacramento for the convenience of citizens who wish to provide testimony to the committees.

Car Maintenance: The costs reported in this category will vary significantly because of the variance in the number of miles driven by the Members. Members in large-sized districts and Members who represent districts wherein air travel between the Capitol and the district is not practical tend to utilize their cars more than other Members. Accordingly, the maintenance costs of such cars are likely to be higher than for others.

Gas and Oil: Expenditures in this category are for gasoline and oil supplied to cars and private aircraft for legislative business. These costs, too, vary for the same reasons as those affecting car maintenance.

Car Rental, Staff and Member: This expenditure category includes the use of state-owned pool cars and commercial rental cars by both the Member and his/her staff in the course of legislative business.

This category, as listed in the Support Services section of the report, includes, in addition to car rental, the costs of gas, oil, and maintenance for cars utilized by the office of the Sergeant at Arms.

District Office Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Each Member is entitled to rent an office within the district he/she represents so that constituents may have direct access to their legislators. In some of the larger districts, two or three offices are sometimes authorized. Accordingly, Members representing districts in high-rent metropolitan areas or Members representing large districts requiring more than one office will be reported with higher expenditures in this category than will other Members. Costs included in this expenditure item are rent, utilities (except telephone), janitorial service, and incidental maintenance costs.

Telephone and Telegraph: All telephone charges (except some equipment installation charges) are reported in this expenditure category. Included are the charges for district office telephones, Capitol telephones, and mobile telephones. Members who will likely have higher charges than many of their colleagues are those representing districts which are either far from the Capitol, or in regions which cover large geographic areas.

Postage: The category includes the total amount expended for postage except for the postage utilized in the mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Communications: The costs included in this expenditure category are primarily for handling and mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Furniture and Equipment: This category includes the purchase, rental, and maintenance of certain furniture and equipment items utilized in the Capitol and district offices of the Members. It does not include the purchase of items which will, during the course of their usefulness, be utilized by a number of Members during succeeding years. Expenditures for items of that description are reported in the Furniture and Equipment category as General Overhead Expenditures.

Office Supplies: Stationery items, other printing costs charged to the Assembly Operating Fund, general office supplies, and related miscellaneous supplies utilized in the Members' Capitol and district offices are reported in this expenditure category.

Subscriptions and Publications: Each Member is authorized to subscribe to the newspapers generally circulated within his/her district and to certain metropolitan daily newspapers. Members representing districts which include many cities and towns will frequently have higher expenditures in this category than will Members representing relatively compact areas. Expenditures for subscriptions and publications incurred by the committees and leadership offices are reported separately. Each committee is authorized to purchase relevant books and to subscribe to periodicals specializing in the subject matter of the committee for which the expenditure is made.

Miscellaneous Services: Most of the expenditures shown in the Miscellaneous Services category for the Members are for services such as telephone answering services in district offices and newspaper clipping services. Included in this category for the committee reports are such items as witness expenses, meeting expenses, data-processing costs, and other miscellaneous services.

A number of operational costs incurred by the Assembly are not directly attributable to any of the Members, committees, leadership offices, or support services. Such expenditures are classified as General Overhead and are reported according to the following categories:

Miscellaneous Salaries: Accrued vacation payments made to terminating employees, and salaries paid to employees on extended sick leave are reported in this category.

Employee Benefits: This expenditure category includes the Assembly's contribution to the OASDI (social security) fund, the Public Employees' Retirement System, various health, dental, vision, and life insurance premiums, the Compensation Insurance Fund, unemployment and disability insurance, and any other benefits approved by the Assembly Rules Committee.

Building, Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Reported in this expenditure category are construction and remodeling costs and the rent, maintenance, and utilities for offices (other than Members' individual district offices) utilized and paid for by the Assembly outside the Capitol.

Telephone: This listing is for the cost of telephone equipment installation in all Assembly offices.

Furniture and Equipment: The expenditure indicated in this category is for the purchase, rental, and maintenance of furniture and equipment not reported elsewhere in the report. Most furniture and equipment are considered a capital investment which will be used, through the years, by a number of different Members or other offices and can therefore not be appropriately reported as an expense on behalf of any particular Member or office.

Office Supplies: The amount shown in this expenditure category represents office supplies which were purchased by the Assembly for the use of Members and other offices but which were not distributed to any such offices before the end of this reporting period.

Annotated Codes and Law Books: Each Member's office and certain other Assembly offices are furnished with Annotated California Codes and certain other law books. The cost of these books is considered a capital expenditure in the same manner as many furniture and equipment items, and is therefore reported in this General Overhead category.

Meeting Expenses: This expenditure category includes certain costs incurred by the Assembly relative to the conduct of Assembly Sessions and Joint Sessions of the Legislature which cannot be readily charged to any other expenditure category, rental costs for some meeting rooms,

and some conference registration fees.

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Freight, Moving, and Delivery: This expenditure category includes costs incurred for the transport of furniture, supplies, and other items which are not chargeable to any particular office.

Other Miscellaneous Services: The major expenditures reported in this category are for the costs of photography services related to official Assembly publications, vehicle liability insurance, and organization memberships.

Study Contracts: From time to time the Assembly finds it practical to contract with individuals, firms, universities, and other governmental agencies in order to expand its research capability with respect to specific projects. The costs reported in this category are for payments made under such contracts during this period.

The next report of Assembly expenditures will be for the period between December 1, 2014, and November 30, 2015.

Sincerely,

RICHARD S. GORDON Chair of the Assembly Committee on Rules

TABLE I
CALIFORNIA STATE ASSEMBLY
SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES 12/1/2013-11/30/2014

TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$73,579,603.74 41,124,657,41 1,079,313.49 923,00 942,660.84 0.00 169,000 139,293.35 0.00 139,293.35 3,009,137.34 3,409,449.98 139,293.35 3,009,137.34 96,102.10 6,823.88 (4,793.67) 160,185.86 2,200,021.10 160,185.86 2,200,021.10 160,185.86 2,200,021.10 160,185.86 2,200,021.10 160,185.86 2,200,021.10 160,185.86 2,200,021.10 160,185.86 2,200,021.10 160,185.86 2,200,021.10	
General Overhead Expenditures	\$2,073,219.87 41,124,657.41	
Support Services Expenditures	\$26,463,909.16 225,571.70	
Leadership Expenditures	\$5,601,355.12	
Committee Expenditures	\$23,559,358.30 164,773.43 13,479.44 20,255.55 730.72 21,710.41 17,863.80 14.43 23,575.66 \$23,575.66	
Member Expenditures	\$15,881,761,29 1,079,313,49 953.00 493,385,96	
	Staff Salary. Employee Benefits. Fravel & Per Diem (In-State). Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State). Car Lease. Car Maintenance Car Maintenance Car Retual-Staff & Member Building, Rent, Maint., & Util. Office Alterations. Telephone Telegraph Postage. Communications. Furniture & Equipment Telegraph Postage. Communications. Furniture & Equipment Office Supplies. Meeting Expenses Meeting Expenses (Meals). Meeting Expenses (Meals). Freight, Moving, & Delivery Miscellancous Services. Study Contracts. TOTALS, ALL FUNDS.	

TABLE II A	Member Expenditures	12/1/2013-11/30/2014
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Staff	Fer Diem	Per Diem	Staff	Car	Car	Gas &
Salary	$(In-State)^*$	(Out-of-State)*	Travel	Lease	Maintenance	Oil
\$244,674.01	\$15,209.16	I	\$6,445.63	I	I	I
221,162.66	15,078.30	ı	7,416.71	1	I	1
230,917.81	16,988.56	I	6,928.99	I	1	I
237,950.22	3,241.24	I	605.14	I	1	I
249,972.10	22,525.44	I	2,943.32	I	I	I
185,379.81	10,017.53	ı	8,734.70	I	1	I
231,165.16	17,043.60	I	11,094.05	I	I	I
181,777.12	23,708.32	I	2,092.23	I	1	I
226,548.65	8,006.38	I	5,696.30	ı	Ι	I
250,650.92	6,111.93	I	6,542.77	I	1	I
213,556.41	19,036.65	I	5,788.46	ı	Ι	I
230,347.74	14,596.60	I	5,081.83	I	ı	I
215,247.83	4,871.15	I	7,531.78	I	1	I
238,840.67	13,932.20	I	4,081.39	ı	Ι	I
174,210.71	3,984.00	I	311.63	ı	1	I
149,482.25	19,875.54	I	4,176.28	I	I	I
224,519.77	21,471.86	I	11,252.90	I	I	I
213,977.22	13,042.13	I	3,390.50	I	I	I
219,304.00	12,153.96	I	6,913.93	I	I	I
145,165.72	5,358.78	I	2,670.17	I	I	I
75,729.09	15,885.82	I	12,093.30	I	I	I
140,561.87	12,689.64	I	18,798.59	ı	1	I
164,811.61	19,705.94	ı	2,571.46	I	1	I
213,608.19	7,119.60	ı	2,249.87	1	ı	1
225,861.49	11,757.00	ı	3,828.27	1	ı	1
257,532.00	9,115.94	ı	2,857.00	I	ı	I
208,892.18	5,459.82	ı	866.77	I	I	I
136,276.37	16,013.35	ı	12,181.40	I	ı	I
194,064.03	1,650.00	ı	5,620.37	I	1	I
161,643.82	872.73	ı	3,396.98	I	1	I
215,531.13	13,114.80	I	5,876.11	ı	ı	ı
210,862.83	12,424.00	I	9,138.67	ı	ı	ı
191,068.96	22,238.40	I	10,842.85	I	ı	ı
177,705.61	19,301.92	I	6,037.49	ı	I	ı
237,319.86	5,430.72	I	6,604.35	ı	I	ı
171,224.00	15,173.95	I	5,605.02	I	I	I
222,259.56	11,116.27	I	13,669.51	I	I	I
242,445.20	7,501.09	ı	2,690.18	I	I	I
♥ 2	\$\squary\$ \$244,674.01 \$221,1666 230,917.81 237,950.22 237,950.22 237,950.22 237,950.22 237,950.22 236,548 238,347,74 238,347,74 238,347,722 215,244,83 238,340,00 145,165,12 219,304,00 145,168,19 225,581.161 225,881.161 225,882.18 194,064.03 116,4382.18 237,319.86 177,7088.29 237,319.86 227,522.29 257,532.00 228,892.18 221,862.83 210,682.65 227,445.20	- 47		(In-State)** (Out-of-State)** \$15,209.16 \$15,078.30 \$16,988.56 \$16,988.56 \$23,708.32 \$10,017.53 \$10,017.53 \$10,036.65 \$14,596.60 \$14,571.15 \$13,932.20 \$13,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$12,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$12,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$13,042.13 \$13,143.60 \$11,142.40 \$12,238.40 \$13,114.80 \$13,114.80 \$13,114.30 \$11,116.27 \$11,116.27 \$11,116.27 \$11,116.27 \$11,116.27	(In-State)* (Out-of-State)* Travel 15,078,30	(In-State)* (Out-of-State)* Travel Lease 15,078,30

	\$0.00
	00.08
	\$0.00
5.448.82 2.211.58 4.489.77 3.007.20 7.562.99 7.562.99 10.571.03 1.202.87 1.	10,005.17 5,324.77 1,359.20 4,337.07 14,557.49 8,088.89 1,120.48 7,199.45 8,590.21 8,570.48
	\$953.00
23,958,61 16,422,90 19,082,84 19,082,84 17,082,69 17,082,69 19,125,31 18,653,69 19,125,31 18,653,69 19,125,31 18,653,69 19,125,31 18,653,69 19,125,31 18,653,70 10,503,80 10,503	18,726.10 10,796.59 14,203.77 6,714.66 15,338.80 15,832.07 17,914.86 7,129.52 20,240.82 19,753.18 2,100.80
217,425,92 157,650,44 2138,439,89 239,720,64 2205,602,63 200,644,36 212,891,67 212,891,67 214,072,70 203,077,85 214,072,70 214,072,70 214,072,70 227,317,06 118,780,17 118,780,17 118,780,17 118,780,17 118,780,17 118,780,17 118,780,17 124,55,83 225,399,69 227,090,13 181,953,60 227,090,13 181,953,60 227,090,13 181,953,80 227,090,13 181,953,80 227,090,13 181,953,80 227,090,13 183,466,88	81,497.00 216,737.07 221,778.82 229,366.67 222,310.03 179,841.40 194,951.55 230,163.18 182,147.56 99,473.94 244,174.41
Hagman Hall Hall Harkey Hernkock, Roger Holden Jones Jones Jones-Sawyer Levine Licker Logue Lowenthal Mainsoor Machina Marsoor Morfell (Resigned 4/3/2014). Mullin Nazarian Nestande Olsen Parterson Parterson Perez, V. Manuel Perez, V. Manuel Quirk Quirk Rendon Reladey Multiple Resigned Resig	

NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

TABLE II B Member Expenditures 12/1/2013–11/30/2014

Communications	\$548.68	24,952.90	10:- 11:11	ı	68,369.95	ı	26,623.24	16,419.38	ı	16,276.81	ı	24,146.90	20,459.94	71,931.23	52,637.44	25,581.66	I	29,845.75	98,602.98	131,501.70	91,623.15	30,350.15	47,352.92	3,246.32	5,629.21	18,252.77	108,275.14	ı	98,105.01	33,399.45	31,361.54	21,979.65	3,623.48	959.37	80,839.17	14,541.90	15,710.83	24,306.08
Postage	\$1,450.62	3,834,06	(1,074.10)	2,129.95	3,545.13	1,115.23	944.67	3,663.86	954.40	2,673.83	1,266.96	1,255.53	1,547.52	1,267.07	349.61	769.89	169.87	(5,525.59)	4,225.76	3,460.84	5,968.13	5,507.69	(1,459.39)	495.07	372.57	(3,350.59)	(2,847.24)	2,263.56	3,071.25	3,712.72	2,317.24	6,878.36	911.82	38.18	1,168.41	3,485.07	3,919.21	6,288.29
Freight	\$166.77	883.37	51.35	1,506.22	200.48	1,163.97	163.70	273.64	243.73	744.48	352.84	36.62	339.99	374.47	143.61	203.82	486.56	163.49	6.32	482.87	100.73	474.07	Ι	77.63	157.92	120.12	419.70	20.64	Ι	1,004.33	386.11	225.33	156.76	11.89	180.13	158.26	584.11	175.21
Telegraph	I	1 1	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	1	Ι	ı	1	ı	I	ı	Ι	Ι	1	1	I	I	I	I	I	I
Telephone	\$1,520.70	4,182.86	2,054.43	3,119.56	3,496.91	8,162.64	2,047.74	2,592.85	2,571.96	3,358.64	5,615.92	1,907.59	4,210.22	3,186.34	2,502.42	1,740.86	3,877.98	1,606.38	2,035.29	2,009.76	3,491.99	1,742.63	2,540.86	4,472.96	2,628.03	1,808.76	1,831.90	2,839.16	3,125.10	5,684.82	2,609.93	3,228.50	2,235.48	2,865.95	6,071.72	3,020.15	2,082.08	5,180.52
Dist. Office Rent, Mnt., Ut.	\$47,553.76	25,687.00	554.30	1,329.87	45,276.55	42,353.12	78,402.75	40,741.57	1,860.61	29,921.38	40,428.10	48,738.93	75,756.69	1,897.53	32,507.14	49,266.33	16,397.30	15,292.94	20,880.00	286.86	44,365.74	63,988.43	60,861.22	16,031.56	1,227.69	92,353.15	31,833.95	46,485.56	34,231.17	39,016.26	63,500.97	55,954.40	833.40	85,120.22	33,734.11	34,090.45	47,977.46	65,592.32
Car Rental Staff & Member	\$68.27	246.74 874.74	68.42	366.89	I	241.23	1,089.15	ı	41.51	I	85.27	51.89	I	I	Ι	698.58	84.09	I	I	I	274.73	I	612.86	85.27	54.79	ı	1,293.65	ı	34.13	376.50	687.50	336.16	I	I	435.63	223.00	I	I
Member	Achadjian	Alejo	Ammiano		Bigelow	Bloom	Bocanegra	Bonilla	Bonta	Bradford	Brown	Buchanan	Calderon, Ian	Campos	Chau		:	Conway	Cooley	Dababneh (Effective 1/6/2014)	Dahle	Daly	Dickinson	Donnelly	Eggman	Fong	Fox	Frazier	Gaines, Beth	Garcia, Cristina	Gatto	Gomez	Gonzalez	Gordon	Gorell	Gray	Grove	Hagman

47,490.59 41,460.88 90,458.92 1,847.66 20,403.45	25,665.13 125,135.13 45,623.52 12.757.22	78,734.59 37,757.38 121,485.42 63,638.21 16,392.86	10,614.54 65,767.35 36,891.14 34,799.20 35,378.32	29,624.71 54,479.87 18,317.27 38,564.83 38,297.03	62,797.42 161,226.15 13,460.95 35,124.12	66,109.43 34,195,90 67,345,49 128,512.09 2.12 \$3,009,137.34
(3,036.51) 1,766.05 4,029.81 3,273.68 5,310.38	301.31 1,556.15 1,666.90 (3,179.39) (4,926.57)	2,104.85 (772.51) 3,354.62 1,990.47 1,312.16	2,655.20 (1,319.30) 2,553.07 2,711.28 1,707.67	240.86 4,159.31 1,819.61 (81.37) 1,039.71 850.40	2,378.29 778.29 746.85 2,489.64 2,140.71 478.57 582.16 3,518.89	2,243.65 1,080.59 875.36 2,396.59 2,797.92 (1,921.69) \$122,614.41
506.42 88.68 692.79 171.87 549.89	103.04 118.82 465.96 133.11 242.40	16.11 108.41 540.42 479.74 474.26	133.45 212.47 651.88 295.09	284.73 153.47 413.62 650.10 222.25 132.40 990.23	151.55 152.24 161.36 166.42 168.36 168.36 207.58 236.58	885.29 834.64 27.66 27.66 489.18 287.93 211.54 \$26,421.98
1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1111	1111	111111		00.00
2,345.05 1,057.17 7,867.34 8,190.11 3,495.12	2,084.00 4,751.93 1,269.58 1,662.44 5.134.14	2,038.34 1,431.53 1,828.28 4,821.62 5,157.39	1,770.97 5,233.89 2,630.60 5,747.25 2,561.29	1,953.95 2,036.25 2,665.96 2,490.52 3,150.77 2,385.21	2.533.85 2.601.72 5.001.72 2.068.00 3.858.13 3.858.13 1.894.64	$\begin{array}{c} 1.360.33\\ 3.518.68\\ 2.718.30\\ 1.724.79\\ 11,028.96\\ 2.586.09\\ \hline \hline *$8260,462.51\\ \hline \end{array}$
37,174.38 43,002.49 33,722.34 49,811.68 50,085.61	298.19 48,911.56 43,937.33 19,472.28 50,913.10	34,558.40 46,395.08 70,544.58 51,832.20 35,688.32	62,869.54 46,065.60 490.71 31,163.99 34,329.31	36,823.08 52,549.57 1,197.92 740.32 55,897.18 54,372.14 37,100.43	63,953.27 63,953.27 62,662.79 39,346.28 34,862.35 1,632.00 25,913.70 42,323.58	38,427,00 736,66 33,823,59 35,691.85 66,644,68 45,722.38 \$2,995,217.85
37.54 479.89 420.86 344.18	232.73 181.61 332.46 - 50.20	92.14 52.42 83.71 261.57 142.89	56.00 - - - 7.44	416.17 71.67 162.29	144.91 36.74 120.44 340.50 260.21	1,867.13 87.80 66.00 387.21 37.37 239.85 \$15,404.95
Hall Harkey Hemández, Roger Jones	Loyine Logue Linder Logue Lowenthal	Maienschein Mansoor Medina Melendez Morrell (Resigned 4/3/2014)	Mullin	Pan Paterson Paterson Perea Perea Perez V. Manuel Perez, V. Manuel Ourik.	Rendon Ridey-Thomas (Effective 12/5/2013) Ridley-Thomas (Effective 12/5/2013) Salas. Skinner Skinner Ting Wagner	Waldron

TABLE II C Member Expenditures 12/1/2013–11/30/2014

TOTAL EXP. (ALL FUNDS)	\$353 036 52	345,864.45	359,413.96	278,297.12	323,743.69	361,009.09	353,614.20	358,635.59	354,952.19	311,407.56	328,794.38	336,829.58	341,897.81	394,176.22	297,701.22	298,273.46	371,624.75	287,057.03	316,288.03	284,154.04	286,285.14	358,460.89	330,935.82	339,925.70	293,614.46	284,178.63	358,307.70	344,496.37	289,481.02	309,611.11	357,124.06	371,490.90	352,684.48	251,594.68	373,267.53	344,072.24	343,743.66	358,214.99	
Member Per Diem (Gen. Fund)	\$31 948 00	31.923.00	31,622.00	31.867.00	31,704.00	31,133.00	31,378.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	31,704.00	31,867.00	31,378.00	31,867.00	31,948.00	30,889.00	31,948.00	1	31,867.00	31,948.00	31,867.00	ı	26,102.24	I	31,867.00	31,378.00	31,867.00	ı	31,541.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	26,895.00	30,920.00	31,785,00	2000000
TOTAL	\$321 088 52	313,941.45	327,791.96	246,430.12	292,039.69	329,876.09	322,236.20	326,768.59	323,085.19	279,540.56	296,927.38	304,962.58	310,193.81	362,309.22	266,323.22	266,406.46	339,676.75	256,168.03	284,340.03	284,154.04	254,418.14	326,512.89	299,068.82	339,925.70	267,512.22	284,178.63	326,440.70	313,118.37	257,614.02	309,611.11	325,583.06	339,623.90	320,817.48	219,727.68	341,400.53	317,177.24	312,823.66	358,355,44	
Misc. Services	\$2 371 31	6,905.89	2,603.20	614.16	782.24	4.330.49	4,503.57	2,427.53	11,311.54	4,772.26	2,829.89	4,087.14	5,291.20	1,749.45	1,701.49	983.98	3,573.14	1,570.83	2,853.00	3,054.09	5,031.11	3,991.28	6,937.56	2,426.20	965.21	1,645.47	854.66	1,596.00	2,653.96	3,774.98	3,649.64	4,224.33	1,568.97	2,311.15	2,099.03	2,621.15	4,325.06	7,755.49	
Subscr. & Publications	I	\$829.44	434.37	1.050.11	528.87	124.99	1,435.43	1,428.13	2,526.69	1,499.11	1,291.63	1,060.03	80.00	I	584.36	1,053.76	I	1,912.57	1	266.96	682.14	1,890.90	413.62	1,012.95	1	912.25	1	I	1	206.96	1,508.36	1	1,328.21	923.79	I	I	2,768.49	366.56)
Office Supplies	\$1 079 61	5,200.09	971.45	1.314.85	6,835.23	399.55	3,958.20	6,064.01	5,304.33	4,291.36	1,449.20	2,040.15	1,034.39	1,391.15	6,874.39	2,694.43	597.94	1,258.98	1,732.17	1,887.97	4,551.51	2,756.14	1,198.24	3,600.42	691.44	2,045.76	1,183.06	4,286.66	2,016.74	1,148.98	2,708.94	2,110.78	4,113.28	4,319.36	950.96	123.95	2,557.08	1,846.22	1000
Furniture & Equipment*	ı	I	I	I	I	I	1	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	\$2,703.14	1	1,367.42	1	I	I	1	1,957.49	1	ı	I	I	1,054.41	1,367.42	I	I	98.809	1 1	
Member	Achadiian	Aleio	Allen Travis	Ammiano	Atkins				Bonilla	Bonta	Bradford	Brown.	Buchanan	Calderon, Ian	Campos	Chau	Chávez		Conway	Cooley	Dababneh (Effective 1/6/2014)	Dahle	Daly	Dickinson	Donnelly	Eggman	Fong	Fox	Frazier	Gaines, Beth	Garcia, Cristina	Gatto	Gomez	Gonzalez	Gordon	Gorell	Gray	Grove	

301,820.24	340,753.64	362,732.25	271.543.62	351,035.74	356,033.21	336,550.95	313,297.81	354,122.15	356,281.32	376,969.57	375,843.08	369,029,20	345,071.24	306,701.05	339,082.88	350,707.68	272,865.63	359,543.51	295,657.51	300,568.15	363,533.21	348,627.46	356,344.38	377,933.52	315,064.47	358,531.69	351,281.19	2/6,595.80	307,300.20	299,069.44	362,344.34	360,408.18	267,639.29	346,535.22	356,761.74	305,572,16	\$26 691 961 77	420,021,701.11
31,083.00	31,378.00	31,867.00	31.867.00	31,867.00	27,804.56	27,873.00	26,895.00	31,948.00	27,804.56	31,867.00	30,644.00	31,704.00	31,923.00	31,867.00	29,829.00	31,948.00	I	31,622.00	31,948.00	31,867.00	28,638.00	31,867.00	31,378.00	31,867.00	31,052.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	31,892.00	31,867.00	31,867.00	31,948.00	30,318.00	31,215.00	31,867.00	31,622.00	31, /04.00	42 285 236 36	00.000,000,00
270,737.24	309,375.64	330,865.25	239,676,62	319,168.74	328,228.65	308,677.95	286,402.81	322,174.15	328,476.76	345,102.57	345,199.08	337,325.20	313,148.24	274,834.05	309,253.88	318,759.68	272,865.63	327,921.51	263,709.51	268,701.15	334,895.21	316,760.46	324,966.38	346,066.52	284,012.47	326,664.69	319,414.19	244,703.80	2/3,433.20	26/,202.44	330,396.34	330,090.18	236,424.29	314,668.22	325,139.74	305 572 16	\$24 406 725 41	44,400,77.
7,172.61	3,157.33	2,806.78	4,122.32	3,188.88	1,535.17	1,703.32	920.49	3,057.32	2,084.82	2,594.56	4,321.46	2.359.15	1,733.66	4,466.44	3,466.41	3,761.30	5,988.15	3,048.80	5,593.47	990.05	2,191.48	1,825.32	7,885.92	357.15	3,583.13	3,637.62	3,803.14	3,341.17	1,119.79	3,407.78	3,748.37	6,625.97	2,523.82	2,528.29	4,315.98	3,919.97	\$266 256 34	£2.00,4,007¢
1,293.01	1,452.88	1,382.58	1.904.04	165.75	I	479.18	1,105.76	414.00	294.87	1,224.11	95 78	578.50	523.64	1,531.84	39.95	96.786	591.42	493.34	1,693.87	101.45	747.32	I	I	I	1,591.84	1,052.48	575.76	2,265.56	1,481.12	2,020.53	555.05	57.20	192.05	802.88	1,411.16	335.68	\$58 514 15	0.00,014.10
1,506.77	3,249.96	1,149.35	2.407.94	5,428.56	2,587.11	466.11	2,101.34	844.52	301.43	1,380.53	1,678.33	2.641.47	3,322.71	3,540.31	1,048.59	1,690.09	501.03	1,747.66	1,778.17	5,553.06	1,127.35	1,783.75	2,592.65	1,736.73	4,502.50	4,454.85	3,274.30	2,165.50	02.20	2,729.37	649.98	2,283.22	4,571.34	1,220.06	1,789.66	1,771.98	\$185 641 65	\$100,001¢
1 1	I	1 1	I I	1,611.34	ı	I	I	I	1	1		ı	I	ı	ı	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	1	970.41	Ι	Ι	1 1	\$11 640 49	\t.\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Hall. Harkey	Hernández, Roger	Holden	Jones-Sawver	Levine	Linder	Logue	Lowenthal	Maienschein	Mansoor	Medina	Melendez	Mullin	Muratsuchi	Nazarian	Nestande	Olsen	Pan.	Patterson	Perea	Pérez, John A	Pérez, V. Manuel	Quirk	Quirk-Silva	Rendon	Ridley-Thomas (Effective 12/5/2013)	Kodriguez	Salas	Skinner	Stone	Ting	Wagner	Waldron	Weber	Wieckowski	Wilk	Williams Yamada	TOTALS	

NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

TABLE III Committee Expenditures 12/1/2013–11/30/2014

TOTAL EXP.	\$653,564.39 375,943.58 516,539.54 1,443,137.92	466,064.30 588,658.87 1,620,592.62	323,145.88 376,514.64 280,642.15 261,645.31 331,982.67	776,329.87 822,686.29 493,113.17	519,225.64 638,692.04 919,098.46 605,475.29	497,930.49 531,819.46 621,208.45	647,172.90 939,965.90 441,995.75 319,761.18 210,536.16 760,635.34	513,795.89 866,226.29
Misc. Services	\$495.41 375.34 154.43 341.86	149.63 292.98 144.15	341.81 390.64 124.78 97.66 244.15	492.78 238.74 69.60	789.04 328.15 370.64 486.64	1,476.78 264.09 379.82	560.67 2,554.75 2,83.44 292.11 173.61 186.36	208.06 2,423.72
Office Supplies	\$461.75 1,166.15 390.36 2,923.12	164.16 455.91 1,988.38	1 1 1 1 1	534.79 310.77	397.36 260.87 1,339.17 457.52	691.22 794.20 519.53	945.17 508.72 684.15 384.00 - 373.95	276.15 1,566.33
Subscr. & Publications	\$29.95 305.76 975.00	712.12 796.41 295.36	1111	656.14 238.01 217.00	814.73 _ 866.60 459.41	457.49 57.44 333.96	2,560.80 395.00 1,358.00 279.76	408.07 909.12
Tele- graph	1 1 1 1	111	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	111	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1
Telephone	\$147.56 168.27 551.81 1,403.34	180.09 463.36 2,805.15	7.47	452.10 458.28 196.99	947.64 379.10 676.25 475.35	502.18 691.06 361.64	418.25 1,318.35 193.75 244.52 - 1,876.31	118.65 689.98
Freight	\$8.23	1 1 1	11111	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	_ _ 6.20	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1
Postage	\$46.60 - 2.71	5.39	1 1 1 1 1	3.48 5.52	5.74 2.53 54.35 7.37	7.56	6.93 43.33 380.37 - 2.36	27.30 20.73
Car Rental	\$138.21 44.93	421.11 279.83 46.08	743.00 544.06 515.09 - 62.52	105.58	1,319.09 1,544.89 - 81.82	336.50 182.85 34.13	495.16 349.89 621.28 - 102.40	91.74 273.21
Staff Travel	\$21.20 501.56 1,509.01	3,236.61 1,741.87 2,461.79	3,443.97 3,029.74 4,237.58 956.65 11,496.60	7,108.35 1,617.00 1,253.09	3,092.60 15,589.99 111.30 2,802.84	3,427.30 4,480.35 2,957.05	8,536.32 5,536.56 4,227.75 1,764.68 2,891.49 1,127.68	1,386.42 840.80
Staff Salary	\$652,459.67 374,127.84 514,497.41 1,435,937.95	461,195.19 584,628.51 1,612,849.62	318,609.63 372,425.87 275,764.70 260,591.00 320,179.40	767,514.92 819,595.99 491,060.20	511,859.44 620,586.51 915,680.15 600,704.34	491,031.46 525,347.59 616,616.12	636,217.33 927,129.90 435,247.05 315,337.50 207,471.06 756,686.52	511,279.50 859,502.40
Committee	Accountability & Administrative Review	Aus, Entertainment, aports, Tourism, & Internet Media Banking & Finance	No. 1-Health & Human Services * No. 2-Education Finance * No. 3-Resources	Business, Professions & Consumer Protection Education. Elections & Redistricting	Materials	Human Services Insurance Insurance Insurance Insurance	Joss, Economy. At the Economy. Judiciary. Labor & Employment. Local Government Local Government Local Government Daltic Frankowse Refrances	& Social Security

1 00. 20, 2	2013		Λ	SSEMIDI	_1 J	OU	NNAL
741,916.58 731,737.73 522,864.87 515,492.76 13,693.74 535,229.42	68,337.75 55,756.41	137,445.80 308,129.43	63,660.22 212,808.96 82,228,96	511,447.90 480,643.10 93,302.33	186,704.48	14,886.96	181,373.90 \$23,821,761.74
303.32 378.46 5,096.49 466.75 -	62.39 48.83	97.66		269.77 712.98 48.83	292.98	99.76	195.32 \$23,575.66
1,174.64 812.58 744.46 156.00 - 594.81				634.19	I	I	<u>-</u> \$21,710.41
2,697.13 364.89 312.26 - 274.56	1-1	1-1	1 1 1	360.83 728.00 -	I	I	<u>-</u> \$17,863.80
1 1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	I	ı	00.08
549.98 1,334.70 767.15 541.88	1-1	1-1	1 1 1	264.89 446.43 _	I	I	\$20,255.55
1 1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	ı	ı	<u>-</u> \$14.43
15.83 21.34 30.15	1-1	1 1	1 1 1	34.05	ı	ı	<u>-</u> \$730.72
1,253.48 145.09 297.24 815.94 43.74 1,257.34	1 1	48.93 507.19	146.59 194.10	436.43	ı	I	<u>-</u> \$13,479.44
7,622.71 3,070.12 4,358.10 8,833.62 11,574.13	126.90	316.00 2,967.62	427.80 3,631.19	3,913.64 5,063.33 425.50	6,553.92	269.30	1,610.44
728,299.49 725,610.55 511,259.02 504,678.57 13,650.00 520,899.27	68,275.36 55,580.68	136,983.21 304,556.96		505,970.53 473,252.82 92,828.00	179,857.58		179,568.14
Revenue & Taxation Transportation Utilities & Commerce Veterans Affairs—Vice Chair Water, Parks, & Wildlife	Special & Select Committees Agriculture and the Environ- ment. Campus Climate. Community & Neighborhood	Development Community Colleges	Jour Creation for the frew Economy	Joint Legislative Audit Legislative Ethics Local Emergency Preparedness Regional Approaches to	Addressing the State's Water Crisis	Solutions Workforce & Vocational	TOTALS

* Subcommittee of Standing Committee.

TABLE IV Leadership Expenditures 12/1/2013–11/30/2014

TOTAL EXP. \$222,088.16 178,733.06 427,393.01 303,213.47 345,063.22 320,521.07 278,725.63 310,237.26 310,237.26 310,237.26	29,110.50 263,516.07 230,343.63 370,234.39 314,701.78 162,045.25 248,031.78	208,099.45 207,876.29 186,581.20 389,508.69	89,161.56 14,367.23 83,106.83 76,913.78 \$5,717,510.82
Misc. Services \$6,566.37 5,686.65 439.47 146.49 296.49 314.11 341.81 341.81 146.49	48.83 48.83 292.98 537.13 195.32	488.30 193.33 146.49 800.00	44.40 13.20 1,690.44 910.30 \$19,982.22
Office Supplies \$3,170.74 7,167.63 977.67	11 11111	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - \$11,989.71
Subscr. & Publications \$270.72 2,125.66	11 1111	1 1 1 1	- - - - \$2,396.38
Tele- graph	11 1111	1 1 1 1	80.00
Telephone \$8,378.29 8,277.38 264.00 304.94		9.37	1.56 0.06 166.01 \$18,209.43
Freight	11 1111	1 1 1 1	\$9.01 - - - - \$9.01
Postage	11 1111	1 1 1 1	\$127.14
Car Rental \$49.92 - - 112.55 626.35 113.21 - 636.69 486.82	36.74 - 1,102.63 128.92 201.74 123.24	214.26 147.31 705.46	43.74 - 97.01 \$4,506.59
Statf Travel \$3,233.34 96-64 1,862.58 1700 5,943.95 316.00 2,721.46 10,505.03 3,363.89	793.10 1,065.83 8,302.97 1,387.52 4,004.97 1,698.86 2,580.60	649.38 2,220.52 2,978.30 459.88	980.71 185.50 28.26 2,660.46 \$58,929.75
Saldry \$200,388.78 \$200,388.78 \$15,495.74 \$455,006.23 \$344,447.79 \$13,536.66 \$177,701.06 \$177,701.06 \$299,073.77 \$275,823.00	28,231.83 262,401.41 220,645.05 368,364.77 309,957.94 160,027.83 245,432.39	206,738.14 205,315.13 182,750.95 386,846.31	87,955.00 14,163.00 81,388.13 73,080.00 \$5,601,355.12
Speaker—Atkins Speaker—Atkins Speaker—Pérez, John A. Speaker pro Tempore. Assistant Speaker pro Tempore Chair, Rules Committee	Member of Rules—Pérez, V. Manuel	Assistant Majority Leader— Assistant Majority Leader— Assistant Majority Leader— Pérez, V. Manuel Speaker Fancitus Asian Paorify Iclandar Carrue	Asian Tacific Islander Caucus— Asian Pacific Islander Caucus— Williams

TABLE V Support Services Expenditures 12/1/2013–11/30/2014
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	TOTAL EXP.	7,580.41 \$4,491,907.61 3,011.30 \$989,363.26 0,701.36 7,183,341.52 9,242.92 2,396,293.67 5,818.55 1,586,749.64 1,641.37 3,038,558.28 400,670.25	5.91 \$28,996,884.23	\$2,073,219,87 41,124,657,41 354,232,13 0.00 131,247,81 280,656,10 148,722,12 3,067,55 6,823,88 (4,793,67) 129,676,55 72,210,97 0.00 \$44,319,720,72 40,000,00 3,629,803,38 1,000,000,00 2,700,000,00 3,629,803,38 1,000,000,00 2,20,000,00 2,20,000,00 2,240,000 2,2
	Misc. Services	\$39 3 1 1,33	\$1,817,995.91	
	Subscr. & Publica- tions	\$2,452.61 854.40 10,334.14 619.07	\$14,260.22	
	Office Supplies	\$20,717.32 22,642.66 20,348.51 83,031.62 7,346.18 49,672.76	\$203,759.05 \$14,260.22	
	Furniture & Equip- ment	\$2,632.37 6,000.10 41,744.34 2,960.69	\$61,937.76 \$0.00 \$15,761.61 \$4,063.89 \$53,337.50 TABLE VI General Overhead Expenditures 12/1/2013–11/30/2014	2
014	Freight	\$1,177.67 2,323.22 - 22.38 540.62	\$4,063.89 enditures 014	1 Transfe
12/1/2013–11/30/2014	Postage	\$13,241.61 1,147.98 35.58 117.39 960.46 258.59	937.76 \$0.00 \$15,761.61 \$4,063.89 TABLE VI General Overhead Expenditures 12/1/2013–11/30/2014	Assembly Operating Fund Transfers 12/1/2013–11/30/2014
/1/201	Tele- graph	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$0.00 TA 1 Over	TA / Oper //1/201
12	Telephone	\$21,648.60 18,825.93 6,316.06 820.36 1,930.98 11,557.39 838.44	\$61,937.76 Genera 12	Assembly 12
	Car Rental	\$24,312.92 3,959.57 3,898.63 424.87 - 103,463.83 227.61	\$136,287.43	
	Staff Travel	\$45,133.02 76,574.94 27,862.52 77.02 75,620.00 304.20	\$225,571.70	& Utilities Codes Codes Tite Tite Tite
	Staff Salary	\$3,963,011.08 9,734,023.16 7,103,844,72 930,835.15 1,570,843.03 2,762,843.03 399,300.00		senance, & Utilities. It It It It It It It It It I
		Rules Committee Democratic Caucus Republican Caucus Reproduction Center Chief Clerk Sergeant at Arms Computer Services	TOTALS \$26,463,909.16	Miscellaneous Salaries Employee Benefits Building, Rent, Maintenance, & Utiliti Office Alterations Telephone Furniture & Equipment. Office Supplies. Subscriptions, Publications, & Codes. Meeting Expenses (Meals). Freight, Moving, & Delivery Other Miscellaneous Services. Study Contracts. TOTALS. California Arts Council. California Health Benefit Exchange. California Milary Department California Milary Department California State University. Department of Park & Recreation. Department of Park & Recreation. Department of Social Services. Joint Legislative Budget Committee. Office of Emergency Services. Regents, University of California. U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

STATEMENT OF ASSEMBLY EXPENDITURES PRINTED IN JOURNAL

The following Statement of Assembly Expenditures was ordered printed in the Journal:

The Honorable Toni G. Atkins Speaker of the Assembly State Capitol, Room 219 Sacramento, California

Dear Mme. Speaker: Transmitted herewith is the annual report of Assembly expenses. It includes the total expenditures by Member, committee, leadership office, service operation, and overhead according to various categories for the 12-month period ending November 30, 2015. Every expenditure made from the Assembly Operating Fund during this period is accounted for. Additionally, the report includes an itemization, by Member, of per diem expenditures from the General Fund during the same period of time.

It is important to note that this report is compiled on a cash basis. Therefore, the cost of goods and services incurred by a Member during the preceding reporting period, but paid for during the current period, is included. Furthermore, some goods and services which were received toward the end of this reporting period were not paid for until the beginning of the December 2015–November 2016 reporting period and are, therefore, not included in this expenditure report.

The following indicates the types of expenditures which are included within each classification:

Staff Salary: This includes the salaries paid to all employees in the Member's district office as well as those employees who work in the Member's Capitol office, provided they are not committee or leadership office personnel. The salaries of the latter group of employees are included in the specific detail report for each of the respective committee and leadership offices.

All Assembly personnel are classified according to job descriptions approved by the Assembly Rules Committee. The committee has established specific salary ranges for each of the classifications. The salary within a range for a specific employee reflects a combination of years of service in his or her position and his or her own job performance since the amount of annual merit salary increases is based on evaluations of each employee's work. Thus, a Member whose office staff includes employees with substantial Assembly seniority, and/or outstanding records of service, will have a higher total expenditure for salaries than will a Member who employs more junior personnel.

Member Travel and Per Diem: Separate totals are shown for in-state travel and out-of-state travel. Most in-state travel expenditures are for attendance at interim committee hearings. Out-of-state travel expenditures are generally for participation in conferences dealing with an issue area pertinent to the legislative specialty of the Member or are for investigative trips.

Staff Travel: This category includes the expenditures incurred for the Capitol and district staff traveling for legislative business. It also includes mileage reimbursements to district office personnel. The staff travel expenditures reported by committee are generally costs incurred in connection with interim committee hearings which are generally held away from Sacramento for the convenience of citizens who wish to provide testimony to the committees.

Car Maintenance: The costs reported in this category will vary significantly because of the variance in the number of miles driven by the Members. Members in large-sized districts and Members who represent districts wherein air travel between the Capitol and the district is not practical tend to utilize their cars more than other Members. Accordingly, the maintenance costs of such cars are likely to be higher than for others.

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Gas and Oil: Expenditures in this category are for gasoline and oil supplied to cars and private aircraft for legislative business. These costs, too, vary for the same reasons as those affecting car maintenance.

Car Rental, Staff and Member: This expenditure category includes the use of state-owned pool cars and commercial rental cars by both the Member and his/her staff in the course of legislative business.

This category, as listed in the Support Services section of the report, includes, in addition to car rental, the costs of gas, oil, and maintenance for cars utilized by the office of the Sergeant at Arms.

District Office Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Each Member is entitled to rent an office within the district he/she represents so that constituents may have direct access to their legislators. In some of the larger districts, two or three offices are sometimes authorized. Accordingly, Members representing districts in high-rent metropolitan areas or Members representing large districts requiring more than one office will be reported with higher expenditures in this category than will other Members. Costs included in this expenditure item are rent, utilities (except telephone), janitorial service, and incidental maintenance costs.

Telephone and Telegraph: All telephone charges (except some equipment installation charges) are reported in this expenditure category. Included are the charges for district office telephones, Capitol telephones, and mobile telephones. Members who will likely have higher charges than many of their colleagues are those representing districts which are either far from the Capitol, or in regions which cover large geographic areas.

Postage: The category includes the total amount expended for postage except for the postage utilized in the mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Communications: The costs included in this expenditure category are primarily for handling and mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Furniture and Equipment: This category includes the purchase, rental, and maintenance of certain furniture and equipment items utilized in the Capitol and district offices of the Members. It does not include the purchase of items which will, during the course of their usefulness, be utilized by a number of Members during succeeding years. Expenditures for items of that description are reported in the Furniture and Equipment category as General Overhead Expenditures.

Office Supplies: Stationery items, other printing costs charged to the Assembly Operating Fund, general office supplies, and related miscellaneous supplies utilized in the Members' Capitol and district offices are reported in this expenditure category.

Subscriptions and Publications: Each Member is authorized to subscribe to the newspapers generally circulated within his/her district and to certain metropolitan daily newspapers. Members representing districts which include many cities and towns will frequently have higher expenditures in this category than will Members representing relatively compact areas. Expenditures for subscriptions and publications incurred by the committees and leadership offices are reported separately. Each committee is authorized to purchase relevant books and to subscribe to periodicals specializing in the subject matter of the committee for which the expenditure is made.

Miscellaneous Services: Most of the expenditures shown in the Miscellaneous Services category for the Members are for services such as telephone answering services in district offices and newspaper clipping services. Included in this category for the committee reports are such items as witness expenses, meeting expenses, data-processing costs, and other miscellaneous services.

A number of operational costs incurred by the Assembly are not directly attributable to any of the Members, committees, leadership offices, or support services. Such expenditures are classified as General Overhead and are reported according to the following categories:

Miscellaneous Salaries: Accrued vacation payments made to terminating employees, and salaries paid to employees on extended sick leave are reported in this category.

Employee Benefits: This expenditure category includes the Assembly's contribution to the OASDI (social security) fund, the Public Employees' Retirement System, various health, dental, vision, and life insurance premiums, the Compensation Insurance Fund, unemployment and disability insurance, and any other benefits approved by the Assembly Rules Committee.

Building, Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Reported in this expenditure category are construction and remodeling costs and the rent, maintenance, and utilities for offices (other than Members' individual district offices) utilized and paid for by the Assembly outside the Capitol.

Telephone: This listing is for the cost of telephone equipment installation in all Assembly offices.

Furniture and Equipment: The expenditure indicated in this category is for the purchase, rental, and maintenance of furniture and equipment not reported elsewhere in the report. Most furniture and equipment are considered a capital investment which will be used, through the years, by a number of different Members or other offices and can therefore not be appropriately reported as an expense on behalf of any particular Member or office.

Office Supplies: The amount shown in this expenditure category represents office supplies which were purchased by the Assembly for the use of Members and other offices but which were not distributed to any such offices before the end of this reporting period.

Annotated Codes and Law Books: Each Member's office and certain other Assembly offices are furnished with Annotated California Codes and certain other law books. The cost of these books is considered a capital expenditure in the same manner as many furniture and equipment items, and is therefore reported in this General Overhead category.

Meeting Expenses: This expenditure category includes certain costs incurred by the Assembly relative to the conduct of Assembly Sessions and Joint Sessions of the Legislature which cannot be readily charged to any other expenditure category, rental costs for some meeting rooms, and some conference registration fees.

Freight, Moving, and Delivery: This expenditure category includes costs incurred for the transport of furniture, supplies, and other items which are not chargeable to any particular office.

Other Miscellaneous Services: The major expenditures reported in this category are for the costs of photography services related to official Assembly publications, vehicle liability insurance, and organization memberships.

Study Contracts: From time to time the Assembly finds it practical to contract with individuals, firms, universities, and other governmental agencies in order to expand its research capability with respect to specific projects. The costs reported in this category are for payments made under such contracts during this period.

The next report of Assembly expenditures will be for the period between December 1, 2015, and November 30, 2016.

Sincerely,

3778

RICHARD S. GORDON Chair of the Assembly Committee on Rules

TABLE I CALIFORNIA STATE ASSEMBLY SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES 12/1/2014-11/30/2015

TOTAL $EXPENDITURES$	\$75,781,194.81	44,530,761.91	1,028,309.04	318.20	1,054,238.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	149,285.43	3,245,456.85	0.00	540,530.60	0.00	440,664.16	2,561,964.29	365,835.59	695,553.88	83,369.55	8,749.10	11,329.41	197,223.18	2,357,983.75	0.00	\$133,052,768.55	2,590,072.46	\$135,642,841.01
General Overhead Expenditures	\$3,723,425.48	44,530,761.91	ı	I	I	I	1	I	I	177,401.09	I	159,381.71	I	I	I	282,048.12	243,895.37	(16,019.85)	8,749.10	11,329.41	159,634.29	285,093.77	I	\$49,565,700.40	I	\$49,565,700.40
Support Services Expenditures	\$27,687,569.40	I	I	1	222,660.35	I	ı	1	126,437.63	I	I	52,945.56	I	33,199.85	ı	77,611.06	197,785.92	8,267.23	I	I	4,584.20	1,659,942.29	I	\$30,071,003.49	I	\$30,071,003.49
Leadership Expenditures	\$5,959,965.28	I	I	I	69,710.50	I	ı	I	1,691.13	ı	I	16,324.90	I	15.36	I	ı	6,141.15	1,517.60	1	L	393.68	19,345.15	I	\$6,075,104.75	I	\$6,075,104.75
Committee Expenditures	\$22,213,818.36	I	I	1	174,065.98	I	ı	ı	5,349.64	1	I	14,838.19	I	451.06	I	ı	25,409.05	22,541.39	ı	I	120.49	25,281.25	I	\$22,481,875.41	I	\$22,481,875.41
Member Expenditures	\$16,196,416.29		1,028,309.04			I	I			3,068,055.76	I	297,040.24			7	6,176.41			I			368,321.29	I	\$24,859,084.50	2,590,072.46	\$27,449,156.96
	Staff Salary	Employee Benefits	Travel & Per Diem (In-State)	Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State)	Staff Travel	Car Lease	Car Maintenance	Gas & Oil	Car Rental-Staff & Member	Building, Rent, Maint., & Util	Office Alterations	Telephone	Telegraph	Postage	Communications	Furniture & Equipment	Office Supplies.	Subscriptions, Publ., & Codes	Meeting Expenses	Meeting Expenses (Meals)	Freight, Moving, & Delivery	Miscellaneous Services	Study Contracts	TOTALS, OPERATING FUND	Member Per Diem (General Fund)	TOTALS, ALL FUNDS

TABLE II A	Member Expenditures	12/1/2014-11/30/2015	Travel &
T	Memb	12/1/2	el &

Gas & Oil		I	I	I	ı	I	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	I	I	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	Ι
Car Maintenance		I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	ı	ı	I	1	1	1	I	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	I	I
Car Lease		ı	I	I	ı	I	I	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	I	1	1	ı	1	1	I	I	1	1	I	I	I	I	I	Ι
Staff Travel	\$6.010.05	4,10.03	4,709.30	5,247.31	5,745.70	6,228.15	6,299.49	6,040.25	5,834.36	8,715.15	13,776.12	8,973.74	3,526.88	3,623.73	1,617.30	10,201.77	4,151.30	4,939.84	1,045.28	3,027.39	1,713.30	2,678.33	15,241.38	19,284.53	2,478.31	12,331.65	3,165.42	3,865.32	4,849.33	13,328.91	9,008.33	16,036.67	8,914.73	5,466.43	10,932.48	4,259.16	4,655.82	20,745.47	5,994.28
Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State)*		I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	I	I
Travel & Per Diem $(In-State)^*$	\$12,002,71	17,293.71	14,194.07	13,786.70	22,148.59	3,430.69	9,419.81	17,024.69	5,403.19	7,119.51	15,329.86	15,645.40	10,779.57	14,578.06	4,755.69	13,730.96	22,217.77	18,661.12	5,103.54	6,982.73	4,643.65	2,390.36	27,879.98	11,877.44	24,471.19	2,396.64	4,205.55	4,510.90	1	4,081.00	11,000.00	20,931.84	10,939.00	14,450.99	20,883.64	20,630.45	4,823.53	11,899.18	7,618.56
Staff Salary	02 621 01/04	9249,103.00	203,351.67	244,460.18	206,507.00	90,747.91	227,427.54	226,200.00	216,531.73	228,399.32	217,459.13	216,740.58	198,089.97	223,314.80	181,739.44	193,305.64	156,654.47	245,556.50	241,574.60	192,031.91	211,811.44	233,329.18	111,621.09	220,926.27	179,477.61	206,739.47	252,080.09	242,962.49	204,401.26	216,371.85	228,595.54	201,634.51	208,689.85	197,629.34	194,376.09	252,135.55	196,099.64	201,172.38	235,000.66
Member	A of other	Ali	Alejo	Allen, Travis	Atkins	Baker	Bigelow	Bloom	Bonilla	Bonta	Brough	Brown	Burke	Calderon, Ian	Campos	Chang	Chau		Chiu	Chu	Cooley	Cooper	Dababneh	Dahle	Daly	Dodd	Eggman	Frazier	Gaines, Beth	Gallagher	Garcia, Cristina	Garcia, Eduardo	Gatto	Gipson	Gomez	Gonzalez	Gordon	Gray	Grove

Hadley	44 844 31	8 430 90	ı	5 629 31	ı	ı	ı
Harner	224 737 76	14 170 10	ı	6.212.20	ı	ı	ı
Hernández Roger	103 534 43	16.817.69	ı	0,677.97	1	1	
Holden	234 496 77	20,469,22	I	6,680.25	ı	ı	ı
Irwin	178 171 01	18,554,70	ı	8 453 34	ı	ı	ı
Jones	215,352.10	21,508.74	I	7,672.56	I	I	ı
Jones-Sawyer	231,869.25	8,713.30	I	659.85	1	1	1
Kim	116,663.82	14,158.86	I	15,197.30	I	I	I
Lackey	137,494.44	17,054.90	1	6,950.26	1	1	1
Levine	218,984.14	7,471.29	ı	2,700.35	1	ı	ı
Linder	136,047.46	14,447.40	I	13,990.01	I	I	I
Lopez	163,944.23	19,649.29	ı	2,216.13	1	ı	1
Low	232,040.22	5,790.66	1	2,913.01	1	1	1
Maienschein	202,480.76	14,212.20	I	4,458.63	1	ı	1
Mathis	158,174.41	7,921.72	I	12,366.62	ı	ı	ı
Mayes	204,023.31	10,933.62	I	8,371.34	ı	ı	ı
McCarty	191,691.59	4,516.03	I	1,578.19	1	1	I
Medina	238,123.85	15,802.40	I	8,156.90	1	1	I
Melendez	209,432.62	22,596.53	I	12,680.40	I	Ι	I
Mullin	249,800.44	4,590.27	I	2,312.67	I	I	I
Nazarian	195,373.29	22,927.20	I	6,229.73	I	I	I
Obernolte	190,778.46	12,025.78	I	6,905.93	ı	ı	ı
O'Donnell	183,559.91	11,812.20	I	4,356.73	ı	I	ı
Olsen	210,126.89	7,814.15	I	14,448.73	ı	I	I
Patterson	242,051.96	686.40	I	5,803.28	ı	I	I
Perea	218,629.39	6,389.22	I	4,327.75	ı	I	I
Quirk	238,185.95	1,855.15	I	10,639.95	I	I	1
Rendon	248,085.50	10,554.10	I	2,904.28	I	I	I
Ridley-Thomas	243,161.18	14,297.53	I	7,066.63	ı	I	I
Rodriguez	186,818.79	21,460.65	I	2,813.02	ı	I	I
Salas	138,368.01	17,310.90	I	14,994.50	ı	I	I
Santiago	174,021.78	19,800.64	I	8,312.91	ı	I	ı
Steinorth	71,173.28	18,110.55	I	12,744.54	I	I	I
Stone, Mark	223,973.23	12,995.10	I	5,856.95	I	I	ı
Thurmond	250,257.37	6,225.53	I	5,655.26	I	I	I
Ting	204,731.13	4,373.08	1	1,221.34	1	1	1
Wagner	253,325.46	18,427.66	I	3,227.90	I	I	I
Waldron	233,982.46	16,160.23	I	15,123.83	ı	I	ı
Weber	245,603.82	16,749.20	I	7,378.95	I	I	I
Wilk	174,568.73	22,848.60	I	8,879.88	ı	I	ı
Williams	160,304.70	17,977.01	I	9,614.76	ı	I	I
Wood	172,917.78	15,837.44	\$318.20	4,959.76	1	1	I
Retired	I	19,921.34	I	11,534.05	I	I	I
TOTALS	\$16,196,416.29	\$1,028,309.04	\$318.20	\$587,801.97	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
				;		;	

NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

TABLE II B Member Expenditures 12/1/2014–11/30/2015

ge Communications	36 \$14,335.34		.58 41,373.82				.86 10,882.90			.36 19,884.47				_				.82 45,901.93					.12 26,715.77		.23					7,386.92						.82 19,448.30	
Postage	\$1,378.36	3,298	4,429	57,156	2,424	966.1	266.86	1,524.62	2,300	1,306.36	859	1,521.	10,822.67	4,033.29	240.88	140.83	716.59	1,449.82	715.	2,808	2,884	3,884	2,453	2,498	193.23	3,508	11,676.43	2,919	2,422	1,545.29	3,793	3,168	12,276			,2	999.04
n Freight	\$323.02	256.03	3,214.95	95.46	228.36	1,826.74	143.59	395.44	558.53	533.79	414.12	515.55	652.37	614.81	216.69	15.62	33.03	227.77	30.07	I	565.60	112.85	582.30	66.30	87.09	33.33	I	55.82	272.83	447.34	559.54	948.12	1.099.62	672.67	402.31	157.66	338.72
e Telegraph			-					I &		- 1		- 1		- 0	1	1		1		3	3	1	I &	1	3	ا «		-	ا «	-			1	- 0		- 9	- 1
t. Telephone	\$1,854.89	6,777.0	2,974.94	2,798.0	2,442.5	9,220.8	3,229.3	3,834.18	1,663.7	5,933.85	2,173.6	4,912.7	3,492.1	3,808.9	2,622.8	2,813.9	2,155.4	3,162.54	2,129.5	2,995.3	2,361.4									4,866.74	3,031.52	3,626.85	3,317.3	2,842.6	2,787.01	3,003.46	2.674.5
Dist. Office Rent, Mnt., Ut.	\$49,493.55	40,291.07	1,404.92	46,726.07	45,290.90	60,431.18	40,937.94	2,078.84	25,472.06	41,299.02	27,526.47	73,090.34	1,584.03	49,948.54	19,732.64	52,938.53	689.54	29,654.15	23,519.57	41,570.62	516.58	47,056.10	46,446.84	41,940.90	1,572.69	48,220.77	39,943.81	22,973.42	40,065.15	46,759.71	64,876.74	31,727.03	57,846.38	972.50	92,502.43	33,826.07	48.254.77
Car Rental Staff & Member	\$102.40			1	1	377.38	1	1	1	. 49.15	1	1	1	. 61.74	1	523.33	324.12	1	1	1	1	. 240.87	1	. 57.48	1	478.29	1	1	. 221.27	1,532.05	825.00	. 145.82	506.20	34.64	1	1	209.69
Member	Achadjian	Allen, Travis	Atkins		i	Bloom			Brough		Burke	Calderon, Ian		Chang	Chau		Chiu		Cooley	Cooper		Dahle			Eggman		Gaines, Beth	Gallagher			Gatto		Gomez				Grove

33,158.96 42,140.88 2,024.63 60,202.31 30,704.69	122,619.52 117,460.62 25,473.73 88,221.45	7,992.27 58.187.33 56,618.56 28,738.44 4,537.73 14,909.81	25,224.14 5,755.18 43,042.93 61,420.99 27,036.05 36,761.56	33,051,98 34,7947 3,504,35 56,732,79 72,445,96 65,791,44	42,159.81 6,160.04 6,031.00 75,494.64 53,010.23 13,960.10
1,014.50 2,958.75 1,694.35 2,171.92 3,107.93	25,012.46	3,925.71 3,856.16 2,402.77 34,638.07 11,688.83 687.09	14,978.07 863.70 2,209.55 1,267.41 8,596.85	3,556,99 1,418,38 8,631 848,95 514,20 867,52 1,661,72 4697,72	2,47.28 1,641.14 896.36 1,547.73 2,971.35 892.29 3,441.45 4,163.30 1,003.62 0.17 8406,997.89
266.95 517.72 254.95 418.52 374.29	280.49 640.73 198.84 24.24 415.63	125.72 122.85 21.59 69.66 912.57 24.23	341.84 309.51 406.65 95.03 405.39 33.68	245.82 715.72 705.33 176.22 293.23 293.23 435.91 1,070.46	126.73 126.73 194.66 267.90 1.216.78 673.40 675.64 108.84 4.33 832,490.52
1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1		11111		\$0.00
1,885.09 8,181.04 9,145.05 6,621.57 4,187.15	2,4/9.09 2,045.87 1,884.06 5,060.99 1,641.43	2,322.77 2,332.77 2,479.19 4,045.58 1,879.52	4,982.82 1,901.73 2,951.30 5,680.92 3,236.73	2,259.86 3,395.39 3,1395.39 2,784.80 3,246.53 5,547.82 5,8845.09	4,802.52 4,802.52 3,488.86 1,912.26 1,806.19 3,802.15 2,078.31 10,20.18 3,711.55 10,891.46 \$297,040.24
43,082.53 35,962.47 59,326.34 34,669.40 49,862.68	28,121.40 27,448.13 46,110.74 46,930.95	74,540.81 74,840.91 70,945.17 24,468.11 29,094.69 55,306.19	52,250.63 84,917.58 612.86 14,871.72 47,761.05 36,203.06	1,300.79 1,300.79 1,300.79 15,35.95 16,535.95 16,535.95 16,535.95 16,535.05 16,535.05 16,535.05 16,535.05 16,535.05 17,535.05 18,535.05	33,461,98 33,461,98 12,1642 91,476 43,596.80 38,599.44 770.21 66,779.25 15,183.98 83,398.04 83,308,055.76
53.64	233.38 	242.43 242.43 - 345.49 69.21	132.23 2.64 34.64 64.00	375.21 49.61 138.41 290.30 417.14 145.43	28.39 52.80 136.33 2.849.83 1.849.83 330.11 173.22 129.77 815,807.03
Harper Roger Hernández, Roger Holden Irwin Irwin Jones	Jones-Sawyer Jeakey Levine Linder	Lopez Low Maionschein Mathis Mayes McCarty Medina	Melendez Mullin Nazarian Obernolte O'Donnell	Parterson Perea Quirk Rendon Rendon Rodriguez Salas Salas Saritago Scinotth	Stone, Mark Thurmond Thurmond Thurmond Wagner Waldron Weber Wilk Williams Wood Retired TOTALS

TABLE II C Member Expenditures 12/1/2014–11/30/2015

707AL EXP (ALL FUNDS) \$374,365.17 324,319.61 350,598.83 325,273.02 325,273.02 325,273.02 325,701.11 365,901.35 326,761.60 299,742.71 326,956.40 314,228.13 320,543.10 314,228.13 320,544.30 321,595.40 315,002.13 321,436.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 321,736.40 322,746.60 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 322,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16 332,747.16
Member Per Diem (Gen. Fund) \$35,112.00 32,420.00 32,420.00 32,442.00 33,332.00 35,352.00
\$339,253.27 289,639.61 389,639.61 380,533.02 320,533.02 330,443.11 330,453.52 263,340.05 264,340.05 264,340.05 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,061.13 27,1754.18 281,177.14 281,177.14 281,776 281,177.14 281,776 281,736 2
Misc. Services \$2,548.99 \$2,548.99 \$2,748.48 \$2,748.99 \$2,748.30 \$1,076.51 \$1,076.51 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,103.82 \$2,888.430 \$2,
Subsec: & Publications \$1,024-51 \$8.00 627.87 \$152.60 660 2,421.78 \$1,123.38 \$1,125.49 \$1,142.55 \$1,1142.55 \$1,1142.55 \$1,118.54 \$92.96 \$1,887.19 \$257.73 \$2044.36 \$1,887.19 \$257.73 \$2044.36 \$1,887.19 \$257.73 \$2044.36 \$1,887.19 \$257.73 \$2044.90 \$1,104.06 \$765.00
Office Supplies \$848.56 \$10.67 \$10.089.14 \$1
& Equipment** \$330.42
Achadjian Achadjian Alejo Allein Travis Akins Baker Baker Baker Bom Burk Browth Browth Browth Calderon, Ian Calderon, Ian Chau Chau Chau Chau Chau Chau Chau Chau

364,684.11 356,711.88 377,174.08 377,174.08 377,174.08 228,6842.25 352,982.43 352,982.43 352,982.43 352,982.43 352,982.43 352,982.43 352,51.37 37,670.07 340,77 341,718.70 341,718.70 341,718.70 341,718.70 341,718.70 341,718.70 341,718.70 341,718.70 37,138.31 37,138.21	352,174,77 376,884,31 376,884,31 376,884,31 377,998,75 333,607,15 363,199,33 308,178 308,122,34 366,122,34 366,0296 368,020,96 368,020,96 368,020,96 368,020,96 368,020,96 37,440,156,96
35.112.00 35.184.00 35.184.00 35.184.00 35.184.00 35.184.00 35.185.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.182.00 35.184.00 35.182.00	35,352.00 34,652.00 35,352.00 35,352.00 35,352.00 35,352.00 35,352.00 35,352.00 35,352.00 35,352.00 35,352.00 35,448.00 35,448.00 35,448.00 35,448.00 35,448.00 35,448.00 35,448.00 35,448.00
329,572.11 321,328.88 341,424.80 341,424.80 335,947.46 22,834.45 317,729.67 317,729.67 317,729.67 317,729.67 331,534.45 331,534.45 331,534.45 331,534.45 331,534.45 331,534.46.70 330,544.07 345,571.50 345,571.50 345,571.50 345,571.50 346,544.89 359,704.75 346,544.89 369,444.57 316,944.57	316,822.73 337,710.31 347,710.31 347,710.31 288,255.15 288,255.15 287,751.33 277,751.33 277,751.33 277,51.34 277,199.34 376,743 336,649 336,649 336,649 336,864.96 336,866.19 337,664.96 283,986.19 337,649.67 27,769.30
2,608.97 7,155.41 7,221.28 7,221.28 1,06.99.41 1,06.99.17 1,22.88 1,128.49 1,128.49 1,128.49 1,128.49 1,148.49 1,149.26 1,199.26 1,199.26 1,199.26 1,199.26 1,199.26 1,199.26 1,199.26 1,199.26	2,134.52 2,134.52 2,230.05 3,872.56 3,907.42 3,907.42 3,007.44 4,071.38 1,543.76 2,660.90 6,7
1,047.12 1,019.45 1,12.26 813.75 813.75 1,349.43 36.40 1,428.99 232.79 154.96 154.96 1,099.80 1,099.80 1,749.99 818.40 681.20 1,749.99 818.40 681.20 1,749.99	306.77 306.77 2,460.36 566.48 466.00 845.36 604.46 517.25 6,589.54 94.95 1,017.96 270.16 200.16
1,334.29 2,363.07 4,341.85 4,361.96 683.82 2,528.96 2,528.91 1,680.53 1,1429.08 5,132.81 962.97 1,399.36	1,636.75 1,039.84 2,607.39 3,026.96 3,026.96 3,026.51 530.73 1,113.15 2,686.30 3,944.45 1,411.36 5,024.76 5,024.76 5,024.76 1,201.22 1,320.57 955.15 3,664.80
330.42	1,261.21
Harper Hernández, Roger Hernández, Roger Hernández, Roger Irwin Jones. Jones-Sawyer Kim Lackey Levine Lucy Levine Lucy Mainer Lopez Lopez Mathis Mathis Machina Machin	Quirk Rendom Rendom Redom Redom Rodriguez Rodriguez Salas Santiago Steinorth Stone, Mark Ting Wagner Waldron Weber Williams Wood Retired TOTALS

NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

Committee Expenditures 12/1/2014–11/30/2015

	TOTAL EXP.	\$713,021.92 507,699.55 563,098.43 1,459,197.28	495,866.68 578,083.12 1,495,472.97	225,240.35 287,822.93	310,320.10 328,500.99 327,909.87 743,647.59 767,908.74 523,767.59	551,422.54 635,428.13 1,020,264.24 618,612.31	469,627.25 446,375.71 593,825.90	458,902.71 828,504.26 511,626,92 346,465.01 320,110.68 684,518.84 646,321.61
	Misc. Services	\$1,066.97 342.34 433.44 830.11	461.81 244.15 830.11	317.93 390.64	499.12 244.15 97.66 527.94 693.27 1,052.07	668.00 347.35 748.71 386.58	616.20 671.53 467.18	715.98 2,810.47 232.91 383.49 195.32 644.85 1,002.70
	Office Supplies	\$338.77 695.04 437.48 3,121.06	646.07 576.21 2,340.87	1 1		165.33 766.32 1,786.69 711.66	1,489.08 657.67 250.04	469.00 458.38 309.18 712.05 1419.86 1,414.54 235.30
	Subscr. & Publications	\$200.91 213.56 28.74	564.57 1,743.00 2,487.35	1 1	_ _ _ 326.56 162.75	580.98 - 1,306.57 505.85	584.96 60.68 398.76	1,623.92 1,016.92 335.43 415.34 256.68
	Tele- graph	1 1 1 1	111	1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
CI	Telephone	\$100.44 46.65 255.13 621.01	385.32 216.89 1,642.83	1 1		546.70 435.07 732.62 474.48	333.38 560.20 457.47	309.44 938.90 312.02 254.66 437.67 15.81 225.95
11/30/20	Freight	\$13.19 	33.41 4.91 12.22	1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	56.76	1 1 1	
-11/2014-	Postage	\$3.48 20.78 14.40	19.10	1 1	- - - 9.60 0.48	12.60 29.29 24.59 18.16	0.98 0.49	67.20 26.26 8.88 11.62 - 5.76 - 8.65
7	Car Rental	\$289.57 61.76 267.57	142.52 197.23 145.08	1 1	179.68 _ _ 559.55	506.52 349.76 	105.97 48.93 -	274.81 303.47 393.29 280.08
	Staff Travel	\$7,009.43 4,174.75 1,426.26 11,490.40	2,464.08 6,938.94 10,277.33	2,276.84 1,839.70	3,237.60 4,695.25 11,767.66 7,653.89 2,708.91 8,389.85	3,668.79 4,880.67 4,620.21 8,131.42	1,295.22 1,786.99 613.10	3,955.88 2,030.71 1,159.41 11,907.41 7,505.28 1,968.39
	Staff Salary	\$704,301.92 502,117.23 560,256.40 1,442,838.39	491,149.80 568,161.79 1,477,734.26	222,645.58 285,592.59	306,583.38 323,381.91 316,044.55 733,552.74 763,015.24 512,994.17	545,216.86 628,619.67 1,011,044.85 608,198.28	465,202.44 442,588.73 591,638.86	453,110.40 820,615.62 506,492.93 343,569.20 307,914.66 674,810.00 641,663.49
	Committee	Accountability & Administrative Review. Aging & Long-Term Care Agriculture Appropriations	Aus, Lanciadamient, Spots, Tourism, & Internet Media Banking & Finance	Services	Transportation *No. 4-State Administration *No. 5-Public Safety Business & Professions Education Redistricing Elections & Redistricing	Materials. Government Organization Health. Higher Education	Frommanny Development Human Services Insurance Toke Fconomic Development	& the Economy. Judiciary. Labor & Employment. Local Government. Local Government. Natural Resources. Privacy & Consumer Protection. Public Employees, Retirement, & Social Security.

* Subcommittee of Standing Committee.

TABLE IV Leadership Expenditures 12/1/2014–11/30/2015

	TOTAL EXP.	\$508,675.00	398,730.21	277,968.71	383,202.13	270,804.13	234,236.77	333,540.32	303,190.19	242,091.96	302,261.96	277,640.39	396,663.16	312,741.10	532,892.20	401,178.69	233,072.89	272,772.37	63,680.16	75,661.14	101,639.30	77,118.50	75,343.47	\$6,075,104.75
	Misc. Services	\$12,858.26	244.15	195.32	292.98	410.64	390.64	195.32	469.28	585.96	195.32	341.81	390.64	439.47	292.98	195.32	400.39	299.48	275.26	48.83	774.27	I	48.83	\$19,345.15
	Office Supplies																							
	Tele- Subscr. & Telephone graph Publications	\$1,517.60	1	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	\$1,517.60
	Tele- graph	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	I	1	\$0.00
CI	Telephone	\$16,181.83	8.41	1	1	I	I	I	ı	1	1	1	ı	I	1	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	134.66	\$16,324.90
11/30/20	Freight	\$386.55	1	1	1	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	7.13	I	I	I	I	\$393.68
1/2014	Postage	ı	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	\$15.36	ı	1	I	ı	\$15.36
171	Car Rental	\$45.79	114.63	I	I	142.76	I	I	ı	I	837.24	I	ı	195.04	ı	I	I	I	I	112.04	139.53	I	104.10	\$1,691.13
	Staff Travel	\$6,935.82	2,122.11	858.40	222.12	21,566.63	1,273.08	1	1,287.54	4,256.30	12,149.26	2,890.20	206.02	1,411.81	4,371.26	1,705.37	349.97	2,596.05	578.41	1,385.54	1,568.73	I	1,975.88	\$69,710.50
	Staff Salary	\$464,608.00	396,240.91	276,914.99	382,687.03	248,684.10	232,573.05	333,345.00	301,433.37	237,249.70	289,080.14	274,408.38	396,066.50	310,694.78	528,227.96	399,278.00	232,322.53	269,876.84	62,804.00	74,114.73	99,156.77	77,118.50	73,080.00	\$5,959,965.28
	Leadership	Speaker	Speaker pro Tempore	Assistant Speaker pro Tempore	Chair, Rules Committee	Member of Rules—Burke	Member of Rules—Campos	Member of Rules—Cooley	Member of Rules—Dodd	Member of Rules—Lopez	Member of Rules—Rodriguez	Member of Rules—Wood	Democratic Caucus Chair	Majority Whip	Majority Floor Leader	Assistant Majority Floor Leader.							Women's Legislative Caucus	

Support Services Expenditures 12/1/2014–11/30/2015 TABLE V

	c. TOTAL EXP.	\$337,538.94 \$4,541,393.25 24,387.6 10,851,885.86 57,902.58 7,571,704.54 1,197,904.50 2,282,157.71 24,607.09 1,597,417.87 2,0879.42 2,822,141.51 (2,736.00) 405,002.75	942.29 \$30,071,003.49			\$3,723,425.48	44,530,761.91 177,401.09 0.00	282,048.12 243,895.37	(16,019.85) $8,749.10$	11,329.41 159,634.29 285,093.77	0.00 \$49,565,700.40			(\$48.809.14) (164.664.00) 1,750,752.99 1,000,000.00 4,009,584.00 \$6,546,863.85
	: & Misc. s Services		.23 \$1,659,942.29											
	Subscr. & Publica- tions	\$236.35 1,188.93 6,129.64 712.31	\$8,267.23											
	Office Supplies	\$24,081.90 25,378.88 14,724.10 99,071.97 6,507.58	\$197,785.92											
	Furniture & Equip- ment	\$627.69 9,831.92 250.97 46,520.21 20,380.27	\$77,611.06										S	
015	Freight	\$2,766.53 1,398.64 1,398.64 97.46 6.39 34.53 280.65	\$4,584.20	1	enditures 015								d Transfer 015	
12/1/2014-11/30/2015	Postage	\$14,853.34 4,061.15 4,061.15 21.84 13,423.10 670.99 169.43	\$33,199.85	TABLE VI	General Overnead Expenditures 12/1/2014–11/30/2015							TABLE VII	Assembly Operating Fund Transfers 12/1/2014–11/30/2015	
/1/201	Tele- graph	111111	\$0.00	TA	1 Over /1/201							TA	/ Oper//1/201	
12	Telephone	\$22,531.78 14,152.22 3,897.13 771.94 1,802.83 8,886.91 902.75	\$52,945.56	ζ	Genera 12								Assembly 12	
	Car Rental	\$26,879.07 5,031.87 5,397.97 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$126,437.63											
	Staff Travel	\$62,069.46 85,151.99 34,055.09 114.88 - 41,268.93	\$222,660.35				& Utilities		s					
	Staff Salary	\$4,049,808.19 10,680,604.50 7,449,227.76 924,344.72 1,563,622.54 2,613,125.69 406,836.00	\$27,687,569.40			es	ntenance, & Utilities	ant	ations, & Code	Meals)Delivery Services				Department & Recreation & Recreation I Services get Committee.
		Rules Committee Democratic Caucus Republican Caucus Reproduction Center Chief Clerk Sergeant at Arms Computer Services	TOTALS \$27,687,569.40			Miscellaneous Salaries	Employee BenefitsBuilding, Rent, Maintenance, office Alterations	rereptione Emitting & Equipment Office Supplies.	Subscriptions, Publications, & Codes Meeting Expenses	Meeting Expenses (Meals). Pergling (Meals). Pergling Expenses (Meals).	Study Contracts			California Military Department

STATEMENT OF ASSEMBLY EXPENDITURES PRINTED IN JOURNAL

The following Statement of Assembly Expenditures was ordered printed in the Journal:

The Honorable Anthony Rendon Speaker of the Assembly State Capitol, Room 219 Sacramento, California

Dear Mr. Speaker: Transmitted herewith is the annual report of Assembly expenses. It includes the total expenditures by Member, committee, leadership office, service operation, and overhead according to various categories for the 12-month period ending November 30, 2016. Every expenditure made from the Assembly Operating Fund during this period is accounted for. Additionally, the report includes an itemization, by Member, of per diem expenditures from the General Fund during the same period of time.

It is important to note that this report is compiled on a cash basis. Therefore, the cost of goods and services incurred by a Member during the preceding reporting period, but paid for during the current period, is included. Furthermore, some goods and services which were received toward the end of this reporting period were not paid for until the beginning of the December 2016–November 2017 reporting period and are, therefore, not included in this expenditure report.

The following indicates the types of expenditures which are included within each classification:

Staff Salary: This includes the salaries paid to all employees in the Member's district office as well as those employees who work in the Member's Capitol office, provided they are not committee or leadership office personnel. The salaries of the latter group of employees are included in the specific detail report for each of the respective committee and leadership offices.

All Assembly personnel are classified according to job descriptions approved by the Assembly Rules Committee. The committee has established specific salary ranges for each of the classifications. The salary within a range for a specific employee reflects a combination of years of service in his or her position and his or her own job performance since the amount of annual merit salary increases is based on evaluations of each employee's work. Thus, a Member whose office staff includes employees with substantial Assembly seniority, and/or outstanding records of service, will have a higher total expenditure for salaries than will a Member who employs more junior personnel.

Member Travel and Per Diem: Separate totals are shown for in-state travel and out-of-state travel. Most in-state travel expenditures are for attendance at interim committee hearings. Out-of-state travel expenditures are generally for participation in conferences dealing with an issue area pertinent to the legislative specialty of the Member or are for investigative trips.

Staff Travel: This category includes the expenditures incurred for the Capitol and district staff traveling for legislative business. It also includes mileage reimbursements to district office personnel. The staff travel expenditures reported by committee are generally costs incurred in connection with interim committee hearings which are generally held away from Sacramento for the convenience of citizens who wish to provide testimony to the committees.

Car Maintenance: The costs reported in this category will vary significantly because of the variance in the number of miles driven by the Members. Members in large-sized districts and Members who represent districts wherein air travel between the Capitol and the district is not practical tend to utilize their cars more than other Members. Accordingly, the maintenance costs of such cars are likely to be higher than for others.

Gas and Oil: Expenditures in this category are for gasoline and oil supplied to cars and private aircraft for legislative business. These costs, too, vary for the same reasons as those affecting car maintenance.

Car Rental, Staff and Member: This expenditure category includes the use of state-owned pool cars and commercial rental cars by both the Member and his/her staff in the course of legislative business.

This category, as listed in the Support Services section of the report, includes, in addition to car rental, the costs of gas, oil, and maintenance for cars utilized by the office of the Sergeant at Arms.

District Office Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Each Member is entitled to rent an office within the district he/she represents so that constituents may have direct access to their legislators. In some of the larger districts, two or three offices are sometimes authorized. Accordingly, Members representing districts in high-rent metropolitan areas or Members representing large districts requiring more than one office will be reported with higher expenditures in this category than will other Members. Costs included in this expenditure item are rent, utilities (except telephone), janitorial service, and incidental maintenance costs.

Telephone and Telegraph: All telephone charges (except some equipment installation charges) are reported in this expenditure category. Included are the charges for district office telephones, Capitol telephones, and mobile telephones. Members who will likely have higher charges than many of their colleagues are those representing districts which are either far from the Capitol, or in regions which cover large geographic areas.

Postage: The category includes the total amount expended for postage except for the postage utilized in the mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Communications: The costs included in this expenditure category are primarily for handling and mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Furniture and Equipment: This category includes the purchase, rental, and maintenance of certain furniture and equipment items utilized in the Capitol and district offices of the Members. It does not include the purchase of items which will, during the course of their usefulness, be utilized by a number of Members during succeeding years. Expenditures for items of that description are reported in the Furniture and Equipment category as General Overhead Expenditures.

Office Supplies: Stationery items, other printing costs charged to the Assembly Operating Fund, general office supplies, and related miscellaneous supplies utilized in the Members' Capitol and district offices are reported in this expenditure category.

Subscriptions and Publications: Each Member is authorized to subscribe to the newspapers generally circulated within his/her district and to certain metropolitan daily newspapers. Members representing districts which include many cities and towns will frequently have higher expenditures in this category than will Members representing relatively compact areas. Expenditures for subscriptions and publications incurred by the committees and leadership offices are reported separately. Each committee is authorized to purchase relevant books and to subscribe to periodicals specializing in the subject matter of the committee for which the expenditure is made.

Miscellaneous Services: Most of the expenditures shown in the Miscellaneous Services category for the Members are for services such as telephone answering services in district offices and newspaper clipping services. Included in this category for the committee reports are such items as witness expenses, meeting expenses, data-processing costs, and other miscellaneous services.

A number of operational costs incurred by the Assembly are not directly attributable to any of the Members, committees, leadership offices, or support services. Such expenditures are classified as General Overhead and are reported according to the following categories:

Miscellaneous Salaries: Accrued vacation payments made to terminating employees, and salaries paid to employees on extended sick leave are reported in this category.

Employee Benefits: This expenditure category includes the Assembly's contribution to the OASDI (social security) fund, the Public Employees' Retirement System, various health, dental, vision, and life insurance premiums, the Compensation Insurance Fund, unemployment and disability insurance, and any other benefits approved by the Assembly Rules Committee.

Building, Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Reported in this expenditure category are construction and remodeling costs and the rent, maintenance, and utilities for offices (other than Members' individual district offices) utilized and paid for by the Assembly outside the Capitol.

Telephone: This listing is for the cost of telephone equipment installation in all Assembly offices.

Furniture and Equipment: The expenditure indicated in this category is for the purchase, rental, and maintenance of furniture and equipment not reported elsewhere in the report. Most furniture and equipment are considered a capital investment which will be used, through the years, by a number of different Members or other offices and can therefore not be appropriately reported as an expense on behalf of any particular Member or office.

Office Supplies: The amount shown in this expenditure category represents office supplies which were purchased by the Assembly for the use of Members and other offices but which were not distributed to any such offices before the end of this reporting period.

Annotated Codes and Law Books: Each Member's office and certain other Assembly offices are furnished with Annotated California Codes and certain other law books. The cost of these books is considered a capital expenditure in the same manner as many furniture and equipment items, and is therefore reported in this General Overhead category.

Meeting Expenses: This expenditure category includes certain costs incurred by the Assembly relative to the conduct of Assembly Sessions and Joint Sessions of the Legislature which cannot be readily charged to any other expenditure category, rental costs for some meeting rooms, and some conference registration fees.

Freight, Moving, and Delivery: This expenditure category includes costs incurred for the transport of furniture, supplies, and other items which are not chargeable to any particular office.

Other Miscellaneous Services: The major expenditures reported in this category are for the costs of photography services related to official Assembly publications, vehicle liability insurance, and organization memberships.

Study Contracts: From time to time the Assembly finds it practical to contract with individuals, firms, universities, and other governmental agencies in order to expand its research capability with respect to specific projects. The costs reported in this category are for payments made under such contracts during this period.

The next report of Assembly expenditures will be for the period between December 1, 2016, and November 30, 2017.

Sincerely,

KEN COOLEY Chair of the Assembly Committee on Rules

TABLE I CALIFORNIA STATE ASSEMBLY SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

12/1/2015-11/30/2016

EXPENDITURES \$74,611,665.11 45,729,774.55 1,061,219.41 16,122.95 1,061,219.41 0.00 0.00 150,119.22 2,779,117.40 380,760.14 380,760.14 380,760.14 381,25,215.18 386,241.49 578,330.27 79,218.74 4,743.36 71,32.53 193,153.72 2,307,205.46 193,153.72 2,307,205.46 \$132,545,379.81 2,612,168.00	\$135,157,547.81
General Overhead Expenditures \$2,685,265.44 45,729,774.55	\$48,805,924.60
Support Services \$27,681,091.55 \$27,681,091.55	\$30,118,285.72
Leadership Expenditures \$6,003,838.06	\$6,129,788.91
Committee Expenditures \$21,965,148.05	\$22,245,741.09
Member Expenditures \$16,276,322.01 988,875.07 16,122.95 590,485.89	\$27,857,807.49
Staff Salary. Employee Benefits Travel & Per Diem (In-State) Travel & Per Diem (In-State) Travel & Per Diem (In-State) Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State) Car Lease	TOTALS, ALL FUNDS

TABLE II A	Member Expenditures	12/1/2015-11/30/2016	Tranel &
T	Memb	12/1/2	2 10

Car Car Gas & Lease Maintenance Oil	1									ı				I	I	I	I	1	I	1	ı	1	1	1		1	1 1	111	1111									
Staff Travel																																						
Travel & Per Diem $(Out\text{-}of\text{-}State)*$	ı	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	I	I	\$773.18	ı	I	I	1,383.27	I	I	I	I	I	1	757.60	I	ı	439.98		1	1 1	817.20	817.20 598.20	817.20 598.20	817.20 598.20	817.20 598.20 - - 1,593.63	817.20 817.20 598.20 - 1,593.63 1,021.62	817.20 598.20 - - 1,593.63 1,021.62	817.20 598.20 1,593.63 1,021.62	817.20 \$98.20 1,593.63 1,021.62	817.20 598.20 	817.20 598.20 1,593.63 1,021.62 1,106.74 968.80 1,153.75
Travel & Per Diem (In-State)*	\$12,325.87	9,042.92	13,458.28	4,751.37	16,009.82	3,692.14	9,134.44	17,013.85	7,666.75	9,530.39	13,779.74	14,620.40	13,611.15	12,089.04	3,694.10	12,283.85	20,357.96	17,374.71	7,268.06	9,062.47	1,664.47	3,294.27	17,528.74	11,552.77		21,608.44	21,608.44	21,608.44 2,210.63 5,918.45	21,608.44 2,210.63 5,918.45 14,967.63	21,608.44 2,210.63 5,918.45 14,967.63	21,608.44 2,210.63 5,918.45 14,967.63 919.86 1,882.56	21,608.44 2,210.63 5,918.45 14,967.63 919.86 1,882.56 12,023.00	21,608.44 2,210.63 5,918.45 14,967.63 919.86 1,882.56 12,023.00	21,608.44 2,210.63 5,918.45 14,967.63 919.86 1,882.56 12,023.00 19,782.47	21,608.44 22,106.3 5,918.45 14,967.63 919.86 1,882.56 12,023.00 19,782.47 6,901.47 18,538.02	21,608.44 2,210.63 5,918.45 14,967.63 919.86 1,825.56 12,023.00 19,782.47 6,901.47 18,538.02	21,608.44 22,210.63 5,918.45 14,967.63 19,95.6 1,882.56 12,023.00 19,782.30 19,782.30 19,782.30 20,008.99	21,608.44 21,608.44 5,918.45 14,967.63 18,782.56 12,023.00 19,782.47 6,901.47 6,901.47 18,538.02 21,299.22 20,608.99 4,558.00
Staff Salary	\$274,116.49	209,480.38	214,143.91	140,670.91	193,091.16	46,707.54	241,559.27	221,116.99	223,249.40	241,994.08	262,028.04	173,732.50	209,663.30	220,056.63	226,161.33	230,105.82	147,265.57	123,315.48	225,834.45	168,296.91	181,549.22	195,832.43	85,895.41	241,368.90	00000	238,578.90	238,578.90 213,663.08	238,578.90 213,663.08 274,469.55	238,578.90 213,663.08 274,469.55 243,736.98	238,578.90 213,663.08 274,469.55 243,736.98 197,561.95	238,578.90 213,663.08 274,469.55 243,736.98 197,561.95 228,207.50	238,578,90 213,663.08 274,469.55 243,736.98 197,561,95 228,207,50	238,578,90 213,663,08 274,469,55 243,736,98 197,561,95 228,207,50 257,284,66	238,578,90 213,663,08 274,469,55 243,736,98 197,561,95 257,284,66 227,884,20	238,578,90 213,663,08 274,469,58 197,561,95 228,207,50 257,284,66 257,284,66 227,884,20 251,566,00	238,578,90 213,660,58 274,469,58 243,736,98 228,207,56 257,284,66 131,627,69 251,566,00	213,663.08 274,469.55 274,469.55 197,561.95 228,207.50 227,884.20 131,627.69 181,896.40 205,924,48	238,578,90 274,469,55 274,469,58 197,561,95 228,207,50 227,284,66 227,284,66 227,284,66 227,584,66 251,566,00 131,627,69 251,566,00 181,389,64 165,293,00
Member	Achadjian	Alejo	Allen, Travis	Arambula (Effective 4/14/2016)	Atkins	Baker	Bigelow	Bloom	Bonilla	Bonta	Brough	Brown	Burke	i		Chang	Chau	Chávez	Chiu	Chu	Cooley	Cooper							Daly Dodd Eggman Frazier	Daly Dodd Eggman Frazier Gaines, Beth	Daly Daly Bodd Eggman Frazier Frazier Gallagher	Daly Begond Egemen Frazier Frazier Gaines, Beth Garcia, Cristina	Daly Dodd Eggman Frazier Gaines, Beth Gallagher Garcia, Cristina Garcia, Eduardo.	Daly Daly Bedd Egman Frazier Frazier Galiagher Garcia, Cristina Garcia, Eduardo	Daly Daly Begnan Eggman Frazier Ganes, Beth Galagher Garcia, Cristina Garcia, Eduardo Garcia Garcia	Daly Daly Begman Frazier Frazier Gaines, Beth Garcia, Cristina Garcia, Cristina Garcia, Eduardo Gatto Gatto Gomez	Daly Daly Bedd Eggman Frazier Frazier Galiagher Garcia, Cristina Garcia, Eduardo Gato Gato Gato Gato Gato Gato Gato Gat	Daly Daly Begman Frazier Frazier Gaines, Beth Garcia, Cristina Garcia, Eduardo Gatto Gatto Gatto Gomez Gonzalez Gondon

	255,244.01	8,581.25	I	4,926.62	I	I	I
Hadley	74,020.00	7,200.82	I	8,836.02	I	I	I
Hamber Hambadaz Bozar	167 300 78	14,524.00	ı	8,002.30	ı	ı	I
Holden	225,539,51	18,665,19	I 1	2,981,90	1 1	1 1	l I
Irwin	201,893.15	20,570.87	I	7,306.68	I	I	I
Jones	228,478.93	22,375.79	1	11,847.07	I	1	I
Jones-Sawyer	249,303.30	10,155.29	I	951.74	I	I	I
Kim.	33,389.87	14,067.82	I	15,863.54	I	I	I
Lackey	83,869.73	16,910.09	I	6,355.02	I	I	I
Levine	219,165.88	9,462.04	I	3,528.09	I	I	I
Linder	95,695.50	17,431.60	I	11,068.23	I	I	I
Lopez	235,171.15	14,620.02	I	3,167.56	I	I	I
Low	239,631.66	4,742.66	I	3,853.64	I	I	I
Maienschein	197,385.73	14,679.16	ı	2,184.80	ı	I	I
Mathis	162,914.53	9,275.25	I	17,510.87	I	I	I
Mayes	222,987.86	13,277.98	1,463.53	6,893.25	I	I	I
McCarty	221,641.48	96.920,9	1,997.13	1,749.38	I	ı	I
Medina	263,377.63	14,457.42	ı	9,985.68	I	I	I
Melendez	215,012.65	18,918.82	ı	15,272.34	I	I	I
Mullin	260,354.00	4,828.69	I	1,842.06	I	I	I
Nazarian	232,144.41	26,151.25	I	6,330.66	I	I	I
Obernolte	255,116.76	12,355.42	I	9,942.59	I	I	I
O'Donnell	194,919.36	14,109.23	I	7,791.45	I	1	I
Olsen	165,279.14	5,826.76	I	10,711.84	I	I	I
	247,799.61	1,133.95	I	6,885.46	I	I	I
Perea (Resigned 12/31/2015)	91,551.96	1	I	1,834.61	I	ı	I
Quirk	219,376.95	4,111.89	1 0	5,916.18	I	I	I
Rendon	254,690.98	12,546.44	589.08	2,911.05	I	I	I
Ridley-Thomas	219,427.83	19,790.63	I	5,935.99	Ι	I	I
Rodriguez	204,392.13	18,468.48	1	8,942.00	I	I	I
Salas	167,599.11	17,813.66	326.20	12,072.11	I	I	I
Santiago	173,743.65	18,044.58	Ι	7,354.23	I	I	I
Steinorth		18,137.87	I	10,448.11	I	I	I
Stone, Mark	243,847.75	11,629.92	I	9,343.38	I	Ι	I
Thurmond	254,639.09	4,284.32	I	6,264.56	I	Ι	I
Ting	260,458.09	5,694.83	I	2,363.27	I	I	I
Wagner	253,779.34	17,736.81	I	2,669.32	Ι	Ι	I
Waldron	256,374.77	15,963.76	I	12,679.21	I	I	I
Weber	253,227.68	17,086.27	1,133.04	7,418.48	I	I	I
Wilk	141,759.85	22,881.19	I	8,108.68	I	I	I
Williams	173,674.27	15,720.92	I	10,464.40	Ι	Ι	I
Wood	213,469.50	11,790.25	1	6,380.24	.	.	
TOTALS	\$16,276,322.01	\$988,875.07	\$16,122.95	\$590,485.89	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

TABLE II B Member Expenditures 12/1/2015–11/30/2016

Communications	I	\$28,228.76	37,654.06	14,701.75	32,835.93	218,185.77	30,251.30	1	17,936.82	1	7,040.50	20,076.45	6,136.52	20,381.34	48,340.68	38,867.15	21,963.54	31,521.90	1	29,203.34	60,976.73	55,015.27	150,012.66	620.39	27,523.81	43,213.65	1	I	61,299.45	18,185.48	1	19,888.17	36,480.95	6,904.24	53,005.93	ı	ı	20,609.93 14,102.17
Postage	\$1,008.71	1,816.84	3,135.40	473.74	2,037.72	3,801.89	258.07	1,518.76	429.77	1,738.77	569.70	1,315.56	507.04	1,791.53	507.49	842.86	225.87	268.80	245.01	1,926.99	481.64	3,176.36	3,980.15	2,585.44	949.76	645.69	254.71	1,822.95	2,509.33	1,471.01	1,442.74	435.39	2,778.03	4,548.86	3,190.53	1,058.22	13.41	3,173.57 821.38
Freight	\$153.41	957.71	187.72	56.40	1,793.75	59.13	169.32	841.13	216.09	346.69	224.80	536.64	402.81	595.25	713.81	312.62	213.30	116.78	163.68	157.22	68.16	I	915.08	69.73	384.58	72.71	189.37	85.23	ı	5.90	257.53	75.34	654.78	696.97	241.11	327.11	98.85	23.45 404.37
Telegraph	I	1	1	1	I	ı	I	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	I	1	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	I	1	I	1	1 1
Telephone	\$1,703.12	4,406.25	7,226.63	1,735.06	1,660.62	2,588.09	3,384.13	9,896.65	2,630.91	3,577.16	1,470.12	6,518.98	2,332.72	5,333.76	3,200.60	1,501.88	2,532.05	1,258.56	2,540.01	1,901.62	2,274.23	3,235.17	2,738.98	3,551.37	1,651.19	4,245.73	2,619.84	4,051.39	2,613.00	2,936.40	6,553.15	6,972.45	3,024.97	2,891.27	3,160.60	2,836.11	3,162.55	3,196.65 2,381.40
Dist. Office Rent, Mnt., Ut.	\$49,822.04	26,989.12	46,709.86	197.80	1,567.92	53,601.43	45,181.84	86,306.21	41,369.44	1,985.98	44,562.55	42,519.45	31,963.68	72,810.78	1,967.04	45,692.35	35,557.50	52,111.80	662.07	35,431.53	24,438.57	56,602.98	392.90	48,804.24	74,152.53	46,147.58	987.13	49,710.95	42,098.78	27,371.33	39,774.08	43,094.70	66,562.39	68,895.34	58,646.13	1,128.22	88,248.92	33,868.61 49,728.64
Car Rental Staff & Member	\$224.17	156.39	446.50	1	Ι	I	I	317.18	I	315.74	104.20	ı	ı	ı	1	212.83	120.94	423.52	187.76	214.35	85.33	58.07	1	326.36	I	I	107.00	472.34	I	I	67.03	885.10	352.83	86.74	233.82	I ;	00.89	108.47 112.55
Member	Achadjian	Alejo	Allen, Travis	Arambula (Effective 4/14/2016)	Atkins	Baker	Bigelow	Bloom		Bonta	Brough	Brown	Burke	Calderon	Campos	Chang	Chau	Chávez	Chiu	Chu	Cooley	Cooper	Dababneh	Dahle	Daly	Dodd	Eggman	Frazier		Gallagher			Gatto	Gipson	Gomez	Gonzalez	Gordon	Gray Grove

194,567.19 20,823,62 91,389.29 15,134.62 58,566.59 8,489.62	221,194.50 183,622.38 45,414.76 163,957.43 15,554.53	76,483.58 96,715.07 33,398.41 - 902.91 2,958.53	18,811.99 19,815.06 7,673.10 14,218.10 19,437.86 21,636.50 7,699.65	4,580.95 41,527.14 70,132.10 86,506.50 267,098.72	11,042.97 18,954.16 - 63,797.24 51,945.47 \$3,125,215.18
3,184.43 844.89 4,959.58 1,215.54 942.35 2,059.71	2,994.81 2,994.81 2,124.57 2,994.81 2,57	250.41 (1,986.14 (8,769 (3,490.51 (2,712.81 (2,677.27	1,388.07 2,516.14 817.69 850.23 1,092.40 2,518.09 1,257.48	1,131.65 993.14 2,348.69 1,993.13 2,034.08 4,320.60 401.15 769.11	420.28 237.44 2,829.00 7,829.00 7,849.63 3,266.40 2,878.34 393.50 8131,787.65
489.11 68.57 375.16 298.41 235.35 266.49	23.58 823.58 241.70 18.86 298.33 227.80	78.21 53.07 10.77 603.91 19.39 556.04 616.66	292.88 292.88 130.19 538.70 50.51 48.37 48.83 64.64	749.40 1,348.68 335.28 277.41 623.57 62.23 52.15	350.65 158.85 1,148.88 4,145.93 762.92 395.36 119.04 \$26,930.24
11111	1 1 1 1 1 1		1111111	1111111	\$0.00
4,901.55 1,923.74 7,431.54 9,134.11 7,811.26 3,839.35	2,107.33 1,180.30 2,009.08 3,964.50 1,550.59 6,50.50	1,595.84 2,150.26 1,767.41 4,612.99 2,041.15 5,294.07 5,478.48	1,751.90 2,282.61 4,759.81 6,792.53 3,037.44 2,314.75 898.87 3,072.32	2,625.76 4,099.18 5,903.94 3,152.37 2,887.12 5,410.82 3,869.44	3,749.08 1,719.18 1,839.31 1,839.31 3,426.66 2,043.28 7,464.95 7,464.95 5,242.05
44,711.09 47,483.36 36,244.25 61,917.23 41,383.30 49,872.28	37,172,22 30,695,48 47,021.99 46,863.14 73,930.14	4,590.58 43,728.84 37,7234 35,457.89 60,276.11 76,296.98	89,278.61 845.31 16,119.96 57,712.30 33,206.63 53,900.96 333.15 54,449.26	67,806.45 (63,436.91 41,256.19 37,396.19 819.52 45,541.54 33,986.17	722.41 44.965.08 39,555.44 876.91 37,878.86 72,461.50 18,462.21 83,251,906.22
742.84 203.77 173.49 (128.00)	278.44 210.96 782.17 285.62	510.07 247.44 155.07 177.46 877.28	48.24 128.34 536.97 140.49	50.55 116.32 93.72 539.10 43.37 342.14	150.97 216.73 1.457.03 670.04 333.09 610.52 \$15,889.74
Hadley. Harper. Hernández, Roger. Holden Irwin. Jones	Kim Lackey Luckey Linder	Low Mathis Mathis Mayes. McCarty Medina Medina	Mullin Muzarian Obernole O'Donnell Olsen Patterson Perca (Resigned 12/31/2015)	Rendon Ridley-Thomas Rodriguez. Salas Santiago Steinorth Stone, Mark Thurmond	Ting Wagner Waldrom Weber Weilk Williams Wood TOTALS

TABLE II C Member Expenditures 12/1/2015–11/30/2016

		171	2/1/2013-11/30/2010	0			
Member	Furniture & Equipment *	Office Supplies	Subscr. & Publications	Misc. Services	TOTAL	Member Per Diem (Gen. Fund)	TOTAL EXP. (ALL FUNDS)
Achadiian	I	\$728.64	I	\$3,297,98	\$348,727,17	\$35,024,00	\$383,751,17
Aleio.	I	5.308.27	8668.97	6,226.20	298,504.68	33,792.00	332,296.68
Allen. Travis	ı	518.80	555.00	1,970.99	335,246.20	31,856,00	367,102.20
Arambula (Effective 4/14/2016)	1	2,148.41	259.96	3,729.53	171,092.25	19,008.00	190,100.25
Atkins	ı	2,019.10	259.82	1,776.08	258,285.61	34,848.00	293,133.61
	I	1,629.51	43.06	3,489.37	342,640.65		342,640.65
Bigelow	1	845.72	250.09	1,394.83	340,676.48	35,024.00	375,700.48
Bloom	I	3,563.99	2,976.46	4,016.58	356,244.63	35,376.00	391,620.63
Bonilla	1	1,493.78	484.90	6,031.83	307,518.32	34,848.00	342,366.32
Bonta	I	3,772.20	3,138.04	7,002.51	283,106.74	34,672.00	317,778.74
Brough	I	791.91	1	2,354.15	342,446.51	35,024.00	377,470.51
Brown	I	1,338.68	1,319.35	5,491.66	275,916.38	34,496.00	310,412.38
	I	1,171.54	1	2,253.74	273,887.22	34,848.00	308,735.22
Calderon	1	2,989.17	I	2,716.64	344,477.55	35,376.00	379,853.55
Campos	I	1,160.56	29.09	1.508.77	288,737.41	34,320.00	323,057.41
Chang	ı	857.35	606.28	1,881,66	343,593.55	33,440,00	377,033.55
Chau	ı	2.262.31	1.348.54	2,348.59	238,372.89	34,848.00	273,220.89
Chávez	ı	87.71		1,987.43	238,108,99	34,848.00	272,956.99
Chin	I	2.233.38	2.100.33	1,992.54	244,038.62	35,024.00	279,062.62
Chu	ı	3.857.77	537.80	2,837.57	260,221.70	35,376,00	295,597.70
Cooley	1	2,659.32	563.62	3,767.33	280,825.42	1	280,825.42
Cooper	1	5,981.96	463.42	5,423.75	336,462.24	ı	336,462.24
Dababneh	1	1,572.87	1,331.31	17,658.32	292,051.13	35,024.00	327,075.13
Dahle	1	1,554.45	1,283.76	1,811.26	335,891.04	34,848.00	370,739.04
	\$706.32	473.89	1,045.96	7,597.12	379,484.14	34,848.00	414,332.14
Dodd	Ι	1,585.26	237.76	3,106.99	331,019.75	34,672.00	365,691.75
Eggman	Ι	1,389.06	851.26	1,428.58	292,181.05	10,912.00	303,093.05
Frazier	1	2,849.20	1	3,657.37	325,598.87	35,376.00	360,974.87
Gaines, Beth	Ι	350.81	965.77	1,968.31	316,963.76	ı	316,963.76
Gallagher	Ι	1,246.37	90:899	3,684.41	296,935.70	35,376.00	332,311.70
Garcia, Cristina	Ι	4,996.58	2,538.88	3,994.44	338,931.39	34,848.00	373,779.39
Garcia, Eduardo	I	1,531.79	450.99	2,483.15	338,058.24	35,376.00	373,434.24
Gatto	I	2,364.93	535.00	8,231.66	265,856.01	35,376.00	301,232.01
Gipson	I	3,323.44	504.11	12,477.97	373,679.61	35,376.00	409,055.61
Gomez	I	4,260.65	753.01	4,887.98	338,607.11	35,200.00	373,807.11
Gonzalez	I	1,881.46	1,395.64	3,728.16	245,450.59	35,024.00	280,474.59
Gordon	I	764.95	ı	523.33	265,052.05	35,376.00	300,428.05
Gray	I	2,762.70	3,765.64	7,314.29	286,791.77	35,376.00	322,167.77
Grove	I	4,193.79	714.78	1,983.49	343,194.45	34,848.00	378,042.45

Tadley Tarper Tarper Ternández, Roger Tolden Trwin Trw	1,409.97 600.30 2,484.98 2,994.40 754.40 181.41 2,225.27 1,177.79 1,529.15 1,855 1,866 2,518.86	470.62 485.05 (120.00) 1,177.76 890.95 35.1.99 192.00 91.6.93 387.75	4,475.49 1,594.55 3,941.76 12,106.98 3,659.32 3,952.50 1,624.36 1,926.98 1,926.98 2,759.83	343,430.13 341,524.99 338,782.48 351,037.65 344,014.22 331,5771.54 267,79.58 334,683.27 338,579.91 334,510.75 345,511.69	34,496.00 35,376.00 35,376.00 35,376.00 35,376.00 35,376.00 35,376.00 35,376.00 35,376.00 35,376.00 35,376.00	377,926.13 376,900.99 374,158.48 386,237.65 379,390.22 36,947.44 302,955.58 369,179.27 369,886.75 379,579.69
Lopez Low Matenschein Mathis Mayatis Mayes McCarty Medina Melidez Mullin Mullin O'Donnell O'Bernoll Patterson	8,631,62 8,631,62 1,454,21 1,454,34 1,150,75 1,150,75 1,260,75 1,260,75 1,763,93 1,7	100.88 170.88 496.06 207.74 390.77 1,279.85 1,588.60 1,729.34 2,401.02 239.07 634.78	9.850.28 9.850.65 4.950.165 4.106.322 1.952.32 3.721.83 5.721.83 7.721.83 7.75.74 7.75	369,947,95 344,455.61 33,945,53 33,945,53 33,945,53 33,945,53 321,053,74 321,053,74 321,053,74 309,924,93 309,924,93 343,826,94	35,376,00 35,376,00 35,376,00 35,376,00 35,376,00 37,376,00 35,376,00 35,376,00 35,376,00 35,376,00 35,376,00	340,532,95 340,532,95 379,831.61 379,831.61 366,054.15 330,423.67 413,059,22 353,437,74 419,478.97 342,986.49 343,892.93 281,343,98
Perea (Resigned 12/31/2015) Quirk Rendon Rendon Ridley-Thomas Rodriguez Sadas Santiago. Salank Steinorth Thurmond. Thurmond. Thurmond. Wagner Waldron Waldron Waldron Waldron TOTALS.	 725.01 2.612.16 2.612.27 10.540.31 2.046.78 4.066.78 4.063.30 7.085 1.226.38 7.51.21 1.226.38 7.51.21 1.235.24 1.355.24 1.355.24 1.355.24	2,791.95 2,791.95 2,791.95 343.45 343.45 564.03 192.00 897.37 2,159.65 300.00 84.00 84.00 87.97 215.94	885.97 885.97 885.97 1,475.56 1,475.56 1,475.56 2,672.04 1,969.25 1,187.80 3,315.18 3,315.18 3,316.18 4,591.49 5,211.85 5,211.85 6,511.85 1,157.15 8305,034.42	96.287.53 30.112.99 30.112.99 30.112.99 33.4.537.45 32.8.791.21 32.8.791.21 30.3.3.831.81 30.3.3.831.81 30.3.3.831.81 30.2.3.831.81 30.2.2.3.83 28.5.2.85 28.5.2.85 28.5.2.85 28.5.2.85 28.5.3.85 28.6.413.76 340.3.96.94 259.016.21	35.376.00 34.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00 35.376.00	96.287.53 33.4488.99 381.748.99 381.748.99 381.748.99 384.167.21 358.357.70 332.787.97 341.684.12 341.684.12 341.684.12 341.684.12 341.684.12 342.787.91 375.450.86 375.450.86 375.450.86 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.60.11 377.760.11 377.760.11

NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

Committee Expenditures 12/1/2015–11/30/2016

TOTAL EXP.	\$704,811.99 \$25,652.59 \$75,160.47 1,425,061.75	366,397.49 606,170.07 1,484,560.37	237,395.18 281,810.05	315,945.95 327,567.94 238,986.57 663,966.09 756,721.57 625,231.11	549,737.29 650,790.40 946,240.60 648,029.72	411,114.19 511,108.13 635,733.36	454,389,51 899,376,79 500,368,06 57,996,70 85,866,53 695,367,44 610,032.87
Misc. Services	\$583.06 373.89 477.45 683.62	411.80 244.15 841.39	48.83 195.32	333.66 48.83 83.55 639.45 643.68 404.50	450.83 309.63 658.62 292.98	504.59 491.28 195.68	405.59 2,670.58 384.75 4,973.72 389.85 670.97
Office Supplies	\$109.18 330.32 421.15 2,523.08	250.24 679.34 2,110.24	1 1	705.43 551.24 377.42	352.07 446.53 2,077.49 538.53	477.13 626.10 260.61	1,221.08 585.76 632.23 388.21 407.57 283.63
Subscr. & Publications	- - - - -	812.84 80.00 1,864.60	336.00	- - - - 484.56 322.75	561.49 - 1,192.76 580.65	613.36 176.02 178.88	4,367.60 834.83 124.60 60.68
Tele- graph	1 1 1 1	111	1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	111	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Telephone	\$77.08 173.37 133.05 556.36	376.72 232.02 1,491.20	1 1	- 698.06 668.59 159.04	316.18 501.69 632.60 361.74	529.63 243.86 405.67	1,056.03 293.26 281.04 423.48 9.86 336.50
Freight	1 1 1 1	\$28.31 _	1.1	12.89	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1111111
Postage	\$2.94 18.10 2.14	4.47 1.41 1.36	1 1		10.02 $ 32.31$ 3.88	3.62	16.65 5.34 2.45 215.52 - 0.97 17.64
Car Rental	\$420.44 440.65 207.86 1,368.72	184.82 484.10 125.84	1 1	924.04 321.63 - 187.59 153.72 743.66	48.24 121.27 432.13 339.50	45.79	392.92 399.94 890.40 39.43 45.79 613.24 –
Staff Travel	\$6,266.12 6,836.80 365.22 9,350.73	3,246.09 8,274.47 4,302.55	797.76	5,109.16 6,871.98 7,973.01 5,908.48 9,546.37 6,128.84	647.79 4,593.11 3,616.87 5,422.17	517.23 2,658.58 27.03	3,740,36 3,069.80 5,127,46 470.20 4,837.74 9,049.10 2,089.76 3,682.75
Staff Salary	\$697,353.17 517,479.46 573,179.52 1,410,579.24	361,110.51 596,146.27 1,473,823.19	236,548.59 281,278.73	309,579.09 320,325.50 230,930.01 655,819.15 744,639.30 617,082.28	547,350.67 644,818.17 937,597.82 640,490.27	408,422.84 506,912.29 634,664.56	448,168,50 887,221.74 493,037,51 540,793.75 80,983.00 684,350.06 606,917.00
Committee	Accountability & Administrative Review Aging & Long-Term Care Agriculture Appropriations	Aus, Latterdaminent, Sports, Tourism, & Hernet Media Banking & Finance	*No.2—Featin & Human Services *No.2—Education Finance	TAUS_ACSOLUCES & Transportation *No.4—State Administration *No.5—Public Safety Business & Professions Education	Environmental Sarety & 10XIC Materials	rousing & Collinging Development Human Services Insurance Take Ede Development	Jos., Localine Development, & the Economy Labor & Employment Local Government—Vice Chair. Local Government—Vice Chair. Privacy & Consumer Protection. Public Employees, Retirement, & Social Security

* Subcommittee of Standing Committee.

TABLE IV Leadership Expenditures 12/1/2015–11/30/2016

TOTAL $EXP.$	\$99,099.67 166,756.22	412,480.32	218,966.47	70,330.63	28,751.91	390,728.82	106,491.07	74,267.87	49,086.13	75.030.62	301,430,13	401,150.82	278,419.98	205,511.94	324,375.62	72,149.94	82,270.50	201,124.55	333,988.92	249,309.89	129,091.08	281,760.19	117,464.03	51,481.10 291,135.71 548,961.19
Misc. Services	\$969.72 9,994.36	198.88	I	48.83	I	86.57	97.66	97.66	48.83	75:54	537.13	341.81	292.98	673.83	181.21	I	48.83	195.32	244.15	341.81	146.49	132.38	48.83	175.00 195.32 2,018.53
Office Supplies	\$1,909.80 6,995.69	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I		I	1	I	I	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	679.17
Subscr. & Publications	\$368.16 3,070.48	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1 1	l I	I	ı	80.00	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	384.00	I	29.00
Tele- graph	1 1	I	I	1	I	1	I	I	I	1 1	I I	ı	ı	ı	I	I	I	ı	I	I	ı	I	I	1 1 1
Telephone	\$1,605.70 1,371.55	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I		I	1	ı	I	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	474.41
Freight	1 1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I			I	ı	I	1	I	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	I	1 1 1
Postage	\$14.26	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I		l I	1	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	1 1 1
Car Rental	\$103.52	210.21	235.47	169.15	I	I	406.56	89.18	1 5	110.92	830.92	202.18	I	I	1,653.58	I	I	I	323.84	377.64	I	I	I	308.82
Staff Travel	\$1,005.26 1,326.60	466.00	14,049.55	246.10	I	546.52	1,654.69	6,443.03	748.30	1,992.91	9.614.32	6,267.80	2,376.18	610.20	9,296.25	1,408.19	95.40	912.62	3,241.70	1.573.39	1,953.49	357.17	I	294.10 3,072.71 9,784.99
Staff Salary	\$93,137.51 143,983.28	411,605.23	204,681.45	69,866.55	28,751.91	390,095.73	104,332.16	67,638.00	48,289.00	25,049.32	290,447.76	394,339.03	275,750.82	204,147.91	313,244.58	70,741.75	82,126.27	200,016.61	330,179.23	247,017.05	126,991.10	280,886.64	117,415.20	51,012.00 287,558.86 535,975.09
Leadership	Speaker—Atkins	Speaker pro 1empore	Tempore—BurkeAssistant Sneaker pro	Tempore—Chiu	Cooley	Gordon	Member of Rules—Arambula	Member of Rules—Burke	Member of Rules—Campos	Member of Rules—Cooley			11	Member of Rules—Quirk	Member of Rules—Rodriguez	Member of Rules—Wood	Eggman	Gipson	Majority Whip	Calderon	Majority Floor Leader—Holden.	Assistant Majority Floor Leader—Cooper	Leader—Garcia, Cristina	Assistant Majority Whip—Low Speaker Emeritus

36,290.96	36,883.42	26,546.58	83,319.08		56,574.13	84,260.95	5,129,788.91
- 770.96	79.63	I	131.66		1,677.02	719.36	21,140.08
I	303.25	I	I		I	I	\$9,887.91
ı	ı	ı	ı		I	I	\$3,931.64
I	ı	I	I		I	I	\$0.00
I	I	I	I		I	158.35	\$3,610.01
ſ	\$38.18	ı	ı		ı	ı	\$38.18
ı	14.22	I	6.32		I	T	\$34.80
I	46.90	169.15	46.90		I	253.04	\$5,537.98
ı	517.82	258.20	464.20		470.20	693.74	\$81,770.25
35,520.00	35,883.42	26,119.23	82,670.00		54,426.91	82,436.46	,003,838.06
Asian Pacific Islander Caucus— BontaAsian Pacific Islander Caucus—	Williams		Latino Caucus	Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, &		Women's Legislative Caucus	TOTALS\$6

TABLE V	Support Services Expenditures	12/1/2015_11/30/2016
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	Misc. TOTAL Services EXP.	\$301,525,02 \$4,593,975.61 49,246,03 10,040,794.38 44,365.59 7,992,791.04 1,319,447.40 2,383,957.53 11,027,94 1,650,326.27 34,995.53 3098,315.74 38,125.15	\$1,760,607.51 \$30,118,285.72		\$2,685,265.44 45,729,774.55 (472,788.82)	34,458.26 317,567.47 153,625.95 (12,594.41)	4,743.36 7,132.53 163,540.69 195,199.58	\$48,805,924.60			\$4,216,083.00
	Subscr. & Publica- M tions Ser	\$478.00 \$ 440.71 8,201.58 1,941.52	\$11,061.81		& Utilities						
	Office Supplies	\$18,801.62 20,347.30 12,357.30 97,589.58 5,284.54 65,687.65	\$220,067.99								
	Furniture & Equip- ment	\$5,892.71 7,012.85 54,010.14 962.43	\$67,878.13						SIS		
12/1/2015-11/30/2016	Freight	\$1,488.17 429.41 335.69 - 48.11 302.03	\$2,603.41	enditures 016					d Transfe	016	
	Postage	\$12,757.34 107.34 2.52 227.32 626.05 446.04	30 \$14,166.61 TABLE VI	General Overhead Expenditures					TABLE VII Assembly Operating Fund Transfers	12/1/2015-11/30/2016	
07/1/	Tele- graph	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$0.00	1 Ove					TA y Ope	2/1/20	
	Tele- Telephone graph	\$20,391.62 12,140.78 2,931.64 766.90 1,499.58 5,164.76 598.65	\$43,493.93	Genera			& Codes.		Assembl	12	
	Car Rental	\$14,261.15 5,422.23 2,743.28 73.33 93,503.65	\$116,003.64								
	Staff Travel	\$31,586.31 74,246.05 27,468.57 1,873.90 66,136.31	\$201,311.14		ities						
	Staff Salary	\$4,186,793.67 9,871,401.68 7,894,384.87 911,916.19 1,627,951.30 2,831,117.34 357,526.50	\$27,681,091.55		1 1 45		reals) Jelivery Services				get Committee.
		Rules Committee Democratic Caucus Republican Caucus Reproduction Center Chief Clerk Sergeant at Arms Computer Services	TOTALS \$27,681		Miscellaneous Salaries Employee Benefits Building, Rent, Maintenance,	Teleptone Teleptone Furniture & Equipment Office Supplies Subscriptions, & Codes	Meeting Expenses. Meeting Expenses (Meals). Meting Expenses (Meals). Freight, Moving, & Delivery Other Movings, & Delivery Study Confracts.	TOTALS			Joint Legislative Budget Committee TOTAL S

STATEMENT OF ASSEMBLY EXPENDITURES PRINTED IN JOURNAL

The following Statement of Assembly Expenditures was ordered printed in the Journal:

The Honorable Anthony Rendon Speaker of the Assembly State Capitol, Room 219 Sacramento, California

Dear Mr. Speaker: Transmitted herewith is the annual report of Assembly expenses. It includes the total expenditures by Member, committee, leadership office, service operation, and overhead according to various categories for the 12-month period ending November 30, 2017. Every expenditure made from the Assembly Operating Fund during this period is accounted for. Additionally, the report includes an itemization, by Member, of per diem expenditures from the General Fund during the same period of time.

It is important to note that this report is compiled on a cash basis. Therefore, the cost of goods and services incurred by a Member during the preceding reporting period, but paid for during the current period, is included. Furthermore, some goods and services which were received toward the end of this reporting period were not paid for until the beginning of the December 2017–November 2018 reporting period and are, therefore, not included in this expenditure report.

The following indicates the types of expenditures which are included within each classification:

Staff Salary: This includes the salaries paid to all employees in the Member's district office as well as those employees who work in the Member's Capitol office, provided they are not committee or leadership office personnel. The salaries of the latter group of employees are included in the specific detail report for each of the respective committee and leadership offices.

All Assembly personnel are classified according to job descriptions approved by the Assembly Rules Committee. The committee has established specific salary ranges for each of the classifications. The salary within a range for a specific employee reflects a combination of years of service in his or her position and his or her own job performance since the amount of annual merit salary increases is based on evaluations of each employee's work. Thus, a Member whose office staff includes employees with substantial Assembly seniority, and/or outstanding records of service, will have a higher total expenditure for salaries than will a Member who employs more junior personnel.

Member Travel and Per Diem: Separate totals are shown for in-state travel and out-of-state travel. Most in-state travel expenditures are for attendance at interim committee hearings. Out-of-state travel expenditures are generally for participation in conferences dealing with an issue area pertinent to the legislative specialty of the Member or are for investigative trips.

Staff Travel: This category includes the expenditures incurred for the Capitol and district staff traveling for legislative business. It also includes mileage reimbursements to district office personnel. The staff travel expenditures reported by committee are generally costs incurred in connection with interim committee hearings which are generally held away from Sacramento for the convenience of citizens who wish to provide testimony to the committees.

Car Maintenance: The costs reported in this category will vary significantly because of the variance in the number of miles driven by the Members. Members in large-sized districts and Members who represent districts wherein air travel between the Capitol and the district is not practical tend to utilize their cars more than other Members. Accordingly, the maintenance costs of such cars are likely to be higher than for others.

Gas and Oil: Expenditures in this category are for gasoline and oil supplied to cars and private aircraft for legislative business. These costs, too, vary for the same reasons as those affecting car maintenance.

Car Rental, Staff and Member: This expenditure category includes the use of state-owned pool cars and commercial rental cars by both the Member and his/her staff in the course of legislative business.

This category, as listed in the Support Services section of the report, includes, in addition to car rental, the costs of gas, oil, and maintenance for cars utilized by the office of the Sergeant at Arms.

District Office Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Each Member is entitled to rent an office within the district he/she represents so that constituents may have direct access to their legislators. In some of the larger districts, two or three offices are sometimes authorized. Accordingly, Members representing districts in high-rent metropolitan areas or Members representing large districts requiring more than one office will be reported with higher expenditures in this category than will other Members. Costs included in this expenditure item are rent, utilities (except telephone), janitorial service, and incidental maintenance costs.

Telephone and Telegraph: All telephone charges (except some equipment installation charges) are reported in this expenditure category. Included are the charges for district office telephones, Capitol telephones, and mobile telephones. Members who will likely have higher charges than many of their colleagues are those representing districts which are either far from the Capitol, or in regions which cover large geographic areas.

Postage: The category includes the total amount expended for postage except for the postage utilized in the mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Communications: The costs included in this expenditure category are primarily for handling and mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Furniture and Equipment: This category includes the purchase, rental, and maintenance of certain furniture and equipment items utilized in the Capitol and district offices of the Members. It does not include the purchase of items which will, during the course of their usefulness, be utilized by a number of Members during succeeding years. Expenditures for items of that description are reported in the Furniture and Equipment category as General Overhead Expenditures.

Office Supplies: Stationery items, other printing costs charged to the Assembly Operating Fund, general office supplies, and related miscellaneous supplies utilized in the Members' Capitol and district offices are reported in this expenditure category.

Subscriptions and Publications: Each Member is authorized to subscribe to the newspapers generally circulated within his/her district and to certain metropolitan daily newspapers. Members representing districts which include many cities and towns will frequently have higher expenditures in this category than will Members representing relatively compact areas. Expenditures for subscriptions and publications incurred by the committees and leadership offices are reported separately. Each committee is authorized to purchase relevant books and to subscribe to periodicals specializing in the subject matter of the committee for which the expenditure is made.

Miscellaneous Services: Most of the expenditures shown in the Miscellaneous Services category for the Members are for services such as telephone answering services in district offices and newspaper clipping services. Included in this category for the committee reports are such items as witness expenses, meeting expenses, data-processing costs, and other miscellaneous services.

A number of operational costs incurred by the Assembly are not directly attributable to any of the Members, committees, leadership offices, or support services. Such expenditures are classified as General Overhead and are reported according to the following categories:

Miscellaneous Salaries: Accrued vacation payments made to terminating employees, and salaries paid to employees on extended sick leave are reported in this category.

Employee Benefits: This expenditure category includes the Assembly's contribution to the OASDI (social security) fund, the Public Employees' Retirement System, various health, dental, vision, and life insurance premiums, the Compensation Insurance Fund, unemployment and disability insurance, and any other benefits approved by the Assembly Rules Committee.

Building, Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Reported in this expenditure category are construction and remodeling costs and the rent, maintenance, and utilities for offices (other than Members' individual district offices) utilized and paid for by the Assembly outside the Capitol.

Telephone: This listing is for the cost of telephone equipment installation in all Assembly offices.

Furniture and Equipment: The expenditure indicated in this category is for the purchase, rental, and maintenance of furniture and equipment not reported elsewhere in the report. Most furniture and equipment are considered a capital investment which will be used, through the years, by a number of different Members or other offices and can therefore not be appropriately reported as an expense on behalf of any particular Member or office.

Office Supplies: The amount shown in this expenditure category represents office supplies which were purchased by the Assembly for the use of Members and other offices but which were not distributed to any such offices before the end of this reporting period.

Annotated Codes and Law Books: Each Member's office and certain other Assembly offices are furnished with Annotated California Codes and certain other law books. The cost of these books is considered a capital expenditure in the same manner as many furniture and equipment items, and is therefore reported in this General Overhead category.

Meeting Expenses: This expenditure category includes certain costs incurred by the Assembly relative to the conduct of Assembly Sessions and Joint Sessions of the Legislature which cannot be readily charged to any other expenditure category, rental costs for some meeting rooms, and some conference registration fees.

Freight, Moving, and Delivery: This expenditure category includes costs incurred for the transport of furniture, supplies, and other items which are not chargeable to any particular office.

Other Miscellaneous Services: The major expenditures reported in this category are for the costs of photography services related to official Assembly publications, vehicle liability insurance, and organization memberships.

Study Contracts: From time to time the Assembly finds it practical to contract with individuals, firms, universities, and other governmental agencies in order to expand its research capability with respect to specific projects. The costs reported in this category are for payments made under such contracts during this period.

The next report of Assembly expenditures will be for the period between December 1, 2017, and November 30, 2018.

Sincerely,

KEN COOLEY Chair of the Assembly Committee on Rules

TABLE I
CALIFORNIA STATE ASSEMBLY
SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES 12/1/2016-11/30/2017

TOTAL ### STA 300,875.93 \$72,005,756.90 1,110,235.80 1,110,235.80 1,110,235.80 37,048.68 1,270,724.91 0.00 366,946.22 0.00 366,946.22 202,780.64 3,198.010.13 2,188.9115 665,191.08 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,240.95 1,483.82 1,480.351.11 1,690,351.11 1,690,351.11 1,690,351.11
General Overhead Expenditures \$3,725,824.69 \$2,005,756.90
Support Services Services \$27,857,582.00
Leadership Expenditures \$5,906,126.81
Committee Expenditures \$24,128,599.58 \$24,129.36
Member Expenditures \$16,682,742.85 1,110,235.80 37,048.68 634,510.84 464.97 19,717.22 3,392,393.69 288,154.56 181,852.41 3,198,010.13 1,921.12 188,751.19 54,062.39 400,302.51 \$256,191,525.16 2,513,543.00 \$29,105,068.16
Staff Salary. Employee Benefits Travel & Per Diem (In-State) Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State) Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State) Car Lease

TABLE II A Member Expenditures 12/1/2016–11/30/2017

$Gas \ \& Oil$	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	I	I	I	I	I	1 1	ı	ı	ı	I	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1 1	ı	I
Car Maintenance	1 1	1 1	1 1	I I	1 1	I	I	I	I	I	1 1	1	ı	I	I	ı	I	I	Ι	ı	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1 1	ı	I
Car Lease	1 1	1-1	L	1 1	1 1	1	I	I	I	I	1 1	1	1	ı	I	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I		ı	I
Staff Travel	\$14,803.32 6,583.63	7,306.87	7,721.48	7,321.75	7,968.52	8,299.02	7,591.38	17,830.80	5,217.71	2,500.35	6.214.35	9,689.76	11,048.46	1,912.24	6,600.05	6,842.76	3,289.44	8,270.46	11,447.35	6,055.72	17,642.70	6,581.40	2,136.19	1,055.20	7 108 20	5,108.39	4,321.05	13,8/0.21	11,044.33	4 033 61	3 801 48	4,824.52
Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State)*	\$4,523.49	1 1	1 1	I I	615 40		ı	1 4	693.78	I	648.40	1,049.18	678.95	I	170.30	ı	6,829.27	I	Ι	I	ı	ı	ĺ	I	I	(0	1,522.11	1,104.42	27 721	4 207 54	1,520,62	
Travel & Per Diem $(In-State)^*$	\$20,906.11 10,082.46	2,176.80	3,315.18	7,071.78	24,491.78	10,273.58	14,101.84	19,038.25	9,392.26	12,001.00	21.332.90	20,224.05	15,578.48	6,338.82	16,115.84	10,411.48	2,715.29	4,428.68	10,445.35	20,530.12	9,505.11	21,502.19	1,926.24	4,701.31	5,/14.12	13,172.71	23,856.67	10.166.00	73,610,31	23,010.31	19 005 11	16,155.10
Staff Salary	\$1,244.11 184,645.48	240,214.15	50,187.99	273,074.15	245,955.07	231,811.27	269,863.29	240,559.92	240,246.67	170 305 18	186,838.89	210,468.63	188,974.43	276,278.66	266,437.12	197,370.93	200,384.83	232,021.73	97,106.53	1/3,86/./4	247,498.54	210,981.53	254,616.12	213,708.07	202,332.34	220,905.04	157,091.83	104 460 04	104,409.04	240,420,32	232,223,22	65,626.65
Member		Arambula	Baker Berman	Bigelow		Bonta	Brough	Burke	Caballero	Carcontae	Chau	Chávez	Chen	Chiu	Choi	Chu	Cooley	Cooper	Cunningham	Dababneh	Dahle	Daly	Eggman	F10Fa	Fong	Frazier	Friedman	Gallagner	Garcia Eduarda	Ginson	Gloria	Gomez (Resigned 7/11/2017)

Gonzalez Fletcher	256,496.72	20,749.90	I	5,640.18	I	I	I
Gray	147,303.64	7,011.84	I	14,063.40	I	I	I
Grayson	147,218.69	3,012.88	I	8,153.02	ı	ı	I
Harper	788,889.4	16,3/1.10	1 0	9,002.19	ı	I	I
Holden	254,212.19	22,743.53	910.53	2,616.20	I	I	I
Irwin	219,373.71	24,465.18	1,198.06	6,298.66	I	I	I
Jones-Sawyer	258,030.58	17,643.68	1,932.60	8,365.51	1	I	I
Kalra	197,440.52	2,968.62	I	3,752.37	ı	I	I
Kiley	272,318.48	3,209.25	ı	7,037.47	1	ı	1
Lackey	84,253.47	24,498.06	1,741.48	9,924.22	I	ı	I
Levine	213,272.11	8,805.06	ı	8,519.77	ı	I	ı
Limón	205,586.77	23,733.80	1,884.06	8,962.32	1	I	1
Low	233,538.98	5,687.58		4,348.72	1	I	1
Maienschein	214,422.54	17,395.66	1	7,040.93	1	I	1
Mathis	188,015.83	11,464.83	I	16,550.87	ı	I	I
Mayes	210,774.17	16,168.40	I	5,603.39	ı	I	I
McCarty	253,308.35	6,322.05	2,309.89	1,613.17	ı	I	I
Medina	264,104.79	17,777.60	I	11,403.49	I	I	I
Melendez	250,934.55	20,515.84	I	12,624.29	ı	I	I
Mullin	270,583.25	5,458.55	I	1,392.23	I	Ι	I
Muratsuchi	169,769.93	19,122.70	I	10,230.78	I	ı	I
Nazarian	203,535.35	28,062.99	ı	4,478.62	ı	1	I
Obernolte	237,178.89	822.40	I	9,704.00	1	\$464.97	I
O'Donnell	227,999.83	17,042.45	I	7,365.62	I	ı	I
Patterson	231,669.46	I	I	3,961.32	I	ı	I
Quirk	249,483.51	2,267.46	I	9,086.10	I	ı	I
Quirk-Silva	193,133.78	17,954.22	I	6,773.67	I	I	I
Rendon	112,229.00	15,050.54	1	1,977.50	I	I	I
Reyes	202,688.72	19,003.44	1	4,537.75	1	I	I
Ridley-Thomas	257,570.60	20,507.75	1	4,853.80	1	I	I
Rodriguez	213,407.16	19,194.46	1	6,335.47	1	I	I
Rubio	182,219.98	18,846.12	276.60	7,234.40	ı	I	I
Salas	135,282.79	19,997.10	I	17,472.73	ı	I	I
Santiago	189,115.19	20,482.40	I	8,501.75	ı	ı	I
Steinorth	(5.30)	17,951.44	ı	22,999.32	1	ı	I
Stone, Mark	200,609.31	11,569.32	384.14	4,639.49	ı	I	I
Thurmond	260,963.47	5,868.88	I	8,544.57	I	I	I
Ting	211.475.76	4,995,62	ı	2,200.48	ı	ı	I
Voepel	259,781.26	16,721.06	1.186.71	17,436.76	ı	I	I
Waldron	258,198.36	15.947.73		11.960.00	I	ı	1
Weber	270,654.00	20,811.51	708.40	6,043.92	ı	I	I
Wood	227,698.00	11,090.30	ı	3,129.88	ı	I	ı
Retired	33,766.20	6,291.29	ı	10,412.49	I	I	I
TOTALS	\$16,682,742.85	\$1,110,235.80	\$37,048.68	\$634,510.84	\$0.00	\$464.97	\$0.00
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NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

TABLE II B Member Expenditures 12/1/2016–11/30/2017

Communications	\$259,461.63	32,877.66	12,447.34	205,020.28	5,314.99	I	1 0	23,529.28	25,635.13	7 117 30	00:11	33,054.39	72,501.62	22,652.28	63,343.81	70,101.38	I	I	43,773.58	52,983.93	25,692.09	164,470.74	88,474.25	1	23,385.05	23,220.04	58,938.73	I	42,255.84	33,228.61	11,042.39	68,395.56	134,719.09	18,364.22	1 1 1	61,947.41 172.23
Postage	\$1,920.51	502.39	598.36	10,072.82	708.59	408.30	2,089.12	3,121.04	3,831.97	1,039.80	732.42	2,124.99	1,898.33	373.48	221.43	4,662.02	202.31	1,302.26	673.50	211.50	766.03	3,346.29	3,459.76	2,063.27	2,405.43	374.34	537.06	751.74	2,303.34	996.72	2,033.21	3,004.49	1,519.80	5,581.08	1,340.91	1,824.39
Freight	1	\$24.95	ı	1	I	23.75	I	I	I	1	ı	ı	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	1	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	1 1
Telegraph	I	1 1	I	1	ı	I	I	I	I	1	ı	ı	I	1	I	ı	I	I	ı	I	I	ı	1	ı	1	1	I	1	1	1	ı	I	I	I	ı	1 1
Telephone	\$1,612.23	3,624.12	2,929.57	2,679.11	2,577.33	2,470.96	10,523.54	5,308.63	2,740.88	1,616.18	3 995 49	5,317.86	2,483.83	2,709.19	1,418.39	1,876.67	2,944.96	2,362.86	1,912.23	1,934.91	3,031.38	2,339.72	2,485.56	3,660.19	1,785.97	2,874.36	2,907.16	2,473.39	3,469.37	3,122.21	2,617.91	6,766.10	6,109.60	2,344.32	2,1/4.92	3,147.84
Dist. Office Rent, Mnt., Ut.	\$38,676.20	45,599.06	580.74	55,687.61	113,540.39	45,942.35	87,222.18	76,924.51	1,932.30	35,701,38	34 617 60	75,455.14	50,639.31	42,064.84	52,245.76	42,482.62	660.21	51,293.00	35,352.85	25,364.13	58,439.99	65,307.52	519.16	54,628.15	77,012.41	1,128.39	37,408.08	51,325.13	52,367.80	72,681.55	28,612.50	42,840.33	45,113.82	68,362.97	894.74	1,367.06
Car Rental Staff & Member	\$736.35	232.40	321.88	1	I	1 0	373.05	I	10	135.04	223 11		331.70	ı	143.98	125.15	226.39	268.02	237.76	680.55	I	1,236.16	I	1,094.62	I	I	I	531.87	481.26	54.35	1	94.53	1,128.84	4/4.01	155.95	134.42
Member	Acosta	Aguiar-CurryAllen Travis	Arambula		:		Bloom	7	Bonta	BroughBurke	Caballero	Calderon	Cervantes								Cooper	Cunningham	Dababneh		Daly	Eggman		Fong		Friedman	Gallagher	Garcia, Cristina	Garcia, Eduardo	Gipson	Gioria	Gomez (Kesigned //11/2017) Gonzalez Fletcher

57.043.59 116,386.47 12.1.11 38,295.83	166,162.22 49,261.85 28,303.94 17,184,95 54,516.09 67,239.70 42,128.55	10.232.93 5.049.70 87.633.03 24.578.39 7.462.78 21.849.16 5.906.58	38,894,09 16,105,38 24,221,52 43,592,95 57,654,14 105,669,12 60,113,39 259,186,66	50,709,75 - - 32,250.68 \$3,198,010.13
3,159,39 \$19,94 8,488,34 3,648,51 1,329,50 809,30 3,148,58	2,123.39 2,123.63 1,514.45 1,514.45 3,182.99 1,301.39 3,908.76 3,308.76	2,337.45 2,387.45 1,880.18 1,982.70 3,982.83 5,93.91 1,064.02 3,064.02 7,01.66	14,430.85 2,820.22 8,372.88 3,534.72 5,520.99 1,851.62 2,235.23 11,104.61	2,084.17 1,222.01 585.16 4,255.07 1,080.57 523.99 27.83 \$181,852.41
23.75			1,164.55 	
				\$0.00
3,031.27 3,069.05 1,995.03 9,661.69 7,730.00 2,303.77 3,021.56	1,964.22 3,846.23 7,068.51 2,172.95 2,044.44 1,646.68 4,594.8	5,500,56 5,500,56 1,754,31 5,039,53 5,039,53 6,580,88 6,580,84 6,580,84 2,172,03	2,760,69 6,318,39 6,318,39 3,533,53 5,041,42 3,296,31 2,875,97 2,617,4	2,925,24 3,385,11 4,248,19 1,678,99 3,997,14 4,300,33 6,851,66 828,154,56
33.971.47 41.187.52 47.950.46 63.243.03 42.627.96 616.20 616.20 644.072.06	33,691.52 44,394.18 76,404.58 76,404.58 38,522.10 38,392.10	53,589,49 53,589,49 92,045,74 75,14,42 75,14,42 17,121.63 56,886,10 55,886,10 55,486,49 56,050,83	41,084.34 69,828.46 43,677.45 51,768.17 44,729.17 38,870.41 38,422.19 641.01 47,043.75	23,042.28 1,129.31 883.08 46,942.12 40,804.34 783.07 18,753.33 1,962.94 1,962.94
186.39 439.26 317.40 630.47	529.02 325.50 389.95 505.45 43.77 256.92 373.90	233.47 - 80.09 81.63 360.12 98.72	379.96 187.24 269.22	123.30 49.44 276.16 1,725.56 622.46 190.40 651.99
Gray Gray son. Harper. Holden. Irwin. Jones-Sawyer Kiley.	Lackey Levine Limón Lumón Maienschein Mathis McCarty	Melendez Mullin Muratsuchi Nazarian Obernolte O'Donnell Quirkson	Quirk-Silva Rendon Reyes Ridley-Thomas Rodriguez Robio Salas Santiago Scinorth	Stone, Mark Thurmond Ting Woepel Waldron Weber Wood TOTALS

TABLE II C Member Expenditures 12/1/2016–11/30/2017

		1771	2010-111.201221				
Member	Furniture & Equipment*	Office Supplies	Subscr. & Publications	Misc. Services	TOTAL	Member Per Diem (Gen. Fund)	TOTAL EXP. (ALL FUNDS)
Acosta	ı	\$1,490.78	I	\$1,822.98	\$342.674.22	\$39,528.00	\$382,202,22
Aguiar-Curry	1	2,633.68	1	5,228.64	296,325.56		296,325.56
Allen, Traviš	1	415.51	\$227.50	1,453.19	354,474.37	35,136.00	389,610.37
	I	1,269.40	865.90	916.21	269,627.22	38,979.00	308,606.22
	1	1,626.45	80.00	5,276.41	341,667.33	1	341,667.33
	1	1,553.80	1	1,466.15	352,904.68	39,528.00	392,432.68
	I	726.70	379.51	991.13	338,410.38	38,613.00	377,023.38
Bloom	I	2,225.73	3.107.71	3,366.06	387,322.76	39,528.00	426,850.76
27/2	ı	6,620.29	524.62	7,182.16	386,412.89	39,528.00	425,940.89
Bonta	ı	2,355.39	2,216.98	6,464.16	295,560.68	38,979.00	334,539.68
	ı	330.68	1	2,067.42	342,579.45	35,136.00	377,715.45
	\$253.20	1,984.44	1,041.30	2,840.81	330,700.43	39,345.00	370,045.43
	1	1,966.43	232.98	2,139.32	299,457.77	38,979.00	338,436.77
	ı	1,710.55	1	3,034.24	350,910.65	39,528.00	390,438.65
	ı	3,517.03	160.85	8,908.43	349,678.51	39,528.00	389,206.51
	ı	1,772.51	1.043.12	173.02	285.822.98	39,528.00	325,350.98
Chávez	I	572.87		1.720.10	361,097.96	38,796,00	399,893.96
Chen	I	1.672.34	ı	7,795.07	344,995.57	38,796,00	383,791.57
Chiu	I	1,133.29	1.752.76	2,692.20	294,141.84	39,528.00	333,669.84
Choi	I	2,425.74		3,180.99	350,156.18	38,247.00	388,403.18
Chu	ı	2,043.32	314.00	2,920.57	301,852.98	39,528.00	341,380.98
Coolev	ı	2,692.71	399.36	6,406.60	303,892.52		303,892,52
Cooper	I	5,441.79	1.069.30	4,785.67	343,947.12	1	343,947.12
Cunningham	ı	1,959.60	1	5,084,44	362,743.70	37,515.00	400,258.70
Dababneh	350.00	1,651.76	342.16	5,550.86	303,287.09	39,528.00	342,815.09
Dahle	1	1,625.88	1,802.11	3,611.71	343,132.28	38,064.00	381,196.28
	1	1,198.89	342.35	6,851.39	352,046.61	39,528.00	391,574.61
Eggman	I	1,769.95	1,255.76	1,733.21	291,034.60	39,528.00	330,562.60
	I	810.58	1	4,777.95	324,904.14	38,979.00	363,883.14
	I	898.00	822.37	2,928.60	342,619.90	37,698.00	380,317.90
	I	3,093.95	I	5,009.23	346,164.93	39,528.00	385,692.93
Friedman	I	3,154.25	I	7,475.31	307,504.66	39,528.00	347,032.66
Gallagher	ı	1,235.70	916.12	6,366.43	308,159.93	39,528.00	347,687.93
Garcia, Cristina	ı	4,768.79	726.92	1,786.10	343,064.09	39,528.00	382,592.09
Garcia, Eduardo	252.86	5,919.94	827.52	19,454.13	339,446.83	39,345.00	378,791.83
Gipson	I	2,543.73	1,289.51	6,905.59	376,853.82	39,528.00	416,381.82
	I	1,685.50	I	3,685.31	267,745.96	39,528.00	307,273.96
Gomez (Resigned 7/11/2017)	I	2,007.16	1 20	1,740.61	222,279.47	23,973.00	246,252.47
Gonzalez Fletcher	I	845.77	386.32	5,319.01	295,291.70	39,528.00	334,819.70

Grayson Aarner	322.16	2,606.48 5,342.77 359.59	1,817.81 1,847.76	49,844.27 4,188.67 2,094.56	322,921.81 331,872.68 347,960,90	39,345.00 39,528.00 39,528.00	362,266.81 371,400.68 387.488.90
	1 1	3,153.50	948.57	5,294.30	366,873.20	39,528.00	406,401.20
rwin. ones-Sawver	1 1	1,060.07	752.43 360.85	5,666.21	348,797.61	38,613.00	387,410.61
	l I	2,268.01	222.19	4,708.96	215,719.52	39,345.00	255,064.52
	I	1,010.75	I	3,544.22	336,934.45	1	336,934.45
	I	1,291.86	I	5,321.98	331,501.44	38,979.00	370,480.44
	I	3,404.11	1,358.77	2,345.23	337,825.44	39,528.00	377,353.44
imón	I	2,445.32	427.46	3,084.25	357,459.88	39,528.00	396,987.88
	I	1,498.17	938.92	780.02	343,376.03	39,345.00	382,721.03
Maienschein	I	1,156.12	00.66	3,644.69	343,141.72	39,528.00	382,669.72
Mathis	I	1,709.91		5,540.05	332,995.95	39,528.00	372,523.95
Mayes	I	2,707.92	530.97	4,985.15	330,015.81	38,613.00	368,628.81
	I	1,538.87	96.079	2,209.50	332,876.80	39,528.00	372,404.80
Medina	I	1,980.58	1,029.54	3,878.07	381,363.55	38,796.00	420,159.55
Melendez	I	1,178.93	1	3,052.25	360,023.21	36,051.00	396,074.21
	I	1,877.73	980.20	2,579.71	383,571.82	39,528.00	423,099.82
Muratsuchi	I	4,802.26	520.56	5,344.10	352,040.10	39,528.00	391,568.10
Nazarian	I	1,324.16	1,969.91	6,920.26	278,264.61	39,345.00	317,609.61
	I	812.83	1	518.97	296,772.61	38,796.00	335,568.61
J'Donnell	I	1.523.19	1,773.25	2.551.42	330,831.13	39,162.00	369,993.13
Patterson	I	893.03	852.84	5,477.39	326,538.48	38,979.00	365,517.48
	I	3,336.59	240.54	2,744.83	332,695.94	39,528.00	372,223.94
Juirk-Silva	I	3,352.14	I	8,643.44	327,027.22	39,528.00	366,555.22
Rendon	I	2,465.70	51.46	3,713.81	226,882.79	39,528.00	266,410.79
keyes	I	6,908.22	352.00	6,412.44	322,832.77	39,528.00	362,360.77
Ridley-Thomas	I	3,450.50	3,993.79	3,220.78	353,598.18	38,247.00	391,845.18
Rodriguez	I	2,838.49	816.82	6,569.78	349,071.06	39,528.00	388,599.06
Rubio	I	7,530.70	897.10	2,005.91	319,928.40	39,528.00	359,456.40
Salas	225.40	6,042.47	1,208.18	5,378.32	335,601.36	39,528.00	375,129.36
	I	1,881.16	694.87	9,755.76	305,226.11	39,528.00	344,754.11
	I	650.25	1	5,926.33	360,039.79	39,162.00	399,201.79
Stone, Mark	1	1,219.73	219.68	2,322.15	261,354.02	39,528.00	300,882.02
	I	3,237.52	ı	4,128.50	288,881.66	38,613.00	327,494.66
	517.50	5,174.85	4,113.17	9,280.20	294,006.97	39,162.00	333,168.97
/oepel	I	2,398.44	1	4,596.36	354,172.22	39,528.00	393,700.22
	I	828.96	ı	3,736.96	339,135.97	36,783.00	375,918.97
Weber	I	2,332.05	I	1,874.07	308,907.19	39,528.00	348,435.19
Wood	I	582.33	1,870.29	625.12	301,014.65	39,528.00	340,542.65
	I	2,974.20	15.47	6,995.57	69,949.64	I	69,949.64
TOTALS	\$1,921.12	\$188,751.19	\$54,062.39	\$400,302.51	\$26,191,525.16	\$2,913,543.00	\$29,105,068.16
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NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

Committee Expenditures 12/1/2016–11/30/2017

	TOTAL EXP	\$627,774.60 437,057.16 462,901.01 1,363,029.30	387,507.69 597,215.24 1,682,741.70	331,264.29 329,748.85	358,406.87 327,063.74 449,710.66 691,047.33	486,484.39 814,606.09 492,232.87	566,810.29 671,695.53 1,014,749.19 717,601.31	547,997.02 529,957.08 668,609.60	552,524.57	50,384.56 936,210.02 551,465.64 642,964.78 790,135.43
	Misc. Services	\$674.05 570.95 438.74 779.60	446.29 566.07 1,025.63	298.55 233.81	233.81 365.95 97.42 735.27	264.24 618.88 854.59	738.78 459.02 341.09 458.39	453.81 735.49 453.89	590.62	48.71 2,371.85 315.12 772.64 505.64
	Office Supplies	\$341.37 607.12 417.72 2,278.30	332.93 2,984.25 6,002.42	1 1	_ _ 1,287.98	421.29 474.94 369.52	302.96 589.54 2,851.18 745.42	687.72 1,141.45 75.67	1,298.04	802.96 509.76 681.78 532.62
	Subscr. & Publications	\$60.68 111.15 400.29 182.00	795.27 2,460.04 621.81	1 1	192.00 _ _ 80.00	80.00 435.76 566.31	777.86 1,393.12 334.40	569.76 60.68 1,618.44	28.07	2,590.49 60.56 1,002.69 147.77
	Tele- graph	1 1 1 1	111	1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	111	I	1 1 1 1 1
,	Telephone	\$69.71 54.96 54.49 591.49	439.42 15.26 1,563.64	1 1	- - 427.75	613.40 137.62	295.22 351.10 625.20 211.38	746.36 214.22 336.06	290.92	833.70 265.99 335.85 394.55
1/30/201	Freight	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	I	11111
7.17.2010-1	Postage	\$142.85 0.46 125.32	139.71 0.46 0.46	1 1	- - 64.86	$0.46 \\ 27.15$	36.71 5.52	5.00 0.47	34.17	2.30 11.60 1.40 191.05 5.67
71	Car Rental	\$30.14 - 124.82 272.83	341.13 324.44 197.75	1,127.21 36.71	674.81 261.98 94.53 38.99	397.57 234.25 49.37	- 64.39 221.97	233.15	972.73	53.19 36.71 266.54
	Staff Travel	\$1,380.86 2,572.15 1,690.78 13,777.21	7,121.83 9,139.79 3,628.77	3,401.93 709.53	6,274.25 1,783.29 2,130.79 4,604.89	5,670.47 7,103.80 3,356.39	2,501.24 6,993.27 470.64 4,882.08	7,711.43 1,498.35 228.27	10,263.24	3,530.36 1,393.24 779.45 2,836.40 7,444.38
	Staff Salary	\$625,217.79 432,997.98 459,773.71 1,345,022.55	377,891.11 581,724.93 1,669,701.22	326,436.60 328,768.80	351,032.00 324,652.52 447,387.92 683,807.59	479,650.82 805,124.60 486,871.92	562,194.23 663,302.60 1,008,966.86 710,742.15	537,594.79 526,301.89 665,896.80	539,046.78	46,750.00 928,169.47 549,533.36 636,877.83 781,104.80
	Committee	Accountability & Administrative Review	Aus, Entertainment, Spots, Tourism, & Internet Media Banking & Finance	No.2—Education Finance	*No.5—Public Safety ** *No.5—Public Safety ** *No.5—Public Safety ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	Conveyance Education Elections & Redistricting Elections & Redistricting	Materials. Governmental Organization Health	Housing & Connitutity Development Human Services Insurance Take Encounter	& the Economy	Joint Legistative Committee on Climate Change Policies Judiciary

91,208.46	05,069.78	930,981.21 720,856.13	87,145.92	55,976.22	32,318.84	38,346.83	573,458.98 449,014.19	74,2727
()			Ĭ	Ĭ	.,	•	1 6	9
204.71	476.	1,273.69	846.	438.	421.	535.	646.20	323,091.
478.64	438.73	1,147.86	898.71	844.99	304.33	556.71	972.09	\$52,428.05
272.00	210.00	2,019.24 2,217.60	375.83	1,420.00	1	141.08	609.45	\$22,481.33
I	I	1 1	I	I	I	I	1	\$0.00
7.34	297.15	446.62 337.74	678.73	266.83	363.94	304.82	160.14	\$11,859.05
I	I	1 1	I	I	I	ı		\$0.00
I	1 \	6.90 85.57	9.44	I	I	29.41	2.11	39/1.10
174.80	1,622.35	261.90 559.01	I	301.15	323.98	268.49	160.26	\$10,715.84
2,915.19	18,150.18	21,377.06	5,275.77	10,940.48	5,418.56	10,955.05	8,811.69	6234,129.30
587,155.78	583,874.77	912,885.28 694,707.05	_	_	4,	625,556.22	562,057.04 433,507.81	24,128,399.38
Privacy & Consumer Protection. Public Employees Retirement	& Social Security	Fublic SafetyRevenue & Taxation	Transportation	Utilities & Energy	Veterans Affairs	Water, Parks, & Wildlife	1 4	IOIALS

* Subcommittee of Standing Committee.

TABLE IV Leadership Expenditures 12/1/2016–11/30/2017

TOTAL EXP.	\$217,816.91 416,556.70 313,959.03	466,876.81	301,930.08	287,799.99	232,980.82	378,959,66	314,720.21	281,299.90	341,252.41	317,582.67	484,062.76	429,066.60		308,329.13	233,362.21	92,763.23	83,228.85		4,284.90	57,959.56	\$6,042,679.37
Misc. Services	\$3,969.67 243.67 341.09	205.79	194.84	278.19	240.77	97.42 194.84	97.42	126.65	428.66	214.33	243.67	272.78		282.52	175.36	511.20	847.13		I	1,421.41	\$12,148.63
Office Supplies	\$8,079.97	ı	1 1	I	I	l I	1	I	1	1	1	I		I	I	ı	I		I	I	\$8,079.97
Subscr. & Publications	\$2,988.75	I	1 1	I	1 00	1,102.00	I	I	I	I	I	I		I	I	I	I		I	I	\$4,090.75
Tele- graph	1 1 1	ı	1 1	1	I	1 1	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	I		I	ı	ı	I		I	I	\$0.00
Telephone	\$1,566.62							I	I	I	I	I		I	I	139.74	I		I	15551	\$1,861.87
Freight	1 1 1	ı	ΙΙ	1	I	l l	1	1	I	I	I	ı		I	1	I	I		I	I	\$0.00
Postage	\$1.61 -	I	1 1	I	I	1 1	I	I	I	I	ı	I		I	I	I	692.02		ı	42.54	\$736.17
Car Rental	\$103.30 375.81		661.22	274.28	1,640.34	50.71	96.46	ı	73.61	472.92	79.80	124.06		I	346.78	I	48.27		I	07,900	\$4,628.88
Staff Travel	\$2,824.29 2,462.28 17,262.93	7,368.71	3,676.19	5,341.97	10,717.54	2,334.91	954.76	1	12,778.29	10,143.43	1,787.20	1,405.24		3,195.11	5,753.90	2,949.23	2,507.39		I	7,160.96	\$105,006.29
Staff Salary	\$198,386.00 413,747.45 295,979.20	459,302.31	297,119.63	281,905.55	220,382.17	377.131.58	313,571.57	281,173.25	327,971.85	306,751.99	481,952.09	427,264.52		304,851.50	227,086.17	89,163.06	79,134.04		4,284.90	49,334.65	\$5,906,126.81
Leadership	Speaker Speaker pro Tempore Assistant Speaker pro Tempore	Chair, Rules Committee	Member of Rules—Berman Member of Rules—Cervantes	Member of Rules—Friedman	Member of Rules—Gomez	Member of Rules—Grayson Member of Rules—Levine	Member of Rules—Nazarian	Member of Rules—Salas	Democratic Caucus Chair	Majority Whip	Majority Floor Leader	Assistant Majority Floor Leader.	Assistant Majority Whip—	Gloria Assistant Maiority Whip—	Limón	Asian Pacific Islander Caucus	Black Caucus	Transgender Caucus—	Eggman	Transgender Caucus—Low	TOTALS

\$3,725,824.69 52,005,756.90 578,340.32 24,401.09 252,161.51 192,691.54 (16,238.49) 1,226.48 20,483.82 146,673.50

\$57,049,057.09

,667.00

TABLE V	Support Services Expenditures	12/1/2016=11/30/2017
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		TOTAL	EXP.	\$4,652,719.59	10,091,981.68	8,175,965.84	1,920,203.86	1,607,994.58	3,031,969.45	269,322.70	\$29,750,157.70
		Misc.	Services	\$336,256.72	30,109.60	10,949.01	730,890.81	12,091.43	16,775.67	ı	\$1,137,073.24
	Subscr. &	Publica-	tions	(\$707.77)	88.74	7,741.39	1	622.59	I	I	\$7,744.95
		Office	Supplies	\$19,285.69	23,300.22	9,942.53	201,810.42	6,122.38	(17,220.91)	ı	\$243,240.33
	Furniture	& Equip-	ment	\$426.97	1,795.40	1	24,166.81	1	6,417.34	ı	\$32,806.52
/ 1			Freight	\$23.75	I	I	I	I	I	I	\$23.75
07/06/11-0107/17/17			Postage	\$17,713.78	275.13	10.59	53.06	564.52	603.82	I	\$19,220.90
7777		Tele-	graph	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	\$0.00
17			Telephone	\$19,820.19	10,757.28	3,298.26	520.25	1,449.47	4,441.52	382.70	\$40,669.67
		Car	Rental	\$16,834.22	8,923.83	415.42	I	195.50	88,346.43	I	\$114,715.40
			Travel								1-6−
		Staff	Salary	\$4,175,979.62	9,870,308.14	8,136,850.49	962,762.51	1,585,352.89	2,857,388.35	268,940.00	\$27,857,582.00
			Salary	Rules Committee	Democratic Caucus	Republican Caucus	Reproduction Center	Chief Clerk	Sergeant at Arms	Computer Services	TOTALS

TABLE VI General Overhead Expenditures 12/1/2016–11/30/2017 Miscellaneous Salaries

Telephone
Purniture & Equipment
Office Supplies
Subscriptions, Publications, & Codes.

Meeting Expenses
Meeting Expenses (Meals)
Meeting Expenses (Meals)

Other Miscellaneous Services Study Contracts

TOTALS

	\$4,435,6	\$4,435,6
12/1/2016–11/30/2017	Joint Legislative Budget Committee	TOTALS

CALIFORNIA FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

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ule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions - schedule attached
ule D - Income - Gifts - schedule attached
ule E - Income - Gifts - Travel Payments - schedule attached
schedule
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SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS	► ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS
1985 Calle Arquero	4456 Brisbane Way #4
CITY	CITY
Oceanside	Oceanside CA 92054
	Octamoras Or 92037
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
Over \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement	Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement
	E 1 2 2 2 2 2
Leasehold Other	Leasehold Other
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
S0 - \$499	S0 - \$499 S500 - \$1,000 S1,001 - \$10,000
S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000 DVER \$100,000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater	SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater
interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of	interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of
income of \$10,000 or more.	income of \$10,000 or more.
	Sandra Stover
business on terms available to members of the public	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and
	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of bus	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows:
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of bus	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows:
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of bus	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER*
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of bus NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER
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business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of bus NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of bus NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
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business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of bus NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) Wone HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of bus NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) ———————————————————————————————————	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER*

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION	0
Name	

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
1.1.401	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
ADORESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
NOUNESS (Business Adoress Acceptable)	Regional Contracting Camp Per
USINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
Retirel Military/col. Colonel	Contracting Othion (Spw YOUR BUSINESS POSITION)
ROSS INCOME RECEIVED	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
\$ \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED.
Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income	Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
Loan repayment Partnership	Loan repayment Partnership
Sale of	Sale of
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	(Real property, car, boat, etc.)
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or mon
· Panesava	-
Other Tellow	Other(Describe)
7,777	
2 LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P	PERIOD
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P	wall but the state of the state
You are not required to report loans from commercial	l lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the	l lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available t
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in t	l lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available t status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as follo	l lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available t status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows:
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as follo	l lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available t status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as follow	l lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available t status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows:
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as follow	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None
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You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followable of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE None SECURITY FOR LOAN
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followable of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None SECURITY FOR LOAN None Real Property
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followable of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$500 - \$1,000	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None SECURITY FOR LOAN None Real Property
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followable of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$500 - \$1,000	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None SECURITY FOR LOAN None Personal residence Real Property Street address
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followable of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$500 - \$1,000	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) Whose SECURITY FOR LOAN None Personal residence Real Property Street address City
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business and the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business and the public without regard to your official regular public without regard to	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of he lender's regular course of business on terms available is status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followable of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) Business ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$500 - \$1,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's lows; INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed as followed by the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the members of the public without regard to your official regular to you	I lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of he lender's regular course of business on terms available is status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE



CALIFORNIA FORM

RECEIDME Ded STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS

		,	140,180	0.756
	_			

AMENDMENT	COVER PAGE	MAR 1 4 2013
Pleese type or print in ink.	A PUBLIC DOCUMENT	1300 W
NAME OF FILER (LAST) [] [] []		John
Chavez	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
I. Office, Agency, or Court		
Agency Name		
State Assembly		
Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable	Your Position	•
76	Assemblymember	
▶ tf fiting for multiple positions, list below or on an a	attachment,	
Agency:	Position:	
2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one	box)	
State	☐ Judge or Court Commission	ner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
Multi-County	County of	
☐ City of	·	
 Type of Statement (Check at least one box))	
Annual: The period covered is January t, 2012 December 3t, 2012.	through Leaving Office: Date t.eft (Check one)	·
The period covered is/	, through O The period covered is leaving office.	January 1, 2012, through the date of
Assuming Office: Date assumed/	The period covered is . the date of leaving office	, through
Candtdate: Election Year	and office sought, if different than Part 1:	
1. Schedule Summary		
Check applicable schedules or "None."	► Total number of pages including	this cover page:1
Schedule A-1 - Investments - schedule attached	Schedule C - Income, Loans. &	Business Positions - schedule attached
Schedule A-2 - Investments - schedule attached	_	
Schedule B - Real Property - schedule attached	Schedule E - Income - Gifts - 7	Travel Payments - schedule attached
	-0r-	

herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete. I acknowledge this is a I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that Dete Signed 13MAR 13 Stgneture (month, day, year)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS RECEIVED TO THE PROPERTY OF T

A PUBLIC DOCUMENT	COVER PAGE FEB 2,8)2013 - 4
Pleese type or print in lnk.	(The) but a 115 A.M.
NAME OF FILER (LAST)	(FIRST) BY: (Almole)
Chavez	Rocky John
1. Office, Agency, or Court	
Agency Name	
State Assembly	
Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable	Your Position
76	
▶ If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an attachme	ent.
Agency:	Position:
2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)	
✓ State	☐ Judge or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
Multi-County	
☐ City of	•
3. Type of Statement (Check at least one box)	
Annual: The period covered is January 1, 2012, through	
December 31, 2012.	(Check one)
The period covered is/	leaving office.
Assuming Office: Date assumed 12 / 03 / 20	O12 O The period covered is/, through the date of leaving office.
Candidate: Election year and	office sought, if different than Part 1:
4. Schedule Summary	4
Check applicable schedulas or "None."	► Total number of pages including this cover page: 4
Schedule A-1 - Investments – schedule attached	✓ Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions – schedule attached
Sehedule A-2 Investments schedule attached	Z Schedule D - Income - Gifts - schedule attached
Schedule B - Real Property – schedule attached	☐ Schedule E - Income - Gifts - Travel Payments - schedule attached
☐ None - No	-or- reportable interests on any schedule
5. Verification	
MAIUNG ADDRESS STREET	CITY STATE ZIP CODE
(d)(5)	ed
herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete.	I acknowledge this is a public document.
I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the S	State of Callfornia that the formation to true and correct.
Date Signed 03-127/13	Stgnature

SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name -
Rocky J. Chavez

4985 Calle Arquero	4456 Brisbane Way #4
CITY	CITY
Oceanside	Oceanside
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$1,000,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
Ownership/Deed of Trust	✓ Ownership/Deed of Trust ☐ Easement
Leasehold Other	Leasehold Other
F RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	☐ \$0 - \$499 ☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	☑ \$10,001 - \$100,000 □ OVER \$100,000
Interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more. None	interest, list the name of each terant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.
	Sandra Stover
	al lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of ic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and
business on terms available to members of the publ	al lending institutions made In the lender's regular course of ic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and
business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of bu	al lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of ic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and asiness must be disclosed as follows:
business on terms available to members of the publoans received not in a lender's regular course of bunAME OF LENDER'	al lending institutions made In the lender's regular course of ic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and usiness must be disclosed as follows:
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business on terms available to members of the publoans received not in a lender's regular course of bunder of Lender' NAME OF LENDER' ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	al lending institutions made In the lender's regular course of ic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and usiness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER' ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
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business on terms available to members of the publoans received not in a lender's regular course of business (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	al lending institutions made In the lender's regular course of ic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and usiness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER' ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Yoars)
business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of business (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	al lending institutions made In the lender's regular course of ic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and usiness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER' ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Yoars) HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD S800 - \$1,000
business on terms available to members of the publoans received not in a lender's regular course of business received not in a lender's regular course of business (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	al lending institutions made In the lender's regular course of ic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and usiness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER' ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Yoars) HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions (Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Rocky J. Chavez

1. INCOME RECEIVED	► 1. INCOME RECEIVED
NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
USMC	
ADORESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
Regional Contracting, Camp Pendleton	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
Contracting Officer (Spouse)	
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$1,001 - \$10,000	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$1,001 - \$10,000
₹ \$10,001 - \$100,000 □ OVER \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
-	
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED
☐ Salary ☑ Spouse's or registored domestic pertner's income	Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
Loan repayment Pannership	☐ Loaл гераутент ☐ Partnership
Sale of	Sale of
	<u> </u>
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission of Rentel Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
	1 /
Other	□ Other
Other Describe)	Other Describe)
Describe	[Describe]
Other Describe 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P	[Describe]
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P * You are not required to report loans from commercial	ERIOD Lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the second commercial card transaction.	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official.	IERIOD I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the second commercial card transaction.	IERIOD I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official.	IERIOD I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows:
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING P You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows:
* You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed or LENDER.	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows:
* You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed or LENDER.	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST PATE TERM (Months/Years) None
* You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business and the public without regard to your official regular course of business and regular	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
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* You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as follows. **ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)* **BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER** **HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD**	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's DWS: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
* You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business acceptable.	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
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* You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular regul	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST PATE TERM (Months/Vears)
* You are not required to report loans from commercial retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular course of business must be disclosed as followed by the public without regard to your official regular re	I lending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a he lender's regular course of business on terms available to status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's ows: INTEREST PATE TERM (Months/Years)

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Rocky J. Chavez

NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)			
TechNet	John A. Perez for Assembly 2012		
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)		
5050 El Camino Real, Sulte 106	777 South Figueroa Street, Sulte 4050, Los Angeles		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE		
CA Pollcy Conference & Tech Academy			
DATE (mmldd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)		
12 , 12 , 165.39 lodging	12 , 02 , 12 s 85.80 personalized bowl		
12 / 12 / 12 s 72.44 food/drinks			
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not en Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)		
ADDRESS (Business Address Accepteble)	ADORESS (Business Address Acceptable)		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE		
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mim)dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)		
	<u> </u>		
s			
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not en Acronym)		
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Augress Acceptable)		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE		
DATE (mm/ddlyy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(5)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)		
	s		
Comments:			

CALIFORNIA FORM 700

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS

APR 1 0 2014

- COURT ED

ITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION	
AMENDMENT	ş.

AMENDMENT	FAIR PULLIFICA PRACTICES COM QI	OVER, PAGE	BY: he
Please type or print in ink.		(Tan)	BY: her
NAME OF FILER (LAST	n 2014 APR 10 PH 2	- 38 _(FIRST)	MIDDLE)
Chavez	Rocky		John
1. Office, Agency, or Court			
Agency Name (Do not use acronyms)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
California State Assembly			
Division, Board, Department, District, if applic	cable	Your Position	
76th District		Assemblymember	
► If filing for multiple positions, list below or	on an attachment. (Do not use	acronyms)	
Agency:		Position:	
2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at lea	ast one box)		
State		☐ Judge or Court Commiss	sioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
Multi-County			
City of			
Type of Statement (Check at least of	эпе box)		
Annual: The period covered is January December 31, 2013.	1, 2013, through	Leaving Office: Date L (Check one)	eft/
The period covered is/_ December 31, 2013.	, through	 The period covered in leaving office. 	s January 1, 2013, through the date of
Assuming Office: Date assumed	J	 The period covered in the date of leaving or 	s/, through ffice.
Candidate: Election year	and office sought, if d	ifferent than Part 1:	
4. Schedule Summary			
Check applicable schedules or "None."	► Total i	number of pages including	g this cover page:
Schedule A-1 - Investments – schedule a	L.	Schedule C - Income, Loans,	& Business Positions - schedule attached
Schedule A-2 - Investments - schedule a	L_] Schedule D - Income - Gifts -	- schedule attached
Schedule B - Real Property - schedule a	attached 🗶	Schedule E - Income - Gifts -	- Travel Payments - schedule attached
_	- or -		
(c)(1)	None - No reportable interest	's on any schedule	
r certify under penalty or perjury under the	laws of the State of California	that the (c)(1)	
Date Signed 04/09/2014			
(month, day, year)	Sigr	nature .	

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

- · You must mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not subject to the \$440 gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.

NAME OF COURCE (ALL A	1
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) San Diago County Posional Airport Authority	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
San Diego County Regional Airport Authority ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
PO BOX 82776	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	
San Diego, CA 92138	CITY AND STATE
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)	CHONEGO ACTIVITY IS ANY OF ACTIVITY
301 (6)(3)	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)
DATE(S): 01 / 10 / 13 12 / 18 / 13 AMT: \$ 4,070.00	DATE(S):/ AMT: \$
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) X Gift Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one)
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
X Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
Airport parking for travel to/from Floor Session in Sacramento.	
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	Filer's Verification
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	Print Name Rocky J. Chavez
ADDICESS (Dusiness Address Acceptagia)	Office, Agency
CITY AND STATE	Office, Agency or Court CA State Assembly
	Statement Type 2013/2014 Annual Assuming Leaving
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)	Annual Candidate
351 (6)(5)	1 }
	I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information
DATE(S):/	contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete.
(If gift)	I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) Gift Income	California that the foregoing is true and correct.
Made a Sepach/Dedicinated in a Book	Date Signed04/09/2014
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	(c)(1)
Other - Provide Description	Filor's Signature
	Filer's Signature
Comments:	

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS



Please type or print in ink.

NAME OF FILER	(LAST)	2014 MAR _(FIRST) AM 8-53 (MIDDLE)
Chávez	•	ocky John
1. Office, Agency, or (
Agency Name (Do not us	ө acronyms)	
State Assembly		
Division, Board, Departmen	nt, District, if applicable	Your Position
76th District		Assemblymember
▶ If filing for multiple position	tions, list below or on an attachment. (E	o not use acronyms)
Agency;		Position:
2. Jurisdiction of Offi	CE (Check at least one box)	
✓ State		☐ Judge or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
Multi-County		
☐ City of		•
Type of Ctote-aut		
7. Type of Statement		
December 31	overed is January 1, 2013, through 1, 2013.	Leaving Office: Date Left/(Check one)
-or- The period a December 31	overed is/, th	•
Assuming Office: Da	ite assumed	The period covered is, through the date of leaving office.
Candidate: Election y	ear and office so	ought, if different than Part 1:
. Schedule Summary	1	
Check applicable schedul	es or "None."	Total number of pages including this cover page:
	nents - schedule attached	Schedule C - Income, Loans. & Business Positions - schedule attached
	nents – schedule attached	Schedule D - Income - Gifts - schedule attached
✓ Schedule B - Real Pro	perty – schedule attached	Schedule E - Income – Gilts – Travel Payments – schedule attached
	-or- None - No reportab	ole interests on any schedule
(c)(1)		
	-vijorij amadi me lavis di me diste di	Camornia triat (c)(1)
Date Signed 24 C	-eb 14	Signature
	(month, day, year)	(File the originally signed statement with your fling official.)

SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

	NIA FORM	
Name		
Rocky	J. Chave	22

CITY	CITY
Oceanside, CA	CHY
FAJR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 3100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED Over \$1,000,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 / 13
NATURE OF INTEREST	11 -
✓ Ownership/Deed of Trust	NATURE OF INTEREST Ownership/Deed of Trust Fasement
Leasehold	Leasehold
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	
\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
✓ \$10,001 - \$100,000 ☐ OVER \$100,000	\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,000 \$10,000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source cincome of \$10,000 or more.	
None	income of \$10,000 or more.
	None
Sandra Stover You are not required to report loans from commercibusiness on terms available to members of the pub	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of the without regard to your official status.
Sandra Stover You are not required to report loans from commercial	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of the without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows:
Sandra Stover You are not required to report loans from commerce business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of business.	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of the without regard to your official status.
Sandra Stover You are not required to report loans from commerce business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of business of Lender*	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of the without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows:
Sandra Stover You are not required to report loans from commerci business on terms available to members of the pub loans received not in a lender's regular course of business (Business Address Acceptable)	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of lender's r
Sandra Stover You are not required to report loans from commerce business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of business.	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of the lender's regular course o
Sandra Stover You are not required to report loans from commerce business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of business (Business Address Acceptable) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of the lender's regular course o
You are not required to report loans from commercion business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of business (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of plic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and usiness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) - % None
You are not required to report loans from commerced business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of business (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of plic without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
You are not required to report loans from commerce business on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of business (Business Address Acceptable) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None	ial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of slic without regard to your official status. Personal loans and usiness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

	RNIA FORM 700 CAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name	
Pocky	J. Chavez

► 1. INCOME RECEIVED	► 1. INCOME RECEIVED
NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
USMC	<u> </u>
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
Regional Contracting, Camp Pendleton	i '
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
	The state of the s
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
Contracting Officer (Spouse)	TOUR BUSINESS POSITION
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$500 - \$1,000	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000 ☐ \$10,000 ☐ OVER \$100,000	\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
E 2100,001 2100,000	S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED
Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income	Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
Loan repayment Partnership	Loan repayment Partnership
Sale of	
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	Sale of(Real property, car, boat, etc.)
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10 000 or more	
	Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
Other	
(Describe)	Other(Describe)
	Į.
▶ 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PER	IOD
* You are not required to report loans from commercial le	nding institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a
rotal mistaliment of credit card transaction, made in the	lender's requisi course of business on terms qualished to
members of the public without regard to your official sta	itus. Personal loans and loans received not in a londor's
regular course of business must be disclosed as follows	3:
NAME OF LENDER*	INTEREST BATE
	INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	% None
(Laborator) recognitions	OF OUR ITY FOR LOW
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	SECURITY FOR LOAN
TO SIN LOG NOTIFICATION OF LENDER	None Personal residence
	Real Property
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	
	Street address
\$500 - \$1 ,000	Street address
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10.000	Street address City
\$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	City
\$1,001 - \$10,000	Guarantor
\$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	City Guarantor
\$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	Guarantor
\$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	Guarantor

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts



Rocky J. Chávez

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) CA New Car Dealers Associ		I I P NAME OF SOURC		t contract the contract to the
	iation		E (Not an Acronym) reless Associa	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptab			ss Address Accepta	
1415 L St., Ste 700, Sacram		1400 16th St, NW, Ste 600, Washington, DC 20036		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOL			TY. IF ANY, OF SOL	
			stry Trade Ass	
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)		DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
03 , 13 , 13 _s 70.98	food/drik	04 24 13	\$64.18	Recention
\$			\$	Тесорион
/\$			\$	
			\$	
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)		► NAME OF SOURC		
Farmer's Group, Inc		Del Mar Thore	oughbred Club)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptab	•	ADDRESS (Busines	•	*
1201 K Street, Ste 950, Saci	ramento, 95814	PO BOX 700,	Del Mar, CA 9	92014
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOU	RCE	BUSINESS ACTIVIT	TY, IF ANY, OF SOL	JRCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
04,09,13 \$ 63.95	food/drink	07,17,13	\$440.00	Admission/Rm/Parking
			\$	
\$			\$	
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	<u> </u>	► NAME OF SOURCE	(Not an Acronym)	······································
State Farm		CA Federation	n on the Enviro	nment and the Economy
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable	e)	ADDRESS (Busines	s Address Accepteb	ole)
1201 K Street, Ste 920, Sacr	amento, 95814	Pier 35, Ste 26	02, San Franci	isco, CA 94133
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOUR	RCE	BUSINESS ACTIVIT	Y, IF ANY. OF SOU	RCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
04 , 16 , 13	food/drink	04, 25, 13	\$384.61	hotel/food/drink
\$			\$	
			\$	
Comments:				

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

Rocky J. Chávez

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
Tr:-C:ty Medical Center	The state of souther product an Autonym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
2095 West Vista Way St 214 Vista, CA BUSINESS ACTIVITY IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
Mouliant Cultural foundation Golf Classic	The state of the s
Manlight Cultural foundation Golf Classic DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	225 State Hold of Sir I(d)
09,30,13 ; 200.00 Green Fee's	\$
\$	\$
	\$
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE ()	
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	\$
	\$
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
·	I will di dodice (Not all Actoryth)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
	- I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
	11
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	\$
/ / · ·	// \$
	// \$
	\$
omments:	

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Rocky O. Chavez

- Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization
 or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not
 subject to the \$440 gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)		
EdVoice Institute	NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	State Legislative Leaders Foundation	
1107 9th St, Ste 680.	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
CITY AND STATE	1645 Falmouth Rd, Bdg D	
Sacramento, CA 95814	CONTORVILLO MAN 03633	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)	Centerville, MA 02632 BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)	
y 301 (c)(3)		
	University of Virginia, Emerging Leaders Program	
DATE(S): 08 / 01 / 13 08 / 02 / 13 AMT: \$ 515.20	DATE(S):/	
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 🛛 Gift 🔲 Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) X Gift / Income	
✓ Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	
Other - Provide Description	✓ Other - Provide Description	
	Participated in Program/Class. Reimbursement for:	
	Room/board, tuition/fees, travel and dinner	
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)	
DATE(S):/	DATE(S)://	
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one)	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) Gift Income	
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	☐ Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	
Other - Provide Description		
	Other - Provide Description	
Comments:		
Comments.		
<u></u>		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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MAR 5 2014 BV: 614

RECEIVED FAIR POLITICAL PRASCHESON

2014 MARHE PHOLITES



► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
CA New Car Dealers Association	CTIA- The Wireless Association
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
1415 L St, Ste 700, Sacramento 95824	1400 16th St, NW Ste 600 Washington DC, 20036
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
	Wireless Industry Trade Association
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
03 13 13 74 00 6-44-54	
03 , 13 , 13 s 76.98 food/drink	04 , 24 , 13 s 64.18 Reception
	-
	- / s
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
Farmer's Group Inc	Del Mar Thoroughbred Club
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
1201 K Street, Ste 950, Sacramento 95814	PO BOX 700, Del Mar, CA 92014
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
04 09 13 4 3 6 5 food(dail)	
04, 09, 13 , 63.95 food/drink	$07, 17, 13$ $440 \rightarrow$ Admissions/Rm/Parkin
	-
1 1	
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	Filer's Verification
State Farm	Paging I Chaves
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	Print Name Rocky J. Chavez
1201 K Street, Ste 920, Sacramento 95814	Office, Agency or Court CA State Assembly
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	or Court On Otalio Addenibly
	Statement Type 2013/2014 Annual Assuming Leaving
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	Annual Candidate
04 16 13 [9 20 food/white	have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have
04 , 16 , 13 s 58.20 food/drink	reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information
	contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete.
	I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of
	California that the foregoing is true and correct.
	Date Signed 5 NA2 14
	(c)(1)
	Filer's Signature
Comments:	
outilities,	

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
Tri-City Medical Center	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
2095 West Vista Way, Ste 214, Vista CA	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
Moonlight Cultural Foundation Gold Classic	1
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
09 , 30 , 13 s 200 — Green Fee's	\$
	\$
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	s
	\$\$
▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	Filer's Verification
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	Print Name Rocky J. Chavez Office, Agency
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	Office, Agency or Court CA State Assembly
	Statement Type 🗵 2013/2014 Annual 🔲 Assuming 🔲 Leaving
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	Annual Candidate
\$	I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete.
	I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.
	Date Signed 5 ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
	Filer's SIgnature _
•	
Community	

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements



- You must mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization
 or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not
 subject to the \$440 gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	NAME OF COURSE W
National Assoc of Latino Elected & Appointed Officials	NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	CA Federation on the Environment and the Economy
1122 W. Washington Blvd., 3rd Floor	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	Pier 35, Ste 202
Los Angeles, CA 90015	11 ` "-
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE X 501 (c)(3)	San Francisco, CA BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE X 501 (c)(3)
<u> </u>	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE X 501 (c)(3)
40.00	
DATE(S): 10 / 25 / 13 10 / 27 / 13 AMT: \$ 723.46	DATE(S): 10 / 29 / 13 10 / 30 / 13 AMT: \$ 502.35
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 🗵 Gift 🗌 Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 🗵 Gift 📋 Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
Scholarship: Latino Legislative Summit on Health	CFEE: Roundtable Conference on Water
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	Filer's Verification
CA Federation on the Environment and the Economy	The S Vermeation
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	Print Name Rocky J. Chavez
Pier 35, Ste 202	Office, Agency
CITY AND STATE	Office, Agency or Court <u>CA State Assembly</u>
San Francisco, CA	Statement Type 🗵 2013/2014 Annual 🔲 Assuming 🔲 Leaving
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	Annual Candidate
	I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have
DATE(S): 04 , 25 , 13 04 , 27 , 13 AMT: \$ 384.61	reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete.
, • ,	I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 🔀 Gift 🗌 Income	
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Date Signed 5 WARLY
☑ Other - Provide Description	(c)(1)
CFEE: Roundtable on Energy Conference	Filer's Signature
ALL STATES AND VALUE OF THE STATES OF THE ST	
Comments:	

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

- You must mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization
 or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not
 subject to the \$440 gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.

NAME OF COURSE AND	1
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
EdVoice Institute	State Legislative Leaders Foundation
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
1107 9th St, Ste 680	1645 Falmouth Rd, Bldg D
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
Sacramento, CA	Centerville, MA
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE S 501 (c)(3)	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE X 501 (c)(3)
	Univ of Virginia: Emerging Leaders Program
DATE(S): 08 / 01 / 13 08 / 02 / 13 AMT: \$ 515.20	DATE(S): 07 , 08 , 13
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 🗵 Gift 📋 Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 🗵 Gift 📋 Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
Discussant/Panelist: Ed Voice Symposium for	Participated in Program/Class; Reimbursement for
Legislators	room/board; tuition/fees; travel and dinner
▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	Filer's Verification
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	Print Name Rocky J. Chavez
	Office, Agency or Court CA State Assembly
CITY AND STATE	or Court OA State Assembly
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)	Statement Type 2013/2014 Annual Assuming Leaving
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 501 (c)(3)	1 1
DATE(S):/	I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete.
(If gift)	I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) Gift Income	California that the foregoing is true and correct.
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Date Signed 5 WAR LY
Other - Provide Description	(c)(1)
	Filer's Signatu
	•
Comments:	

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS COVER PAGE



Please type or print in lnk. NAME OF FILER (LAST) (FIRST) (MIDDLE) Chavez Rocky John Office, Agency, or Court Agency Name (Do not use ecronyms) California State Assembly Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable Your Position 76th District Assemblymember ▶ If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do not use acronyms) 2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box) State ☐ Judge or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction) Multi-County _____ County of ______ ☐ City of ______ Other ___ 3. Type of Statement (Check at least one box) Leaving Office: Date Left ____/___ Annual: The period covered is January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014. (Check one) -05-O The period covered is January 1, 2014, through the date of The period covered is _________, through leaving office. December 31, 2014. O The period covered is ________ through Assuming Office: Date assumed _____/___ the date of leaving office. Candidate: Election year _____ and office sought, if different than Part 1: _____ 4. Schedule Summary ► Total number of pages including this cover page: 6 Check applicable schedules or "None." Schedule A-1 - Investments - schedule attached ✓ Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions – schedule attached Schedule D - Income - Gifts - schedule attached Schodule A-2 - Investments - schedule attached Schedule B - Real Property - schedule attached ✓ Schedule E - Income - Gifts - Travel Payments - schedule attached None - No reportable interests on any schedule nerein and in any attactied schedules is true and complete. I admowledge this is a I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that t Date Signed Warch

SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION Rocky chavez

CALIFORNIA FORM 700

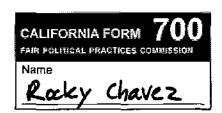
**
CITY
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 / / 14
NATURE OF INTEREST
Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement
Leasehold Other
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
\$0 - \$499 \$590 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.
None
lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and ness must be disclosed as follows:
NAME OF LENDER*
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER
I
INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) %
_
%
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD
1

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions (Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name Rocky Chavez

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	
USMC		
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
Regional Contracting, Camp Pendleton	11	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	
Contracting Officer (Spouse)		
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	
\$1,00¢ - \$1,000 \$1,000	\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	
▼ \$18,001 - \$100,000 □ OVER \$100,000	S10,00‡ - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	
Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-amployed use Schedule A-2.)	Splary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)	
Partnership (Less than 10% ownership, For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)	Partnership (Less than 10% ownership, For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)	
Sale of	Sale of	
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	
Loan repayment	Loan repayment	
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission or Rental Income, sat each source of \$10 000 or more	
(Describe)	(Describe)	
	(
Other(Describe)	Other(Describe)	
Other (Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PER	(Describe)	
2. Loans received or outstanding during the reporting per * You are not required to report loans from commercial leads in installment or credit card transaction, made in the	ending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available to atus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's	
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PER * You are not required to report loans from commercial is retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official st	ending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a lender's regular course of business on terms available to atus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's	
2. Loans received or outstanding during the reporting Per * You are not required to report loans from commercial le retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official st regular course of business must be disclosed as follow NAME OF LENDER*	ending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of elender's regular course of business on terms available to atus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's vs:	
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* You are not required to report loans from commercial le retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the members of the public without regard to your official st regular course of business must be disclosed as follow NAME OF LENDER. **ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) **BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER **HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD **\$\$ \$500 - \$1,000	ending Institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of elender's regular course of business on terms available to atus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's vs: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) Whene SECURITY FOR LOAN None Personal residence Real Property Street address	

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts



PepsiCo ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 700 Anderson Hill, Road, Purchase, NY 10577 BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE District Office Open House DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) State Building & Construction Trades Council for CA ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 1231 I Street, Suite 302 Sacramento, CA 95814 BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Building Trades Reception DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 06 , 09 , 14					
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) ZOD Anderson Hill Road, Purchase, NY 10577 BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE District Office Open House DATE (mindstyr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mindstyr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) State Building & Construction Trades Council for CA ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Building Trades Reception DATE (mindstyr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) O6 , 18 , 14 4 45.71 Reception NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) DATE (mindstyr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) O6 , 18 , 14 4 55.71 Reception ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Building Trades Reception DATE (mindstyr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) O6 , 18 , 14 4 45.71 Reception ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE DATE (mindstyr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	<u> </u>	► NAME OF SOURCE	E (Not an Acronym)	
### 200 Anderson Hill, Road, Purchase, NY 10577 #### 2015 Ant Committed Prince Open House DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DA , 04 , 14	PepsiCo		Martin Krumin	ıg	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE District Office Open House DATE (min/addyy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 04 , 04 , 14	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptate	ele)			ie)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE District Office Open House DATE (min/addyy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 04 , 04 , 14	700 Anderson Hill Road, Put		I I		
District Office Open House DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 11, 06, 14, 200.00 Rug NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acranym) State Building & Construction Trades Council for CA ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 1231 I Street, Sulte 302 Sacramento, CA 95814 Business ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Building Trades Reception DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) NOME DATE (mm/dd/yr) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)					
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 04 / 04 / 14					
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) State Building & Construction Trades Council for CA ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 1231 I Street, Suite 302 Sacramento, CA 95814 Business Activity, ir Any, or Source Building Trades Reception DATE (mmvdd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 06 , 09 , 14		DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) State Building & Construction Trades Council for CA ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 1231 Street, Suite 302 Sacramento, CA 95814 Business Activity, if Any, OF SOURCE Building Trades Reception DATE (mmvdd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	04,04,14	Beverages	11,06,14	s 200.00	Rug
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ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 1231 Street, Suite 302 Sacramento, CA 95814 BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Building Trades Reception DATE (mmvdd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 06 , 09 , 14	➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)		► NAME OF SOURCE	E (Not an Acronym)	
1231 Street, Suite 302 Sacramento, CA 95814 BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Building Trades Reception DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 06 , 09 , 14	State Building & Constructio	n Trades Council for CA	Solar Turbine	S	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Building Trades Reception DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 06 , 09 , 14	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptat	H6)	ADDRESS (Busines	s Address Acceptat	nie)
Building Trades Reception DATE (mmvdd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 06	1231 I Street, Suite 302 Sac	ramento, CA 95814	2200 Pacific I	dighway San E	liego, CA 92186
Building Trades Reception DATE (mmvdd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 06	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOU	IRCE	BUSINESS ACTIVIT	TY, IF ANY, OF SOU	IRCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 06 , 09 , 14					
06 18 14 45.71 Reception NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) J J S J S J J J S J S J J J J S J S J J J J S J S J J J J S J		DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	<u> </u>		
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) J J S J J S S J S S J S S J S S S J S	06,09,14 \$ 112.87	Leatherman Tool	10,30,14	s54.00	Dinner
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) J S J S S J S S S S S S S S S S S S S	06,18,14	Reception		<u>-</u>	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) J S J S S J S S S S S S S S S S S S S				s	
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	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALLJE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
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Comments:	// \$			5	
Commanie:					
Comments.	Comments				

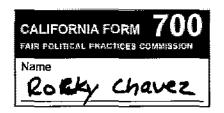
SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Rocky Chavez

- · Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization
 or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not
 subject to the \$440 gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.

➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Aeronym)	➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
CA Foundation on the Environment and the Economy	CA Charter Schools Association
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
Pier 35, Suite 202	1107 9th Street, Sulte 200
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
San Francisco, CA	Sacramento, CA
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Symposium
DATE(S): 09 , 29 , 14	DATE(S): 12,08,14 12,09,14 AMT: s 677.58
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one)	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 📝 Gift 🔲 income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
☑ Olher - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
Participated in conference related to water and drought.	Participated in Symposium
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
CA Foundation on the Environment and the Economy	CA Foundation for Commerce & Education
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
Pier 35, Suite 202	1215 K Street, Suite 1400
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
San Francisco, CA	Sacramento, CA
	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): 11,07,14 - 11,19,14 AMT: \$ 12,552.25	DATE(S): 07 , 27 , 14 , 07 , 30 , 14 AMT: \$ 234.72
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 🗹 Gift 📋 Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) 📝 Gift 🔲 Income
Made a Speech/Perticipated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
☑ Other - Provide Description	✓ Other - Provide Description
Participated in Study Travel Project to Chile	Attended luncheon.
Comments:	

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements



- · Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization
 or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not
 subject to the \$440 gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of Interest.

➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
CA Independent System Operator	San Diego County Regional Airport Authority
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
250 Outcropping Way	PO Box 82776
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
Folsom, CA 95630	San Diego, CA 92138
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Symposium	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): 10 / 22 / 14 10 / 23 / 14 AMT: \$ 92.00	DATE(S): 01,06,14 12,28,14 AMT: \$4,723.00
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) [Gift [Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) Gift Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
Food/Drinks	Airport parking for travel to/from Floor Session in Sacramento.
➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	➤ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	☐ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S):////	DATE(S):/
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) Gift Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one)
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
	
	11
Comments:	

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTEREST COVER PAGE

Please type or print in ink.

NAME OF FILER ((LAST) (FIRST)	
Chavez	Roc	cky John
1. Office, Ag	gency, or Court	
Agency Nam	ne (Do not use acronyms)	······································
	a State Assembly	
	ard, Department, District, if applicable	Your Position
76th Distr	rict	Assemblymember
▶ If filling for	or multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do	not use acronyms)
Agency:	·····	Position:
2. Jurisdicti	tion of Office (Check at least one box)	
✓ State		Judge or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
Multi-Cou	unty	County of
3. Type of S	Statement (Check at least one box)	
	The period covered is January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015.	Check one)
-or-	The period covered is/	leaving office.
Assumir Assumir	ng Office: Date assumed	The period covered is
Candida	ite: Election year	ought, if different than Part 1.
		umber of pages including this cover page: 5
Schedule	es attached	
C Sche	edule A-1 - Invesiments - schedule attached	✓ Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions - schedule attached
Schei	edule A-2 - Investments - schedule attached	Schedule D · Income - Gifts - schedule attached
	edule B - Real Property - schedule attached	✓ Schedule E - Income - Gifts - Travel Payments - schedule attached
-or-		
[] None	Mo reportable interests on any schedule	
herein and in	n any attached schedules is true and complete. Lacknow	wladne this is
	ler penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of C	
		Allionia dia
Date Signed	MARCH 1, 2016	Signatur
	(month, day, year)	-3.00

Instructions Cover Page

Enter your name, mailing address, and daytime telephone number in the spaces provided. Because the Form 700 is a public document, you may list your business/office address instead of your home address.

Part 1. Office, Agency, or Court

- Enter the name of the office sought or held, or the agency or court. Consultants must enter the public agency name rather than their private firm's name. (Examples: State Assembly; Board of Supervisors; Office of the Mayor; Department of Finance; Hope County Superior Court)
- Indicate the name of your division, board, or district, if applicable. (Examples: Division of Waste Management; Board of Accountancy; District 45). Do not use acronyms.
- Enter your position title. (Examples: Director; Chief Counsel; City Council Member; Staff Services Analyst)
- If you hold multiple positions (i.e., a city council member who also is a member of a county board or commission), you may be required to file statements with each agency.
 To simplify your filing obligations, you may complete an expanded statement.
- To do this, enter the name of the other agency(ies) with which you are required to file and your position title(s) in the space provided. Do not use acronyms. Attach an additional sheet if necessary. Complete one statement covering the disclosure requirements for all positions. Each copy must contain an original signature. Therefore, before signing the statement, make a copy for each agency. Sign each copy with an original signature and file with each agency.

If you assume or leave a position after a filing deadline, you must complete a separate statement. For example, a city council member who assumes a position with a county special district after the April 1 annual filing deadline must file a separate assuming office statement. In subsequent years, the city council member may expand his or her annual filing to include both positions.

Example

Scott Baker is a city council member for the City of Lincoln and a board member for the Camp Far West Irrigation District – a multi-county agency that covers Placer and Yuba counties—Scott will complete one Form 700 using full disclosure (as required for the city position) and covering interests in both Placer and Yuba counties (as required for the multi-county position) and list both positions on the Cover Page. Before signing the statement, Scott will make a copy and sign both statements. One statement will be filed with City of Lincoln and the other will be filed with Camp Far West Irrigation District. Both will contain an original signature.

Part 2. Jurisdiction of Office

- Check the box indicating the jurisdiction of your agency and, if applicable, identify the jurisdiction. Judges, judicial candidates, and court commissioners have statewide jurisdiction. All other filers should review the Reference Pamphlet, page 13, to determine their jurisdiction.
- If your agency is a multi-county office, list each county in which your agency has jurisdiction.

If your agency is not a state office, court, county office, city
office, or multi-county office (e.g., school districts, special
districts and JPAs), check the "other" box and enter the
county or city in which the agency has jurisdiction.

Example:

This filer is a member of a water district board with jurisdiction in portions of Yuba and Sutter Counties.

Part 3. Type of Statement

ency Name (Co not use ecrosyme)	
Feather River Engation District	
Owners Board, Department District if approache	Your Powters
N/A	Board Member
. N/A	De vost un de descriptions,
Agency N/A	¹ cs 2nn
Junadiction of Office (Check at least one box)	nnc ap²

Check at least one box. The period covered by a statement is determined by the type of statement you are filing. If you are completing a 2015 annual statement, **do not** change the pre-printed dates to reflect 2016. Your annual statement is used for reporting the **previous year's** economic interests. Economic interests for your annual filing covering January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2016, will be disclosed on your statement filed in 2017. See Reference Pamphlet, page 4.

Combining Statements: Certain types of statements may be combined. For example, if you leave office after January 1, but before the deadline for filing your annual statement, you may combine your annual and leaving office statements. File by the earliest deadline. Consult your filing officer or the FPPC.

Part 4. Schedule Summary

- Complete the Schedule Summary after you have reviewed each schedule to determine if you have reportable interests.
- Enter the total number of completed pages including the cover page and either check the box for each schedule you use to disclose interests; or if you have nothing to disclose on any schedule, check the "No reportable interests" box.
 Please do not attach any blank schedules.

Part 5, Verification

Complete the verification by signing the statement and entering the date signed. All statements must have an original "wet" signature or be duly authorized by your filing officer to file electronically under Government Code Section 87500.2. Instructions, examples, FAQs, and a reference pamphlet are available to help answer your questions. When you sign your statement, you are stating, under penalty of perjury, that it is true and correct. Only the filer has authority to sign the statement. An unsigned statement is not considered filed and you may be subject to late filing penalties.

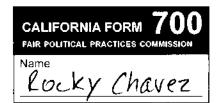
FPPC Form 700 (2015/2016)

FPPC Advice Email: advice@fppc.ca.gov

FPPC Toll-Free Helpline: 866/275-3772 www.fppc.ca.gov

Instructions – 1

SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)



III 65H Sumper Way Unit 1
650 Sumner Way Unit 1
CITY
Oceanside, CA
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10 001 - \$100,000 \$100.001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INTEREST
☑ Ownership/Deed of Trust ☐ Easement
Leasehold
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
S10,001 - \$100.000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more None
c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and
I lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and siness must be disclosed as follows:
c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and siness must be disclosed as follows:
c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and siness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER*
c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and siness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and siness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER
c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and siness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and siness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
c without regard to your official status. Personal loans and siness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)

Instructions – Schedule C Income, Loans, & Business Positions (Income Other Than Gifts and Travel Payments)

Reporting Income:

Report the source and amount of gross income of \$500 or more you received during the reporting period. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes and includes loans other than loans from a commercial lending institution. See Reference Pamphlet, page 11. You must also report the source of income to your spouse or registered domestic partner if your community property share was \$500 or more during the reporting period.

A source of income must be reported only if the source is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. See Reference Pamphlet, page 13, for more information about doing business in the jurisdiction. Reportable sources of income may be further limited by your disclosure category located in your agency's conflict of interest code.

Reporting Business Positions:

You must report your job title with each reportable business entity even if you received no income during the reporting period. Use the comments section to indicate that no income was received.

Commonly reportable income and loans include:

- Salary/wages, per diem, and reimbursement for expenses including travel payments provided by your employer
- Community property interest (50%) in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's income - report the employer's name and all other required information
- Income from investment interests, such as partnerships, reported on Schedule A-1
- Commission income not required to be reported on Schedule A-2 (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)
- Gross income from any sale, including the sale of a house or car (Report your pro rata share of the total sale price.)
- Rental income not required to be reported on Schedule B
- · Prizes or awards not disclosed as gifts
- · Payments received on loans you made to others
- An honorarium received prior to becoming a public official (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10, concerning your ability to receive future honoraria.)
- Incentive compensation (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

Reminders

- Code filers your disclosure categories may not require disclosure of all sources of income.
- If you or your spouse or registered domestic partner are self-employed, report the business entity on Schedule A-2.
- Do not disclose on Schedule C income, loans, or business positions already reported on Schedules A-2 or B.

You are not required to report:

- Salary, reimbursement for expenses or per diem, or social security, disability, or other similar benefit payments received by you or your spouse or registered domestic partner from a federal, state, or local government agency.
- Stock dividends and income from the sale of stock unless the source can be identified.
- Income from a PERS retirement account,

See Reference Pamphlet, page 11, for more exceptions to income reporting.

To Complete Schedule C:

Part 1. Income Received/Business Position Disclosure

- Disclose the name and address of each source of income or each business entity with which you held a business position.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the amount of gross income received.
- Identify the consideration for which the income was received.
- For income from commission sales, check the box indicating the gross income received and list the name of each source of commission income of \$10,000 or more. See Reference Pamphlet, page 8 Note: If you receive commission income on a regular basis or have an ownership interest of 10% or more, you must disclose the business entity and the income on Schedule A-2.
- Disclose the job title or business position, if any, that you held with the business entity, even if you did not receive income during the reporting period.

Part 2. Loans Received or Outstanding During the Reporting Period

- · Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the lender is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Disclose the interest rate and the term of the loan.
 - For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period.
 - The term of the loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was entered into.
- · Identify the security, if any, for the loan.

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Rocky Chavez

1. INCOME RECEIVED	► 1, INCOME RECEIVED		
NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME		
USMC			
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)		
Regional Contracting, Camp Pendleton			
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE		
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION		
Contracting Officer (Spouse)			
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED		
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10 000	☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000		
✓ \$10,001 - \$100,000 ☐ OVER \$100,000	S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000		
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED		
Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2)	Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)		
Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)	Partnership (Less than 10% ownership For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2)		
	Sale of		
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	(Real property, car, boat, etc.)		
Loan repayment	Loan repayment		
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more		
(Describe)	(Describe)		
Other	Other		
(Describe) ➤ 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PER	(Describe)		
retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the	ending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a e lender's regular course of business on terms available to atus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's rs:		
NAME OF LENDER*	INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)		
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	% None SECURITY FOR LOAN		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	None Personal residence		
dooned Ao Mill, II ARI. OF EERDER	-		
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	Real Property Street address		
\$500 - \$1,000			
\$1,001 - \$10,000	City		
\$10.001 - \$100,000	Guarantor		
OVER \$100,000	Other(Oescribe)		
	1—————————————————————————————————————		
Comments:			

Instructions – Schedule D Income – Gifts

A gift is anything of value for which you have not provided equal or greater consideration to the donor. A gift is reportable if its fair market value is \$50 or more. In addition, multiple gifts totaling \$50 or more received during the reporting period from a single source must be reported.

It is the acceptance of a gift, not the ultimate use to which it is put, that imposes your reporting obligation. Except as noted below, you must report a gift even if you never used it or if you gave it away to another person.

If the exact amount of a gift is unknown, you must make a good faith estimate of the item's fair market value. Listing the value of a gift as "over \$50" or "value unknown" is not adequate disclosure. In addition, if you received a gift through an intermediary, you must disclose the name, address, and business activity of both the donor and the intermediary. You may indicate an intermediary either in the "source" field after the name or in the "comments" section at the bottom of Schedule D.

Commonly reportable gifts include:

- · Tickets/passes to sporting or entertainment events
- Tickets/passes to amusement parks
- · Parking passes not used for official agency business
- Food, beverages, and accommodations, including those provided in direct connection with your attendance at a convention, conference, meeting, social event, meal, or like gathering
- Rebates/discounts not made in the regular course of business to members of the public without regard to official status
- Wedding gifts (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16)
- An honorarium received prior to assuming office (You may report an honorarium as income on Schedule C, rather than as a gift on Schedule D, if you provided services of equal or greater value than the payment received. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10, regarding your ability to receive future honoraria.)
- Transportation and lodging (See Schedule E.)
- · Forgiveness of a loan received by you

You are not required to disclose:

 Gifts that were not used and that, within 30 days after receipt, were returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable organization or government agency without

Reminders

- Gifts from a single source are subject to a \$460 limit.
 See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.
- Code filers you only need to report gifts from reportable sources.

Gift Tracking Mobile Application

 FPPC has created a gift tracking app for mobile devices that helps filers track gifts and provides a quick and easy way to upload the information to the Form 700. Visit FPPC's website to download the app.

- being claimed by you as a charitable contribution for tax purposes
- Gifts from your spouse or registered domestic partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, and certain other famly members (See Regulation 18942 for a complete list.). The exception does not apply if the donor was acting as an agent or intermediary for a reportable source who was the true donor.
- Gifts of similar value exchanged between you and an individual, other than a lobbyist registered to lobby your state agency, on holidays, birthdays, or similar occasions
- Gifts of informational material provided to assist you in the performance of your official duties (e.g., books, pamphlets, reports, calendars, periodicals, or educational seminars)
- A monetary bequest or inheritance (However, inherited investments or real property may be reportable on other schedules.)
- Personalized plaques or trophies with an individual value of less than \$250
- · Campaign contributions
- Up to two tickets, for your own use, to attend a fundraiser for a campaign committee or candidate, or to a fundraiser for an organization exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The ticket must be received from the organization or committee holding the fundraiser.
- Gifts given to members of your immediate family if the source has an established relationship with the family member and there is no evidence to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you. (See Regulation 18943.)
- Free admission, food, and nominal items (such as a pen, pencil, mouse pad, note pad or similar item) available to all attendees, at the event at which the official makes a speech (as defined in Regulation 18950(b)(2)), so long as the admission is provided by the person who organizes the event.
- Any other payment not identified above, that would otherwise meet the definition of gift, where the payment is made by an individual who is not a lobbyist registered to lobby the official's state agency, where it is clear that the gift was made because of an existing personal or business relationship unrelated to the official's position and there is no evidence whatsoever at the time the gift is made to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you.

To Complete Schedule D:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym), address, and, if a business entity, the business activity of the source.
- Provide the date (month, day, and year) of receipt, and disclose the fair market value and description of the gift.

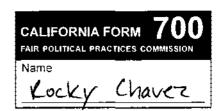
FPPC Form 700 (2015/2016)

FPPC Advice Email: advice@fppc.ca.gov

FPPC Toll-Free Helpline: 866/275-3772 www.fppc.ca.gov

Instructions – 16

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts



► NA∜E OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
CA Chamber of Commerce	CA New Car Dealers Association	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
1215 K Street, Suite 1400, Sacramento	1517 L St, Sacramento	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
Breakfast, Luncheon and Reception	Reception	
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	
03 , 17 , 15	03 , 25 , 15 s 52.96 Evening Reception	
05 , 27 , 15		
05 <u>/ 28 <u>/</u> 15 <u>\$ 47.10 Breakfast</u></u>		
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
CA Cut Flower Commission	P TANKE OF GOSTOE (NO. 45 ADSIVITY)	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
PO Box 90225 Santa Barbara		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
River Cats Game and Reception		
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	
06 / 17 / 15 99.38 Ticket and Reception		
02 , 18 , 15 s 15.00 Floral Arrangement		
/		
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
National Alliance on Mental Illness-CA		
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
1851 Heritage Way, Suite 150, Sacramento 95815		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
Speaking and Award Reception		
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	
07 , 01 , 15		
Comments:		

Instructions – Schedule E Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

Travel payments reportable on Schedule E include advances and reimbursements for travel and related expenses, including lodging and meals.

Gifts of travel may be subject to the gift limit. In addition, certain travel payments are reportable gifts, but are not subject to the gift limit. To avoid possible misinterpretation or the perception that you have received a gift in excess of the gift limit, you may wish to provide a specific description of the purpose of your travel. See the FPPC fact sheet entitled "Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel, and Loans" at www.fppc.ca.gov.

You are not required to disclose:

- Travel payments received from any state, local, or federal government agency for which you provided services equal or greater in value than the payments received, such as reimbursement for travel on agency business from your government agency employer.
- A payment for travel from another local, state, or federal government agency and related per diem expenses when the travel is for education, training or other inter-agency programs or purposes.
- Travel payments received from your employer in the normal course of your employment that are included in the income reported on Schedule C.
- A travel payment that was received from a non-profit entity exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) for which you provided equal or greater consideration, such as reimbursement for travel on business for a 501(c)(3) organization for which you are a board member.

Note: Certain travel payments may not be reportable if reported on Form 801 by your agency.

To Complete Schedule E:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym) and address of the source of the travel payment.
- Identify the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box to identify the payment as a gift or income, report the amount, and disclose the date(s).
 - Travel payments are gifts if you did not provide services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose gifts totaling \$50 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement.

When reporting travel payments that are gifts, you must provide a description of the gift and the date(s) received. If the travel occurred on or after January 1, 2016, you must also disclose the travel destination.

Travel payments are income if you provided services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose income totaling \$500 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement. You have the burden of proving the payments are income rather than gifts. When reporting travel payments as income, you must describe the services you provided in exchange for the payment. You are not required to disclose the date(s) for travel payments that are income.

Example:

City council member Rick Chandler is the chairman of a 501 (c)(6) trade association and the association pays for Rick's travel to attend its meetings. Because Rick is deemed to

be providing equal or greater consideration for the travel payment by virtue of serving on the board, this payment may be reported as income. Payments for Rick to attend other events for which he is not providing services are likely considered gifts.

► NAME OF SQURGE
Health Services Trade Association ADDRESS Gusiness Association
1230 K Street, Ste. 610
Sacramento, CA 5JShESC ACTIVITY IF ANY OF SOURCE 501 100181
Association of Healthcare Workers
DATE(S)
TYPE Of PAYMENT imust check one; 📑 Gift - 💥 Income
$_{\text{DESCRIPTION}}$ Travel reimbursement for board meeting

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Rocky Chavez

- · Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization
 or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not
 subject to the \$460 gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.
- For gifts of travel that occurred on or after January 1, 2016, provide the travel destination.

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)			
CA Charter School Association	San Diego County Regional Airport Authority			
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)			
1107 9th Street, Suite 200	PO Box 82776			
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE			
Sacramento, CA	San Diego, CA 92138			
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Educational Symposium	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE			
DATE(S) 11 / 09 / 15 11 / 10 / 15 AMT \$ 67.76	DATE(S) 01, 04, 15 12, 30, 15 AMT \$ 4,177.00			
► MUST CHECK ONE	► MUST CHECK ONE ☑ Gift -or- ☐ Income			
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel			
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description			
► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	i➤ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination			
The Lodge at Torrey Pines, 11480 N Torrey Pines, La Jella	-Airport parking for travel to/from Floor Session in Sacramento			
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)			
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)			
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE			
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE			
DATE(S)	DATE(S)// AMT \$			
► MUST CHECK ONE Gift -or- Income	► MUST CHECK ONE ☐ Gift -or- ☐ Income			
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panet	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel			
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description			
▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination			
Comments:				

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS





COVER PAGE

Please type or print in ink.	(34)		
NAME OF FILER (LAST)	(FIRST)	(MIC	DDLE)
Chavez	Rocky	Jo	ohn
1. Office, Agency, or Court			
Agency Name (Do not use acrony)	ns)		
California State Assembly			3
Division, Board, Department, Distric	t, if applicable	Your Position	
76th District		Assemblymember	E CP
► If filing for multiple positions, list	below or on an attachment. (Do not	tuse acronyms)	R F CES
Agency:		Position:	P CEN
2. Jurisdiction of Office (Che	eck at least one box)		
X State	· ·	☐ Judge or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdict	S S
_			
•			
City of		Other	
3. Type of Statement (Check a	at least one box		
Annual: The period covered is		Leaving Office: Date Left/	
December 31, 2016.	dandary 1, 2010, anough	(Check one)	
-or- The period covered is December 31, 2016.	:, throug	h O The period covered is January 1, 2016, through	gh the date of
Assuming Office: Date assum	ned/	The period covered is/ the date of leaving office.	, through
Candidate: Election year	and office sought	i, if different than Part 1:	
4. Schedule Summary (mus	t complete) ► Total numb	per of pages including this cover page:	
Schedules attached			
Schedule A-1 - Investments	- schedule attached	Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions - sch	nedule attached
Schedule A-2 - Investments		Schedule D - Income - Gifts - schedule attached	iodalo dilabilod
Schedule B - Real Property		Schedule E - Income - Gifts - Travel Payments - schedu	ule attached
-or-		<u> </u>	
☐ None - No reportable inte	erests on any schedule		
5. Verification			V
MAILING ADDRESS STREET (Business or Agency Address Recommended	CITY Comments	STATE ZIP CODI	E
PO Box 942849	- Public Document) Sacral	mento CA 942490076	;
DAYTIME TELEPHONE NUMBER		E-MAIL ADDRESS	X
(916) 319-2076		assemblymember.chavez@assembly.ca.gov	/
I have used all reasonable diligence herein and in any attached schedule		viewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the inforge this is a public document.	rmation contained
I certify under penalty of perjury t	ınder the laws of the State of Calif	ornia that the foregoing is true and correct.	
		(Zb 100	
Date Signed 1 WAR 1		Signature	
(monlh, da)	y, year)	(File the originally signed statement with your filing official	al.)

SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Rocky J. Chavez

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS	► ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS			
4456 Brisbane Way #4	650 Sumner Way Unit 1			
CITY	CITY			
Oceanside, CA	Oceanside, CA			
Oceanside, CA				
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \times \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 \times			
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST			
X Ownership/Deed of Trust	▼ Ownership/Deed of Trust			
Leasehold Yrs. remaining Other	Leasehold Other			
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED			
\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	□ \$0 - \$499 □ \$500 - \$1,000 □ \$1,001 - \$10,000			
▼ \$10,001 - \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000			
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more. None None Name	SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more. None			
,				
-				
*				
* You are not required to report loans from commercial I business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business.	ending institutions made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and ness must be disclosed as follows:			
NAME OF LENDER*	NAME OF LENDER*			
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)			
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER			
INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)			
%	%			
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD			
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000			
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000			
Guarantor, if applicable	☐ Guarantor, if applicable			
	II			

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Rocky J. Chavez

► 1. INCOME RECEIVED	► 1. INCOME RECEIVED
NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
USMC	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
Regional Contracting, Camp Pendleton	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
Contracting Officer (Spouse)	
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Only	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Only
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	\$1,001 - \$10,000
■ \$10,001 - \$100,000	S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED
Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)	Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)
Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)	Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)
Sale of	Sale of
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	(Real property, car, boat, etc.)
Loan repayment	Loan repayment
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
(Describe)	(Describe)
Other	Other
(Describe)	(Describe)
▶ 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PER	HOD
retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the	ending institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a lender's regular course of business on terms available to atus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's s:
NAME OF LENDER*	INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
	%
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	OF CURITY FOR LOAD
	SECURITY FOR LOAN None Personal residence
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	Treasuration
	Real PropertyStreet address
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	วแฮส ฮนแฮรร
\$500 - \$1,000	City
\$1,001 - \$10,000	Guarantor
S10,001 - \$100,000	U Guaranioi ———————————————————————————————————
OVER \$100,000	Other
	(Describe)
Comments:	

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name

Rocky J. Chavez

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)		► NAME OF S	OURC	E (Not an Acronym)	
CA Fresh Fruit Association		CA Citrus Mutual			
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptab	le)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)		ole)	
978 West Alluvial, Suite 107	, Fresno	512 North Kaweah Avenue, Exeter		Exeter	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOU	RCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE		IRCE	
Fruit Delivery and Reception		Fruit Delivery + Dinner Reception			eption
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/d	ld/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
02,17,16	Fruit Delivery	03 , 29	16	\$_109.64	Dinner Reception
06,22,16 \$90.62	Reception	03,29	16	\$ <u>8.65</u>	Fruit Delivery
08,10,16 \$14	Fruit Delivery		/	\$	n
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)		► NAME OF S	SOURCI	E (Not an Acronym)	
Associated Builders and Cor	ntractors of CA	Equality	CA		
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptab		ADDRESS (Busines	ss Address Acceptab	nle)
1400 Kellogg Drive, Anaheir	n 92807	202 W 1	st St	#3-0130, Los A	Angeles
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOU		BUSINESS /	ACTIVIT	TY, IF ANY, OF SOL	JRCE
Reception		Reception			
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/c	dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
06,29,16 \$53.73	Reception	03,07	<u>/_16</u>	<u>\$75</u>	Reception
\$			/	\$,
/\$	-		/	\$	<u> </u>
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)		11		E (Not an Acronym)	
Barona Band of Mission Indi	ans	National	Fede	eration Indeper	ndent Business
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptab	le)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)			ole)
1095 Barona Road, Lakesid	e	921 11th Street, Suite 400			
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOU	RCE	BUSINESS /	ACTIVI ⁻	TY, IF ANY, OF SOL	JRCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/d	dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
03,22,16 \$26.03	Reception	03 , 08	<u>/_16</u>	<u>\$62.94</u>	Reception
08,11,16 \$225.82	Meal for Asm and Wife		/	\$	
			/	\$	
Comments:					

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts



Rocky J. Chavez

*	
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
CA Cattlemen's Association	CA State Sheriffs' Association
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
1221 H Street, Sacramento	1231 I Street, Suite 200 Sacramento
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
Reception	Reception
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
06 , 22 , 16 s Breakfast Reception	05 17 16 \$88.09 Reception
	\$
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
Peace Officers Research Association	CA Cut Flower Commission
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
4010 Truxel Road, Sacramento	PO Box 90225, Santa Barbara
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
Reception	Reception
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
05 , 03 , 16	06 , 01 , 16
s	
▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
CA Association of Collectors	NextGen Climate
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
One Capitol Mall, Suite 800, Sacramento	111 Sutter Street, 10th Floor, San Francisco
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
Reception	Reception
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
10 , 18 , 16	12 , 05 , 16 \$79.66 Reception
Comments:	

SCHEDULE D Income – Gifts

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

Rocky J. Chavez

NAME OF SOURCE	F (Not an Acronym)		NAME OF SOURCE	(Not an Acronym)	
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) Rendon for Assembly 2016		CA New Car Dealers Association ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 1517 L Street			
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 3605 Long Beach Blvd., Suite 426, Long Beach BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE					
					BUSINESS ACTIVIT
		Reception			Reception
DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
12 , 04 , 16	\$_139.92	Reception	03,16,16	\$56.57	Reception
	\$			\$	
	\$			\$	*
NAME OF SOURCE	E (Not an Acronym)		► NAME OF SOURCE	(Not an Acronym)	
ADDRESS (Busines	ss Address Acceptabl	(e)	ADDRESS (Busines	s Address Acceptab	le)
BUSINESS ACTIVIT	TY, IF ANY, OF SOU	RCE	BUSINESS ACTIVIT	Y, IF ANY, OF SOU	RCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	\$			\$	<u>-</u>
//	\$	a 		\$	
	\$	·	//	\$	s 0
NAME OF SOURCE	E (Not an Acronym)		▶ NAME OF SOURCE	(Not an Acronym)	
ADDRESS (Busines	ss Address Acceptabl	(e)	ADDRESS (Busines	s Address Acceptab	le)
BUSINESS ACTIVIT	TY, IF ANY, OF SOU	RCE	BUSINESS ACTIVIT	Y, IF ANY, OF SOU	RCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	\$			\$	
	\$			\$	
	\$		II	\$	a
Comments:					

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Rocky J. Chavez

- Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not subject to the gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.
- For gifts of travel, provide the travel destination.

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
CA Charter School Association	CA Foundation for the Environment and Economy
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
1107 9th Street, Suite 200	Pier 35, Suite 202
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
Sacramento, CA	San Francisco, CA
∑ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	★ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Roundtable Summit ■ The state of the sta
DATE(S): 12 / 13 / 16 - 12 / 14 / 16 AMT: \$ 226.07	DATE(S): 05 / 19 / 16 _ 5 / 20 / 16 AMT: \$\$587.29
► MUST CHECK ONE: ☑ Gift -or- ☐ Income	► MUST CHECK ONE: X Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination The LodgeTorrey Pines 11480 N Torrey Pines La Jolla	► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
San Diego County Regional Airport Authority	CA Foundation for the Environment and Economy
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
PO Box 82776	Pier 35, Suite 202
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
San Diego, CA 92138	San Francisco, CA
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	Study Travel Project, Germany + Czech Republic
DATE(S): 12 / 30 / 15 - 12 / 22 / 16 AMT: \$ 4929	DATE(S): 11 / 11 / 16 - 11 / 21 / 16 AMT: \$ 13,160.70
► MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift -or- ☐ Income	► MUST CHECK ONE: 🗵 Gift -or- 🗌 Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
Comments:	



CALIFORNIA FORM 7 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

RECEIVED FAIR POLITICAL RACT STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERES

2018 MAR - I PM 3: €ÓVER PAGE

DEGEIVE	
STS STERN 200 2018 Rec	telyed

Please type or print in ink.		
NAME OF FILER (LAST)	(FIRST)	(MIDDLE)
Chavez	Rocky	John
. Office, Agency, or Court		
Agency Name (Do not use acronyms)		
California State Assembly		
Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable	Your Position	
76th Assembly District	Assemblymem	ber
▶ If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an a	uttachment. (Do not use acronyms)	
Agency:	Position:	
. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one	box)	
	☐ Judge or Court Co	mmissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
Multi-County	County of	
City of	Other	
3. Type of Statement (Check at least one box)		
Annual: The period covered is January 1, 2016,		Date Left/
December 31, 2016.	(Check one)	vered is January 1, 2016, through the date of
The period covered is/	leaving office.	vered is validary 1, 2010, through the date of
Assuming Office: Date assumed/		vered is/, through ving office.
Candidate: Election year	and office sought, if different than Part 1:	
Schedule Summary (must complete) Schedules attached	► Total number of pages including th	is cover page:
Schedule A-1 - Investments - schedule attach	ned Schedule C - Income I oa	ns, & Business Positions – schedule attached
Schedule A-1 - Investments - schedule attach	<u> </u>	
Schedule B - Real Property - schedule attach		fts - Travel Payments - schedule attached
or-		
☐ None - No reportable interests on any s	chedule	
Verification		,
MANUNG ADDRESS CTORET	CITY	STATE ZIO CODE
Trave used an reasonable diagence in preparing this st herein and in any attached schedules is true and comp		best of my knowledge the information contains
I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of		
t certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of	the state of Samonna that the	
Date Signed 24 Feb 18	Signature	
(month, day, year)	0.9.0000	
)

SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

	CALIFORNIA FORM 700
	FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION Name
-	Rocky Chavez

4935 Calle Arquero	ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS 650 Sumner Way Unit 1
CITY	CITY
Oceanside	Oceanside
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 \	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
✓ Ownership/Deed of Trust ☐ Easement	■ Ownership/Deed of Trust ■ Easement
Leasehold Other	Leasehold Other
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,00 0	\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.	SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source income of \$10,000 or more. None
You are not required to report loans from commercial business on terms available to members of the public	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course or without regard to your official status. Personal loans and
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business.	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of businame of LENDER*	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows:
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER*
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business of Lender* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER*

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIF	ORNIA FORM 700 ITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name	
	Rocky Chavez

▶ 1. INCOME RECEIVED	► 1. INCOME RECEIVED
NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
United States Marine Corps	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
Regional Contracting, Camp PendIton	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Only	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Only
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	\$500 - \$1,000\$1,001 - \$10,000
X \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED
Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)	Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)
Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)	Partnership (Less than 10% ownership, For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)
Sale of	Sale of
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	(Real property, car, boat, etc.)
Loan repayment	Loan repayment
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
(Describe)	(Describe)
Other	Other(Describe)
(Describe) > 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PERIO	
* You are not required to report loans from commercial len- retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the le- members of the public without regard to your official statu- regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:	ding institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a ender's regular course of business on terms available to us. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
NAME OF LENDER*	INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	% None
	SECURITY FOR LOAN
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	None Personal residence
	Dark Branath
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	Real PropertyStreet address
\$500 - \$1,000	21
\$1,001 - \$10,000	City
\$10,001 - \$100,000	Guarantor
OVER \$100,000	Other(Describe)
Comments:	

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

Rocky Chavez

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronyn	n)	► NAME OF SOUR	CE (Not an Acron	nym)
Barona Band of Mission Inc	dians	Wine Institut	e	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 1095 Barona Rd Lakeside, CA 92040		ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 425 Market St. Ste 100 San Francisco, CA 94105		
Dinner Reception		Reception		
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
<u>8,17,17</u> <u>\$108.83</u>	Meal and Beverage	3,13,17	\$ 57.99	Meal and Beverage
			\$	
			\$	
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym))	► NAME OF SOURCE	E (Not an Acrony	ym)
MillerCoors		CalNonprofits		
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptai	ble)	ADDRESS (Busine	ss Address Accep	otable)
411 E Wisconsin Ave, Ste 2	400 Milwaukee WI 53202	275 Fifth St. S	San Francisc	co, CA 94103
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOL	JRCE	BUSINESS ACTIVI	TY, IF ANY, OF S	OURCE
Reception		Luncheon		
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
4 , 4 , 17 \$57.48	Meal and Beverage	6,28,17	\$ <mark>42.99</mark>	Meal
/\$			\$	
\$			\$	
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)		► NAME OF SOURCE	(Not an Acrony	m)
CA State Protocol Association	on	CA Council fo	r Environme	ntal and Economic Balance
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptab	le)	ADDRESS (Busines	s Address Accept	table)
201 Dolores Ave San Leand	ro, CA 94577	101 Mission S	t Ste 1440 S	San Francisco, CA 94105
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOU	RCE	BUSINESS ACTIVIT	Y, IF ANY, OF SO	OURCE
AG Reception		Reception		
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
1 , 24 , 17 _s 34.53	Catering	2,13,17	\$ <u>5.70</u>	Refreshments
6 , 13 , 17	Lunch		\$	
\$			\$	
Comments:				

SCHEDULE D Income – Gifts



Rocky Chavez

▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) California New Car Dealers Association ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 1517 L Street Sacramento CA 95814 BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Reception DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) 3 , 14 , 17 \$ 58.61 Refreshments ▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE ▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S) Comments: __

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FAIR POLITICAL PR	FORM 700 ACTICES COMMISSION
Name	
Rocky	Chavez

- · Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not subject to the gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.
- · For gifts of travel, provide the travel destination.

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
CA Charter School Association	Pattern Energy
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
1107 9th Street, Suite 200	4225 Executive Square #260
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
Sacramento, CA 95814	La Jolla, CA 92037
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): 11 / 06 / 17 - 11 / 07 / 17 AMT: \$ 959.36	DATE(S): 10 ,07 ,17 10 ,08 ,17 AMT: \$ 838.09
► MUST CHECK ONE: 🗵 Gift -or- 🗌 Income	► MUST CHECK ONE: X Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
If Gift, Provide Travel Destination The Lodge at Torrey Pines 11480 N Torrey Pines Rd. La Jolla, CA	► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination Lewis and Clark College 0615 SW Palatine Hill Rd Portland, OR 97219
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
San Diego Regional Airport Authority	ALEC
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
PO Box 82776	2900 Crystal Dr. 6th Floor
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
San Diego, CA 92138	Arlington, Virginia
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	∑ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): 12 / 30 / 16 - 12 / 22 / 17 AMT: \$ 4929	DATE(S): 10 / 26 / 17 - 10 / 27 / 17 AMT: \$ 1296.16
MUST CHECK ONE: X Gift -or- Income	► MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift -or- ☐ Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description Airport Parking for travel to and from floor session	Other - Provide Description
If Gift, Provide Travel Destination San Diego to Sacramento	► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination Hotel Belmond
	205 Meeting Street Charleston, SC
Comments:	

STATEMENT OF ASSEMBLY EXPENDITURES PRINTED IN JOURNAL

The following Statement of Assembly Expenditures was ordered printed in the Journal:

The Honorable John A. Pérez Speaker of the Assembly State Capitol, Room 219 Sacramento, California

Dear Mr. Speaker: Transmitted herewith is the annual report of Assembly expenses. It includes the total expenditures by Member, committee, leadership office, service operation, and overhead according to various categories for the 12-month period ending November 30, 2013. Every expenditure made from the Assembly Operating Fund during this period is accounted for. Additionally, the report includes an itemization, by Member, of per diem expenditures from the General Fund during the same period of time.

It is important to note that this report is compiled on a cash basis. Therefore, the cost of goods and services incurred by a Member during the preceding reporting period but paid for during the current period is included. Furthermore, some goods and services which were received toward the end of this reporting period were not paid for until the beginning of the December 2013–November 2014 reporting period and are, therefore, not included in this expenditure report.

The following indicates the types of expenditures which are included within each classification:

Staff Salary: This includes the salaries paid to all employees in the Member's district office as well as those employees who work in the Member's Capitol office, provided they are not committee or leadership office personnel. The salaries of the latter group of employees are included in the specific detail report for each of the respective committee and leadership offices.

All Assembly personnel are classified according to job descriptions approved by the Assembly Rules Committee. The committee has established specific salary ranges for each of the classifications. The salary within a range for a specific employee reflects a combination of years of service in his or her position and his or her own job performance since the amount of annual merit salary increases is based on evaluations of each employee's work. Thus, a Member whose office staff includes employees with substantial Assembly seniority, and/or outstanding records of service, will have a higher total expenditure for salaries than will a Member who employs more junior personnel.

Member Travel and Per Diem: Separate totals are shown for in-state travel and out-of-state travel. Most in-state travel expenditures are for attendance at interim committee hearings. Out-of-state travel expenditures are generally for participation in conferences dealing with an issue area pertinent to the legislative specialty of the Member or are for investigative trips.

Staff Travel: This category includes the expenditures incurred for the Capitol and district staff traveling for legislative business. It also includes mileage reimbursements to district office personnel. The staff travel expenditures reported by committee are generally costs incurred in connection with interim committee hearings which are generally held away from Sacramento for the convenience of citizens who wish to provide testimony to the committees.

Car Maintenance: The costs reported in this category will vary significantly because of the variance in the number of miles driven by the Members. Members in large-sized districts and Members who represent districts wherein air travel between the Capitol and the district is not practical tend to utilize their cars more than other Members. Accordingly, the maintenance costs of such cars are likely to be higher than for others.

Gas and Oil: Expenditures in this category are for gasoline and oil supplied to cars and private aircraft for legislative business. These costs, too, vary for the same reasons as those affecting car maintenance.

Car Rental, Staff and Member: This expenditure category includes the use of state-owned pool cars and commercial rental cars by both the Member and his/her staff in the course of legislative business.

This category, as listed in the Support Services section of the report, includes, in addition to car rental, the costs of gas, oil, and maintenance for cars utilized by the office of the Sergeant at Arms.

District Office Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Each Member is entitled to rent an office within the district he/she represents so that constituents may have direct access to their legislators. In some of the larger districts, two or three offices are sometimes authorized. Accordingly, Members representing districts in high-rent metropolitan areas or Members representing large districts requiring more than one office will be reported with higher expenditures in this category than will other Members. Costs included in this expenditure item are rent, utilities (except telephone), janitorial service, and incidental maintenance costs.

Telephone and Telegraph: All telephone charges (except some equipment installation charges) are reported in this expenditure category. Included are the charges for district office telephones, Capitol telephones, and mobile telephones. Members who will likely have higher charges than many of their colleagues are those representing districts which are either far from the Capitol, or in regions which cover large geographic areas.

Postage: The category includes the total amount expended for postage except for the postage utilized in the mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Communications: The costs included in this expenditure category are primarily for handling and mailing of legislative mailings authorized under provisions of Proposition 73 of June 1988.

Furniture and Equipment: This category includes the purchase, rental, and maintenance of certain furniture and equipment items utilized in the Capitol and district offices of the Members. It does not include the purchase of items which will, during the course of their usefulness, be utilized by a number of Members during succeeding years. Expenditures for items of that description are reported in the Furniture and Equipment category as General Overhead Expenditures.

Office Supplies: Stationery items, other printing costs charged to the Assembly Operating Fund, general office supplies, and related miscellaneous supplies utilized in the Members' Capitol and district offices are reported in this expenditure category.

Subscriptions and Publications: Each Member is authorized to subscribe to the newspapers generally circulated within his/her district and to certain metropolitan daily newspapers. Members representing districts which include many cities and towns will frequently have higher expenditures in this category than will Members representing relatively compact areas. Expenditures for subscriptions and publications incurred by the committees and leadership offices are reported separately. Each committee is authorized to purchase relevant books and to subscribe to periodicals specializing in the subject matter of the committee for which the expenditure is made.

Miscellaneous Services: Most of the expenditures shown in the Miscellaneous Services category for the Members are for services such as telephone answering services in district offices and newspaper clipping services. Included in this category for the committee reports are such items as witness expenses, meeting expenses, data-processing costs, and other miscellaneous services.

A number of operational costs incurred by the Assembly are not directly attributable to any of the Members, committees, leadership offices, or support services. Such expenditures are classified as General Overhead and are reported according to the following categories:

Miscellaneous Salaries: Accrued vacation payments made to terminating employees, and salaries paid to employees on extended sick leave are reported in this category.

Employee Benefits: This expenditure category includes the Assembly's contribution to the OASDI (social security) fund, the Public Employees' Retirement System, various health, dental, vision, and life insurance premiums, the Compensation Insurance Fund, unemployment and disability insurance, and any other benefits approved by the Assembly Rules Committee.

Building, Rent, Maintenance, and Utilities: Reported in this expenditure category are construction and remodeling costs and the rent, maintenance, and utilities for offices (other than Members' individual district offices) utilized and paid for by the Assembly outside the Capitol.

Telephone: This listing is for the cost of telephone equipment installation in all Assembly offices.

Furniture and Equipment: The expenditure indicated in this category is for the purchase, rental, and maintenance of furniture and equipment not reported elsewhere in the report. Most furniture and equipment are considered a capital investment which will be used, through the years, by a number of different Members or other offices and can therefore not be appropriately reported as an expense on behalf of any particular Member or office.

Office Supplies: The amount shown in this expenditure category represents office supplies which were purchased by the Assembly for the use of Members and other offices but which were not distributed to any such offices before the end of this reporting period.

Annotated Codes and Law Books: Each Member's office and certain other Assembly offices are furnished with Annotated California Codes and certain other law books. The cost of these books is considered a capital expenditure in the same manner as many furniture and equipment items, and is therefore reported in this General Overhead category.

Meeting Expenses: This expenditure category includes certain costs incurred by the Assembly relative to the conduct of Assembly Sessions and Joint Sessions of the Legislature which cannot be readily charged to any other expenditure category, rental costs for some meeting rooms, and some conference registration fees.

Freight, Moving, and Delivery: This expenditure category includes costs incurred for the transport of furniture, supplies, and other items which are not chargeable to any particular office.

Other Miscellaneous Services: The major expenditures reported in this category are for the costs of photography services related to official Assembly publications, vehicle liability insurance, and organization memberships.

Study Contracts: From time to time the Assembly finds it practical to contract with individuals, firms, universities, and other governmental agencies in order to expand its research capability with respect to specific projects. The costs reported in this category are for payments made under such contracts during this period.

The next report of Assembly expenditures will be for the period between December 1, 2013, and November 30, 2014.

Sincerely.

RICHARD S. GORDON Chair of the Assembly Committee on Rules

TABLE I
CALIFORNIA STATE ASSEMBLY
SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES
12/1/2012–11/30/2013

FYOTAL \$71,796,409.71 38,460,771.14 1,101,199,49 0,000 0,000 162,273.13 3,529,623.98 0,000 441,998.90 242,175.35 2441,433.35 2441,433.35 441,433.35 441,433.35 241,175.35 241,175.35 241,175.35 241,175.35 241,1433.35 241,433.35 241,433.35 241,433.35 241,433.35 241,433.35 241,433.35 241,433.35 241,433.35 241,433.35 2118,439.24 0.00 \$122,701,226.57 \$2,170,112.17
General Overhead Expenditures \$3,518,302.11 \$8,460,771.14 \$3,460,771.14 \$503,564.98 \$153,149.18 \$7,664.88 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$5,926.98 \$159,093.76 \$1
Support Services Services \$25,828,895.30
Leadership Expenditures \$5,082,007.10
Committee Expenditures \$22,309,011.19
Member Expenditures \$15,058,194.01 1,101,199.49 490,610.56 490,610.56 207,927.18 222,020.43 2,441,433.35 9,320.41 226,242.71 65,468.55 29,429.02 319,217.51 \$23,211,488.44 21,00.112.17 \$25,331,600.61
Staff Salary. Employee Benefits Travel & Per Diem (In-State) Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State) Travel & Per Diem (Out-of-State) Car Lease

TABLE II A Member Expenditures 12/1/2012–11/30/2013

Achadjian. Achadjian. Salay (In-State)* Achadjian. S226,467.40 \$16,279.15 Alejo. Animiano. 190,689.86 15,133.65 Alejo. Animiano. 190,689.86 15,133.65 Alejo. Animiano. 229,983.00 4,030.16 Alejo. Animiano. 229,983.00 4,030.16 By College animal	m Stall	Lease	Car	Cas &
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	9,589.46	I	I	I
234.066.00 7.942.58 -	12,233.01	I	I	I
	2,533.26	I	I	I

Haeman	185.780.22	28.221.57	1	3.082.21	ı	II	ı
Hall	169,192.33	13,344.90	1	316.84	ı	II	ı
Harkev	201,302,07	12,003.15	1	7.709.05	ı	I	ı
Hernández, Roger	163,920.95	18,479.98	1	3.937.81	ı	1	I
Holden	217,466,60	15,603.18	ı	6 329 80	ı	ı	ı
Hueso (Resigned 3-21-2013)	64.978.97	5.543.40	1	1.095.01	ı	ı	I
Iones	219,823,50	25,247,75	1	9,568,94	ı	ı	ı
Jones-Sawver	196.492.55	16.721.31	ı	1,348,01	ı	ı	I
Levine	173,179,01	7,350.16	ı	6,829,92	ı	ı	I
Linder	161 526 10	13 438 00	ı	5,508.5	I	ı	I
Гопр	193,041,64	21 108 60		12,820.52	ı	ı	ı
Logarithal	202,410.06	15 796 70	ı	0.000,01	ı	ı	ı
Mojancohojn	207,410.00	15,773.70		1 112 70			
Maielischelli	204,373.10	05.712.01	I	4,414.7	I	I	I
Mansoor	213,034.20	12,737.30	I	2,772.32	I	ı	I
Medina	1/3,232.11	16,065.35	I	11,680.35	I	I	I
Melendez	164,923.99	23,522.25	ı	6,321.91	ı	I	I
Mitchell (Resigned 9-26-2013)	162,101.72	11,951.90	I	5,248.46	I	I	I
Morrell	71,612.77	18,948.89	1	13,099.29	I	ı	I
Mullin	217,530,29	5,258.43	ı	2,158.77	I	ı	I
Muratenchi	148 967 14	17 874 70		6 101 12		ı	
Nozorion	161 643 06	21.761.60		0,707,38			
Nazariali	102,043.30	21,401.00	I	5,702.38	I	ı	I
Nestande	193,062.34	21,967.00	I	3,010.21	I	I	I
Olsen	213,951.28	14,250.39	I	1,679.87	ı	ı	I
Pan	215,088.83	I	I	945.33	I	I	I
Patterson	237,328.66	3,532.05	I	4,884.43	I	I	I
Perea	201,682.90	9,615.49	I	5,417.67	I	1	I
Pérez, John A.	111.414.82	19.174.80	ı	2,380.99	I	I	I
Pérez, V. Manuel	183,550.73	25,221,29	1	14,868,24	ı	II	1
Onirk	200,453,06	3,100,35	ı	9 971 90	ı	ı	ı
Ouirk-Cilva	180,831,98	14 678 20		5,620.96	ı	1	ı
Dandon	242 516 26	17,070:20		2,020,0			
Delign	42,010.20	14,040.30	I	2,717.79	I	I	I
Kodriguez (Enecuve 10-11-2015)	45,999.28	1,403.30	ı	819.70	I	ı	I
Salas	157,190.36	12,483.70	I	5,0/6.83	I	I	I
Skinner	226,662.73	8,932.93	Ι	4,831.08	I	I	I
Stone	214,988.71	9,832.46	1	6,518.60	1	ı	I
Ting	150,552.77	5,061.35	I	930.80	I	I	I
Torres (Resigned 5-20-2013)	56,235.98	10,849.34	ı	1,860.99	1	I	I
Wagner	210,440.82	16,387.40	1	8,129.24	1	1	1
Waldron	174,781.32	10,095.87	ı	13,062.15	I	I	I
Weher	207,887.00	16,039.10	ı	3.792.53	I	ı	I
Wieckowski	191,062.23	10,013,39	ı	1.716.82	ı	ı	ı
Wilk	136,128.92	19,430.83	1	8.439.00	ı	ı	I
Williams	178,356.60	21,028.41	1	10.957.65	ı	ı	I
Yamada	220,408,65	523.56	ı	935950	I	ı	ı
Retired	8,611.84	18,374.33	I	16,523.34	I	I	I
Z	10101011	07 007 107	0	1 0 0 0 0 0			
TOTALS	\$15,058,194.01	\$1,101,199.49	\$0.00	\$490,610.56	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

TABLE II B Member Expenditures 12/1/2012–11/30/2013

Communications	\$18,030.28	34.742.78	5,840.19	1	71,137.90	35,120.73	29,732.67	26,538.48	17,332.58	1	I	I	20,241.25	I	28,807.88	39,396.19	15,637.63	I	30,476.17	57,617.04	63,605.15	27,758.19	86,279.34	2,519.75	I	23,011.81	42,064.37	1	43,340.56	13,243.82	55,423.37	58,828.62	4,679.68	I	60,237.19	34,553.18	8,707.53	42,002.20
Postage	\$3,575.79	3,970.96	266.10	1,111.79	2,767.41	426.46	791.81	4,205.96	3,235.84	2,453.65	2,524.02	2,319.28	1,613.54	1,624.86	2,076.86	1,624.68	1,208.63	681.72	5,568.70	3,670.14	4,593.53	5,797.56	224.43	1,405.54	788.61	(960.48)	3,811.22	5,123.83	1,350.24	2,638.44	3,220.14	5,606.72	1,821.46	63.15	3,546.01	2,549.30	2,940.88	1,283.42
Freight	\$423.55	829.21 479.79	141.70	240.20	370.14	720.23	291.34	200.00	581.32	116.75	744.52	459.34	45.01	393.85	531.06	145.62	144.60	381.24	328.68	I	193.01	240.71	I	138.36	125.18	130.01	451.17	124.86	38.76	182.35	337.34	1,265.73	800.16	49.93	270.13	I	735.61	70.07
Telegraph	I	1 1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	ı	1	I	I	I	I	I	I
Telephone	\$1,190.04	2,400.16 4,517.59	1,451.45	2,004.80	1,511.00	5,674.29	1,539.47	1,039.77	1,978.41	1,587.32	2,093.24	4,271.21	1,339.73	3,399.20	1,746.60	1,681.73	1,049.45	3,914.09	971.45	953.34	2,416.74	1,150.71	1,945.39	3,733.68	1,116.27	3,158.02	3,128.88	3,575.66	2,898.71	4,217.19	1,524.33	1,535.96	1,207.08	1,442.73	5,808.81	2,071.62	1,493.36	4,307.42
Dist. Office Rent, Mnt., Ut.	\$47,233.15	37.297.77	633.31	32,658.80	25,951.59	26,862.29	584.66	69,705.88	39,758.87	1,783.48	30,300.32	43,000.29	45,176.08	69,070.57	1,880.24	32,994.33	44,306.53	16,051.71	15,269.95	19,009.20	40,635.12	56,466.00	60,367.42	16,072.49	1,131.87	91,900.53	26,990.15	36,900.12	36,828.44	9,208.70	62,552.82	51,219.84	169.64	83,997.19	29,915.38	29,490.26	45,206.78	03,070.92
Car Rental Staff & Member	\$96.97	102.21	167.68	129.58	I	399.04	ı	510.02	124.21	I	I	170.32	ı	106.87	1,722.70	I	824.15	83.15	146.79	86.31	I	1	461.32	I	I	I	507.29	ı	ı	ı	924.64	149.19	ı	30.00	1,035.67	1;	64.35	18.21
Member	Achadjian	Alejo Allen		Atkins	Bigelow	Bloom	Blumenfield (Resigned 6-30-2013)	Bocanegra	Bonilla	Bonta	Bradford	Brown	Buchanan	Calderon, Ian	Campos	Chau	Chávez	Chesbro	Conway	Cooley	Dahle	Daly	Dickins on	Donnelly	Eggman	Fong	Fox	Frazier	Gaines, Beth	Garcia	Gatto	Gomez	Gonzalez (Effective 5-28-2013)	Gordon	Gorell	Gray	Grove	надтап

62,257.97 62,287.97 62,805.09 15,218.00 12,507.66 43,307.31 74,034.85 45,807.14 47,031.219.25 38,228.96 32,822.05 32,822.05 32,822.05 41,662.26 58,983.51 148,009.12 2,100.18 15,689.30 27,164.41 26,389.67 10,502.55 61,770.15 10,811.17 28,539.93 62,62.89 54,417.15 94,769.79 82,447.15 94,769.79 82,441.15 94,769.79 82,441.15 82,441.15 82,441.433.35	
5,045.61 2,343.20 2,343.20 2,899.58 1,668.7 5,267.09 808.44 6,64.04 6,64.04 6,64.04 6,64.04 6,64.04 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 7,33.83 1,609.22 1,619.63 1,213.88 1,213	
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80.00	
1,765.42 1,017.83 5,884.93 5,064.13 6,006.03 6,006.03 2,919.82 1,559.13 1,539.18 1,387.79 1,387.79 1,387.79 1,387.79 1,387.73 1,035.63 1,035.	
38, 515.12 47,711.85 47,711.85 48,202.64 49,712.97 40,713.97 28,095.81 28,095.81 28,095.81 28,095.81 28,095.81 28,095.81 28,095.83 47,215.66 67,147.10	
36.74 36.74 	
Hall Harkey Harkey Harkey Harkey Hordendez, Roger Holen Hueso (Resigned 3-21-2013) Hueso (Resigned 3-21-2013) Hones Jones-Sawyer Levine Linder Lowenthal Maienschein Mansoor Mansoor Mitchell (Resigned 9-26-2013) Mitchell (Resigned 9-26-2013) Mitchell (Resigned 9-26-2013) Mitchell (Resigned 9-26-2013) Morrell Mullin Mullin Mustrauchi Mullin Mustrauchi Mustrauchi Mullin Mustrauchi Mullin	

TABLE II C Member Expenditures 12/1/2012–11/30/2013

Member	Furniture & Equipment*	Office Supplies	Subscr. & Publications	Misc. Services	TOTAL	Member Per Diem (Gen. Fund)	TOTAL EXP. (ALL FUNDS)
Achadjian	\$583.74	\$771.41	I	\$3,664.42	\$323,330.32	\$29,648.74	\$352,979.06
	I	3,767.69	\$1,067.13	5,392.95	273,000.14	29,608.46	302,608.60
Ammiano	1 1	1,484.34	2,113.56	1,153.10	248,239.18	29.608.46	277,847.64
Atkins	I	3,531.82	609.64	1,458.11	299,939.04	29,182.88	329,121.92
Bigelow	I	1,864.12	428.47	5,402.33	292,443.81	28,939.44	321,383.25
Bloom.	I	4,992.27	1,349.15	2,739.89	293,546.85	29,466.60	323,013.45
Blumenfield (Resigned 6-30-2013)	I	652.63	107.50	842.80	158,837.14	22,697.60	181,534.74
Bocanegra	I	4,198.87	1,835.40	6,199.11	347,561.77	29,608.46	377,170.23
Bonilla	ı	2,938.32	1,860.90	5,616.98	294,176.72	29,182.88	323,359.60
Bonta	ı	4,452.25	731.90	4,720.01	266,793.53	29,182.88	295,976.41
	I	2,449.10	1,318.30	5,613.43	276,766.82	29,608.46	306,375.28
Brown	ı	3,381.32	1,043.90	4,938.28	303,213.98	29,608.46	332,822.44
Buchanan	ı	1,626.99	I	5,243.31	311,853.37	29,324.74	341,178.11
Calderon, Ian	I	1,477.36	65.00	2,243.30	315,397.03	29,608.46	345,005.49
Campos	I	6,801.07	1,855.22	807.10	204,409.18	29,324.74	233,733.92
Chau	I	3,419.58	884.96	639.07	258,797.67	29,608.46	288,406.13
Chávez	I	1,624.96	559.56	2,225.02	321,086.15	29,648.74	350,734.89
Chesbro	I	1,477.95	1,374.25	1,364.28	247,533.38	29,466.60	276,999.98
	I	3,192.77	I	5,818.28	288,201.41	29,223.16	317,424.57
Cooley	1	5,666.64	266.96	5,024.35	221,122.91	1	221,122.91
Dahle	332.18	2,352.67	499.46	4,427.57	316,043.60	29,648.74	345,692.34
Daly	875.61	2,758.13	1,150.16	4,948.68	312,762.40	29,608.46	342,370.86
Dickinson	I	2,588.48	1,545.25	3,171.63	314,179.49	l	314,179.49
Donnelly	I	1,374.25	I	2,503.45	269,796.48	29,081.30	298,877.78
Eggman	Ι	2,893.74	675.39	1,177.10	247,467.38	ı	247,467.38
Fong	Ι	3,753.92	ı	6,424.09	350,011.69	29,324.74	379,336.43
	Ι	4,086.24	3,505.06	3,975.42	246,282.48	29,608.46	275,890.94
Frazier	519.08	1,321.04	ı	3,629.79	265,354.56	29,608.46	294,963.02
	1	1,171.39	I	6,281.76	296,601.45	I	296,601.45
Garcia	611.46	3,774.93	967.20	4,795.25	228,139.35	29,466.60	257,605.95
	I	2,027.24	618.95	8,927.06	327,757.64	29,608.46	357,366.10
- :	611.46	11,380.70	728.00	3,877.69	307,753.81	29,466.60	337,220.41
	I	2,029.04	728.00	1,002.07	110,571.82	10,910.09	121,481.91
Gordon	I	819.58	30.00	2,993.57	342,200.93	29,608.46	371,809.39
Gorell	I	369.33	44.99	2,634.25	302,678.21	28,797.58	331,475.79
Gray	I	3,542.22	2,526.77	4,099.42	289,816.15	28,899.16	318,715.31
Grove	I	3,664.27	1,035.36	3,937.54	312,327.52	27,946.42	340,273.94
Hagman	I	1,693.30	115.00	10,422.80	346,931.23	29,506.88	376,438.11

331,200.47 342,248.28 351,844.568 1107,448.99 358,664.43 351,664.54 330,851.07 333,0851.07 333,0851.07 334,366.20 333,0851.07 343,366.20 334,296.11 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 347,987.10 333,246.48 333,246.48 333,246.48 333,246.48 333,246.48 333,246.48 333,246.48 333,246.48 333,246.48 334,183 333,246.48 333,246.48 333,246.48 346,181.79 354,660.48 357,522.91 384,584.55 384,584.55 384,584.55 384,584.55 384,584.55	+47,001,001,001
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302,159,45 314,443,72 329,8,749,96 329,8,749,96 329,8,135 329,603,13 329,603,13 309,81,70 300,81,70 31,125,18 300,81,70 31,125,72 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,126,19 31,10,19 31	11.001.117.070
7.572.99 2.141.66 2.141.66 2.141.66 2.855.93 3.393.15 1.985.76 2.072.95 6.300.83 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.536.29 2.749.61 2.749.61 2.749.61 2.749.62 2.749.64 2.749.62 2.749.63	*******
1,590.25 93.76 1,062.41 57.34 2,555.93 1,1157,00 1,119.66 1,597.16 69.00 - 450.13 1,224.08 1,182.48 1,087.18 1,087.18 1,087.18 1,087.18 1,087.18 1,087.18 1,087.18 1,145.76 259.48 1,145.76 259.48 1,145.76 259.48 1,145.76 250.70 270.79	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1,862.94 1,561.79 1,561.79 1,631.05 8,164.14 9,49.94 1,49.97 1,49.97 1,59.12 1,59.12 1,59.12 1,59.12 1,59.13 1	1,1,0,1,0
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Hall Harkey Hemández, Roger Hemández, Roger Holdan Gones Jones-Sawyer Levine Levine Lowenthal Marienschein Marienschein Marienschein Marienschein Mulin Muratsuchi Muratsuchi Nozarian	

NOTE: Asterisk (*) indicates that expenditure includes committee- or leadership-incurred expenses as well as Member-related expenditures.

Committee Expenditures 12/1/2012–11/30/2013

	TOTAL EXP.	\$583,918.36 385,401.04 504,451.55 1,466,373.66	443,813.17 557,222.92 1,591,826.24	334,039.56 192,216.01 264,031.79 257,114.55 324,963.95	661,954.28 791,878.94 496,328.36	490,675.37 616,919.85 879,931.08 561,452.94	511,076.00 481,911.30 640,161.25	535,597.58 887,199.56 435,705.74 270,581.96 120,481.00 731,830.84	464,726.97 887,096.75
	Misc. Services	\$483.29 806.05 657.81 194.63	255.54 509.41 2,037.08	291.39 485.79 124.78 340.89 243.46	778.89 803.75 311.35	772.30 864.15 777.20 568.88	758.25 370.91 678.57	1,082.03 2,974.28 923.99 844.56 - 553.20	664.31 2,087.07
	Office Supplies	\$340.74 1,006.25 862.76 3,751.59	329.39 2,038.55 1,726.58	1 1 1 1 1	720.90 695.14 743.02	428.14 729.64 2,078.12 459.93	206.72 1,191.28 437.21	744.87 414.92 552.37 667.46 - 1,234.35	555.69 1,133.04
	Subscr. & Publications	\$99.50 642.00 1,031.00	599.85 1,607.61 266.96	1111	120.94 370.62 140.00	533.37 - 849.28 459.20	376.43 105.25 607.96	3,264.38 921.11 1,451.54 613.94	343.03 1,239.79
	Tele- graph	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	111	1 1 1 1 1 1	1-1
2	Telephone	\$390.78 292.35	3,266.43	1111	1 1 1	100.41	1 1 1	599.72 27.79 -	377.47
11/20/20	Freight	1 1 1 1	\$25.70 92.60 _	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1	39.15 _ 7.14	1 1 1	49.26	6.29
-7107/1/2	Postage	\$66.21 1.84 38.59	7.99 1.32 8.94	1 1 1 1 1	0.91 5.98	10.24 _ 40.36 20.50	42.18 5.98	25.13 222.53 - 17.84	1.38 24.55
77	Car Rental	- - - \$109.25	94.48 64.64 87.48	311.84 144.66 42.70	66.48	405.05 638.34 76.10	247.41 121.32 -	157.14 183.91 - 96.98	95.77 273.71
	Staff Travel	\$2,561.78 344.72 - 1,634.71	2,699.22 1,897.91 4,545.06	3,875.61 2,316.64 2,527.43 2,390.82 10,511.61	1,156.12 2,153.44 1,017.10	3,925.29 5,169.58 71.55 4,085.32	3,830.15 1,778.54 1,458.03	8,903.80 1,748.95 9,959.74 378.46 850.12 741.65	2,663.50 455.08
	Staff Salary	\$580,532.55 383,078.31 501,896.36 1,459,321.54	439,801.00 551,010.88 1,579,887.71	329,560.72 189,413.58 261,379.58 254,238.18 314,166.18	659,110.95 787,855.08 494,110.91	484,561.83 609,518.14 876,014.16 555,775.87	505,614.86 478,344.00 636,973.50	524,660.48 878,172.18 422,914.30 267,239.94 119,630.88 728,572.88	460,397.00 881,506.04
	Committee	Accountability & Administrative Review Aging & Long-Term Care Agriculture Agriculture Afric Falsariamset Space	Aus, Lancadaminent, Spotts, Tourism, & Internet Media Banking & Finance Budget NO. 1 Health, & Hinnan	Services No. 2-Education Finance No. 3-Resources No. 4-State Administration No. 4-Dublic Safety	Business, Floressions & Consumer Protection Education	Materials. Governmental Organization	rousing & Collinging Development Human Services Insurance Take Development	Journal Descriptions, & the Economy & the Ec	& Social Security

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688,205,82 743,921.53 486,241.75 471,650.26 13,672.35 598,880.02	61,279.91	108,685.32 344,309.86	204,032.88 35,336.49	77,695.30 437,623.98	410,732.05	140,753.61	147,633.00	179,912.40	\$22,537,228.55
576.43 687.14 828.29 777.98 -	I	195.32 682.24	214.86 48.49	48.60 861.35	487.05	194.40	292.52		\$29,531.81
926.56 1,164.17 620.37 319.07 - 681.73	I	1 1	1 1	859.88	1 1	I	I	1	\$27,620.44
6,820.44 376.05 1,439.25 - 410.76	I	1 1	1 1	875.02	728.00	I	I	1	\$26,293.28
11111	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	I	1	\$0.00
111.57	I	1-1	1 1	1 1	459.66	I	I	1	\$5,626.18
8.00 8.00 - - -	I	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	I	I	1	\$335.26
6.71 37.60 23.40 - 7.76	I	0.92	1 1	64.22	4.90	ı	I	1	\$687.98
167.88 288.49 132.37 625.70 - 85.42	I	182.87		32.32	428.18	I	I	1	\$5,160.49
8,467.46 3,407.58 984.19 8,977.53 467.80 6,609.71	I	3,929.40	2,740.70	1,686.70 167.44	5,842.27	1,620.85	427.80	1,980.56	\$132,961.92
671,021.65 737,952.50 482,213.88 460,949.98 13.204.55 589,885.94	61,279.91	108,490.00 339,514.43	201,077.32 35,288.00	75,960.00	402,781.99	138,938.36	146,912.68	177,737.21	22,309,011.19
Revenue & Taxation	Special & Select Committees Agriculture and the Environ- ment	Community & Terginoon Development	Job Creation for the fivew Economy	Joint Fisheries & Aquaculture Joint Legislative Audit	Legislative Ethics	Water Crisis.	Solutions Worldown	Development in California	TOTALS\$

* Subcommittee of Standing Committee.

Leadership Expenditures 12/1/2012-11/30/2013

TOTAL EXP.	\$298,238.83 362,002.55 284,274.46	117,949.59	316,057.77	294,289.82	130,242.26	199,374.95	116,214.40	240,647.31		307,718.29	250,405.78	256,337.11	357,447,10	000,44,100	280,230.78	02 000 07	47,073.60	331,953.59	544,636.87		125,378.91	20 021 02	08,179.32	92,477.61	35,038.28		81,733.79	50,546.22	\$5,188,449.19
Misc. Services	\$15,027.45 535.64 340.67	48.83	456.97	259.36	292.06	99.76	195.32	292.29		291.83	146.49	243.23	380 66	00.000	584.58	40.60	48.00	372.83	389.72		99.76	40.60	49.00	121.23	79.50		48.49	440.38	\$20,840.05
Office Supplies	\$8,857.99 _ _	I	1	I	I	I	I	I		I	I	I	ı	ı	I		I	I	I		I		I	I	180.08		I	I	\$9,038.07
Subscr. & Publications	\$2,502.62 _ _	I	1	1	I	I	ı	I		ı	ı	1	1	ı	I		I	I	I		I		I	ı	I		I	I	\$2,502.62
Tele- graph	1 1 1	I	ı	1	1	I	1	I		I	I	1	ı	I	I		I	I	I		I		ı	I	I		I	I	\$0.00
Telephone	\$16,552.91 _ _	I	1	I	1	I	I	I		ı	I	ı	136.82	70.001	I		I	ı	I		I		I	I	I		I	I	\$16,689.73
Freight	\$121.72	I	I	I	1	I	I	I		I	I	I	ı	ı	I		I	I	I		I		L	15.73	I		I	I	\$137.45
Postage	\$2,383.01 _ _	I	ı	I	1	I	ı	I		I	ı	ı	ı	ı	I		I	Ţ	I		I		1	40.42	I		25.30	I	\$2,448.73
Car Rental	\$33.40 55.66	I	33.24	480.84	43.74	I	I	303.41		305.74	I	87.56			118.39		I	143.16	I		I	10001	127.3/	I	I		I	66.79	\$1,804.30
Staff Travel	\$589.26 2,146.12 209.45	585.76	3,276.79	2,686.04	429.80	495.99	3,293.31	6,560.61		1,773.90	1	6.670.09	3 547 30	7,7	4,798.85		I	3,779.79	7,772.20		I	00 000	177.30	1,682.23	641.70		I	1,319.05	\$52,981.14
Staff Salary	\$252,203.87 359,287.39 283,668.68	117,315.00	312,290.77	290,863.58	129,476.66	198,781.30	112,725.77	233,491.00		305,346.82	250,259,29	249,336.23	353,382,32	7007,000	2/4,/28.90	00 300 51	47,025.00	327,657.81	536,474.95		125,281.25	31 350 53	01,273.43	90,618.00	34,137.00		81,660.00	48,720.00	\$5,082,007.10
Leadership	Speaker Speaker pro Tempore Ssistant Speaker pro Tempore Sasistant Speaker pro Tempore	Chair, Kules Committee— Gordon———————————————————————————————————	Skinner	Member of Rules—Brown	Member of Rules—Chau	Member of Rules—Cooley	Member of Rules—Gonzalez	Member of Rules—Nazarian	Member of Kules—Perez,	V. Manuel	Member of Rules—Ouirk	Member of Rules—Weber	Democratic Caucite Chair	Deliberative Caucus Citati	Democratic Whip—Gomez Democratic Whip—Pérez	V Manney	v. Manuel	Majority Whip	Majority Floor Leader	Assistant Majority Leader—	Pérez, V. Manuel	Passame imajority couci-	Kendon	Asian Pacific Islander Caucus	Black Caucus	Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, &	Transgender Caucus	Women's Legislative Caucus	TOTALS

TABLE V	Support Services Expenditures	12/1/2012-11/30/2013
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	30-73	Staff	Ç	12	/1/201	12/1/2012–11/30/2013	013	Furniture	500	Subscr. &	378	TATOE
	Staff Salary	Iravel & Per Diem	Car Rental	Telephone graph	Iele- graph	Postage	Freight	& Equip- ment	Office Supplies	Fublica- tions	Mısc. Services	IOIAL EXP.
	\$3,996,715.63 9,622,311.31 6,971,012.80	\$64,950.90 68,833.69 36,208.62	\$33,517.87 3,312.93 3,191.23	\$15,341.69 27,038.05 4,981.41	1 1 1	\$13,855.90 884.56 84.87	\$3,023.97 2,327.69 -	\$3,225.77 9,876.31 531.05	\$20,477.50 25,583.56 23,016.56	\$3,822.19 2,131.05 12,476.91	\$381,862.12 58,377.64 82,215.47	\$4,536,793.54 9,820,676.79 7,133,718.92
Reproduction Center	905,241.76	1 1	838.12	1 1	1 1	695.68	28.83	44,397.55	151,808.60	1 872 92	1,159,361.19	2,262,342.90
	2,417,723.92 382,596.00	59,253.19 453.60	99,737.09	$10,836.46 \\ 409.02$	1 1	615.85	158.07	8,535.83	47,741.18	61.83	28,256.44	2,672,919.86 383,559.43
TOTALS \$25,828,895.30	\$25,828,895.30	\$229,700.00	\$140,942.12	\$58,606.63	\$0.00	\$17,018.21	\$5,538.56	\$66,566.51	<u>\$58,606.63</u> <u>\$0.00</u> <u>\$17,018.21</u> <u>\$5,538.56</u> <u>\$66,566.51</u> <u>\$276,581.66</u> <u>\$20,364.90</u>	\$20,364.90	\$1,742,922.89	\$28,387,136.78
				Genera 12	TA 1 Over /1/201	TABLE VI General Overhead Expenditures 12/1/2012–11/30/2013	inditures 013					
Miscellaneous Salaries	s										\$3,5	18,302.11
Employee Benefits	tenance, & Utilities	ities									38,4	38,460,771.14 503,564.98
Office Alterations												0.00
Telephone Furniture & Equipment	nt											339,435.29
Office Supplies	Section & Codes											23,164.86
Meeting Expenses	ations, & code	6950									: :	5,628.69
Meeting Expenses (Meals)	[eals)											7,664.88
Freight, Moving, & Delivery	Selivery											159,093.76
Study Contracts	Selvices										! !	0.00
TOTALS												\$43,376,923.61
					TA	BLE VII						
				Assembly 12	Oper/1/201	Assembly Operating Fund Transfers 12/1/2012–11/30/2013	1 Transfer 013	s				
California Denartment of Veterans Affairs	t of Veterans A	ffaire		į		1)				\$ 1.5	\$1 500 000 00
California Military Department	epartment											2,083,859.31
California State University.	ersity											400,000.00
Department of Aging Department of Education	tion											0.060.000.00
Department of Parks & Recreation	& Recreation										1,7	95,373.33
Joint Legislative Budget Committee	get Committee.	and Develon	ment								3,8	3,830,250.00
Regents, University of California	f California	and porce,										365,000.00

Robyn S. Phillips, Ph.D. Associate Superintendent, Business

October 20, 2004

Rocky Chavez, CEO School of Business and Technology 1831 Mission Avenue Oceanside, CA 92054

Dear Rocky:

This letter is written to formally document the concern of the Oceanside Unified School District regarding the financial viability of the School of Business and Technology charter due to low student enrollment.

Since its inception, the School of Business and Technology (SBT) has failed to meet its enrollment targets. Originally conceived as an alternative high school program, the district discontinued the program after one year because enrollment was not sufficient to cover operating costs. SBT continued operations in 2003-04 as an independent charter school with a target enrollment of 100 students and hopes of growing to 400 over four years. Again, the school failed to reach its enrollment projections, but it was able to reduce expenditures sufficiently to cover operating costs with approximately 80 students.

The 2004-05 adopted budget was premised on an anticipated enrollment of 143 students. However, rather than growing, enrollment actually decreased to the mid-60's. On August 27, 2004, the district requested SBT to submit a revised budget reflecting actual enrollment. On September 13, 2004, a revised budget was received via email. The revised budget trimmed expenditures to balance reduced revenues but relied on the expectation of adding students and a \$56,000 "grant" to cover the shortfall. As you know, the district concerns about the revised budget were summarized in a memo to you dated September 24, 2004.

At the district's request, a follow-up meeting was held on September 28, 2004 to review the revised budget. The meeting was attended by you, Connie Sullivan, Karen Huddleston and myself. At that meeting, you expressed annoyance with the district's fiscal oversight activities and stated that the district should "trust me" to manage SBT financial affairs. You clarified that the \$56,000 "grant" represented intended fundraising efforts, but offered no specific plans for how these funds would be raised, aside from your intention to donate your \$36,000 salary "if I have to".

Rocky Chavez, CEO October 20, 2004 Page Two

As the charter-granting entity, the Oceanside Unified School District is responsible for fiscal oversight of SBT under Education Code section 47604. The district acknowledges that SBT operated in a fiscally sound manner during the 2003-04 year despite lower than anticipated enrollment by reducing expenditures. The district further acknowledges your deep personal commitment to SBT and willingness to support the school by donating funds to it if necessary. Still, the district remains concerned about the financial viability of the charter school. Unless enrollment grows or substantial grant funding and donations are realized, SBT may not be able to meet its financial obligations for the 2004-05 year.

SBT is preparing a plan to increase enrollment by expanding the program to include 9th and 10th grade students. This change requires an amendment to the charter, which was granted expressly for an 11th and 12th grade program. Moreover, expanding enrollment next year does not help pay operating expenses this year. It would not be prudent for SBT nor for the district to rely on donations from SBT staff to pay ongoing program expenses.

Pursuant to the district's fiscal oversight responsibilities, you are hereby requested to take the following action to ensure that SBT is able to meet its financial obligations and to protect the financial interests of the district:

 Provide documentation that SBT has been granted recognition as a non-profit public benefit corporation by both the State of California and the IRS. The charter approved by the Board of Education on March 11, 2003 states as follows:

"SBT will be operated by a duly constituted California nonprofit public benefit corporation governed in accordance with applicable California Corporations Code...The charter school, once approved, will file the necessary paperwork with the Secretary of Stare for the non-profit public benefit corporation." (p. 10)

Failure to provide this documentation would constitute a material violation of the charter and could constitute grounds for revocation. This is a matter of particular concern to the district since the tax-exempt status impacts district liability for SBT obligations. It should also be a concern to SBT, since without this recognition, donations are not tax-exempt. This documentation has been requested on several previous occasions over the past year.

2. Beginning November 1, 2004, SBT shall reimburse the district \$13,300 by the first of the month for the cost of teacher salaries and benefits for Sharon Allen and David Carson. Previously, these salaries have been paid in arrears. As of last Friday, SBT owed the district \$38,634 for employee salaries for August through October. Given the financial situation of SBT, the district will not assume the risk of incurring Rocky Chavez, CEO October 20, 2004 Page Three

expenses on behalf of SBT that may not be repaid in a timely manner. Alternatively, the district proposes to deduct SBT salary expenses from the property tax transfer payments to SBT.

- 3. SBT shall defer repayment of the \$36,000 start-up loan received in May 2003 from anonymous donor(s) through the Oceanside Educational Foundation, until all 2004-05 financial obligations are met. According to the promissory note, the loan is not due until January 2006. Prepaying the loan when other financial obligations are outstanding would be inconsistent with the MOU agreement that required \$50,000 grant funding to assure that SBT would have sufficient resources to meet its financial obligations. The \$36,000 loan was accepted in lieu of grant funding with the understanding that the funds would be available to cover start-up costs and revenue shortfalls such as this.
- 4. By December 1, 2005, SBT shall provide all financial reports required by AB 1137 for the First Interim Financial Reports, showing actual revenues, expenditures, fund balances and budget adjustments approved by the SBT Board through October 31, 2004. The same reports shall be provided by March 1, 2005, for the period July 1, 2004, through January 31, 2005, for the Second Interim Financial Report. The financial situation of the charter school will be carefully reviewed with SBT staff prior to submitting the certified interim reports to the County Office of Education.
- 5. Finally, SBT is urged to take all reasonable steps to generate additional revenue and to reduce expenses while maintaining the integrity of the instructional program.

Rocky, I trust that you and the members of the SBT governing board will understand that the Oceanside School District takes its fiscal oversight responsibilities seriously and is genuinely concerned for the welfare of all Oceanside students, including those attending the School of Business and Technology. As such, the district is committed to working cooperatively with SBT to ensure the charter school remains financially sound.

Sincerely,

Robyn S. Phillips, Ph.D. Associate Superintendent, Business

RSP/pw Enclosures

c: Ken Noonan, Superintendent
Ollie Speraw, President, SBT Governing Board
Steven Kerr, Treasurer, SBT Governing Board
Mary Urelius, Board Member, SBT Governing Board

Suggested Course of Action for SBT Ken Noonan – Friday Letter June 27, 2003

Possible options for SBT for discussion with staff and board. I make these suggestions as possible ways for us to maintain our commitment to SBT students, both juniors and seniors, who have signed up.

Option A

Continue to move toward opening the SBT as a district charter school for this August.

- All financial and operational school plans to be finalized with superintendent not later than August 1. Deadline for \$50,000 in grants/donations by August 19 as approved by board.
- Superintendent will make final recommendation to board in early August
- Notification to students and staff ASAP regarding status of the school

Option B

Superintendent to present the board with an alternative plan to continue the SBT as a district school

- · Keep all afternoon SBT classes on site at Mira Costa College
- Assign SBT faculty to teach SBT classes at a cost effective class size, pupil to teacher ratio; e.g., 24:1 as at CBA. Currently staffed at 11:1.
- Assign faculty to teach classes at other schools in a.m. as appropriate. Goal is to be cost
 effective.
- Assign supervision of SBT to a district administrator, either part time or by attaching the SBT to one of our high schools where faculty, support, and administrative staff can be shared. Under this plan the district could eliminate the expensive positions of the CEO and assign elerical, custodial, and security duties to existing school staff.
- Goal is to keep the school open at no more cost than covered by earned ADA. If not possible, move to Option C.
- Notification to students/staff ASAP
- Our overall goal is to honor our commitment to the students:
 - Those 44 students who will be seniors in August who expect to receive a diploma from SBT
 - Those newly enrolled juniors who have made the commitment to enroll in SBT for 03-04 school year

Option C

Close SBT if options A or B are not feasible. Place students from SBT at the high schools of their choice. Provide district assignment to SBT district staff as appropriate. Notification to students/ staff ASAP.

7/21/03

Michael Wm. Miller	235
Judson F. & Nita L. Griesinger	60
Keith E. Grader	60
Dennis L. & Jeanne Merchant	60
John L. & Margi A. Walters	250
Jack Orr Company	30
Jamie S. Morel	30
Brian & Thirzie Sullivan	60
Marva Bledsoe & Raymond F. Rhubottom	60
Ben and Constance J. Sullivan	305
Judson F. & Nita L. Griesinger	90
T Enterprises, Inc, dba Concrete Cutting Company	350
Greenman, Lacy, et al.	100
David J. & Jennifer J. Carson	90
M. Michael Naim	300
Martha Brown	30
Joseph J. & Sharon C. Salas	60
Maj, Gen. R. L. & Zona Murray	60
Larry W. & Cathleen E. Hatter	30
Kevin & Ellen Stotmeister	30
Steven R. & Lynn K. Jepsen	40
Branch Focus Support/Mission Federal Credit Union/Gloria Watson	100
Waste Management Service Center	200
Lynda L. Lee	30
Tim & Rosalyn A. Dong	60
Stephen J. Kerr/Business Marketing Consultants	30
Anthony R. & Mary E. Azevedo	30
Colleen C. & Larry Bland O'Harra	50
Donald L. & Patricia Anne Hadley	30
GIA/Gemological Institute of America	60
Harry Singh & Sons	90
David M. Shore Law Office	30
Timothy J. & Tina M. Griesinger	90
John H. Lusignan	120
John L. & Margi A. Walters	60
Steven R. & Lynn K. Jepsen	60
SDGE (Letter enclosing check, no copy of check)	1,000
Rocky Chavez	11,617
Oc. Ed. Foundation	36,000
TOTAL	51,987

List of Donors to SBT

MIRACOSTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE MCC DISTRICT

December 7, 2004

The Governing Board of the MiraCosta Community College District met in an organizational meeting Tuesday, December 7, 2004, in Room 303, San Elijo Campus, 3333 Manchester Avenue, Cardiff, California. The meeting was called to order at 5:30 p.m. by President Post.

Members Present:

Charles Adams
Carolyn Batiste

Gloria Carranza

Henry Holloway Gregory Post Jacqueline Simon Lang Ingram

Members Absent:

Rodolfo Fernandez

Approval of Minutes

Carolyn Batiste moved, Henry Holloway seconded, to approve the minutes of the regular meeting of November 16, 2004. Motion

carried unanimously.

Seating of Trustees

Governing Board members Carolyn Batiste, Gloria Carranza, and Jacqueline Simon were seated by Superintendent/President Victoria Muñoz Richart.

Action Item:

Election of Officers

Henry Holloway moved, Carolyn Batiste seconded, to elect Gloria Carranza as President, Charles Adams as Vice President, Dr. Victoria Muñoz Richart as Secretary, and Loretta Burke as Assistant Secretary of the Board to serve until December 2005. Motion carried unanimously.

Closed Session

At 5:45 p.m., the Board convened to closed session.

Closed Session Per Government Code Section 54954.5, Conference with Real Property Negotiators Property: 1831 Mission Avenue, Oceanside, CA 92054

Agency negotiator: Dr. L. Edwin Coate

Negotiating parties: MiraCosta Community College District and Oceanside Unified School District/School of Business and

Technology (SBT)

Under negotiation: Price and terms of payment

Closed Session Per Government Code Section 54954.5, Conference with Real Property Negotiators Property: 3535 Manchester Avenue, Encinitas, California

Agency negotiator: Dr. L. Edwin Coate

Negotiating parties: MiraCosta Community College District and

the Lux family

Under negotiation: Price and terms of payment

Open Session

At 7:42 p.m., the Board convened to open session announcing that no action was taken during closed session.

Reports:

Superintendent/President

Dr. Victoria Muñoz Richart, Superintendent/President, gave an oral report on the February 10, 2005, San Diego and Imperial Counties Community Colleges Association (SDICCCA) dinner: Senator Jack Scott has agreed to be the speaker, barring unforeseen legislative calendar issues. She also gave an update on recent equalization discussions with community college Chief Executive Officers and the Chancellor's Office. In addition, she discussed the Governing Board Meetings Scheduled Activities through December 2004 (green sheet), which will not be presented again because 2004 activities have been completed. The Governing Board Suggestions for Future Agenda Items (blue sheet) will continue to be updated and presented to the Board. Also, the Board of Trustees Community Link Meetings and Study Sessions Proposed Schedule 2005 (yellow sheet) was reviewed. Gloria Carranza suggested having a moderator and assistant moderator for the 2005 external Community Link meetings. The suggestion will be discussed further at the January 18, 2005, regular Board meeting.

Instructional Services Division

Julie Hatoff, Vice President, Instructional Services Division, gave an oral report on Instructional Services Division.

Student Services Division

Dick Robertson, Vice President, Student Services Division, gave an oral report on Student Services Division.

Business and Administrative Services Division

Ed Coate, Vice President, Instructional Services Division, gave an oral report on Business and Administrative Services Division.

Questions and comments about meeting minutes

Gloria Carranza asked for clarification of the October 22, 2004, Academic Senate Committee meeting minutes regarding coordination of MiraCosta's school calendar with other districts. Jonathan Cole responded that the intent is to research the K-12 pattern. Numerous MiraCosta students have children; therefore, it would be helpful to coordinate spring breaks with K-12. However, this pattern must be weighed against MiraCosta's eight-week courses. He commented that the current school year has little overlap. In addition, it would be helpful if MiraCosta could coordinate the school calendar with other San Diego County community colleges. Many associate faculty members currently work for multiple districts. Jonathan Cole commented that Academic Senate is still researching MiraCosta's school calendar to see if there is a natural alignment to K-12 and San Diego community colleges that would offset the problems with eight-week courses.

Gloria Carranza also asked for clarification about the sports survey mentioned in the Associated Student Senate Government meeting minutes. Lang Ingram responded that an ad hoc committee has been established to develop the survey. Additional information will be available in the future.

Nursing and Allied Health Programs

Julie Hatoff, Vice President, Instructional Services; Marti Essman, Director, Nursing Program; and Eileen Kraskouskas, Dean, Vocational and Career Education, gave an oral presentation and answered questions from the Board on MiraCosta College's Nursing and Allied Health programs.

Consent Items:

Carolyn Batiste moved, Henry Holloway seconded, to approve the following consent items. Motion carried unanimously. Student opinion: Aye.

Academic Personnel Recommendations – Report #10-05 Classified Personnel Recommendations – Report #10-05 Revised 2005-2006 MiraCosta College School Calendar

Action Items: Student Services Expansion (Building #3700) Preliminary Design

Gregory Post moved, Carolyn Batiste seconded, to approve the Student Services Expansion (Building 3700) Preliminary Plans and direct staff to proceed to working drawings. Motion carried unanimously. Student opinion: Aye.

Gregory G. Beard and Patricia Medina, Architects, tBP/Architecture presented an oral presentation and answered questions from the Board regarding the Student Services Expansion (Building 3700) Preliminary Design.

Award of Presentation Technology Equipment, Bid #4-05

Gregory Post moved, Henry Holloway seconded, to approve award of Presentation Technology Equipment, Bid #4-05, to Southland Technology, Troxell Communications, and Wire One Technologies, as presented. Motion carried unanimously. Student opinion: Aye.

Break

At 8:20 p.m. the Board convened to a break, reconvening into open session at 8:36 p.m.

School of Business and Technology (SBT)

Gregory Post moved, Carolyn Batiste seconded, to approve exercising option to terminate the relationship with the School of Business and Technology (SBT) Charter School pursuant to the termination clause in the Memorandum of Understanding, with the addition of authorized staff to negotiate price and terms of agreement. Motion carried. Charles Adams abstained. Student opinion: Aye.

Set Dates, Time and Location of Regular Board Meetings

Gregory Post moved, Henry Holloway seconded, to continue the first and third Tuesdays as dates of Board meetings. Community Link and Board study sessions will be held on the first Tuesday of the month at 7:30 a.m., at Student Center Building 3400, Aztlan A and B, Oceanside Campus. Business Board meetings will be held on the third Tuesday of the month at 3:00 p.m. (3:30 p.m. during spring 2005 semester), at 5:30 p.m. in the Board Room, Building 1000, MiraCosta College, Oceanside Campus. A minimum of five meetings each year will be held at the San Elijo Campus on dates determined by the Board, per calendar submitted. Motion carried unanimously. Student opinion: Aye.

Future Agenda Items and Announcements

- Schedule Governing Board tour starting with Oceanside Campus at the beginning of every new year.
- Jacqueline Simon and Dr. Victoria Muñoz Richart will attend the California Community College League Trustee Orientation and Legislative Conference in Sacramento January 29-31. Carolyn Batiste and possibly Gregory Post will also be attending.
- Gloria Carranza announced that she has asked Carolyn Batiste to be a mentor for new trustee Jacqueline Simon.

Adjournment

Meeting adjourned at 8:57 p.m.

APPROVALS:

President

4

School of Business and Technology (SBT)

MiraCosta College received the full report (attached) from the SBT addressing the components in the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between SBT and MiraCosta College. A copy of the MOU, which was signed on April 16, 2004, is also attached.

The report was requested June 4, 2004, by Dr. Tim T. L. Dong via the attached letter, and the SBT was given until November 15, 2004, to provide it.

From the report that was received on November 15, 2004, it is clear that the SBT has not been able to meet the requirements set forth in the MOU, does not plan to be able to fulfill those requirements, and will instead be moving forward with a different focus and enrollment plan that includes students of lower grades (9th and 10th). The change in the business and educational plans of the SBT, coupled with its inability to construct the building that would have addressed the need for classroom space at the Community Learning Center, creates a significant change in the initial vision for this partnership.

<u>Recommendation:</u> Exercise option to terminate the relationship with the SBT Charter School pursuant to the termination clause in the Memorandum of Understanding.



Memorandum of Understanding

Between School of Business and Technology and MiraCosta Community College District

INTENT. This Memorandum of Understanding is intended to describe and define the roles and understanding between The School of Business and Technology and MiraCosta Community College.

The term "Community of Interest" is a legal concept meaning an undertaking or a project involving common interests to both parties, a venture wherein both parties are reciprocally concerned and from which each party derives benefit, and each sustains mutual responsibility. It is the intent of both The School of Business and Technology and MiraCosta Community College to enter into such an agreement for the purpose of creating a Collaborative Education Project ("CEP"), a project intended to promote technology-based competency in both high school and community college students within our local districts. Students who have reached the 11th Grade or "junior" status shall be selected from the cities within North San Diego County to participate in this project. Each student shall be encouraged to progress toward enrollment in MiraCosta College courses, and will be given the opportunity to enroll in such courses concurrently with their high school classes.

In order to facilitate such a project, it is the desire of both Parties to provide appropriate classrooms, laboratories and support facilities whereby these students can conveniently and efficiently accomplish this goal. It is also the desire of the Parties to activate this project as soon as such facilities can be made available. Since the construction of any school building involves a significant lead time, and since MiraCosta Community College currently has sufficient classroom/laboratory facilities at its Community Learning Center facilities to contribute to this effort, MiraCosta Community College has agreed to make a portion of these facilities available to The School of Business and Technology under certain circumstances as described herein, with the understanding that The School of Business and Technology will reciprocate equally upon completion of their School of Business Technology Building. It is the intent of SBT to subsequently design and construct on MCCCD property, and in close collaboration with MCCCD. a permanent building structure of at least 20,000 square feet in support of the CEP and the SBT, including at least 2,000 square feet of dedicated space within the building for the Small Business Development Center. Said construction is anticipated to begin within three to five years from the date of the issuance of this MOU. Timelines may be extended upon mutual agreement of both parties.

THEREFORE, this Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") is hereby entered into by and between The School of Business and Technology (SBT) and MiraCosta Community College District (MCCCD). SBT and MCCCD are sometimes collectively referred to in this MOU as the "Parties". The Parties enter into this MOU in light of the following recitals:

RECITALS

- A. SBT and MCCCD have been engaged in discussions to create an innovative learning environment, whereby SBT-enrolled high school students may also enroll and participate in MCCCD classes and programs, hereafter referred to as the Collaborative Education Project ("CEP").
- B. MCCCD has a Community Learning Center (CLC) located at 1831 Mission Avenue, Oceanside, California, 92054, which is an appropriate site and facility for the CEP.
- C. The Parties desire that the CEP be cost-neutral for one another by providing in-kind facilities and services to each other. Cost neutrality may be achieved over a period of time, commensurate with the timely construction of the proposed building to support the CEP and SBT.

- D. The CEP is designed to develop over three phases; each phase will have its own facility needs, which will be addressed in this MOU. At a later time, the instructional, programmatic aspects of the CEP will be incorporated into this MOU.
- E. The Parties desire that their mutual understandings be reduced to writing in this MOU.

NOW, THEREFORE, SBT and MCCCD agree to cooperate with each other as follows:

1.0 Phase I - January 1, 2002 until August 31, 2004

1.1 SBT Office Facilities

On March 1, 2002, Oceanside Unified School District placed two relocatable buildings to be used for office purposes for the CEP in a location to be determined at the CLC. Site plans were attached to this agreement as an addendum or exhibit when they become available. These relocatable buildings were reasonably compatible with the architecture and look of the existing CLC buildings and otherwise suitable to MCCCD. There was no cost to OUSD to use this portion of the CLC during this phase of the agreement. MCCCD shall provide access to OUSD for utilities for said relocatable buildings at no cost to or effort by MCCCD. It was understood and agreed that OUSD was responsible for all hook-ups, permits and meters with regard to this project. During this initial part of Phase I, OUSD was entitled to 6 parking spaces (3 for teachers, 2 for admin, 1 for visitor) within the immediate area of the relocatables. All of the above statements on facilities were fulfilled by OUSD to support SBT in its initial phase of operation.

1.2 Room Use and Parking at CLC - August 2002 to August 2003

Commencing August 2002, for the 2002/2003 school year, SBT used its best efforts to enroll 47 11th grade students at SBT. MCCCD shall/did provide four to five furnished and equipped classroom/laboratory facilities, hereinafter referred to as the "CLC Shared Space", including restrooms and auxiliary facilities for faculty and students. Although OUSD is required to provide for meal service for its own students, students and faculty may use the student lounge facility in the CLC. Additionally, MCCCD shall/did make available a reasonable number of parking spaces for OUSD students and staff. OUSD and MCCCD agree that "reasonable parking space" shall be defined as no more than one half of the total student enrollment of SBT during any given semester. MCCCD shall make the CLC Shared Space available from 12:00 p.m. until 5:00 p.m. as established by the days and hours of operation specified in SBT's school calendar, and at other times as mutually agreed upon by both of the Parties.

1.3 Room Use and Parking at CLC - August 2003 to August 2004

Commencing August 2003 for the 2003/2004 school year, SBT shall use its best efforts to enroll an additional 100 junior grade students to be added to the existing 47 senior grade students for a total enrollment of 147 students. SBT intends to continue to recruit seniors to make an enrollment of 50 seniors with a total enrollment of 150 students. MCCCD shall provide an additional four to five furnished and equipped classrooms/laboratory facilities, bringing the total up to ten classrooms/laboratory facilities within the CLC Shared Space, plus additional parking spaces for SBT staff and students in accordance with the 50% enrollment guidelines. The days and hours of operation shall remain the same.

1.4 Cost Considerations

In order to meet the cost-neutral objective of the CEP, MCCCD shall make a substantial amount of its CLC classroom and laboratory facility space available for use by SBT during the first three to four years of this agreement. In return, SBT agrees to pay a nominal rental rate of \$100 per classroom/laboratory per semester, with incremental cost increases, correlating with the national

cost of living index or 5%, whichever is greater, until such time as SBT makes the transition to the permanent School of Business and Technology facility.

The intent of this nominal rental fee is to compensate MCCCD for actual costs (utilities, maintenance, custodial, parking fees and security services) associated with the facilities located at CLC as they relate to use by SBT. Since it is the policy and practice of MCCCD to charge its students a parking fee in order to cover the cost of parking lot construction, maintenance and security, it is mutually agreed by the Parties that such parking fees for SBT students shall be included within the rental fee stated herein. Upon completion and occupancy of the new permanent facility, the Parties shall agree to derive a cost-neutral methodology for allocating shared space between the two facilities.

SBT and MCCCD shall each bear their own costs for utilities, maintenance, custodial and security services as they relate to their respectively owned spaces. During each phase of the MOU, MCCCD shall make available to SBT, classrooms/laboratories, restrooms, auxiliary spaces and parking comparable to those provided to SBT pursuant to Sections 2.1 and 2.2 of this document.

1.5 Evaluation of Partnership During Phase I

Approximately eight months before the end of Phase I, or no later than January 1, 2004, the Parties will convene to discuss the overall goals, purposes and progress of the CEP, and shall determine whether any adjustments should be made in the operation of the CEP, and evaluate whether to continue the CEP. If it is determined that the CEP should be discontinued or abandoned, SBT and MCCCD shall agree upon some form of tangible consideration to be paid to MCCCD in return for SBT's use of its facilities. Such consideration shall be reasonably equivalent to rates charged between local school districts as referenced in local interdistrict agreements or rates charged to nonprofit organizations. If the CEP is terminated, SBT will be responsible for removal of the relocatables to OUSD.

2.0 Phase II - September 1, 2004 until August 31, 2006

2.1 Room Use and Parking at CLC - August 2004 to August 2005

Commencing August 2004 for the 2004/2005 school year, SBT shall enroll an additional 150 junior grade students to join the existing 100 senior grade students for a total enrollment of 250 students. MCCCD shall provide an additional four to five furnished and equipped classrooms/laboratories, bringing the total up to 15 classrooms/laboratories, plus a correlating number of parking spaces for SBT staff and students. The days and hours of operation shall remain the same.

2.2 Room Use and Parking at CLC - August 2005 to August 2006

Commencing August 2005 for the 2005/2006 school year, SBT shall enroll an additional 150 junior students to be added to the existing 150 senior grade students for a total enrollment of 300 students. MCCCD shall provide an additional four to five furnished and equipped classrooms/laboratories, bringing the total up to 20 classrooms/laboratories, plus a correlating number of parking spaces for SBT staff and students. The days and hours of operation shall remain the same. It is anticipated that during this phase, the School of Business and Technology Building will be completed. Once the building is completed, it is anticipated that the use of classrooms/laboratories at the CLC shall discontinue.

2.3 SBT Facility Construction

During the second phase, SBT shall use its best efforts in consultation and collaboration with MCCCD to design and construct a permanent facility to house SBT and the Small Business Development Center (SBDC). Timelines may be extended upon mutual agreement of both parties. It is anticipated that this facility shall be designed to reflect the existing look of MCCC structures at the site, and that the building will be at least 20,000 square feet in size. MCCCD

shall provide land at the CLC upon which to construct the permanent facility. Prior to construction, the Parties will determine during Phase II whether MCCCD shall enter into a long-term lease with SBT for the property upon which the facility will be constructed. At the sole discretion of MCCCD, discussions may be conducted with regard to the possible acquisition of said property. The Parties shall negotiate and further define the cost-neutral aspects of the new facility and its use. The intent and spirit of this MOU shall be understood to mean that both Parties shall receive equal benefit and use of each other's facilities upon construction of the new School of Business and Technology Building.

2.3.1 In the event that SBT fails to construct a permanent building to house the SBT and the SBDC, the Parties shall agree that SBT will compensate MCCCD for the historical usage of its facilities in a single payment which would be reasonably equivalent to rates charged between local school districts as referenced in local interdistrict agreements or comparable rates charged to nonprofit organizations or a single payment mutually agreeable to both Parties.

3.0 Phase III - September 1, 2006 until August 31, 2026

3.1 SBT Facility

Before the onset of Phase III, SBT will have constructed a permanent building in which the SBT will operate, along with the SBDC. MCCCD shall be granted ongoing and uninterrupted access to the building to ensure compliance with health and safety considerations, as deemed appropriate by the Parties upon annual review. In the event that MCCCD desires more space than that to which it would otherwise be entitled, and the SBT has the ability to provide such space, or vice versa, the Parties may agree upon rental payments reasonably equivalent to rates charged between local school districts as referenced in local interdistrict agreements or comparable rates charged to nonprofit organizations or a rate deemed mutually agreeable to both of the Parties. Each of the Parties shall each bear their own costs for utilities, custodial, maintenance and security services as they relate to their respectively owned spaces.

4.0 Amendments

This MOU may be amended from time to time as the discussions continue through written documents signed by both Parties.

5.0 Liability

SBT undertakes and agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless MCCCD, its Board members, officers, employees, and agents, from any loss, claim, suit, action, demand, expense, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees and costs, damage or liability, damage or destruction of any property located on MCCCD property, including property of MCCCD, or third parties, death or injury to any person, including MCCCD employees, officers, or agents, that may arise or result from SBT's negligent acts, errors or omissions, willful or malicious actions of SBT, its officers, employees or agents, except for claims, damage or expense caused by the sole negligence or willful acts or omissions of MCCCD, its officers, employees or agents. SBT agrees to provide fire and extended coverage for all of it's owned or leased property located on MCCCD property.

SBT shall furnish a certificate of insurance for \$2,000,000 and shall name the MCCCD as additional insured by endorsement to the policy.

It is further understood and agreed that:

- 5.1 Minors shall submit signed parent permission forms to the Director, Benefits/Risk Management before starting their participating in the CEP.
- 5.2 SBT employees working on MCCCD property shall be covered under SBT's Workers' Compensation insurance for all industrial injuries sustained while providing these services,

but will not be covered for injuries sustained while going to or from their worksite at the MCCCD.

5.3 Students shall be covered under the MCCCD's student insurance program for injuries sustained during college classes they are officially enrolled in, credit and non-credit, and taught by MCCCD faculty.

6.0 Educational Partnership

The intent of this partnership is to provide higher educational opportunities for high school students by developing a program whereby high school students can earn college credits and pursue post-secondary education while in a college setting. Students attending the SBT will be encouraged to enroll in college courses. The core high school curriculum will be taught by SBT faculty, and students will meet the state standards. In addition, students will be encouraged to enroll in a one-unit college credit course for career and college exploration. This one-unit course will be instructed by MCCCD faculty. Some students will also take other MCCCD credit courses as appropriate. All SBT students desiring concurrent enrollment in MCCCD classes will be required to register and pay tuition and fees in accordance with existing MCCCD policies and procedures for enrolling concurrent high school students. The goal of this partnership is to strengthen the academic and professional skills of the high school students participating in this program and to increase the number of students pursuing post-secondary education. SBT and MCCCD will continue to investigate ways to increase the educational partnership throughout the course of this agreement.

7.0 Termination

The parties may determine to terminate this MOU by no later than January 1st for the succeeding school year phase commencing in August by providing prior written notice to the signatories of this Agreement. Each party shall bear their own costs, subject to the terms and conditions of this MOU, upon termination.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Parties have executed this MOU and make it effective as of the date set forth below.

Dated: 1/2/2003

School of Business and Technology

Rv.

Title:

Dated: 4/16/03

MiraCosta Community College District

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Title:

MCCCD Board Approval: March 18, 2003

PROPOSAL TO ESTABLISH A CHARTER SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND TECHNOLOGY IN THE DISTRICT AND A MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING CONCERNING THE SCHOOL

Background

MiraCosta College and the Oceanside Unified School District developed the concept of a jointly managed program that would provide eleventh- and twelfth-grade students with hands-on experience in business and technology while taking high school and community college courses. The school was originally called the Oceanside School of Business and Technology. When it became a charter school, the Oceanside designation was dropped from its school name to attract students from throughout North County. The following information describes the development of the original school and the Charter School of Business and Technology:

September 2000 to June 2001: MiraCosta College and district staff spend the school year developing the Oceanside School of Business and Technology for eleventh- and twelfth-grade students only. The two agencies also developed the basic instructional program, structure, cooperative agreements, planned facilities, and a memorandum of understanding.

<u>September 2001 to June 2002</u>: Mr. Rocky Chavez is selected as the chief educational officer of the Oceanside School of Business and Technology (OSBT). He spends this school year recruiting students and staff and preparing for the school's opening in September 2002.

September 2002 to June 2003: OSBT completes its first year of operation, with between 40 and 48 students in attendance at the end of each school month and a year-long average daily attendance of 41.02 students. On March 11, 2003, the OUSD board approved the conversion of OSBT into an independent, self-supporting charter school, still serving eleventh- and twelfth-grade students only, to be called the School of Business and Technology (SBT).

September 2003 to June 2004: The School of Business and Technology completes its first year as an independent, self-supporting charter school. Its year-long average daily attendance is 78.53.

September 2004- Present: SBT and MiraCosta College agree to terminate their memorandum of understanding concerning the construction of a facility at the college's Mission Avenue campus, which requires SBT to seek new facilities and to pay rent for the first time. Because additional students are needed to generate funds for additional expenses, the SBT Board decides to seek a new charter agreement that includes ninth-, tenth-, eleventh- and twelfth-grade students. SBT and district representatives agree that the charter and memorandum of understanding for the current eleventh- and twelfth-grade program, located on the MiraCosta College campus, will terminate effective June 30, 2005.

District and SBT staff members began discussions on a new charter, memorandum of understanding, and budget for SBT in October 2004, with SBT requesting approval for a new ninth- through twelfth-grade charter school that would open in September 2005. The new charter school proposal, memorandum of understanding, and budget are provided under separate cover as reference for the Board of Education.

Analysis

An interdisciplinary team representing instruction, personnel, and finance worked with SBT charter school staff members to evaluate the new charter school proposal, memorandum of understanding, and budget. Specific recommendations were made by district staff concerning each of these documents and most of the requested changes, and recommendations were incorporated into the documents.

The Education Code and Board Policy 0421 describes the review process for charter proposals, indicating that a charter may only be denied if the board makes the following written factual findings with facts to support one or more of the following:

- The charter school presents an unsound educational program for the pupils to be enrolled in the charter school.
- 2. The petitioners are demonstratively unlikely to successfully implement the program set forth in the petition.
- The petition does not contain the number of signatures required and/or does not contain a comprehensive description of the required provisions of a charter.
- 4. The petition does not include all of the required elements of a viable educational program or other required provisions, such as governance structures, parent involvement, etc.

The interdisciplinary team that evaluated the proposed charter, proposed memorandum of understanding, and proposed budget determined that the charter's underlying principles and approaches meet the basic requirements of a charter school. The district waived the requirement that the petitioners submit signatures in support of the charter school.

A number of specific deficiencies and concerns were identified regarding the new charter school and budget based on an average daily attendance of 140 students, as delineated below:

- 1. SBT officials reported that the prospect of paying facility rent for the first time, coupled with other new expenses, required a minimum enrollment of 140 students.
- The 140 students include projected enrollment of 110 incoming students, none of whom are presently enrolled in the school. The projection assumes that 30 eleventhgrade students presently enrolled in the school will continue as twelfth graders.
- 3. Basing the charter school's budget on a projected enrollment of 140 students is unrealistic, given its three-year experience factor and recruitment history.
- The charter school's educational viability is dependent on its ability to generate sufficient income to successfully implement the program set forth in the petition or charter.

In early discussions about the new charter proposal, SBT officials were directed to develop a budget based on currently enrolled students. They reported that such a budget could not be balanced, given new expenses, and the budget was not submitted as requested.

9.C.2

The district has had ongoing concerns about the school's ability to recruit additional students, including new ninth, tenth, and eleventh graders. Enrollment at the School of Business and Technology has been a matter of concern from the school's inception. The following information summarizes and compares the school's projected enrollment with the actual average daily enrollment reported to the State of California for each of the years noted:

School Year	Projected or Intended Enrollment	Actual Average Daily Attendance as Reported to the State of California
2002-2003	100 Students	41.02 Students
2003-2004	200 Students	78.53 Students
2004-2005	300 Students	63.62 Students *
2005-2006	400 Students	N/A

^{*}The 2004-2005 average daily attendance is through February 10, 2005.

Additional fiscal concerns are summarized below:

- 1. The budget is built on a projected fall enrollment of 140 students; however, SBT officials have over-estimated the school's projected enrollment every year since 2002. The school's highest average daily attendance was 78 students in the 2003-2004 school year.
- There is no salary for a principal as the current chief educational officer intends to work without pay.
- The budget includes \$150,000 for lease of a school facility, dependent on approval of the charter proposal by the board and a conditional use permit by the City of Oceanside.
- There is very little flexibility in the proposed budget, even with confirmed enrollment of 140 students. It has insufficient reserves for contingencies or unexpected expenses.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the board deny the charter school proposal and the supportive memorandum of understanding because the charter school petitioners are demonstrably unlikely to successfully implement the program as set forth in the petition, per Education Code Section 47605.(b)(2).

Prepared by:

Joseph'M. Farley, Ed.D. Deputy Superintendent

Superintendent's Comment:

The superintendent supports the above recommendation.

Kenneth A. Noonan District Superintendent

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